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Information Retrieval in High Dimensional Data Lab #8,5.7.2018

SVM

- Task 1. In this task, we will once again work with the MNIST set. Prepare a training set matrix X_train consisting of the first 500 vectorized training samples of digits 1 and 2 each, and a corresponding label vector y_train. Use 1 and -1 for the labels.
 - a) Consider the equation (8.30) in the lecture notes. Implement a function solvedualsvm(H,y) that returns the solution lambda_star of the dual SVM problem by means of CVXOPT. Test your function with the training data

$$\mathbf{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, y_1 = -1, \ \mathbf{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, y_2 = -1,$$
$$\mathbf{x}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, y_3 = 1, \ \mathbf{x}_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, y_4 = 1,$$

Verify that the KKT conditions with respect to the support vectors are in line with what you expect.

b) Write the function simplesvm which expects a training data matrix X_train, a training label vector y_train and a test data matrix X_train as its input. As a result, it returns the estimated test label vector y_test. To this end, employ solvedualsvm from the last lab course. Note that (8.29) in the lecture notes is overdetermined. You can exploit this to get a more robust estimation of b. Test your implementation with another 800 images from the MNIST data set.