



Worksheet 1.3

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Branch: CSE - AIML Section/Group-: 21AML - 9 - "A"

Semester: 3rd

Subject Name: Data Structures Subject Code: 21CSH - 241

1. Aim:

A) Program to sort a given array using a quick sort

B) Program to sort a given array using a merge sort

C) Program to sort a given array using a selection sort

D) Program to sort a given array using a bubble sort

2. Algoritm:

a) Step1: Start

Step2: Creat a function for swaping a number.

Step3: Creat a function for choosing a pivote element.

Step4: Creat a function for using quick sort.

Step5: Input the size of the array from the user.

Step6: Input the array from the user.

Step7: Call a sort function.

Step8: Print a sorted array.

Step9: Stop

b) Step1: Start

Step2: Creat a function to use merge sort

Step3: Creat a function for merging the two sorted array in sorted order

Step4: Creat a function for print a sorted array

Step5: Input the size of the array from the user.

Step6: Input the array from the user.

Step7: Call a sort function.

Step8: Call a merge function

Step9: Call a print function to print a sorted array

Step10: Stop

c) Step 1: Start

Step 2: Input the size of the array in n

Step 3: Intialize the array of size n

Step 4: Input the element of the array

Step 5: Apply the procedure for selection sort

Step 6: Print the sorted array

Step 7: Stop

d) Step 1: Start

Step 2: Input the size of the array in n

Step 3: Intialize the array of size n

Step 4: Input the element of the array







Step 5: Apply the procedure for bubble sort

Step 6: Print the sorted array

Step 7: Stop

3. Code:

```
a)
    #include<stdio.h>
    void swap(int *a, int *b)
       int temp = *a;
       *a = *b;
       *b = temp;
    int partition(int *arr, int p, int r)
       int x = arr[r];
       int i = p - 1;
       for (int j = p; j < r; j++)
         if (arr[j] \le x)
            i++;
            swap(&arr[i],&arr[j]);
       swap(&arr[i+1],&arr[r]);
       return i + 1;
    void Sort(int *arr, int p, int r)
       if (p \le r)
         int q = partition(arr, p, r);
         Sort(arr, p, q - 1);
         Sort(arr, q + 1, r);
    int main()
       int n;
       printf("size of the arrray-: ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int arr[n];
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       Sort(arr, 0, n);
       printf("Sorted Array: \n");
```





```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
             printf("%d ",arr[i]);
    b)
        #include<stdio.h>
        void merge(int *arr,int left,int mid,int right){
        int *ptr=(int*) malloc((right+1)*sizeof(int));
        int i=left;
        int j=mid+1;
        int k=left;
        while(i<=mid&&j<=right){
        if(arr[i]>arr[j]){
        ptr[k]=arr[j];
         _
++j;
        ++k;
     else if(arr[i]<=arr[j]){
       ptr[k]=arr[i];
       ++i;
       ++k;
     }
  while(i<=mid||j<=right){
     if(i \le mid)
       ptr[k]=arr[i];
       ++i;
       ++k;
     else if(j<=right){
       ptr[k]=arr[j];
       ++j;
       ++k;
  for(i=left;i<=right;++i){
     arr[i]=ptr[i];
  free(ptr);
  ptr=NULL;
void mergesort(int *arr,int left,int right){
  if(left<right){</pre>
     int mid=(left+right)/2;
     mergesort(arr,left,mid);
     mergesort(arr,mid+1,right);
     merge(arr,left,mid,right);
```





```
void printing(int *arr,int right){
  for(int i=0;i \le right;++i){
     printf("\t%d",arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
int main(){
  int n;
  printf("enter the size of the array -: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int arr[n];
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  int left=0;
  int right=n-1;
   printing(arr,right);
  mergesort(arr,left,right);
  printing(arr,right);
  return 0;
C)
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n;
  int min=0;
  printf("enter the size of the element: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int arr[n];
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
     for(int j=i+1;j< n;j++)
       if(arr[i]>arr[j])
          int temp = arr[j];
          arr[j] = arr[i];
          arr[i] = temp;
  printf("sorted arry is: ");
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
```





```
printf("%d ",arr[i]);
D)
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int* xp, int* yp)
        int temp = *xp;
         *xp = *yp;
         *yp = temp;
void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n)
{
        int i, j;
         for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
        if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1])
        swap(\&arr[j], \&arr[j+1]);
void printArray(int arr[], int size)
        int i;
         for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        printf("\n");
int main()
{
        int arr[] = \{ 64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90 \};
        int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
        bubbleSort(arr, n);
        printf("Sorted array: \n");
        printArray(arr, n);
        return 0;
```

Output-:







```
PS D:\c++> cd "d:\c++\" ; i
   File }
   size of the arrray-: 5
   32 4 5 6 65
  Sorted Array:
  4 5 6 32 65
  PS D:\c++>
a)
   mergesort.c:34:5: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provid
   enter the size of the array -: 5
   3 5 2 55 1
            3
                                      55
                     5
                             2
                                               1
                     2
                             3
                                      5
                                               55
b)
   PS D:\c++> cd "d:\c++\" ; if ($?) { gc
   enter the size of the element: 5
   45 3 46 87 4
   sorted arry is: 3 4 45 46 87
  PS D:\c++> cd "d:\c++\" ; if ($?)
  Sorted array:
d) 11 12 22 25 34 64 90
```

Learning outcomes(What I have learnt):

- 1. Learn the procedure of merge sort
- 2. Learn how to merge two sorted array.
- 3. Learn how to input an array.
- 4. Learn how to print a sorted array.
- 5. Learn the procedure of quick sort

Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			







