

In [6]:

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"""
CSV reader options.
"""
import csv

def dictparse(csvfilename, keyfield, separator, quote, quotestrategy):
    """
    Reads CSV file named csvfilename, parses
    it's content and returns the data within
    the file as a dictionary of dictionaries.
    """
    table = {}
    with open(csvfilename, "rt", newline='') as csvfile:
        csvreader = csv.DictReader(csvfile,
                                   skipinitialspace=True,
                                   delimiter=separator,
                                   quotechar=quote,
                                   quoting=quotestrategy)

        for row in csvreader:
            table[row[keyfield]] = row
    return table, csvreader.fieldnames

def print_table(table, fieldnames):
    """
    Print out table, which must be a dictionary
    of dictionaries, in a nicely formatted way.
    """
    print("{:<19}".format(fieldnames[0]), end='')
    for field in fieldnames[1:]:
        print("{:>6}".format(field), end='')
    print("")
    for name, row in table.items():
        # Header column left justified
        print("{:<19}".format(name), end='')
        # Remaining columns right justified
        for field in fieldnames[1:]:
            print("{:>6}".format(row[field]), end='')
        print("", end='\n')

table, fieldnames = dictparse("hightemp.csv", 'City', ',', '"', csv.QUOTE_MINIMAL)
print(fieldnames)
print_table(table, fieldnames)

print("")
print("")

table2, fieldnames2 = dictparse("hightemp2.csv", 'City', ',', '"', csv.QUOTE_NONNUMERIC)
print_table(table2, fieldnames2)

print("")
print("")

table3, fieldnames3 = dictparse("hightemp3.csv", 'City', ' ', '"', csv.QUOTE_NONNUMERIC)
print_table(table3, fieldnames3)
```

['City', 'Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun', 'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Oct', 'Nov', 'Dec']												
City	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Houston	62	65	72	78	84	90	92	93	88	81	71	63
Baghdad	61	66	75	86	97	108	111	111	104	91	75	64
Moscow	21	25	36	50	64	72	73	70	59	46	34	25
San Francisco	57	60	62	63	64	66	67	68	70	69	63	57
London	43	45	50	55	63	68	72	70	66	57	50	45
Chicago	32	36	46	59	70	81	84	82	75	63	48	36
Sydney	79	79	77	73	68	64	63	64	68	72	75	79
Paris	45	46	54	61	68	73	77	77	70	61	52	46
Tokyo	46	48	54	63	70	75	82	84	79	68	59	52
Shanghai	46	48	55	66	75	81	90	90	81	72	63	52

City	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Houston, USA	62.0	65.0	72.0	78.0	84.0	90.0	92.0	93.0	88.0	81.0	71.0	63.0
Baghdad, Iraq	61.0	66.0	75.0	86.0	97.0	108.0	111.0	111.0	104.0	91.0	75.0	64.0
Moscow, Russia	21.0	25.0	36.0	50.0	64.0	72.0	73.0	70.0	59.0	46.0	34.0	25.0
San Francisco, USA	57.0	60.0	62.0	63.0	64.0	66.0	67.0	68.0	70.0	69.0	63.0	57.0
London, England	43.0	45.0	50.0	55.0	63.0	68.0	72.0	70.0	66.0	57.0	50.0	45.0
Chicago, USA	32.0	36.0	46.0	59.0	70.0	81.0	84.0	82.0	75.0	63.0	48.0	36.0
Sydney, Australia	79.0	79.0	77.0	73.0	68.0	64.0	63.0	64.0	68.0	72.0	75.0	79.0
Paris, France	45.0	46.0	54.0	61.0	68.0	73.0	77.0	77.0	70.0	61.0	52.0	46.0
Tokyo, Japan	46.0	48.0	54.0	63.0	70.0	75.0	82.0	84.0	79.0	68.0	59.0	52.0
Shanghai, China	46.0	48.0	55.0	66.0	75.0	81.0	90.0	90.0	81.0	72.0	63.0	52.0

City	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Houston, USA	62.0	65.0	72.0	78.0	84.0	90.0	92.0	93.0	88.0	81.0	71.0	63.0
Baghdad, Iraq	61.0	66.0	75.0	86.0	97.0	108.0	111.0	111.0	104.0	91.0	75.0	64.0
Moscow, Russia	21.0	25.0	36.0	50.0	64.0	72.0	73.0	70.0	59.0	46.0	34.0	25.0
San Francisco, USA	57.0	60.0	62.0	63.0	64.0	66.0	67.0	68.0	70.0	69.0	63.0	57.0
London, England	43.0	45.0	50.0	55.0	63.0	68.0	72.0	70.0	66.0	57.0	50.0	45.0
Chicago, USA	32.0	36.0	46.0	59.0	70.0	81.0	84.0	82.0	75.0	63.0	48.0	36.0
Sydney, Australia	79.0	79.0	77.0	73.0	68.0	64.0	63.0	64.0	68.0	72.0	75.0	79.0
Paris, France	45.0	46.0	54.0	61.0	68.0	73.0	77.0	77.0	70.0	61.0	52.0	46.0
Tokyo, Japan	46.0	48.0	54.0	63.0	70.0	75.0	82.0	84.0	79.0	68.0	59.0	52.0
Shanghai, China	46.0	48.0	55.0	66.0	75.0	81.0	90.0	90.0	81.0	72.0	63.0	52.0

In [4]:

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"""
Examples code for experimenting with options to the csv.read() and csv.write() methods
"""

import csv

# Function that prints 2D table to console

def print_table(table):
    """
    Echo a nested list to the console
    """
    for row in table:
        print(row)

# Options for reading a CSV file

def read_csv_file(file_name, file_delimiter):
    """
    Given a CSV file path and a delimiter as strings,
    read the data into a 2D table and return the table
    """
    with open(file_name, newline='') as csv_file: # don't need to explicitly close the file no
        csv_table = []
        csv_reader = csv.reader(csv_file, delimiter=file_delimiter)
        for row in csv_reader:
            csv_table.append(row)
        return csv_table

def csv_delimiter_examples():
    """
    Run some example of reading CSV files using different delimiter options

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"""
number_table = read_csv_file("number_table.csv", " ")
print_table(number_table)
print()
name_table = read_csv_file("name_table.csv", ",")
print_table(name_table)

csv_delimiter_examples()

# Options for writing a CSV file

def write_csv_file(csv_table, file_name, file_delimiter, quoting_value):
    """
    Given a nested list csv_table, write the data into a
    CSV file with the name file_name
    """

    with open(file_name, 'w', newline='') as csv_file:
        csv_writer = csv.writer(csv_file, delimiter=file_delimiter, quoting=quoting_value)
        for row in csv_table:
            csv_writer.writerow(row)

def csv_quoting_examples():
    """
    Run some example of writing 2D tables as CSV files using various quoting options
    """

    name_table = read_csv_file("name_table.csv", ",")
    name_table.append([1, 2, 3])
    write_csv_file(name_table, "name_table_minimal.csv", ",", csv.QUOTE_MINIMAL)
    write_csv_file(name_table, "name_table_all.csv", ",", csv.QUOTE_ALL)
    write_csv_file(name_table, "name_table_nonnumeric.csv", ",", csv.QUOTE_NONNUMERIC)
    #write_csv_file(name_table, "name_table_none.csv", ",", csv.QUOTE_NONE)
    # no escapechar is set for lots of quotes
    #csv_quoting_examples()

['1', '2', '3']
['4', '5', '6']
['7', '8', '9']
['10', '11', '12']

['Joe', 'Scott', ' Stephen']
["Joe'S", " Scott's", " Stephen's"]
["Joe's", "Scott's", ' Stephen\'s']

```

In [8]:

```

"""
Week 3 practice project template for Python Data Analysis
Reading and writing CSV files using lists
"""

import csv

#####
# Part 1 - Week 3

def print_table(table):
    """
    Echo a nested list to the console
    """
    for row in table:
        print(row)

def read_csv_file(file_name):
    """
    Given a CSV file, read the data into a nested list
    Input: String corresponding to comma-separated CSV file
    Output: Lists of lists consisting of the fields in the CSV file
    """

    return []

def write_csv_file(csv_table, file_name):

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"""
Input: Nested list csv_table and a string file_name
Action: Write fields in csv_table into a comma-separated CSV file with the name file_name
"""
pass

def test_part1_code():
    """
    Run examples that test the functions for part 1
    """
    # Simple test for reader
    test_table = read_csv_file("test_case.csv") # create a small CSV for this test
    print_table(test_table)
    print()

    # Test the writer
    cancer_risk_table = read_csv_file("cancer_risk05_v4_county.csv")
    write_csv_file(cancer_risk_table, "cancer_risk05_v4_county_copy.csv")
    cancer_risk_copy = read_csv_file("cancer_risk05_v4_county_copy.csv")

    # Test whether two tables are the same

test_part1_code()

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In [ ]: