



vLEI 2025 Hackathon Workshop

Open Loop Verification Architecture with the vLEI

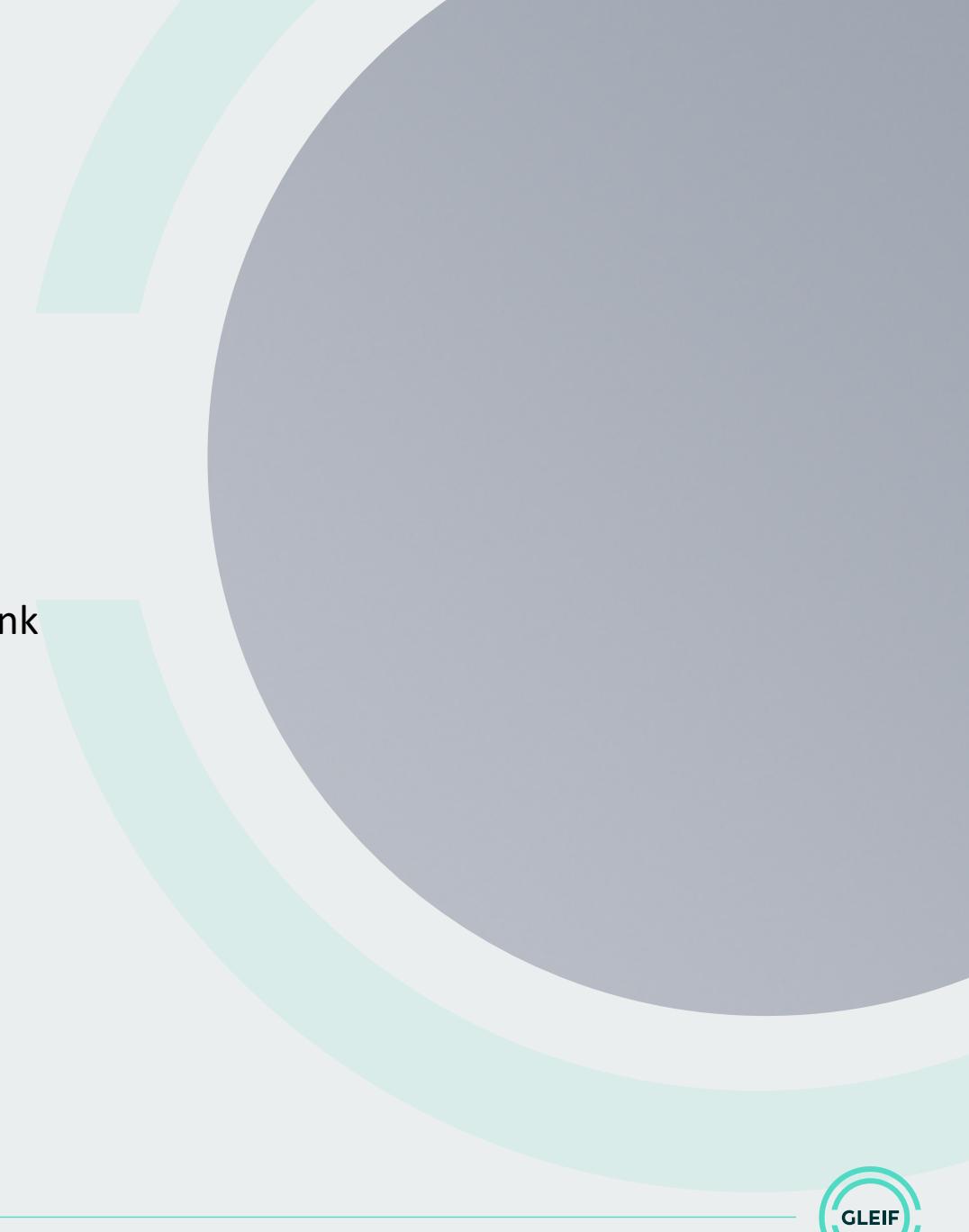
New York City Hackathon Workshop

November 3rd, 2025

Author(s) – vLEI Development Team – Kent Bull, Esteban Garcia



Agenda

- 
1. (2-5m) Welcome and Introductions
 2. (2-5m) Workshop Intro
 3. (30-45m) Module 1 - vLEI OOR Permissioned Action
 1. vLEI Issue-Hold-Verify Fundamentals
 2. Verifying a vLEI Official Organizational Role (OOR) ACDC
 4. (45m) Module 2 - vLEI-based smart contract access - CCID by Chainlink
 1. Turning a vLEI into a CCID
 2. vLEI-based CCID smart contract access
 5. (10m) Hackathon Feedback Gathering
 6. (10m-end) Hackathon Retrospective and Lessons Learned



Introductions!

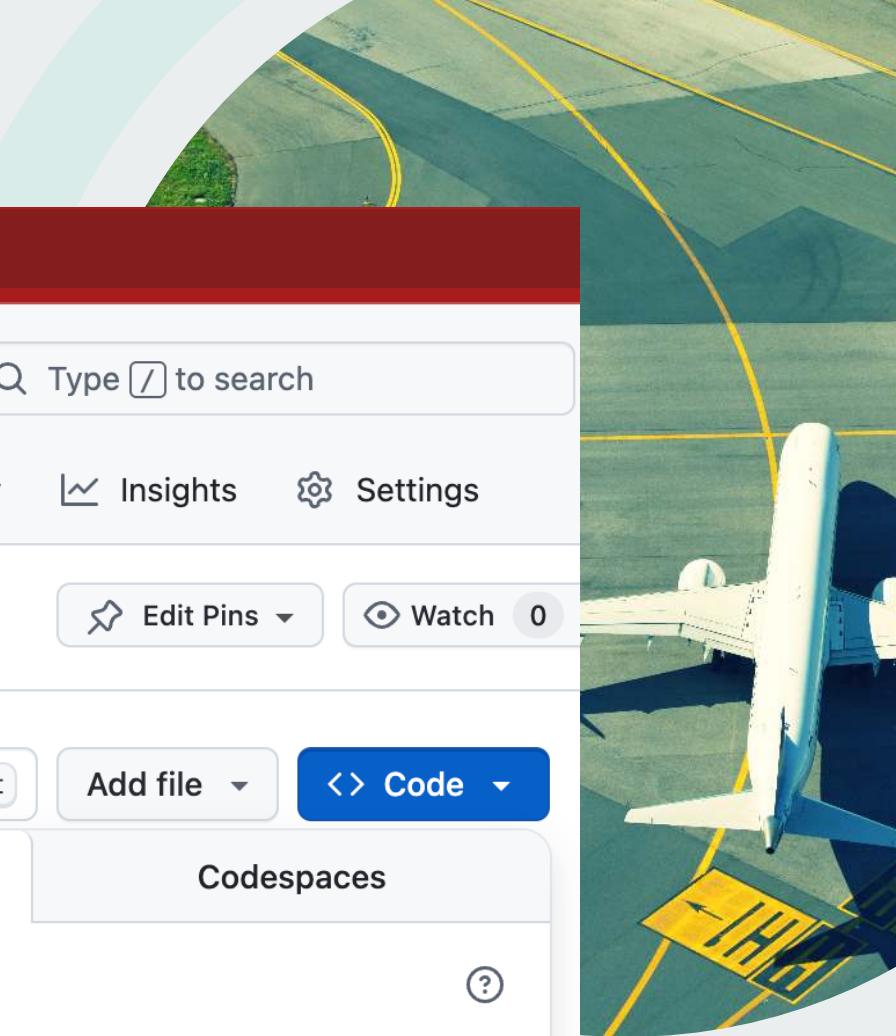


Workshop - Module 1 vLEI OOR Permissioned Action

- Outcome: Triggering a protected action with an OOR ACDC presentation
- Step 1: Infrastructure Setup (deploy.sh)
 - Witnesses, Schema Server, KERIA, Wallet, Verifier, Resource Srv
- Step 2: Set up GEDA and QVI - delegation
- Step 3: Challenge and Response between GEDA and QVI
- Step 4: QVI credential issuance and presentation
- Step 5: LE AID setup, LE ACDC issuance and presentation
- Step 6: Person AID setup, OOR issuance and presentation, ECR issue
- Step 7: Bonus: Trigger protected action

CLONE ME

<https://github.com/GLEIF-IT/vlei-hackathon-2025-workshop>



A screenshot of a GitHub repository page for "vlei-hackathon-2025-workshop". The repository is public and has 1 branch and 0 tags. A pull request by kentbull titled "add challenge and response code" is visible. A context menu is open over the "Clone" button, showing options for HTTPS, SSH, and GitHub CLI. The SSH URL is highlighted with a blue border.

← → ⌂ github.com/GLEIF-IT/vlei-hackathon-2025-workshop

GLEIF-IT / vlei-hackathon-2025-workshop

Type / to search

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

vlei-hackathon-2025-workshop Public Edit Pins Watch 0

master 1 Branch 0 Tags Go to file Add file Code

kentbull add challenge and response code

config Presenting QVI cre

images Add readme and in

sig-wallet add challenge and

task-data GEDA delegation s

task-scripts add challenge and

Local Codespaces

Clone

HTTPS SSH GitHub CLI

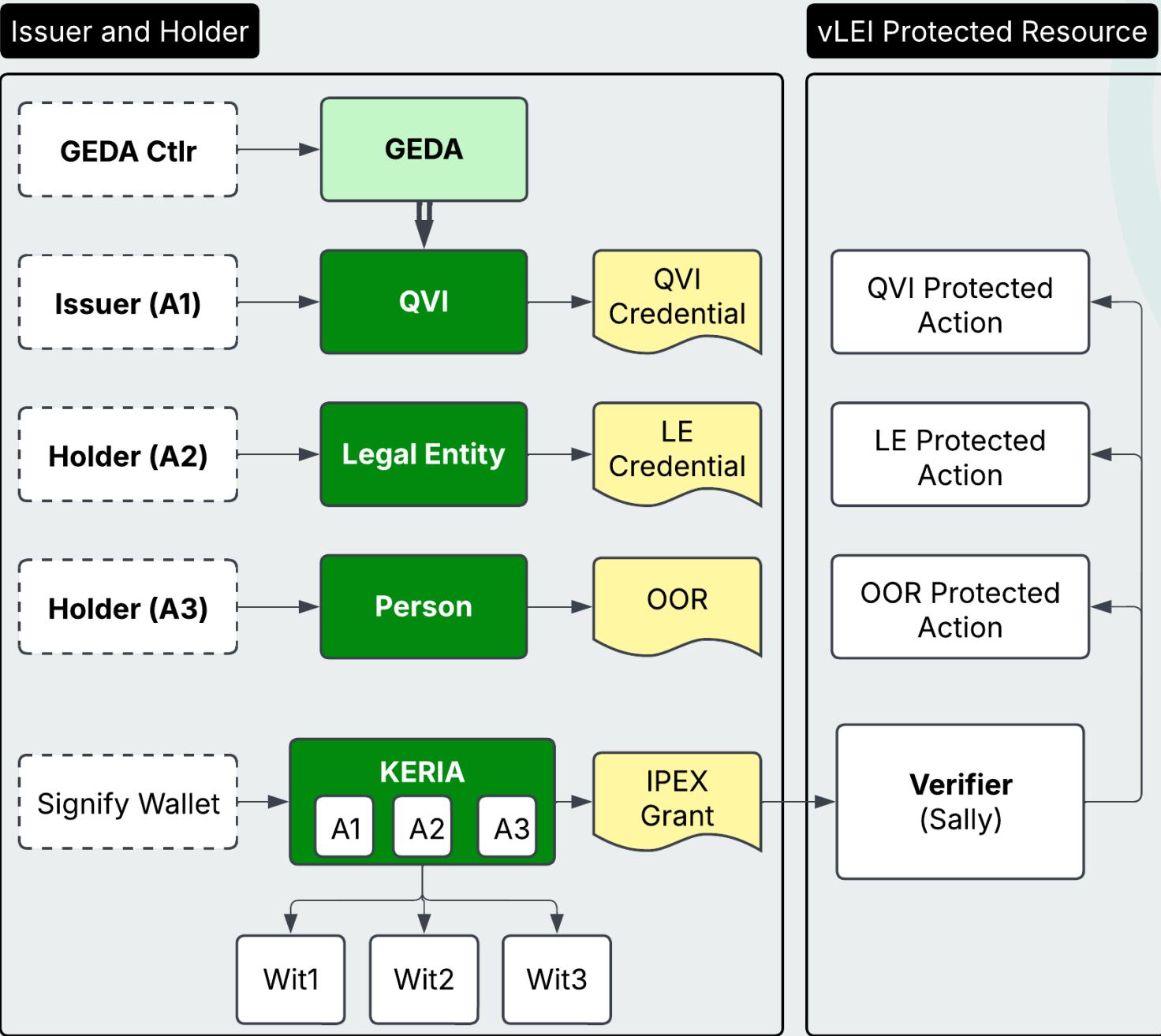
git@github.com:GLEIF-IT/vlei-hackathon-202!

Use a password-protected SSH key.

Open with GitHub Desktop



End Goal:



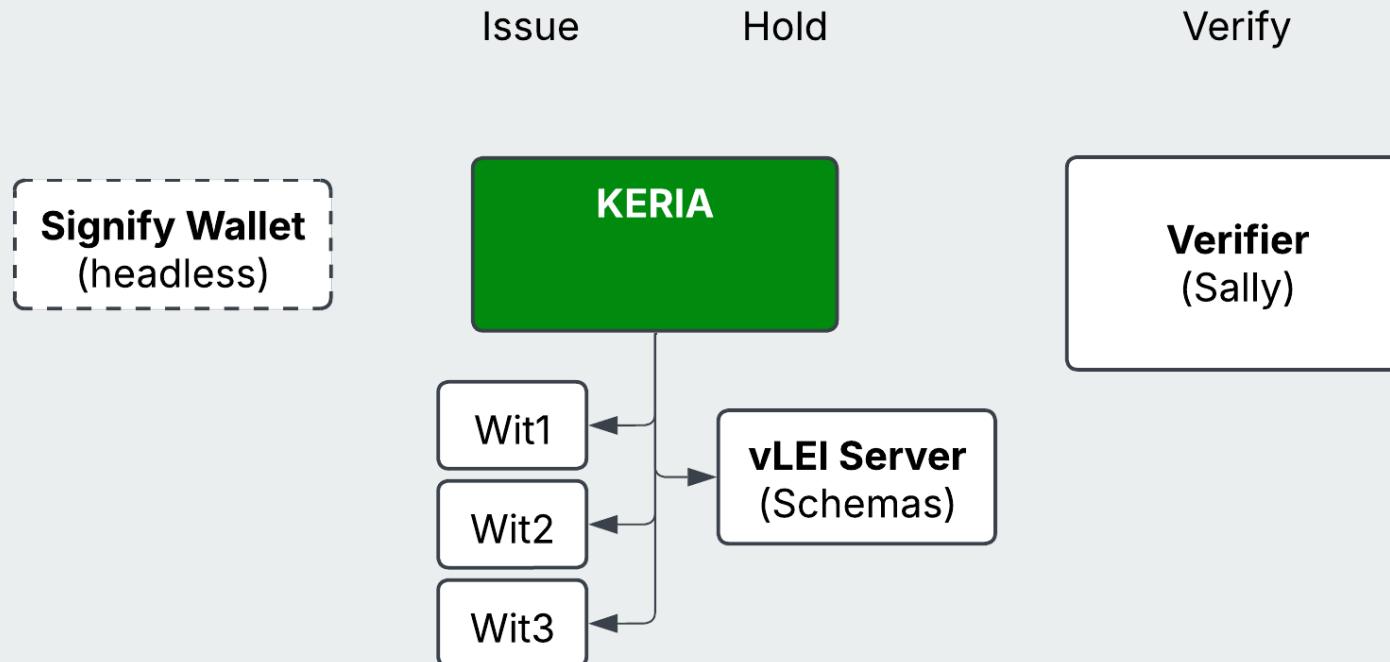
Step 1: Infrastructure Setup

docker compose build

- builds the gleif/wkshp-tsx-shell image

./stop.sh - to clear them out for a restart

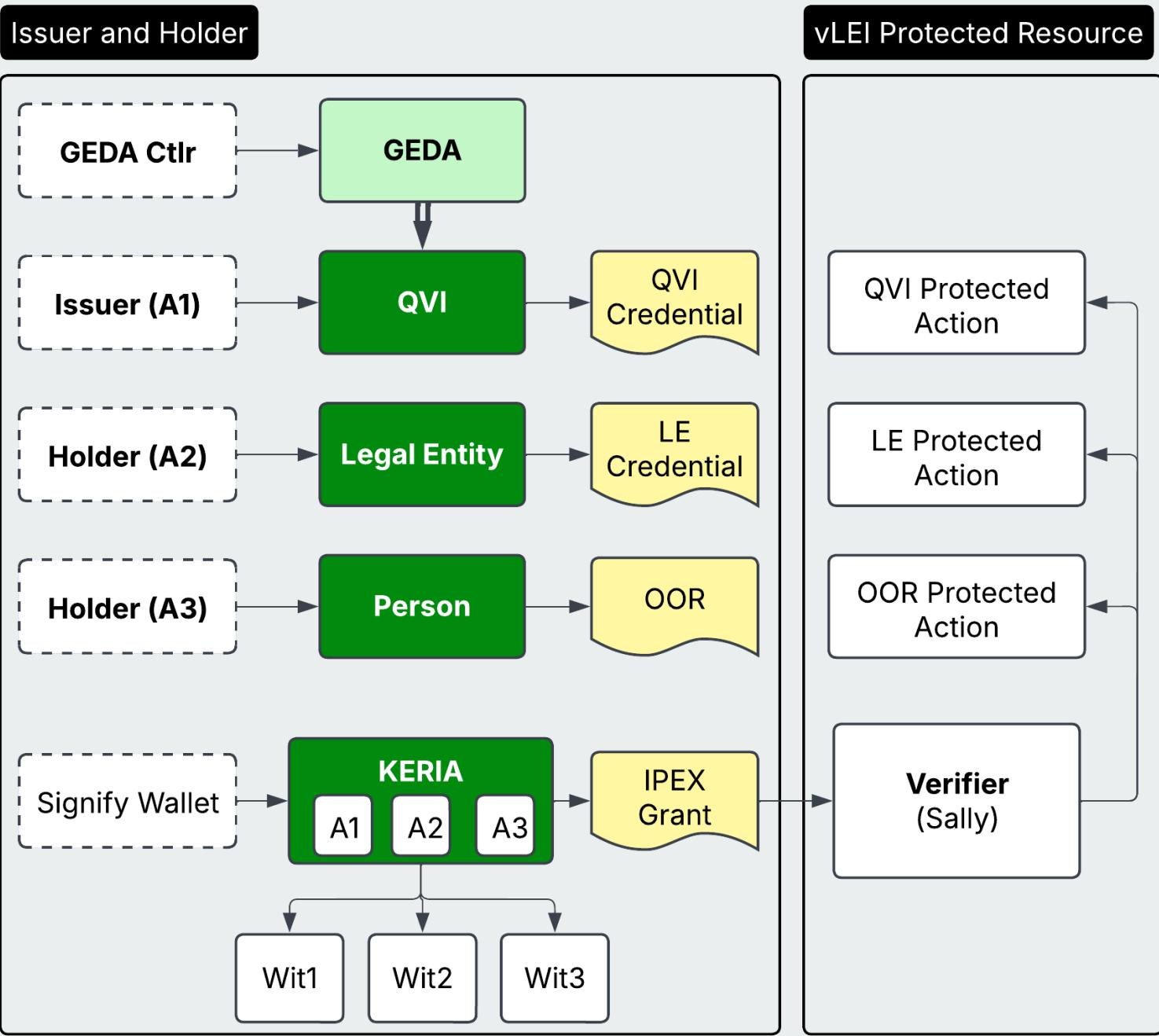
./deploy.sh - sets up the following components



Issuer and Holder

Step SKIP: Skip to the end

./run-all.sh - Run all of the step scripts



Script Path Notice

For all further scripts, assume they are run from

./task-scripts

Example:

geda/geda-aid-create.sh

would be run from

./task-scripts/geda/geda-aid-create.sh

Creation of the GLEIF AID and QVI AID



Step 2: Set up GEDA and QVI - delegation

geda/geda-aid-create.sh

- create identifier for the GLEIF root of trust external delegate

verifier/recreate-with-geda-aid.sh

- restart sally with the new GEDA AID

qvi/qvi-aid-delegate-create.sh

- create the QVI identifier delegated from the GEDA

geda/geda-delegate-approve.sh

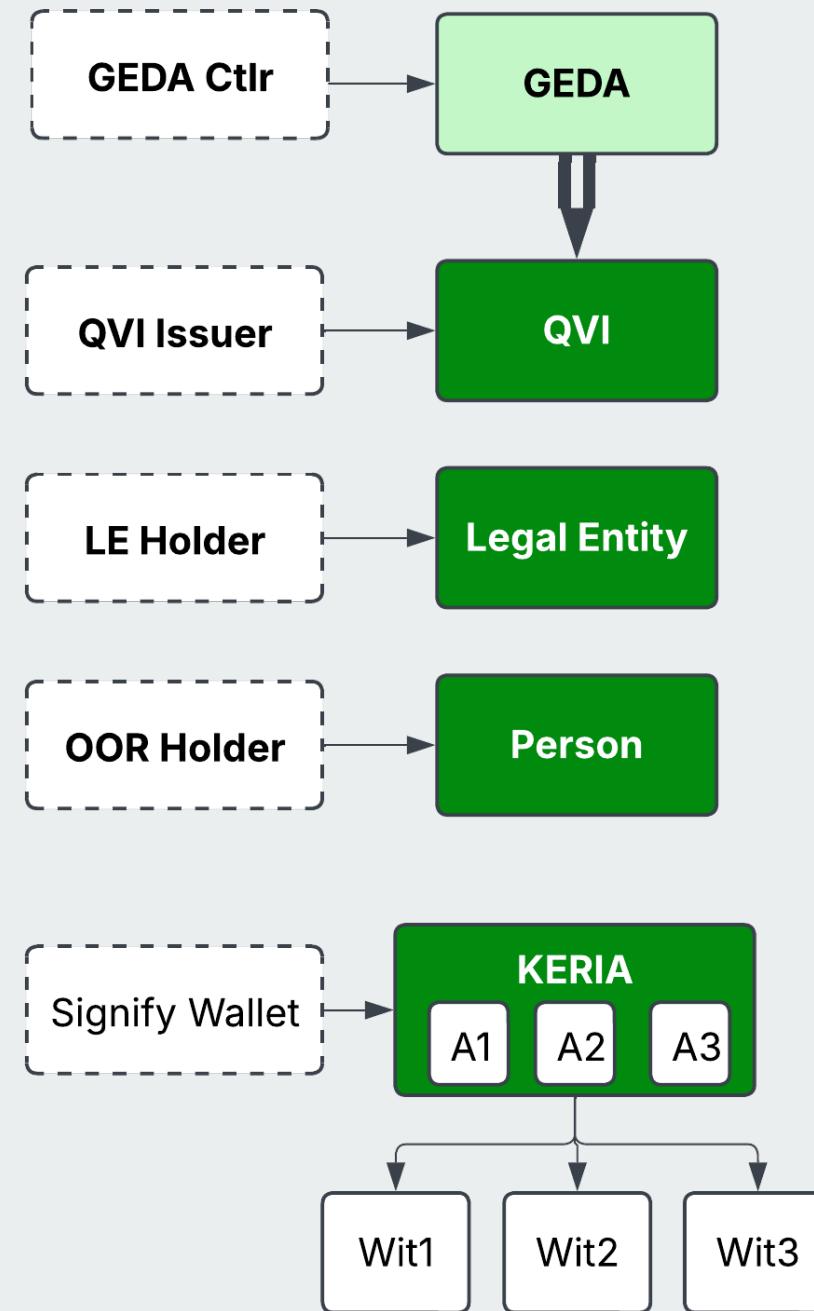
- approve the delegation request from the QVI

qvi/qvi-aid-delegate-finish.sh

- QVI completes delegation by refreshing key state

geda/geda-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh

- GEDA resolves OOBi key state to get QVI mailbox endpoint (Location Scheme records) for subsequent communication

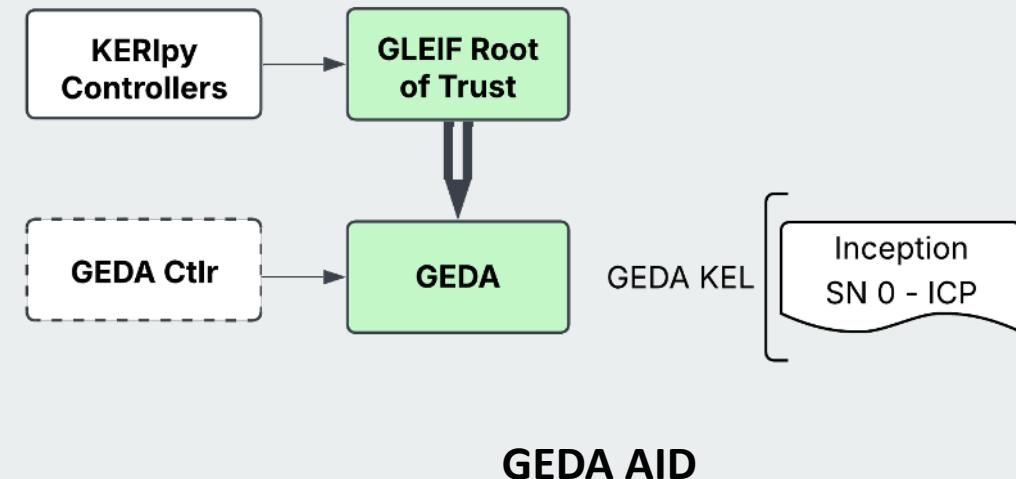


Step 2 part 1/6: geda/geda-aid-create.sh - create AID for the GLEIF External Delegated AID

- Creates a single signature identifier (AID) for the:
 - GLEIF External Delegated AID (GEDA)
- In production, this is delegated from the GLEIF Root of Trust
- Will approve a delegation request from the QVI

```
const client = await getOrCreateClient(qviPasscode, env);
const gedaInfo: any = await createAid(client, 'geda');

...
export async function createAid(client: SignifyClient, name: string) {
...
    client.identifiers().create(name);
...
    client.identifiers()
        .addEndRole(name, 'agent', client!.agent!.pre);
```



Step 2 part 2/6: verifier/recreate-with-geda-aid.sh - update Verifier with new GEDA AID

- Restarts the verifier (sally) with the new GEDA AID

- In the `—auth` startup parameter

```
sally server start \
--name verifier \
--alias verifier \
--web-hook http://resource:9923 \
--auth EDDe8pD24aqd0dCZTQHaGpfcluPFD2ajGIY3ARgE5DD \
...
```

AID of QVI credential issuer must match this AID.

This Auth AID is validated when presenting a QVI credential.

```
export GEDA_PRE="EDDe8pD24aqd0dCZTQHaGpfcluPFD2ajGIY3ARgE5DD"
```

```
docker compose -f docker-compose.yml down verifier
docker compose -f docker-compose.yml up -d verifier --wait
```

(from prior step)

GEDA AID



Step 2 part 3/6: qvi/qvi-aid-delegate-create.sh - QVI requests AID delegation from GEDA AID

Create the QVI identifier delegated from the GEDA

First, resolve Oobi of the delegator so it is known

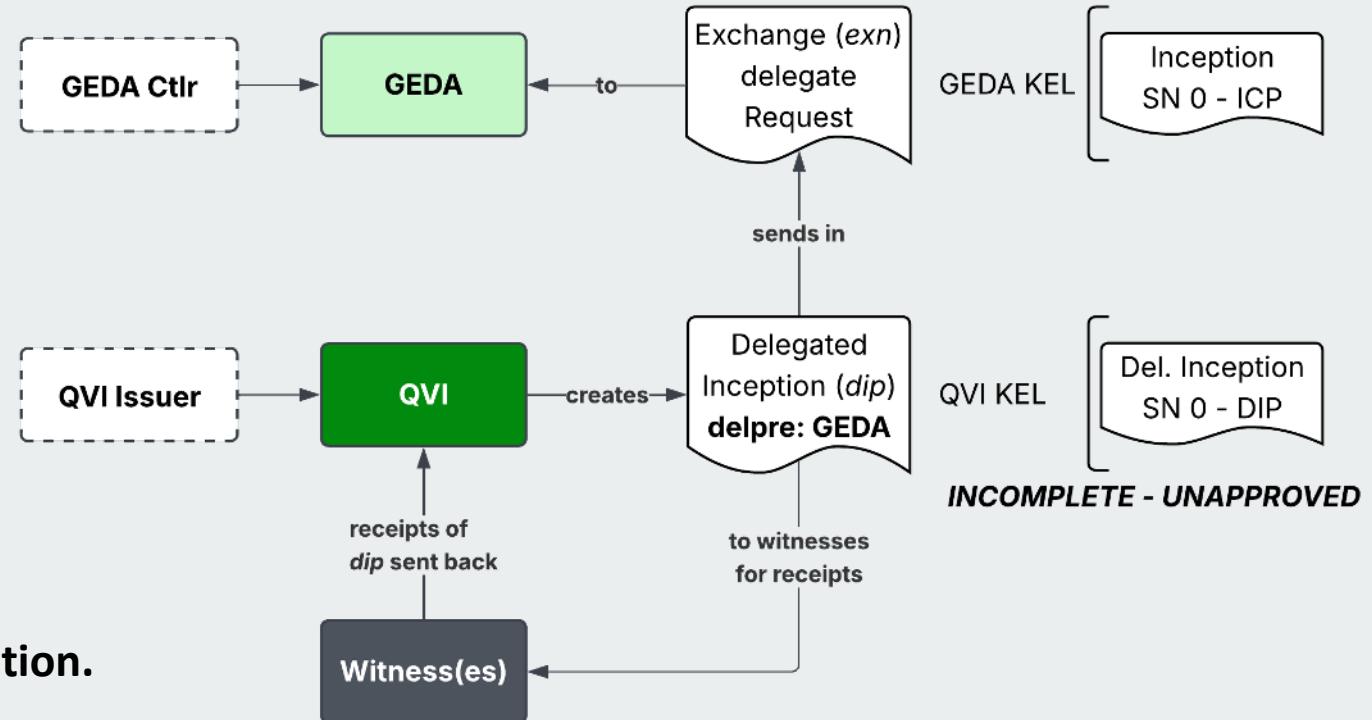
```
await resolveOobi(dgtClient, delOobi, dgrName)
```

Then create the delegated inception event (*dip*)

```
await dgtClient.identifiers().create(dgtName, {  
    delpre: delPre  
});
```

The Exchange (*exn*) message containing the dip is automatically sent to the delegator.

Next step is for the delegator to approve the delegation.



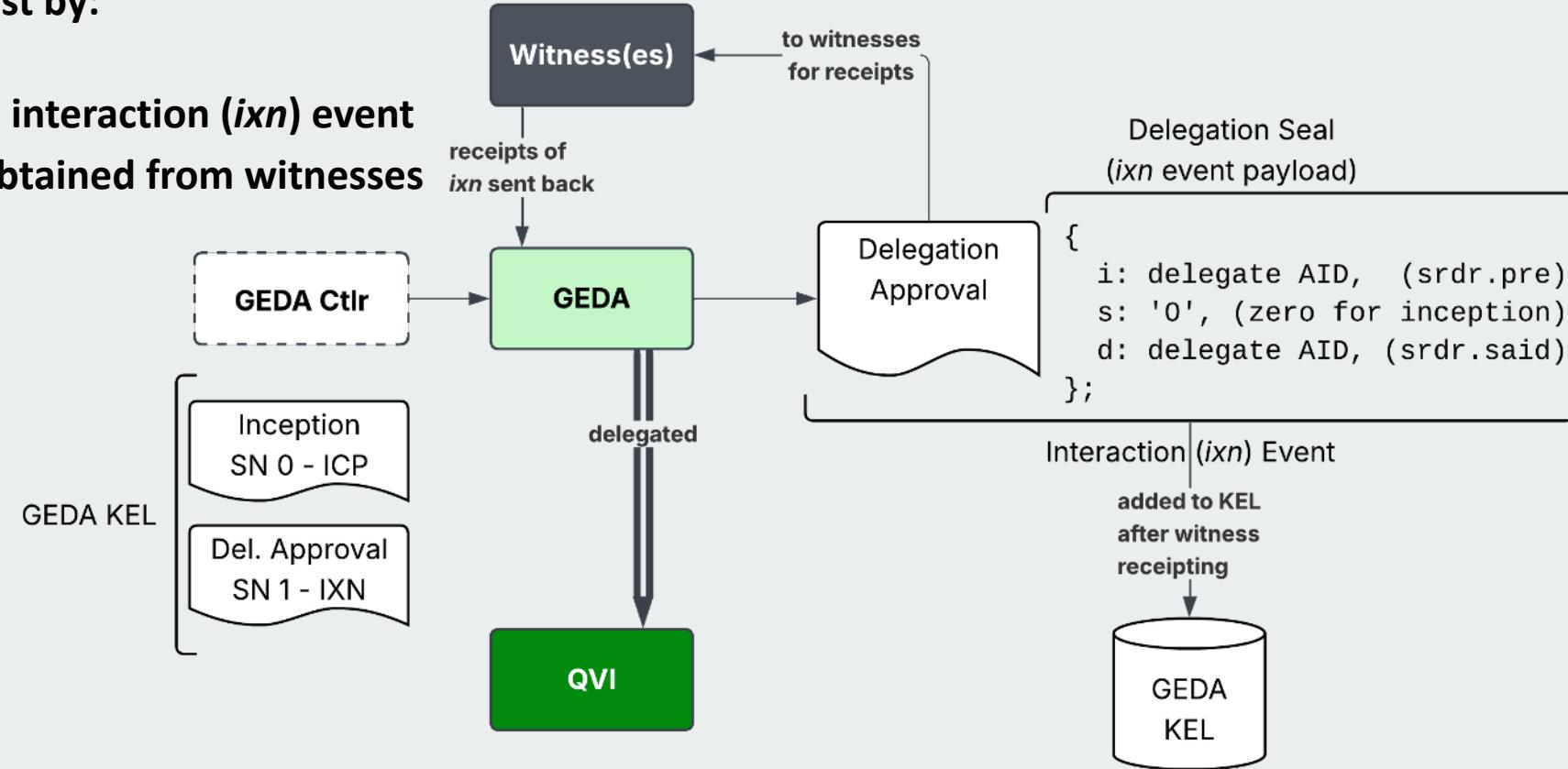
Step 2 part 4/6: geda/geda-delegate-approve.sh - Anchors delegation approval seal

Delegation request arrives in an exchange (*exn*) message.

GEDA approves the delegation request by:

- 1) creating a seal payload
- 2) anchoring that seal to its KEL in an interaction (*ixn*) event
- 3) any needed witness receipts are obtained from witnesses

```
const anchor = {  
    i: dgtPre,  
    s: '0',  
    d: dgtPre,  
};  
  
await dgrClient  
    .delegations()  
    .approve(dgrName, anchor);
```

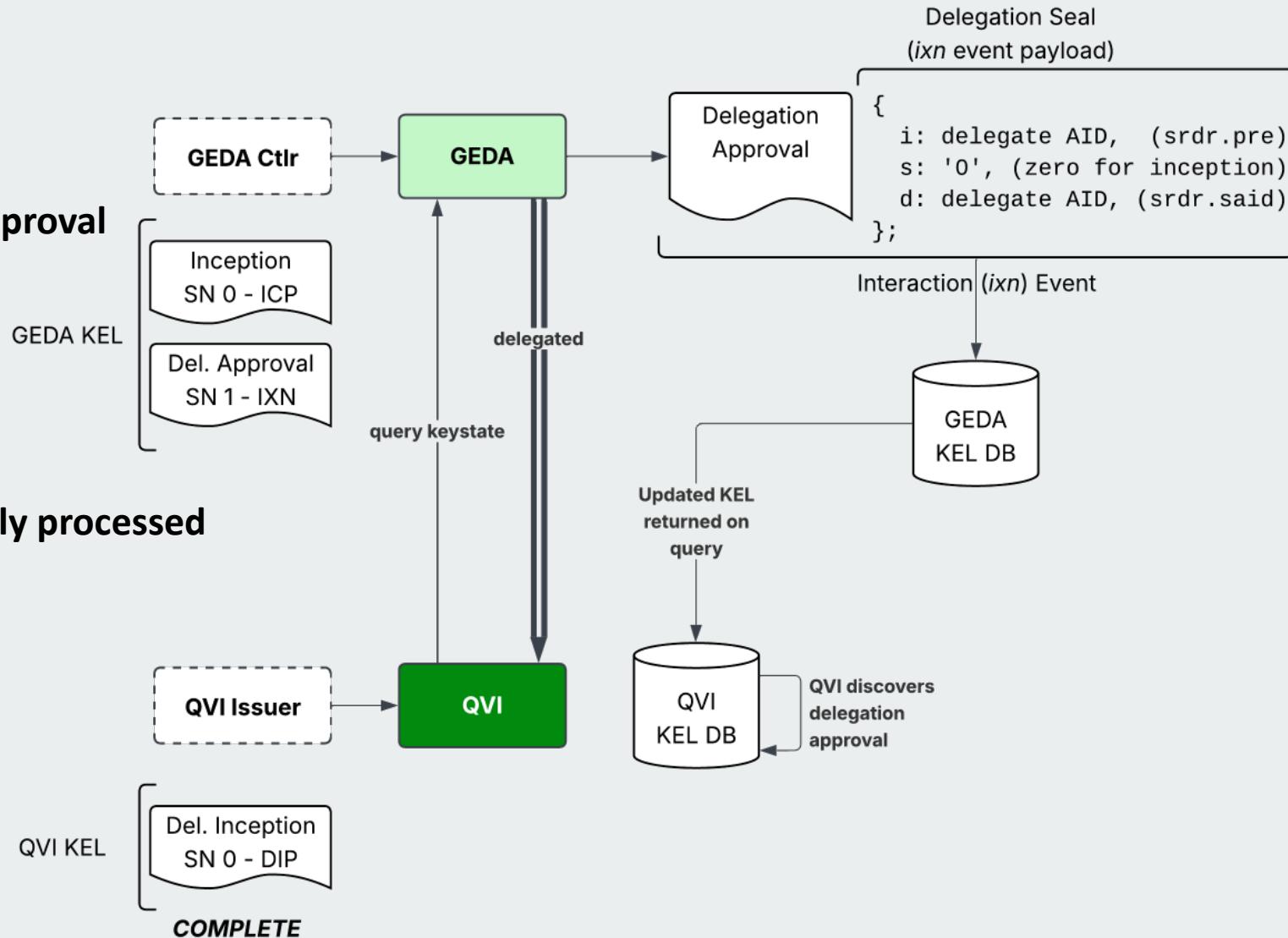


Step 2 part 5/6: qvi/qvi-aid-delegate-finish.sh - Discover GEDA Anchor

QVI completes delegation by:

- 1) Refreshing GEDA KEL key state
- 2) Process GEDA KEL to discover delegation approval
 - Delegation Seal in the interaction event
- 3) Complete the QVI AID setup

```
await dgtClient.keyStates().query(delPre, '1');
```



Step 2 part 6/6: geda/geda-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh - GEDA gets QVI AID key state, URL, roles,

GEDA resolves QVI OOB to

- 1) See where on the internet to send messages to the QVI

This is essential so that the GEDA can:

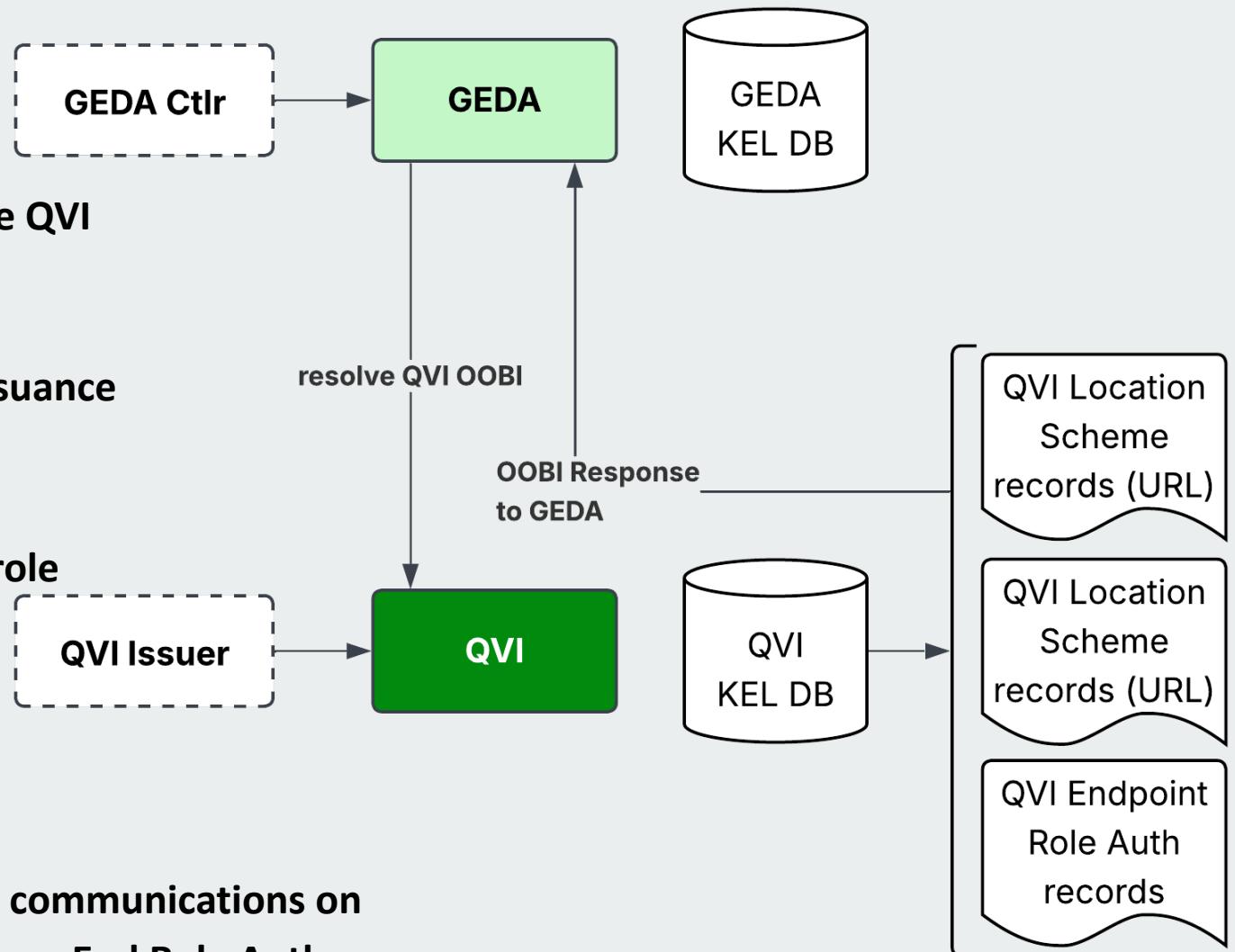
- communicate with the QVI during QVI credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the QVI AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 3: Challenge and Response between GEDA and QVI

Three step challenge and response process GEDA -> QVI

`geda/geda-challenge-qvi.sh`

- generate challenge words, share out of band

`qvi/qvi-respond-geda-challenge.sh`

- send signed exchange (exn) message with words back

`geda/geda-verify-qvi-response.sh`

- receive exn message with words, compare to local words

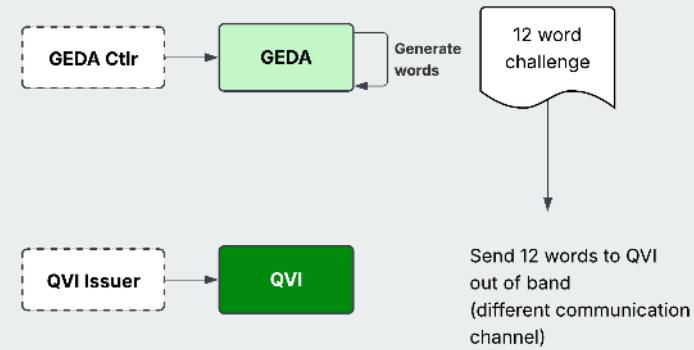
And then the same process in reverse QVI-> GEDA

`qvi/qvi-challenge-geda.sh`

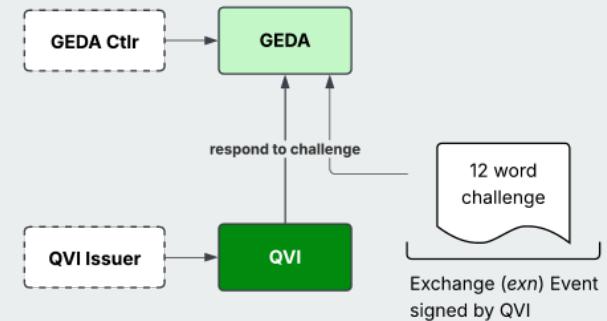
`geda/geda-respond-qvi-challenge.sh`

`qvi/qvi-verify-geda-response.sh`

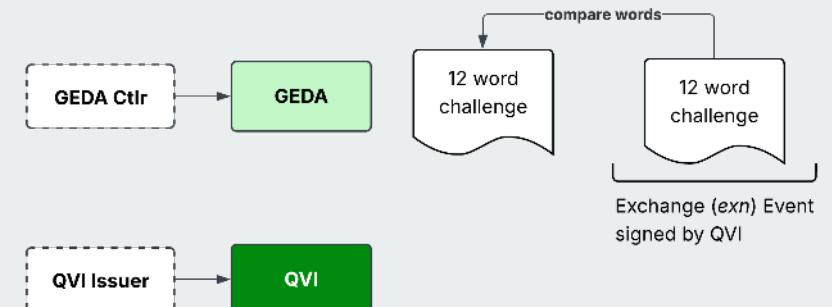
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2



3



Challenge Response Process for Mutual Control Verification

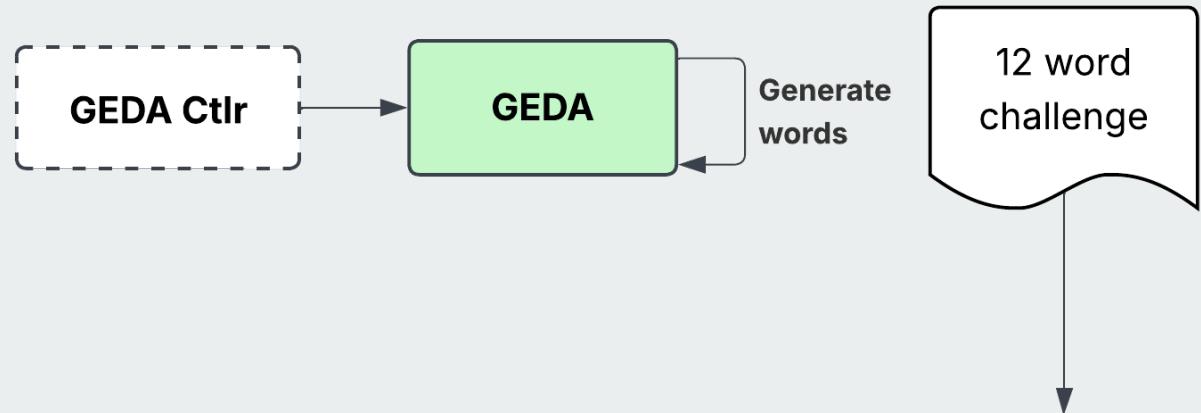


Step 3 part 1/3: geda/geda-challenge-qvi.sh

1) generate challenge words

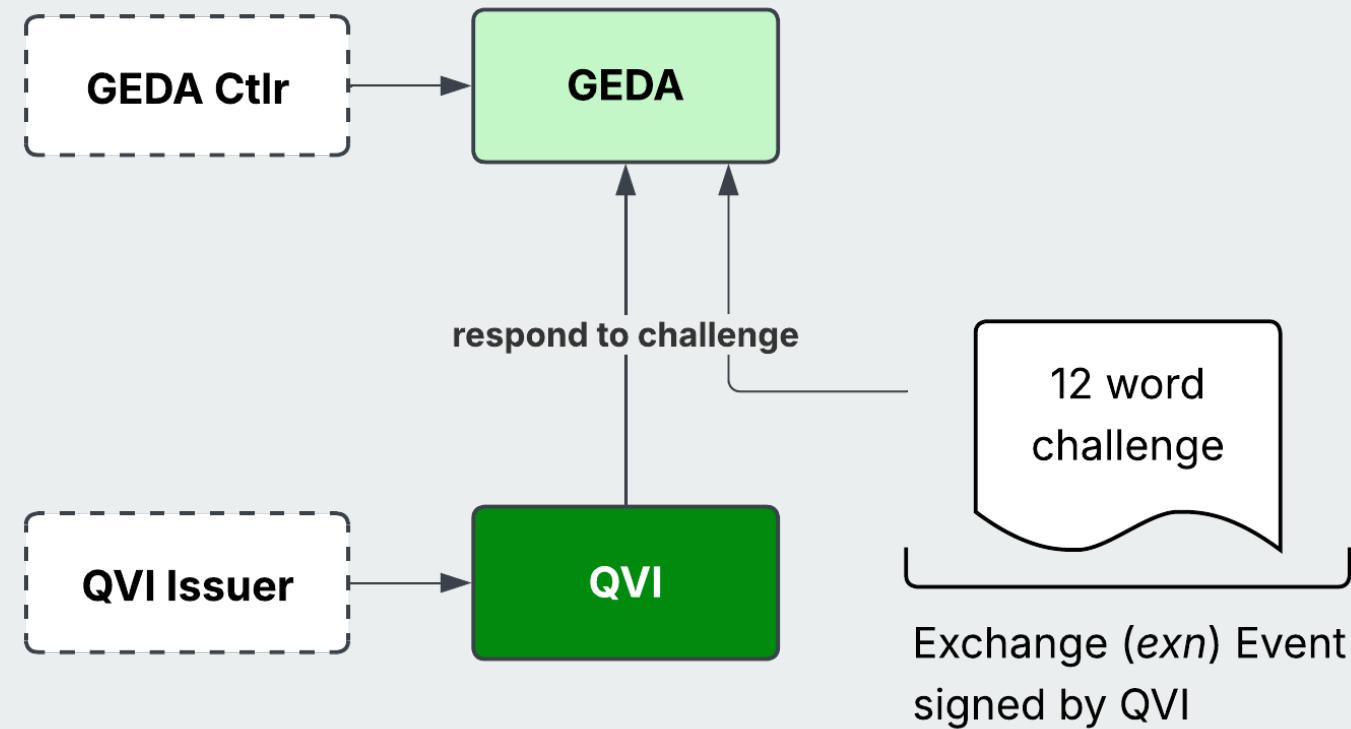
2) share out of band

No in-band, agent to agent (mailbox to mailbox)
communication has occurred yet.



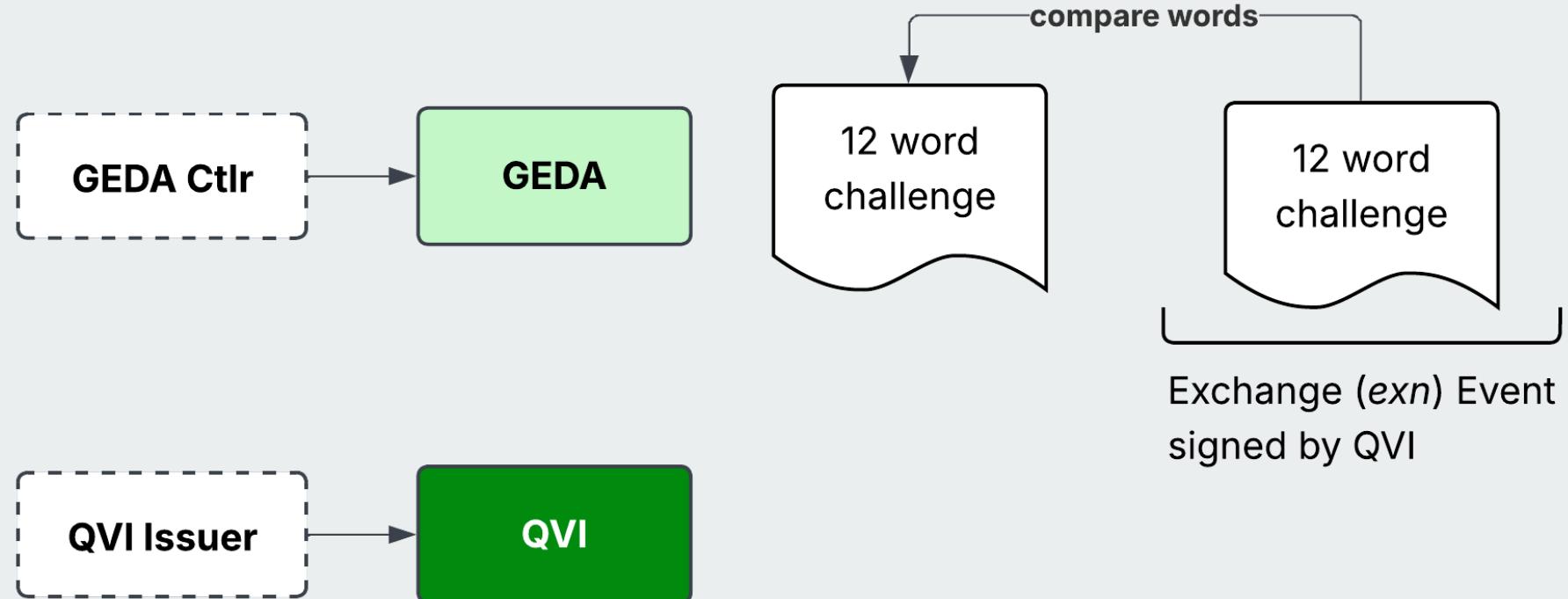
Step 3 part 1/3: qvi/qvi-respond-geda-challenge.sh

send signed exchange (exn) message with words back



geda/geda-verify-qvi-response.sh

receive exn message with words, compare to local words



Issuance and presentation of the QVI credential



Step 4: QVI credential issuance and presentation

For Issuance:

`geda/geda-registry-create.sh`

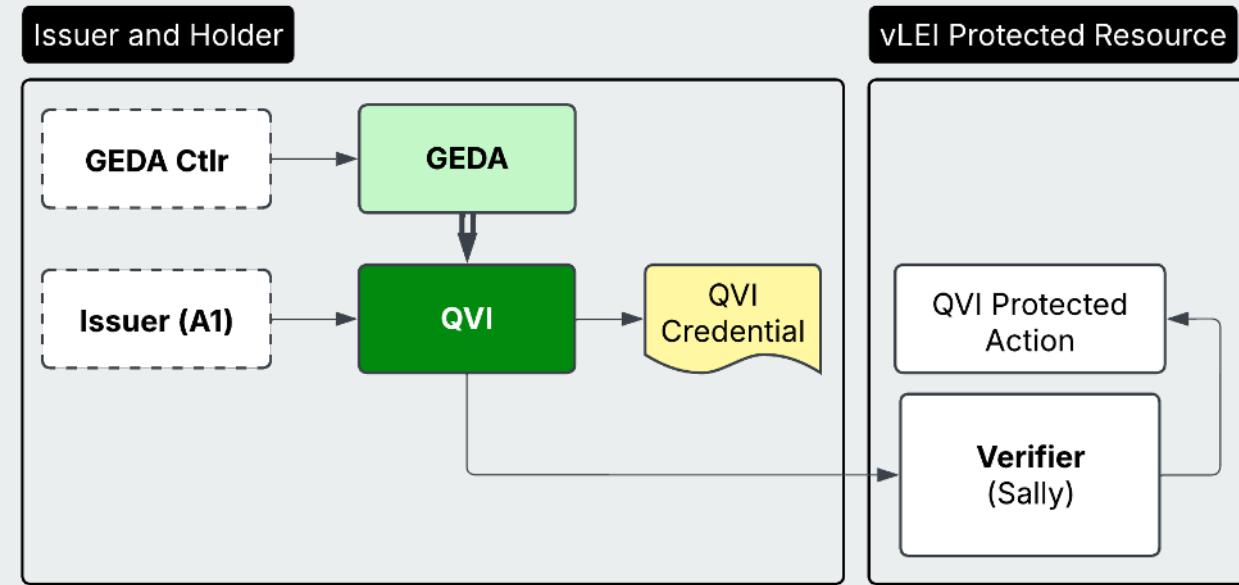
- Create GEDA's ACDC registry for QVI ACDC credentials

`geda/geda-acdc-issue-qvi.sh`

- Issue the QVI credential from GEDA (IPEX Grant)

`qvi/qvi-acdc-admit-qvi.sh`

- Admit the QVI credential as the QVI (IPEX Admit)



For Presentation:

`qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh`

- Connect to Verifier by resolving its Oobi

`qvi/qvi-acdc-present-qvi.sh`

- Present the QVI credential to the Verifier

- As an IPEX Grant operation (IPEX Grant)



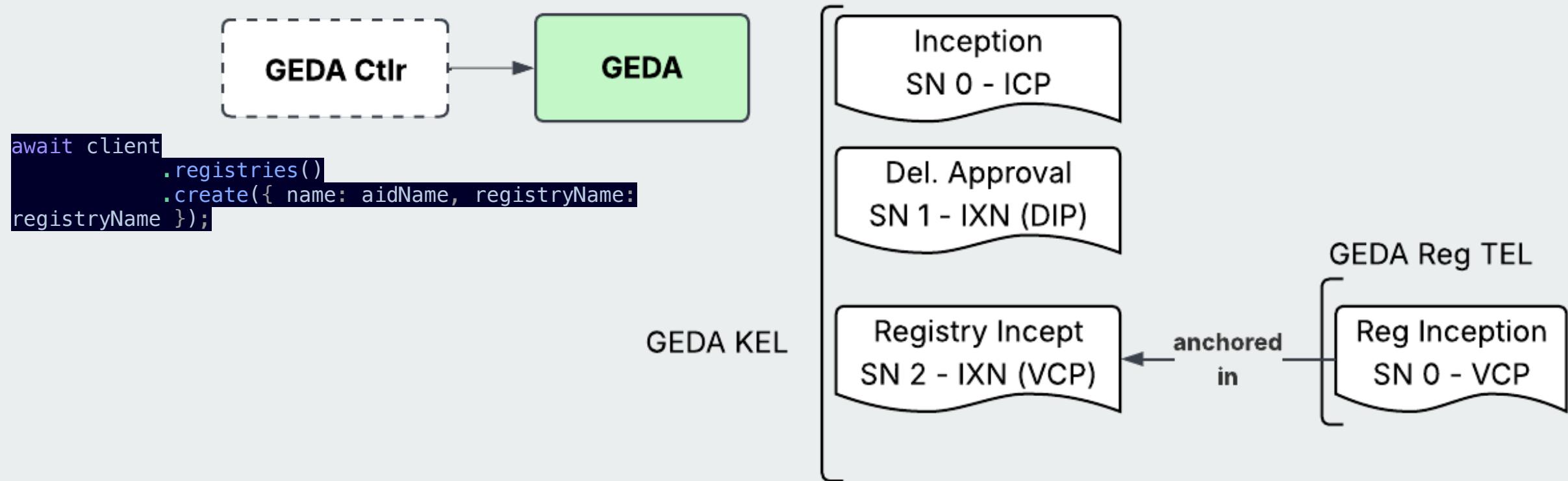
verifiable Legal
Entity Identifier
PROTECTED

QVI Credential Issuance

Creating and issuing the QVI credential from the GEDA to the
QVI

Step 4 part 1/6: geda/geda-registry-create.sh - Create ACDC Registry

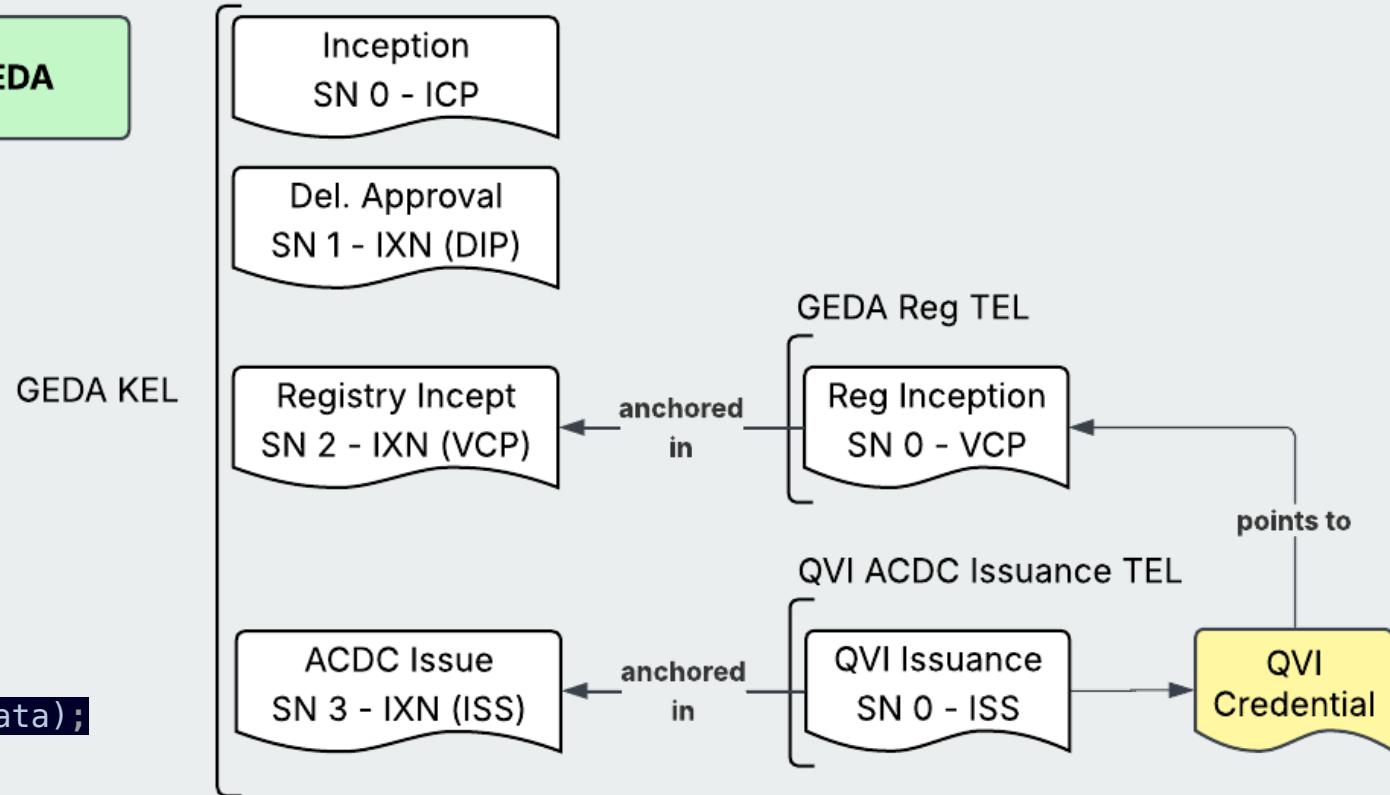
Create GEDA's ACDC registry for QVI ACDC credentials



Step 4 part 2/6: geda/geda-acdc-issue-qvi.sh - Create QVI ACDC credential

Issue the QVI credential from GEDA

```
const subject: CredentialSubject = {  
    i: hldPrefix,  
    dt: createTimeStamp(),  
    ...credData,  
};  
const issData: CredentialData = {  
    i: issAid.prefix, [REDACTED]  
    ri: issRegistry.regk, [REDACTED]  
    s: schema, [REDACTED]  
    a: subject, [REDACTED]  
    e: credEdge, [REDACTED]  
    r: credRules,  
};  
const issResult = await  
    issClient.credentials().issue(issAidName, issData);
```

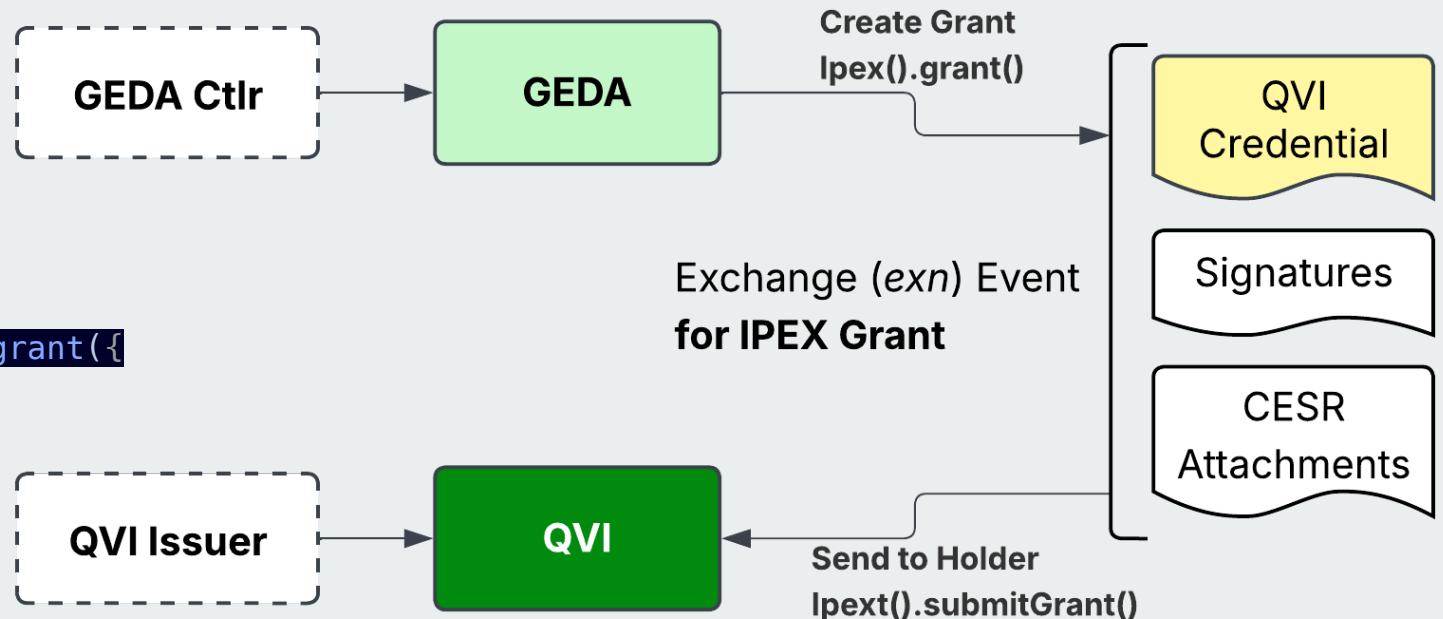


Step 4 part 3/6: geda/geda-acdc-issue-qvi.sh - Send (Present) QVI ACDC to Holder (QVI)

Send the QVI ACDC to the Holder (QVI) with IPEx Grant

The IPEx Grant operation includes the QVI ACDC in the CESR stream sent to the recipient.

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({
    senderName: issName,
    recipient: issueeAid,
    datetime: dt,
    acdc: acdc,
    anc: anc,
    iss: iss,
});  
  
await client
    .ipex()
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end,
[issueeAid]);
```



Step 4 part 4/6: qvi/qvi-acdc-admit-qvi.sh - Admit QVI credential as the QVI

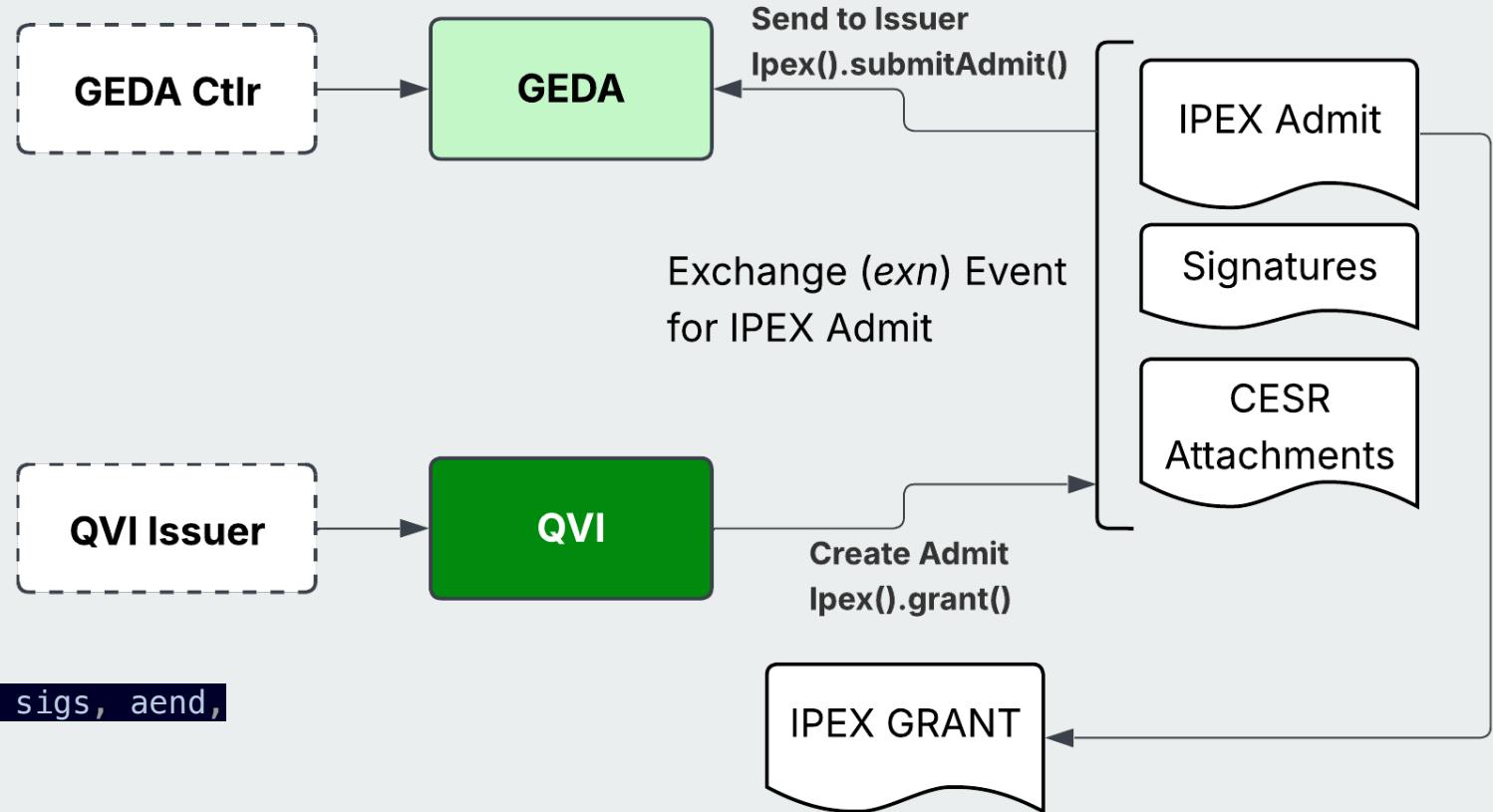
Admit the QVI credential as the QVI (IPEX Admit)

The IPEX Admit points back to

the IPEX Grant.

```
await client.ipex().admit({  
    senderName: senderAidAlias,  
    message: message,  
    grantSaid: grantSaid,  
    recipient: recipientAidPrefix,  
    datetime: createTimestamp(),  
});
```

```
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitAdmit(senderAidAlias, admit, sigs, aend,  
[recipientAidPrefix]);
```





verifiable Legal
Entity Identifier
PROTECTED

QVI Credential Presentation

Presenting the QVI credential from the QVI to the Verifier

Step 4 part 5/6: qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh - Connect QVI to Verifier for presentation

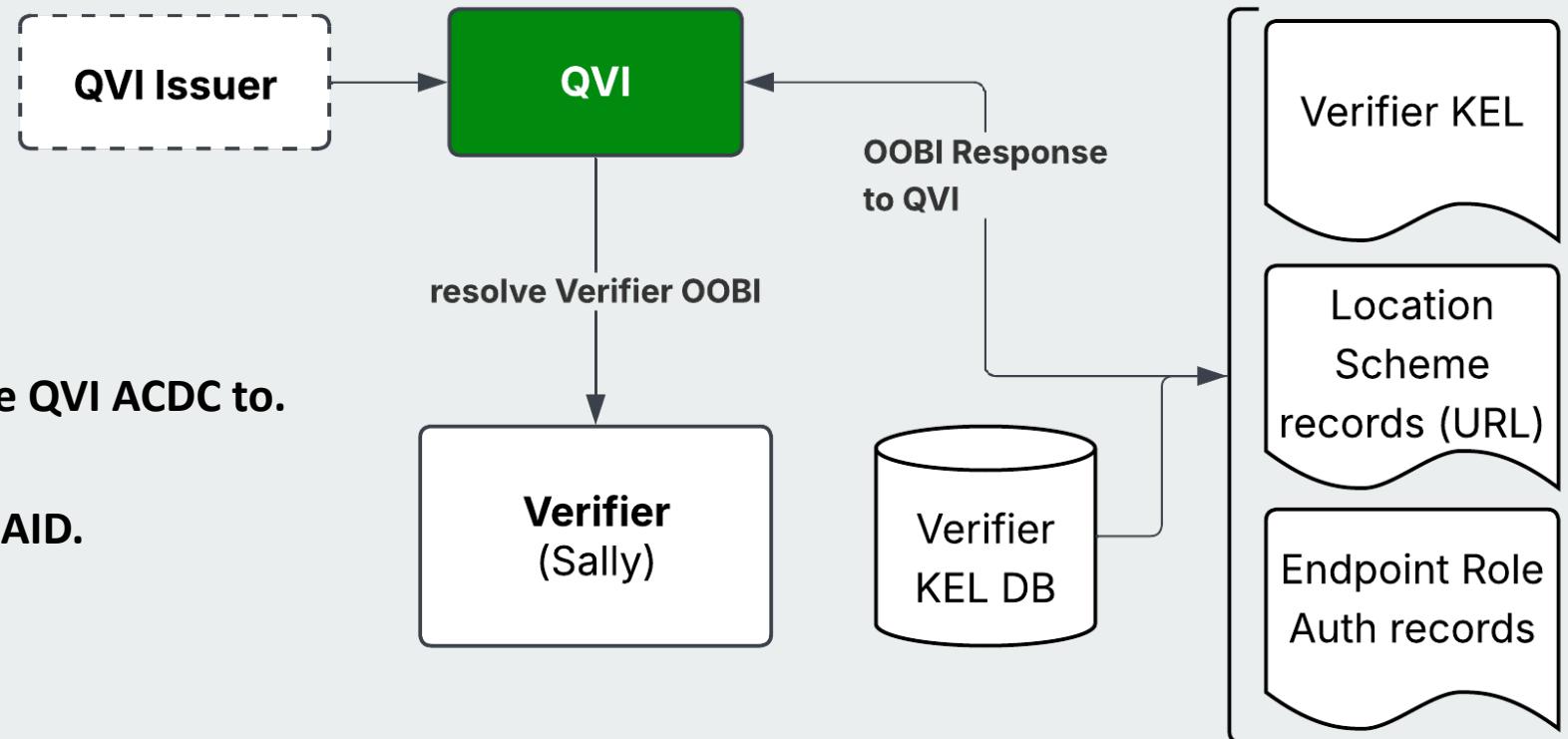
Connect to Verifier by resolving its OOBIs

The QVI KERIA Agent needs the KEL of the Verifier including:

- Location Scheme records
- Endpoint Role Authorization records

So that it can know where to present the QVI ACDC to.

Presentations in KERI occur from AID to AID.



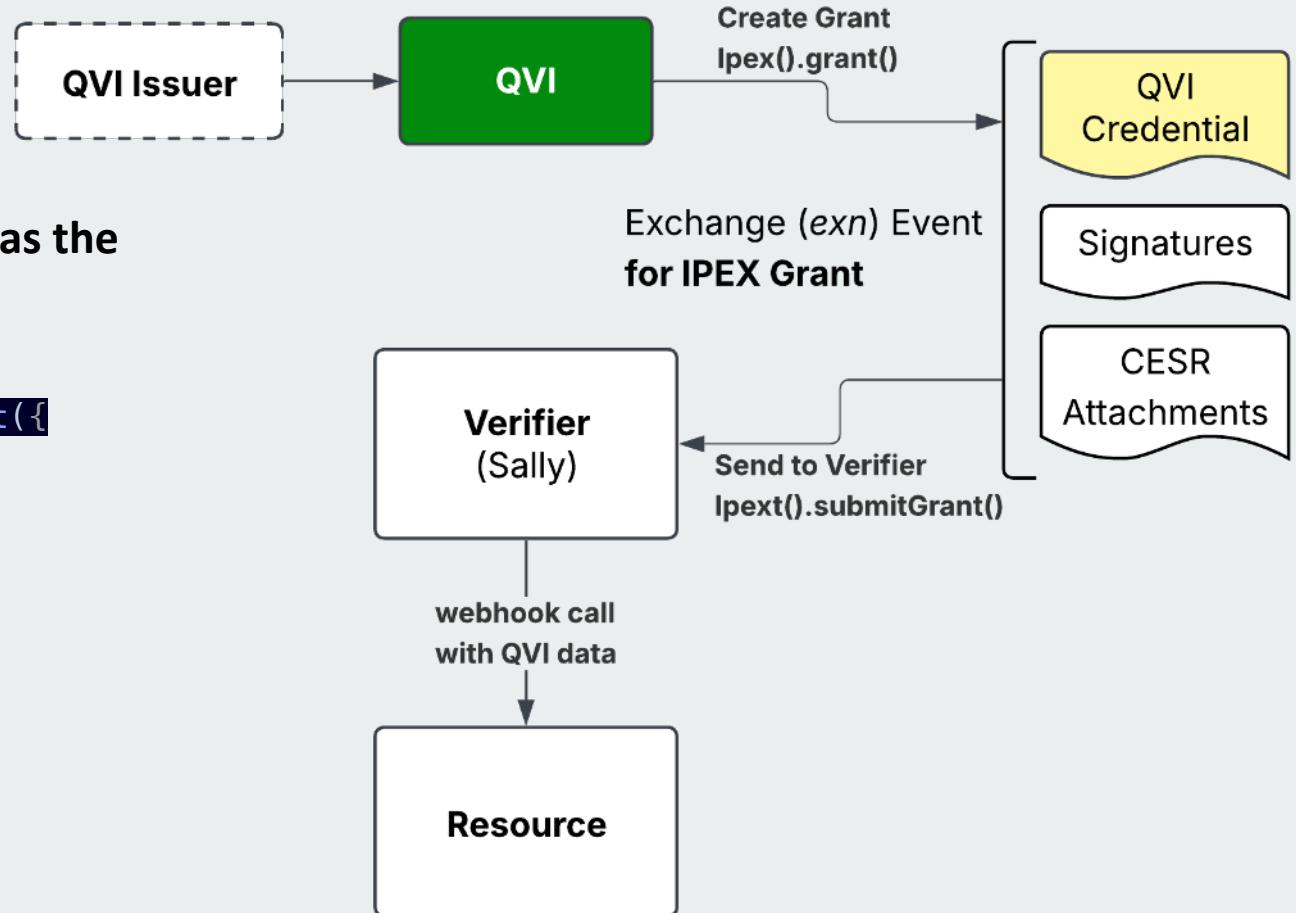
Step 4 part 6/6: qvi/qvi-acdc-present-qvi.sh - Present QVI credential to verifier

Present the QVI credential to the Verifier.

This uses an IPEX Grant operation with the verifier as the recipient.

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({
    senderName: issName,
    recipient: issueeAid,
    datetime: dt,
    acdc: acdc,
    anc: anc,
    iss: iss,
});

await client
    .ipex()
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end,
[issueeAid]);
```



Issuance and presentation of the Legal Entity credential



Step 5: LE AID setup, LE ACDC issuance and presentation

Identifier Setup:

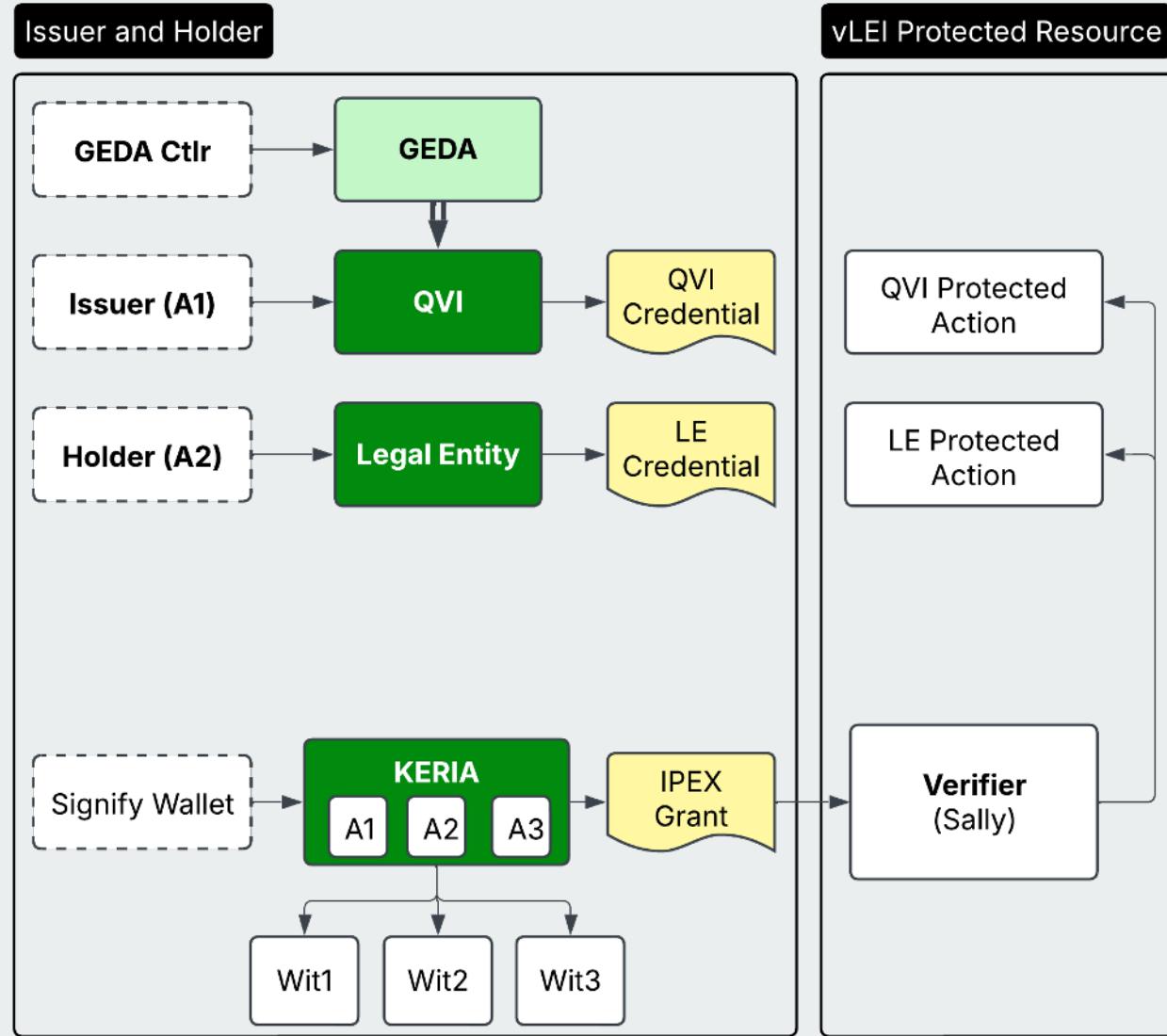
- le/le-aid-create.sh - create Legal Entity AID
- le/le-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh - Connect LE to QVI with OOBI Resolve
- qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-le.sh - Connect QVI to LE with OOBI Resolve

For Issuance:

- qvi/qvi-registry-create.sh
 - Create QVI's ACDC registry for LE ACDC credentials
- qvi/qvi-acdc-issue-le.sh
 - Issue the LE credential from QVI (IPEX Grant)
- le/le-acdc-admit-le.sh
 - Admit the LE credential as the LE (IPEX Admit)

For Presentation:

- le/le-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh
 - Connect to Verifier by resolving its OOBI
- le/le-acdc-present-le.sh
 - Present the LE credential to the Verifier
 - As an IPEX Grant operation (IPEX Grant)





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Entity Identifier
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LE Credential Issuance

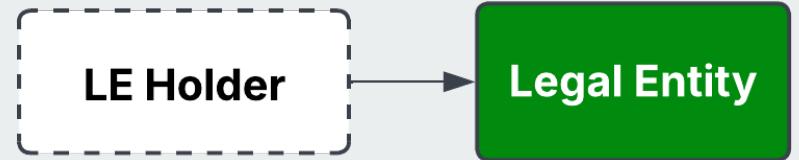
Creating and issuing the LE credential from the QVI to the LE

Step 5 part 1/8: le/le-aid-create.sh - create AID for the Legal Entity

- Creates a single signature identifier (AID) for the legal entity (LE)

```
const client = await getOrCreateClient(lePasscode, env);
const leInfo: any = await createAid(client, 'le');

...
export async function createAid(client: SignifyClient, name: string) {
...
    client.identifiers().create(name);
...
    client.identifiers()
        .addEndRole(name, 'agent', client!.agent!.pre);
```



Step 5 part 2/8: le/le-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh - LE gets QVI AID key state, URL, roles,

LE resolves QVI OOBi to

1) See where on the internet to send messages to the QVI

This is essential so that the LE can:

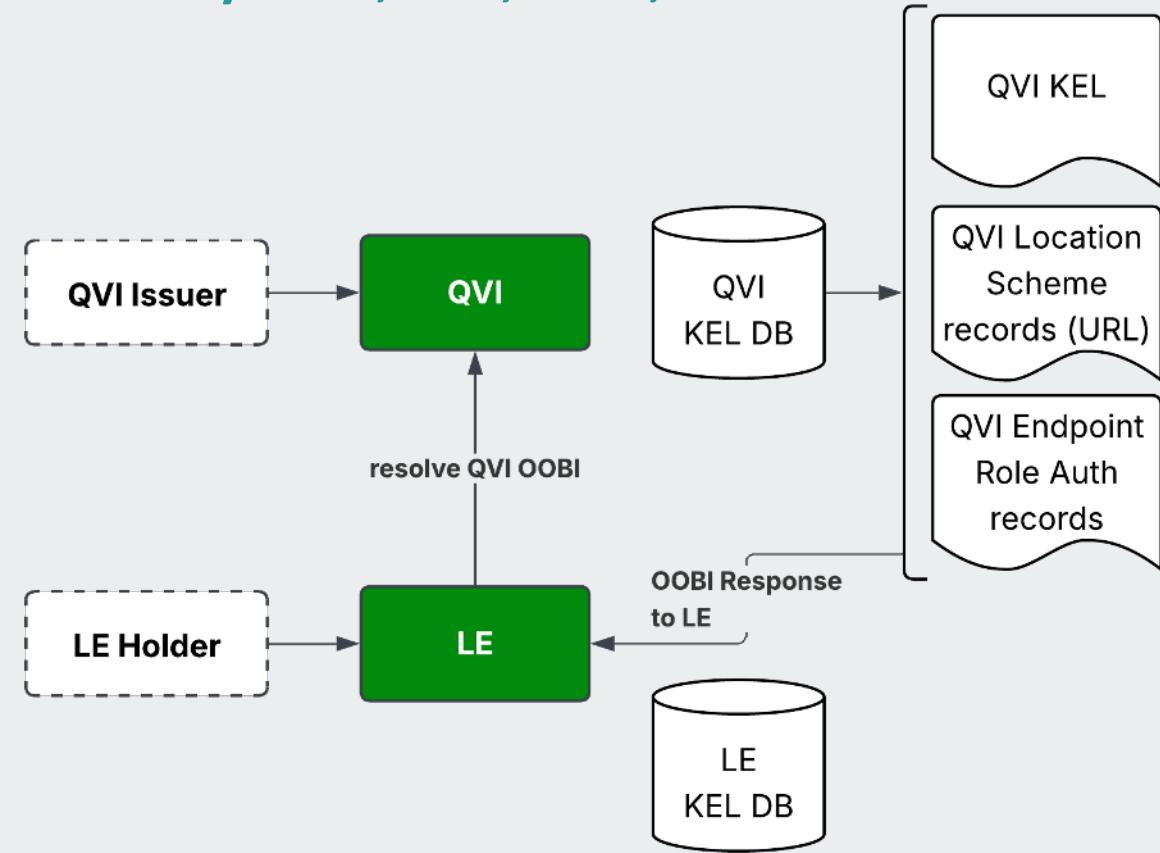
- communicate with the QVI during LE credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the QVI AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 5 part 3/8: qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-le.sh - the reverse, QVI gets LE key state, URL, roles,

LE resolves QVI OOBi to

1) See where on the internet to send messages to the QVI

This is essential so that the LE can:

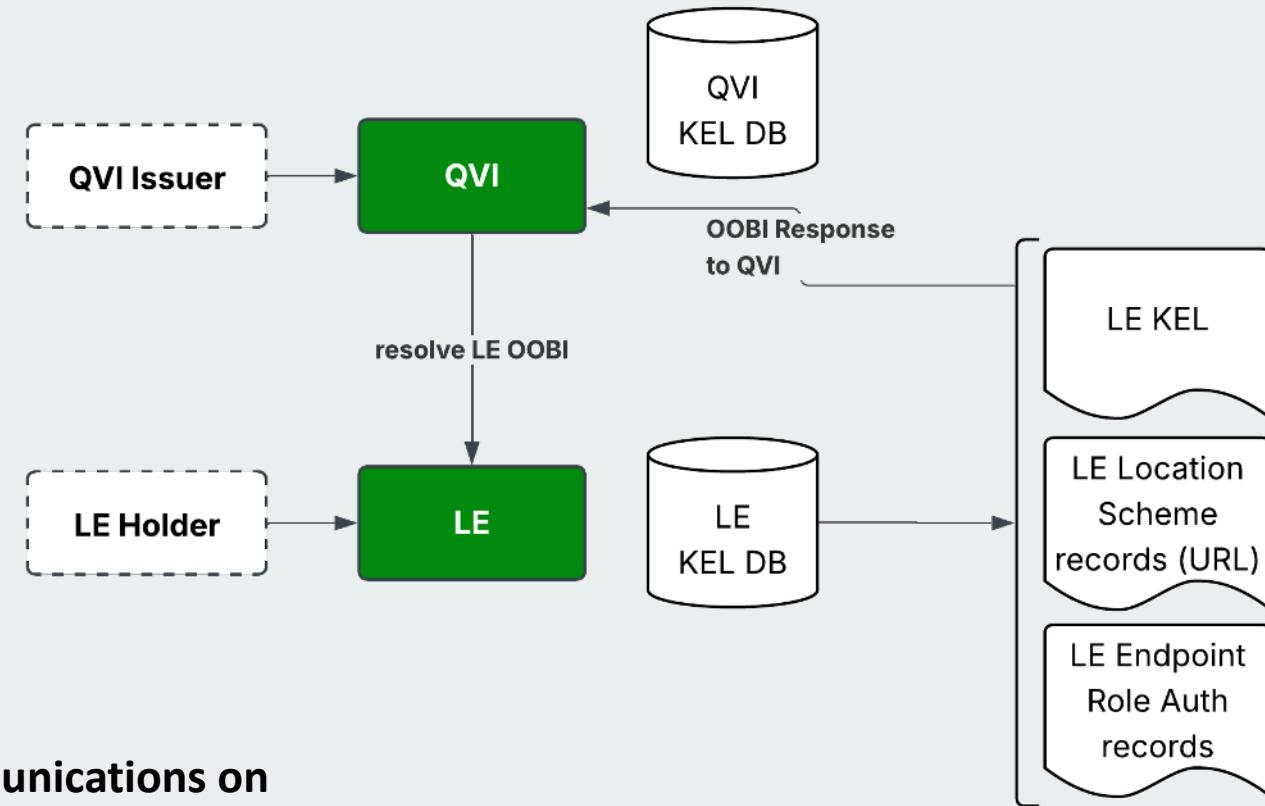
- communicate with the QVI during LE credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the QVI AID.

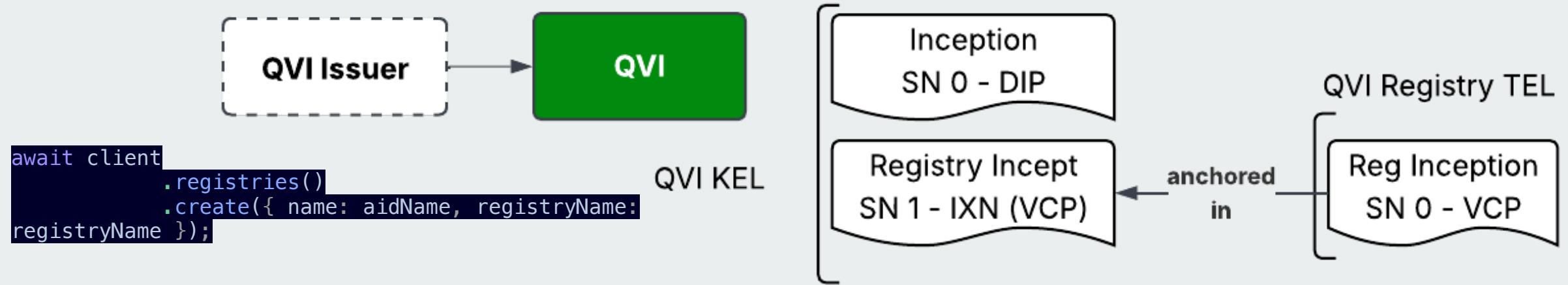
Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



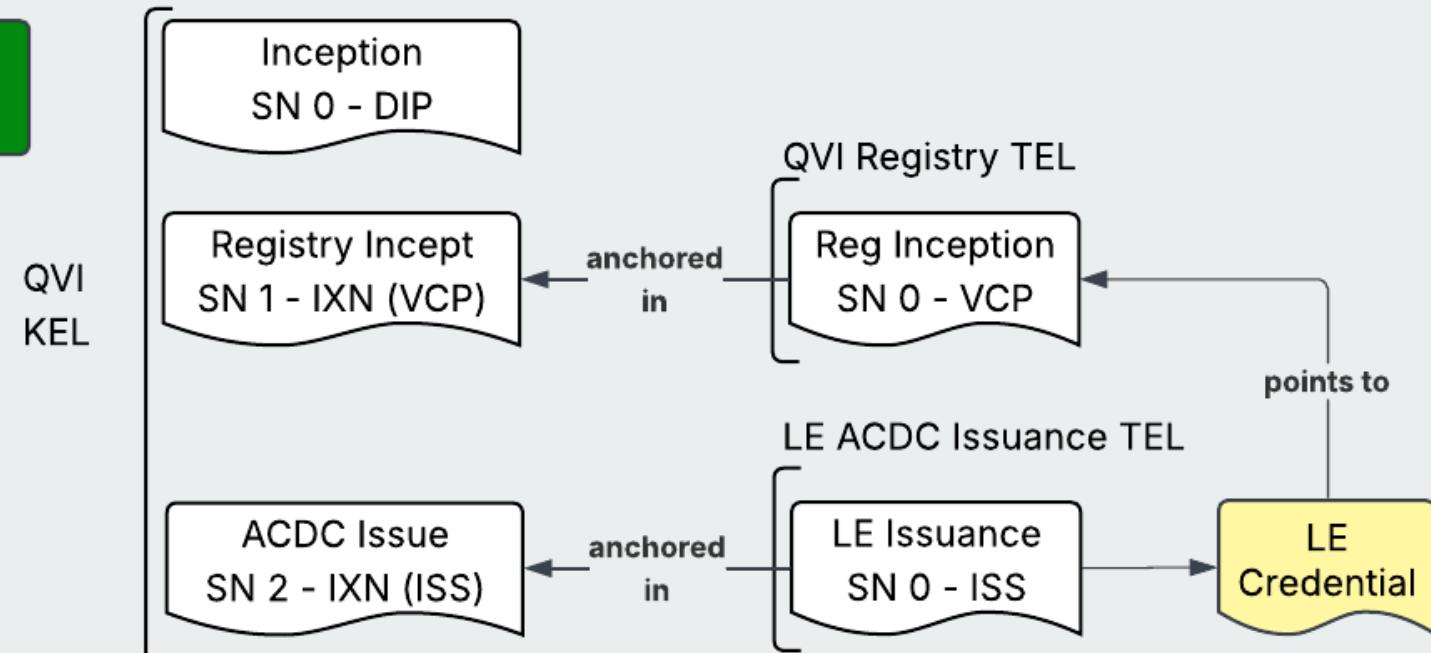
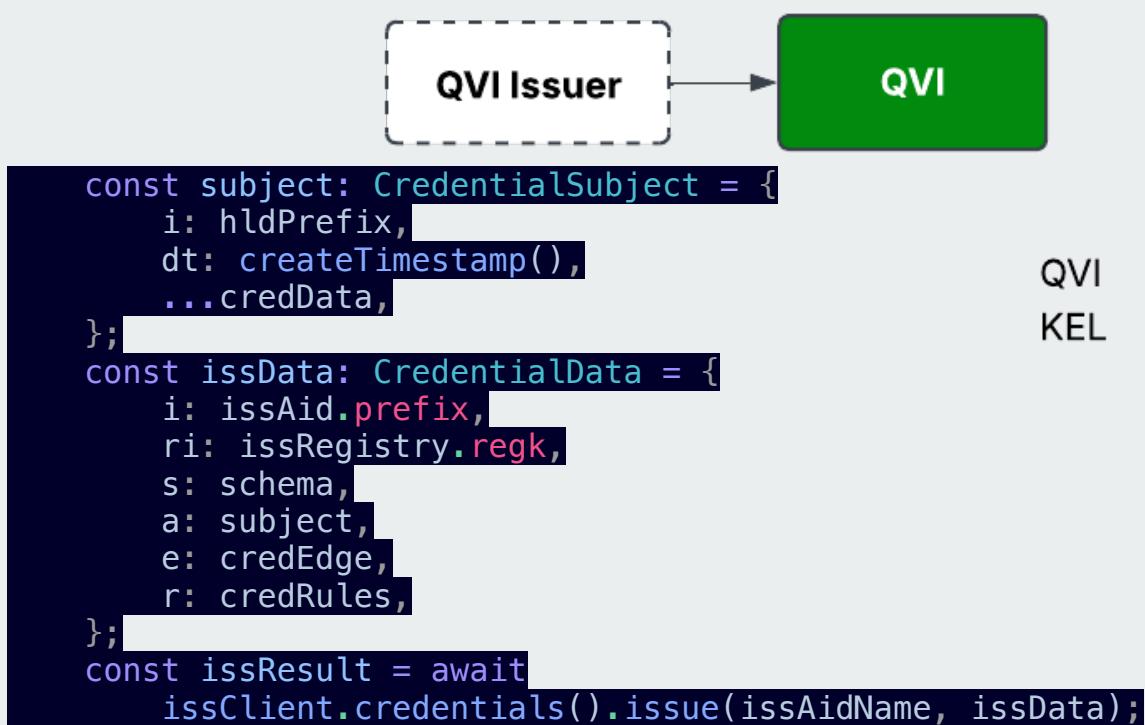
Step 5 part 4/8: qvi/qvi-registry-create.sh - Create the QVI's ACDC registry

Create QVI's ACDC registry for LE ACDC credentials



Step 5 part 5/8: qvi/qvi-acdc-issue-le.sh Part 1 - Create LE ACDC credential

Issue the LE credential from QVI



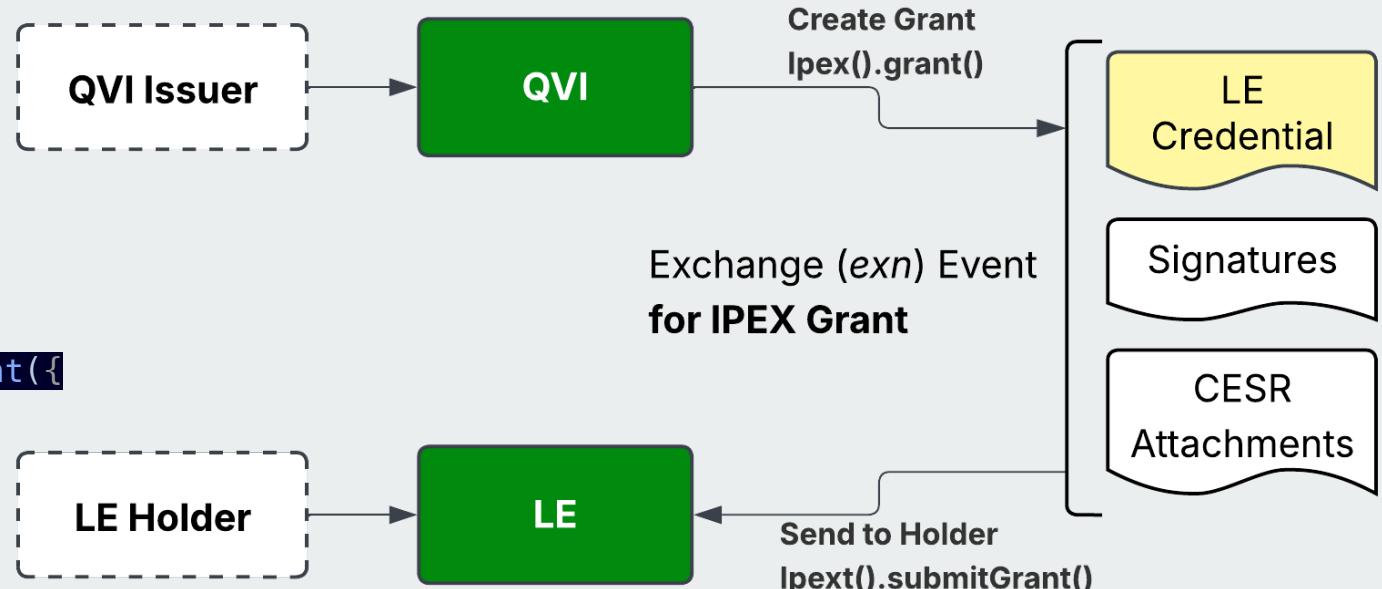
Step 5 part 5/8: qvi/qvi-acdc-issue-le.sh Part 2 - Send (Present) LE ACDC Holder (LE)

Send the LE ACDC to the Holder (LE) with IPEX Grant

The IPEX Grant operation includes the LE ACDC in the CESR stream sent to the recipient.

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({
    senderName: issName,
    recipient: issueeAid,
    datetime: dt,
    acdc: acdc,
    anc: anc,
    iss: iss,
});

await client
    .ipex()
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end,
[issueeAid]);
```



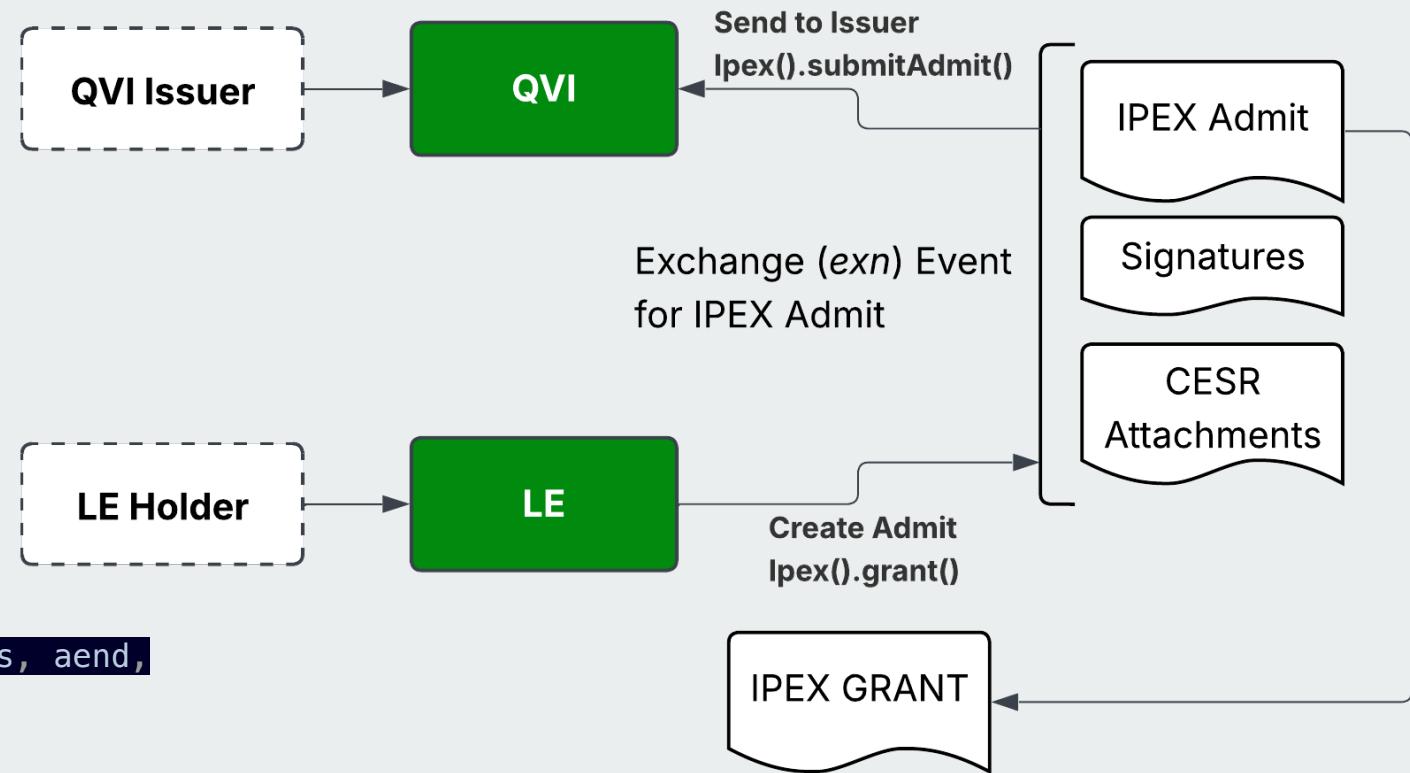
Step 5 part 6/8: le/le-acdc-admit-le.sh - Admit LE credential as the legal entity

Admit the QVI credential as the QVI (IPEX Admit)

The IPEX Admit points back to

the IPEX Grant.

```
await client.ipex().admit({  
    senderName: senderAidAlias,  
    message: message,  
    grantSaid: grantSaid,  
    recipient: recipientAidPrefix,  
    datetime: createTimestamp(),  
});  
  
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitAdmit(senderAidAlias, admit, sigs, aend,  
[recipientAidPrefix]);
```





verifiable Legal
Entity Identifier
PROTECTED

LE Credential Presentation

Presenting the LE credential from the LE to the Verifier

Step 5 part 7/8: le/le-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh - Legal Entity connects to the Verifier

Connect to Verifier by resolving its OOBIs

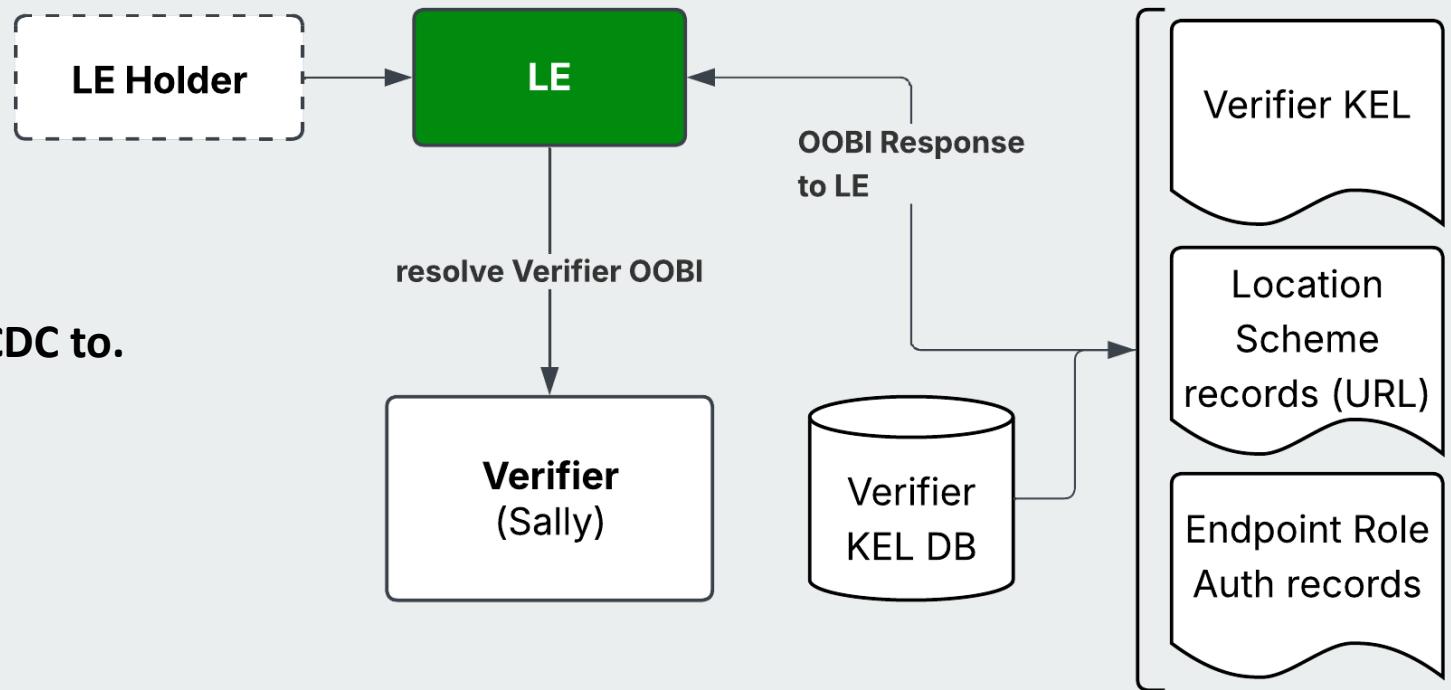
The LE KERIA Agent needs the KEL

of the Verifier including:

- Location Scheme records
- Endpoint Role Authorization records

So that it can know where to present the LE ACDC to.

Presentations in KERI occur from AID to AID.



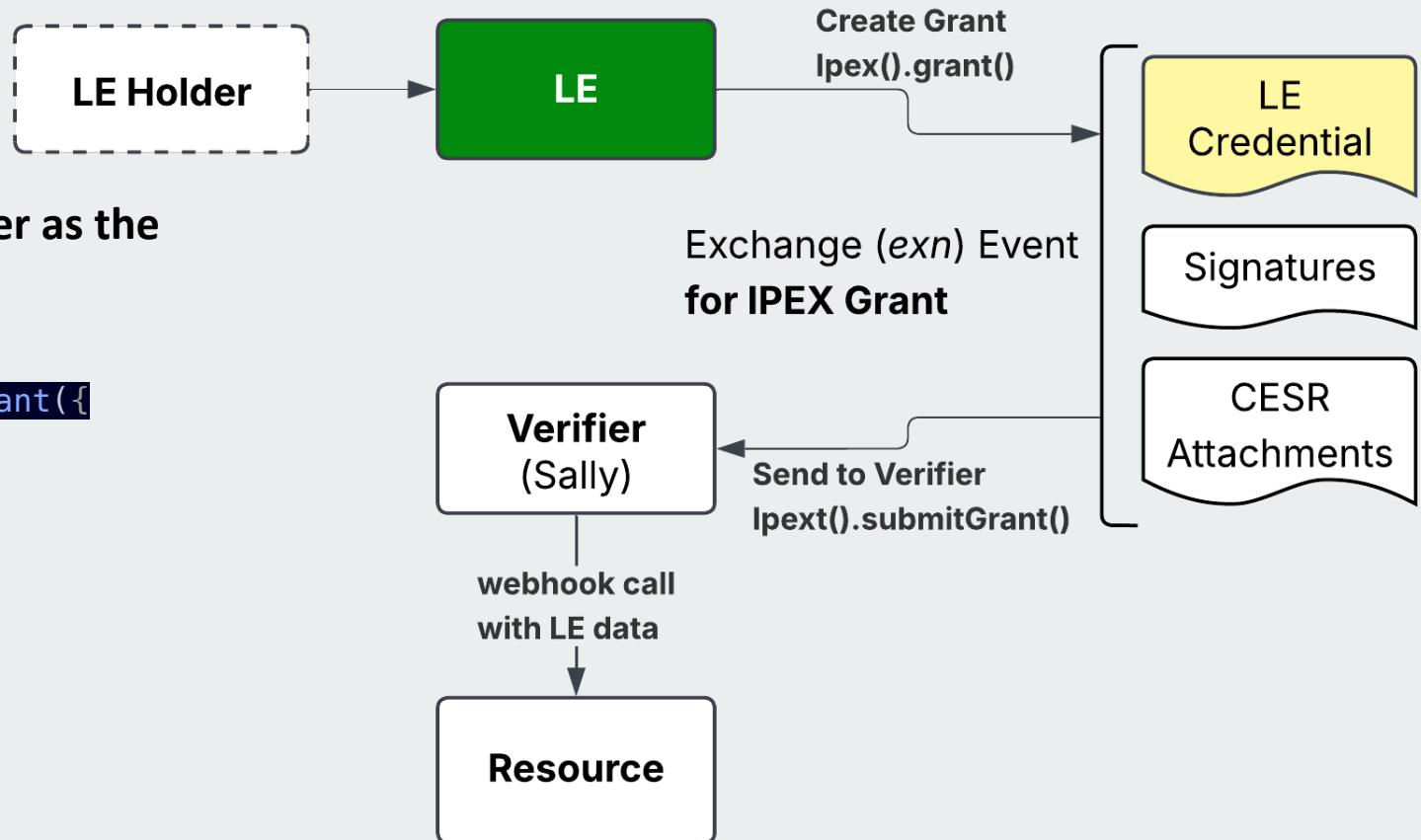
Step 5 part 8/8: le/le-acdc-present-le.sh - Legal Entity presents LE ACDC to Verifier

Present the LE credential to the Verifier.

This uses an IPLEX Grant operation with the verifier as the recipient.

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({  
    senderName: issName,  
    recipient: issueeAid,  
    datetime: dt,  
    acdc: acdc,  
    anc: anc,  
    iss: iss,  
});
```

```
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end,  
[issueeAid]);
```



Issuance and presentation of the Official Organizational Role credential



Step 6: Person AID setup, OOR ACDC issuance and presentation

Identifier Setup:

`person/person-aid-create.sh`

`person/person-oobi-resolve-le.sh`

`le/le-oobi-resolve-person.sh`

`qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-person.sh`

`person/person-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh`

`person/person-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh`

For OOR Auth :

`le/le-registry-create.sh`

- Create LE's registry for OOR Auth ACDC credentials

`le/le-acdc-issue-oor-auth.sh`

- Issue and send the OOR Auth credential from LE

`qvi/qvi-acdc-admit-oor-auth.sh`

- Admit the OOR Auth credential as the QVI

For OOR:

`qvi/qvi-acdc-issue-oor.sh`

- QVI issues the OOR credential to the Person

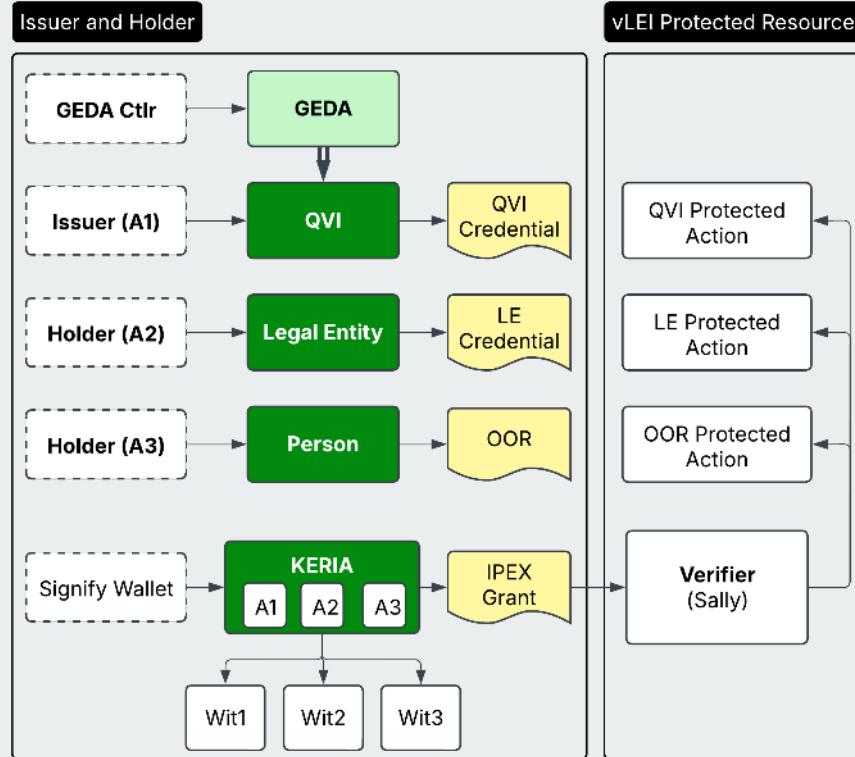
`person/person-acdc-admit-oor.sh`

- Admit the OOR credential as the person.

For Presentation:

`person/person-acdc-present-oor.sh`

- Present the OOR credential to the Verifier





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OOR Auth & OOR Credential Issuance

Creating and issuing the

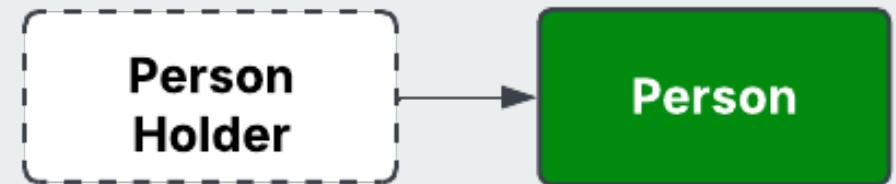
- OOR Auth credential from the LE to the QVI
- OOR credential from the QVI to the Person

Step 6 part 1/12: person/person-aid-create.sh - create AID for the Person

- Creates a single signature identifier (AID) for the person

```
const client = await getOrCreateClient(personPasscode, env);
const leInfo: any = await createAid(client, 'person');

...
export async function createAid(client: SignifyClient, name: string) {
...
    client.identifiers().create(name);
...
    client.identifiers()
        .addEndRole(name, 'agent', client!.agent!.pre);
```



Note for the end:

Get the person AID from the step where you executed
./task-scripts/person/person-aid-create.sh

The console output looks like the following:

```
Creating Person AID using SignifyTS and KERIA
Person info written to /task-data/person-*
Prefix: ED7M2I8Zkk4DUHfxr_tihdovYdKfeHbcJ0gtpvI56NEZ
OOBI: http://keria:3902/oobi/ED7M...
```

The AID in this case would be:

ED7M2I8Zkk4DUHfxr_tihdovYdKfeHbcJ0gtpvI56NEZ

Save your Person AID for later in a note somewhere. We will use it to connect to the Chainlink demo.

Step 6 part 2/12: person/person-oobi-resolve-le.sh - Person gets LE key state

Person resolves LE OOBIs to

- 1) See where on the internet to send messages to the LE

This is essential so that the LE can:

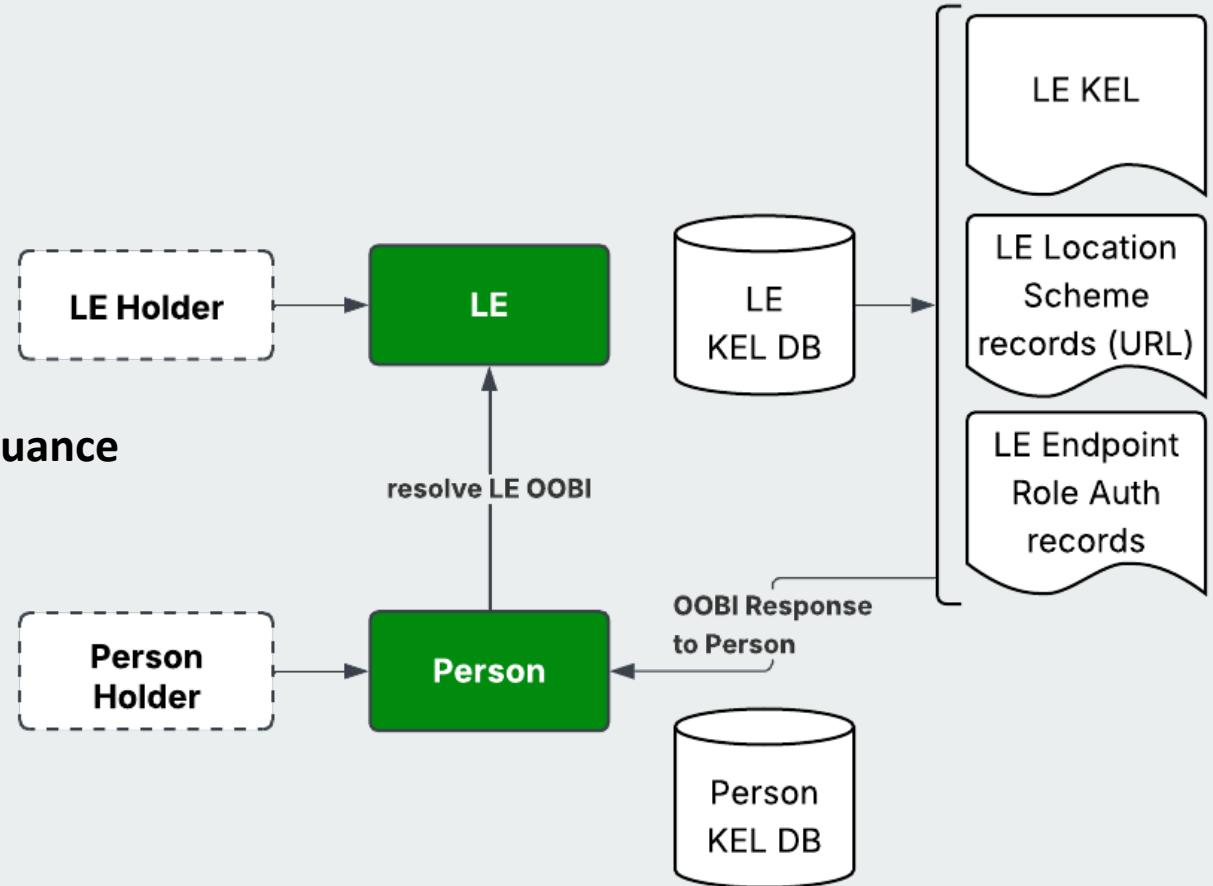
- communicate with the LE during OOR Auth credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the LE AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 6 part 3/12: le/le-oobi-resolve-person.sh - LE gets Person key state, URL, roles,

LE resolves Person OOBIs to

- 1) See where on the internet to send messages to the Person

This is essential so that the LE can:

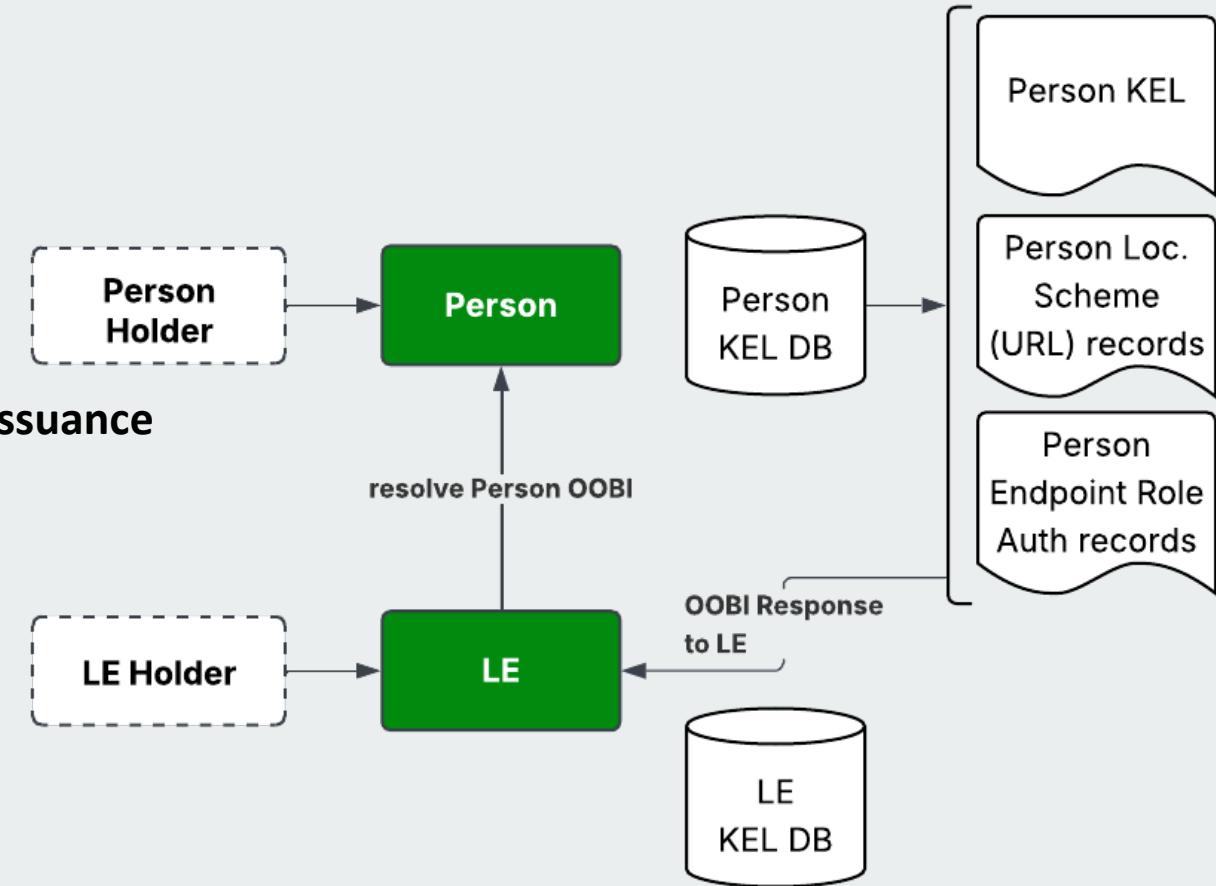
- communicate with the Person during OOR Auth credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the Person AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 6 part 4/12: qvi/qvi-oobi-resolve-person.sh - QVI gets Person key state, URL, roles,

QVI resolves Person OOBIs to

- 1) See where on the internet to send messages to the Person

This is essential so that the QVI can:

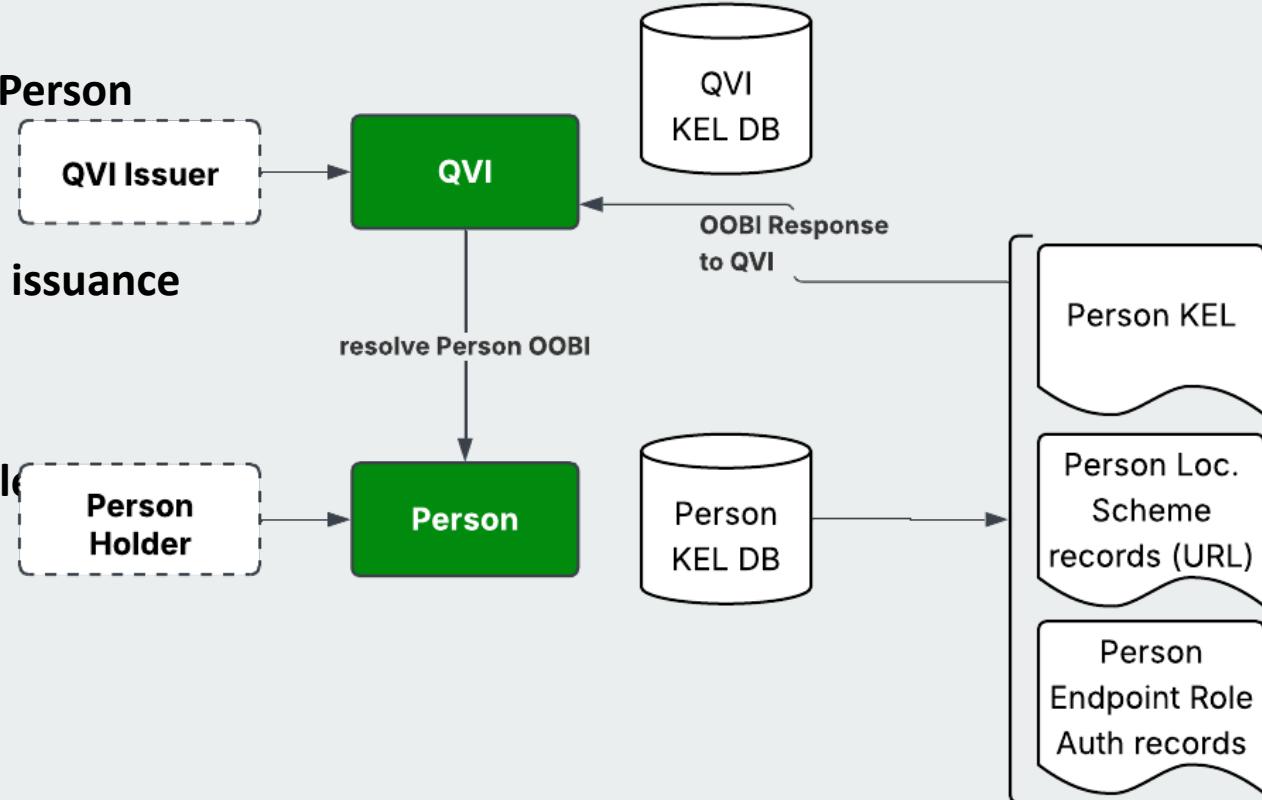
- communicate with the Person during OOR credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the Person AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 6 part 5/12: person/person-oobi-resolve-qvi.sh - Person gets QVI key state

Person resolves QVI OOBi to

- 1) See where on the internet to send messages to the QVI

This is essential so that the Person can:

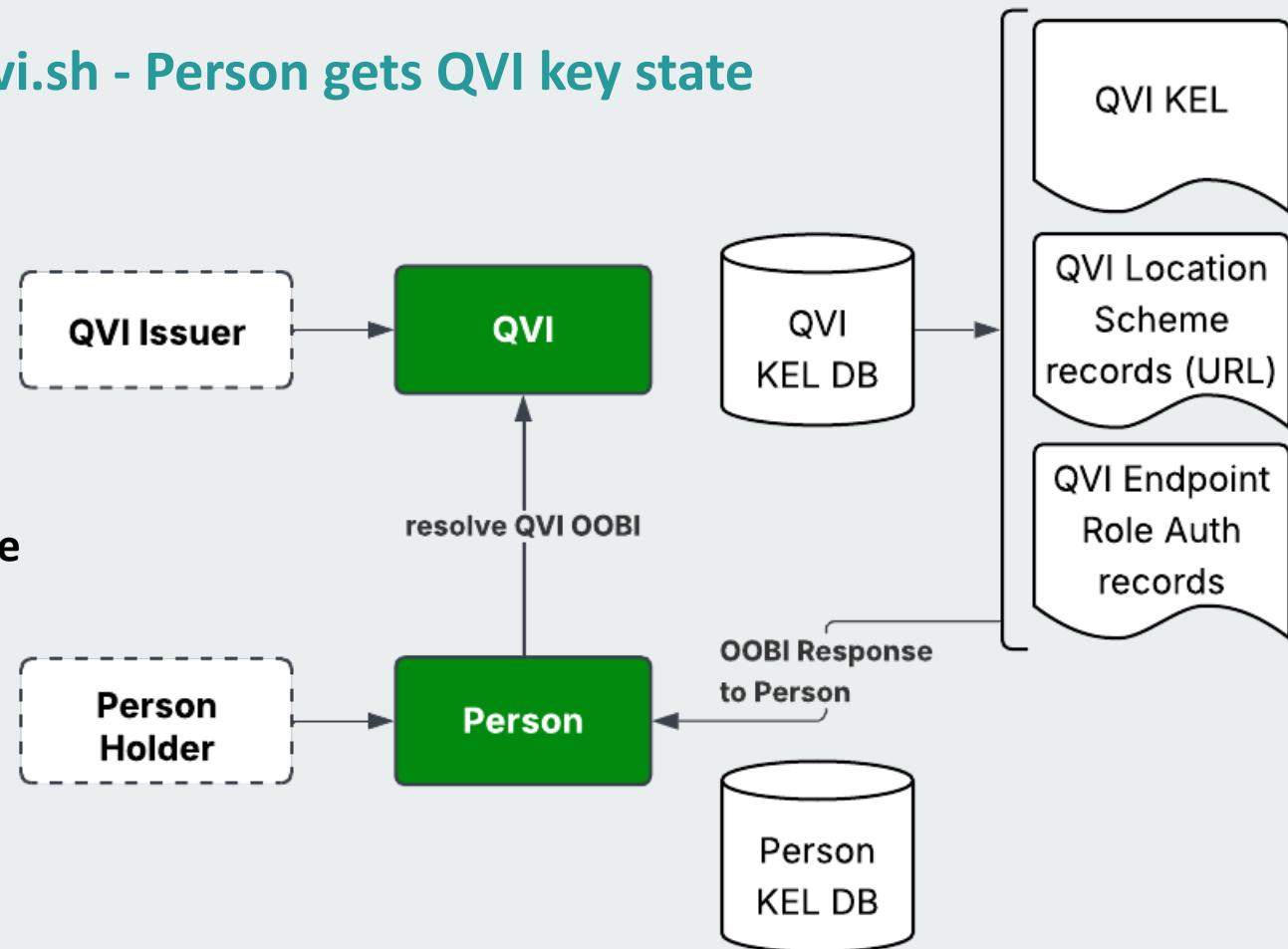
- communicate with the QVI during OOR credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the KERIA agent to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the QVI AID.

Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



Step 6 part 6/12: person/person-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh - Person gets Verifier key state

Person resolves Verifier OOBi to

1) See where on the internet to send messages to the Verifier

This is essential so that the Person can:

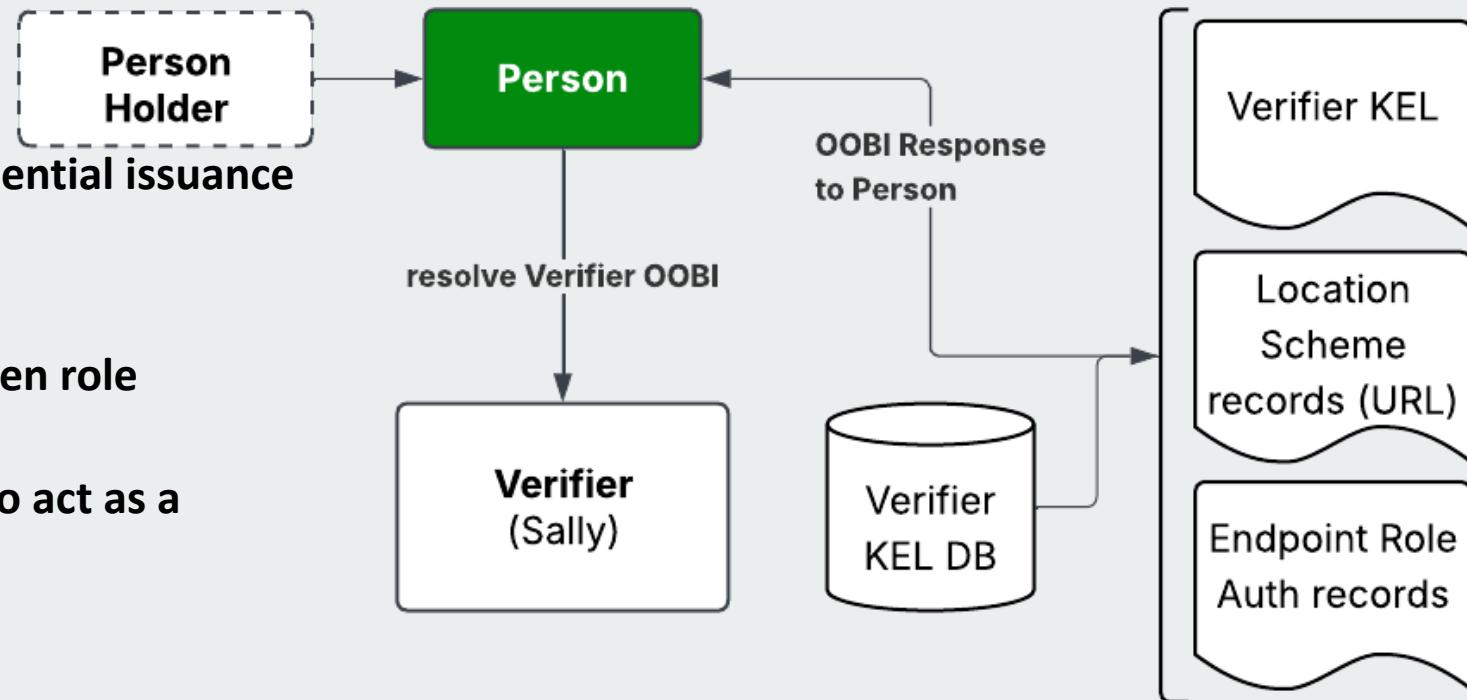
- communicate with the Verifier during OOR credential issuance

Endpoint Role Authorization records:

- designate an AID as authorized to perform a given role for an AID such as an agent, mailbox, or witness
- in this case authorize the Verifier service itself to act as a mailbox (comms relay) for the Verifier AID.

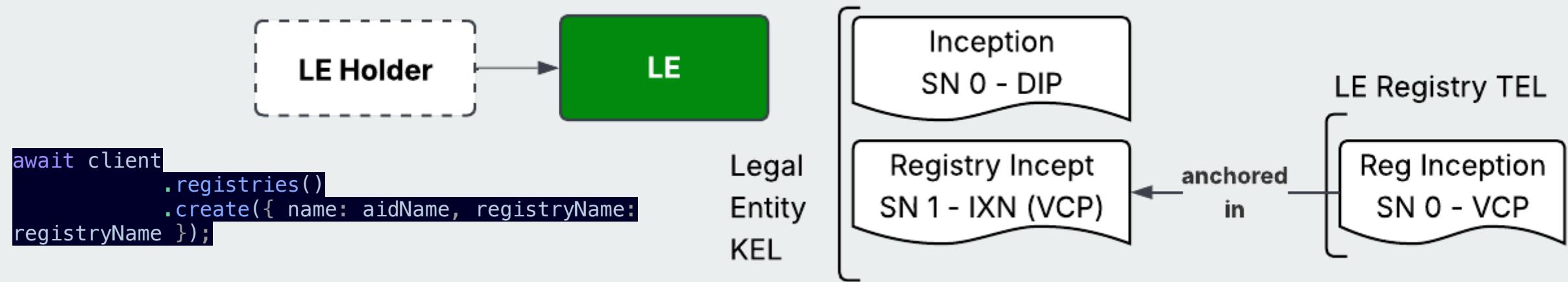
Location Scheme records:

- show the public URLs an AID declares it can receive communications on
- usually paired with the infrastructure authorized by an End Role Auth



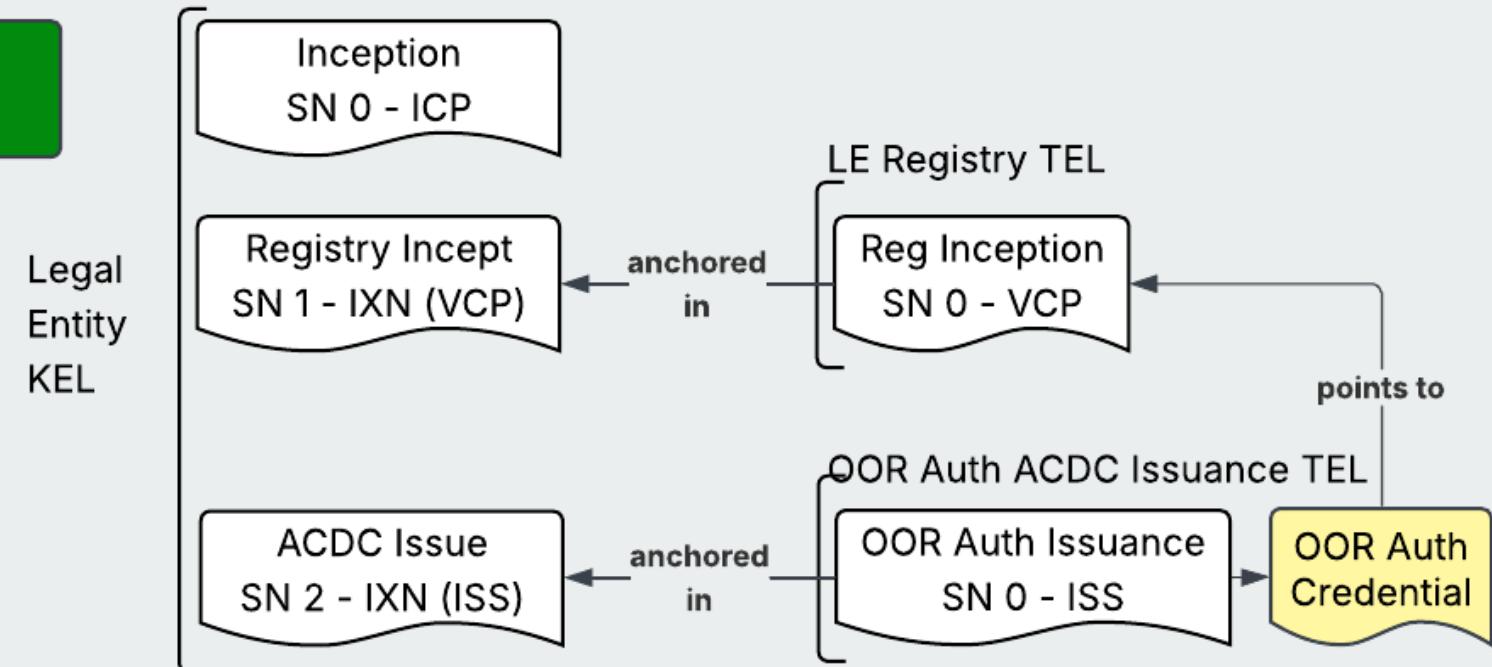
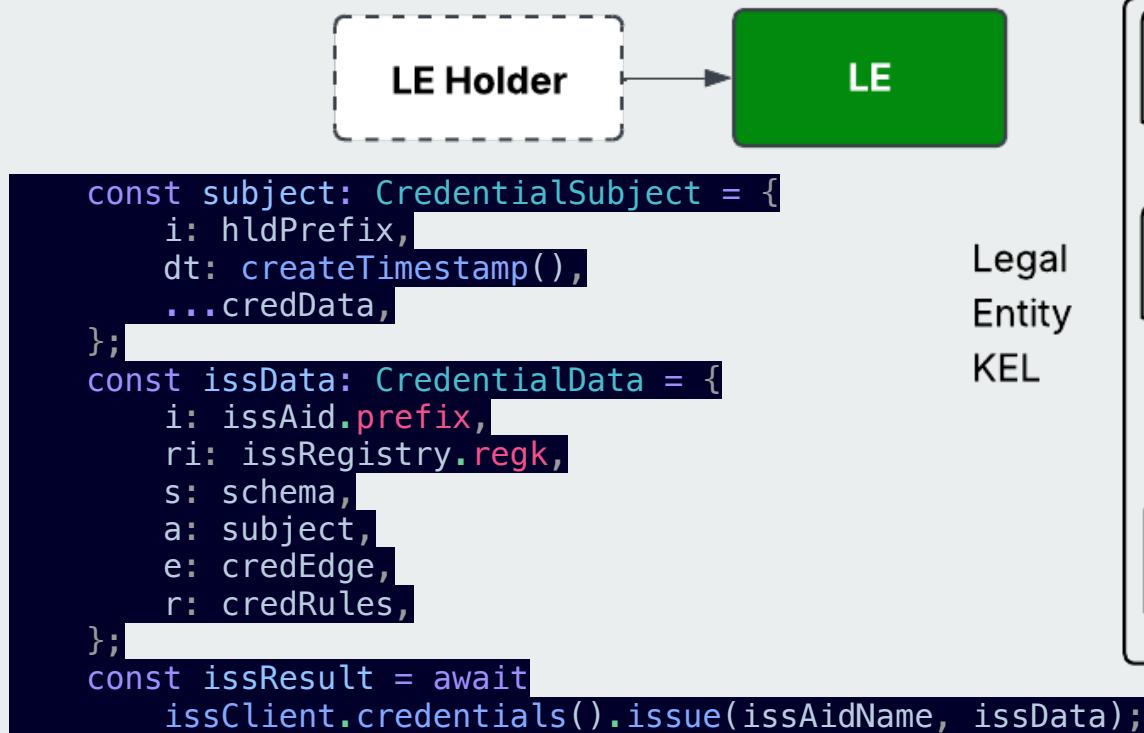
Step 6 part 7/12: le/le-registry-create.sh - Create the Legal Entity's ACDC registry

Create LE's ACDC registry for OOR Auth ACDC credentials



Step 6 part 8/12: le/le-acdc-issue-oor-auth.sh Part 1 - Create OOR Auth ACDC credential

Issue the OOR Auth credential from LE



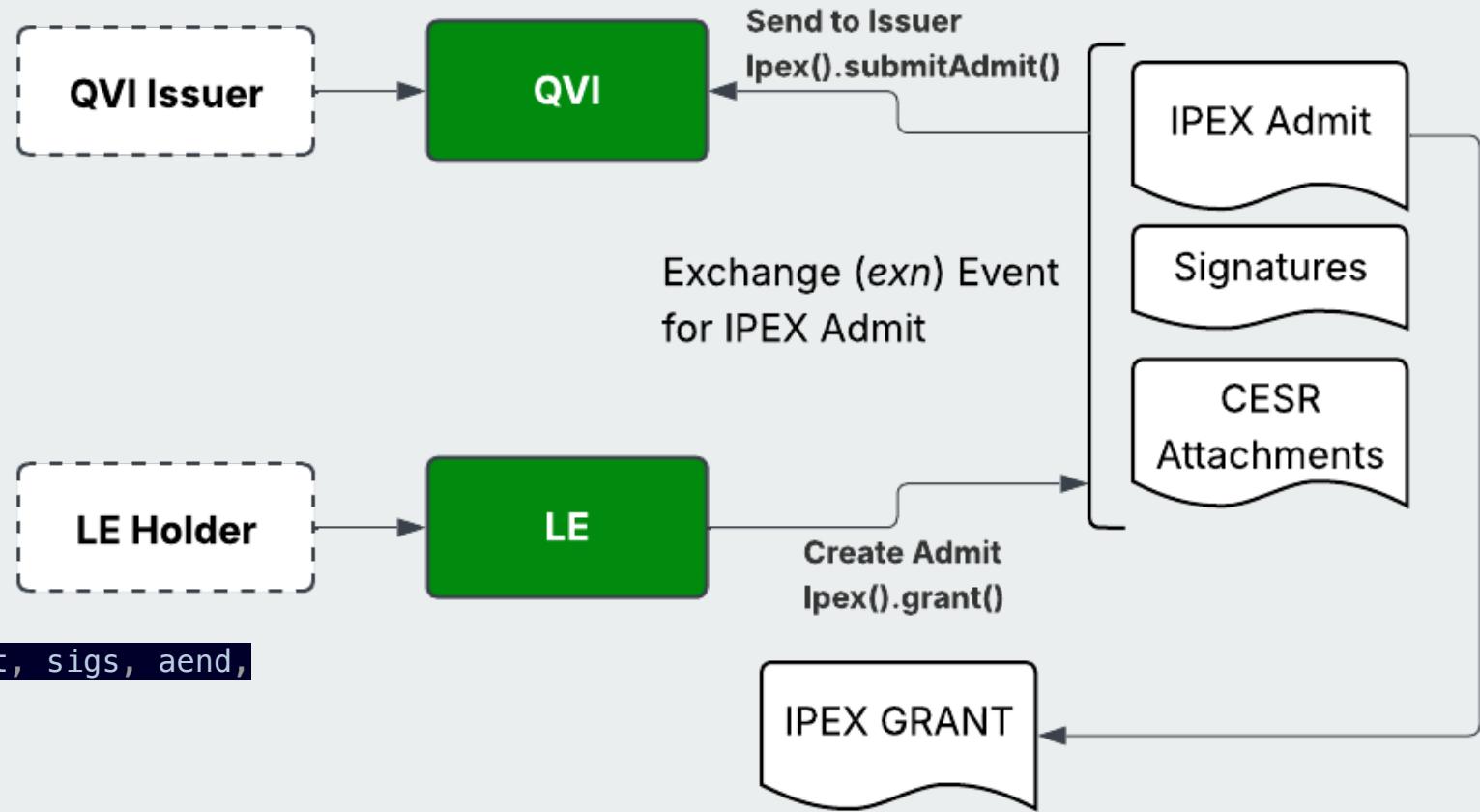
Step 6 part 9/12: qvi/qvi-acdc-admit-oor-auth.sh - QVI admits OOR Auth ACDC

Admit the OOR Auth credential as the QVI (IPEX Admit)

The IPEX Admit points back to

the IPEX Grant.

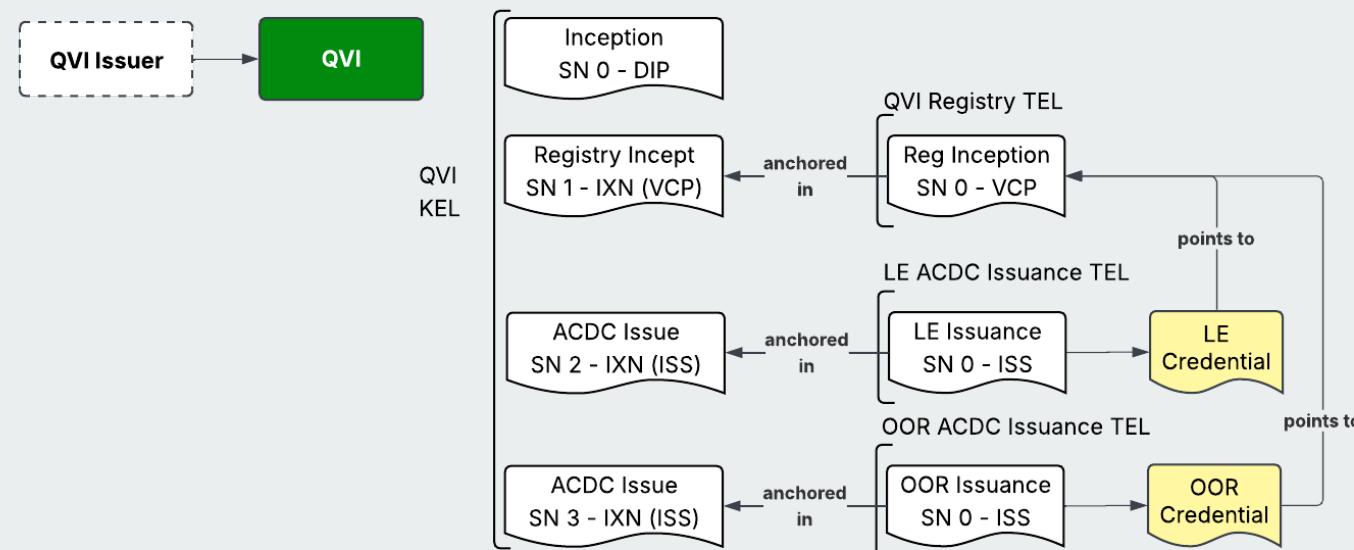
```
await client.ipex().admit({  
    senderName: senderAidAlias,  
    message: message,  
    grantSaid: grantSaid,  
    recipient: recipientAidPrefix,  
    datetime: createTimestamp(),  
});  
  
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitAdmit(senderAidAlias, admit, sigs, aend,  
[recipientAidPrefix]);
```



Step 6 part 10/12: qvi/qvi-acdc-issue-oor.sh - QVI issues the OOR to the Person and IPEX Grants

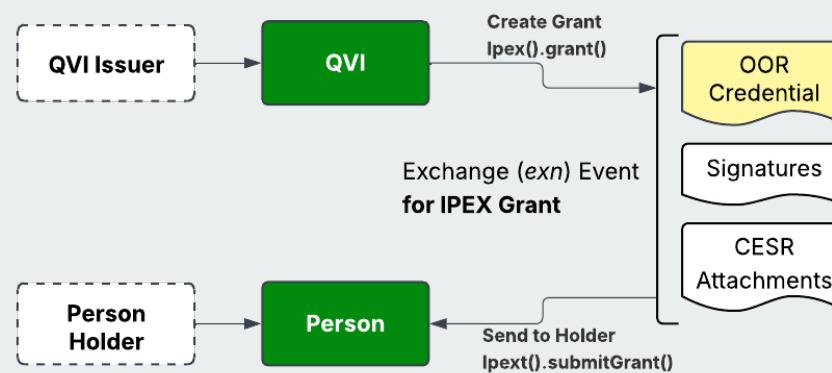
Issue the OOR credential from the QVI to the Person

```
const subject: CredentialSubject = {  
    i: hldPrefix,  
    dt: createTimestamp(),  
    ...credData,  
};  
  
const issData: CredentialData = {  
    i: issAid.prefix,  
    ri: issRegistry.rekg,  
    s: schema,  
    a: subject,  
    e: credEdge,  
    r: credRules,  
};  
  
const issResult = await  
    issClient.credentials().issue(issAidName, issData);
```



Send the OOR ACDC to the Person with IPEX Grant

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({  
    senderName: issName,  
    recipient: issueeAid,  
    datetime: dt,  
    acdc: acdc,  
    anc: anc,  
    iss: iss,  
});  
  
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end, [issueeAid]);
```



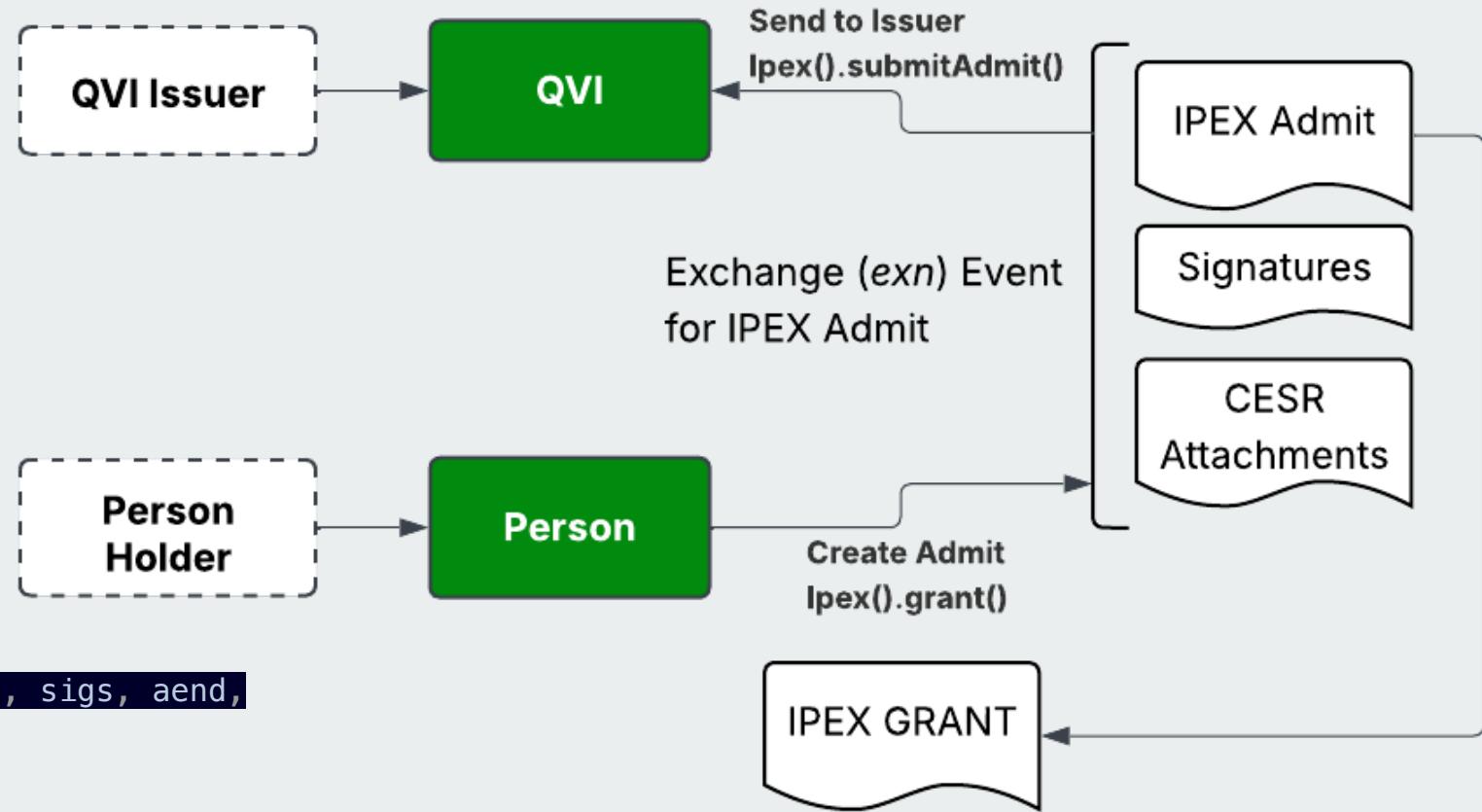
Step 6 part 11/12: person/person-acdc-admit-oor.sh - Person admits OOR ACDC

Admit the OOR credential as the Person (IPEX Admit)

The IPEX Admit points back to

the IPEX Grant.

```
await client.ipex().admit({  
    senderName: senderAidAlias,  
    message: message,  
    grantSaid: grantSaid,  
    recipient: recipientAidPrefix,  
    datetime: createTimestamp(),  
});  
  
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitAdmit(senderAidAlias, admit, sigs, aend,  
[recipientAidPrefix]);
```





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OOR Credential Presentation

Presenting the OOR credential from the Person to the Verifier

Step 6 part ??/12: person/person-oobi-resolve-verifier.sh - Person connects to the Verifier

This was already done as a part of setup!

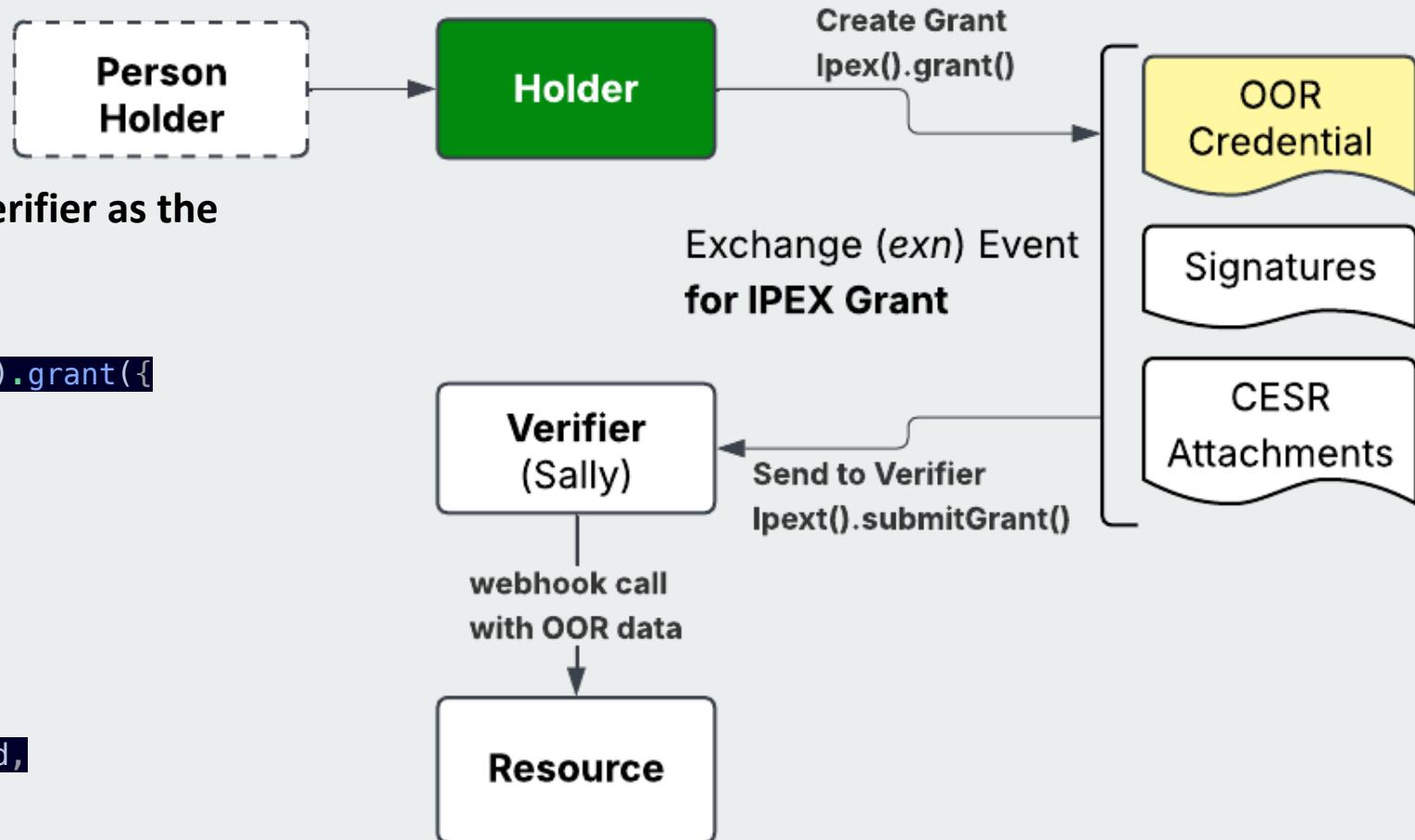
Move along.

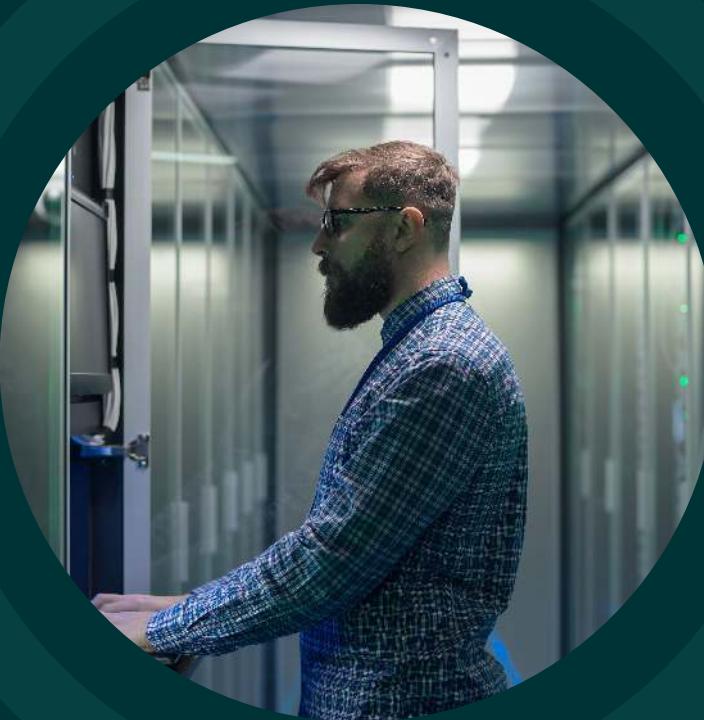
Step 6 part 12/12: person/person-acdc-present-oor.sh - Person presents OOR to Verifier

Present the QVI credential to the Verifier.

This uses an IPLEX Grant operation with the verifier as the recipient.

```
const [grant, gsigs, end] = await client.ipex().grant({  
    senderName: issName,  
    recipient: issueeAid,  
    datetime: dt,  
    acdc: acdc,  
    anc: anc,  
    iss: iss,  
});  
  
await client  
    .ipex()  
    .submitGrant(issName, grant, gsigs, end,  
[issueeAid]);
```





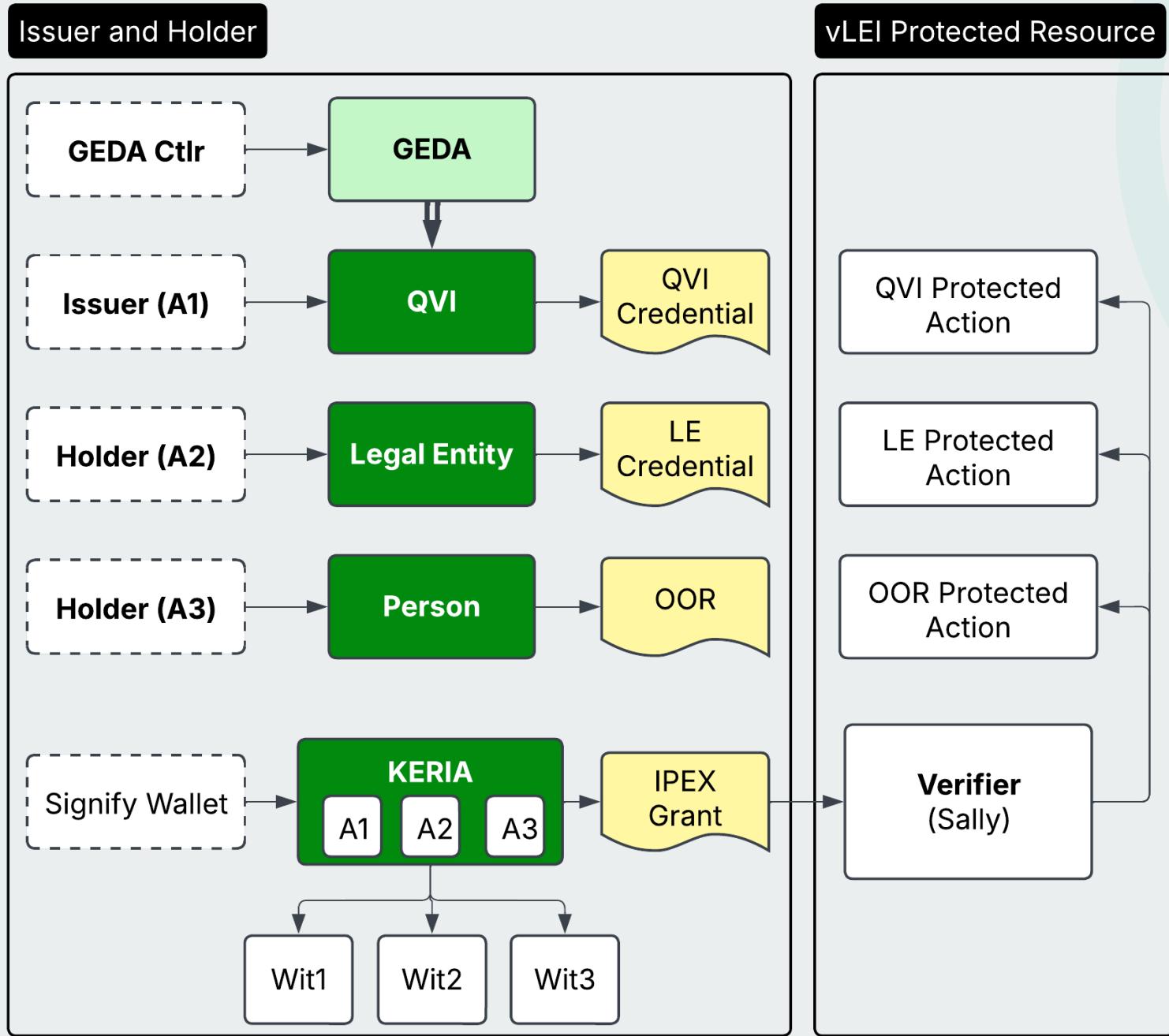
What are the protected resources?

That is controlled by the Resource server in this instance.

Could be updating an ACL like in Chainlink's ACE.

Could be triggering some other ACDC dependent workflow.

End Goal:



REVIEW

- Created Identifiers
 - GEDA
 - QVI
 - Legal Entity
 - Person
- Created Credentials
 - QVI
 - LE
 - OOR
- Presented Credentials to Verifier
 - QVI
 - LE
 - OOR
- Credentials triggered protected resource web hook calls





Bonus: ECR Credential - Challenge for Audience



Last Step - get your Person AID for Alice's CCID in the Chainlink module

Get the person AID from the step where you executed

```
./task-scripts/person/person-aid-create.sh
```

The console output looks like the following:

```
Creating Person AID using SignifyTS and KERIA
```

```
Person info written to /task-data/person-*
```

```
Prefix: ED7M2I8Zkk4DUHfxr_tihdovYdKfeHbcJ0gtpvI56NEZ
```

```
OOBI: http://keria:3902/oobi/ED7M...
```

The AID in this case would be:

```
ED7M2I8Zkk4DUHfxr_tihdovYdKfeHbcJ0gtpvI56NEZ
```

In your .env file for your chainlink demo place this AID in Alice's CCID environment variable

```
export ALICE_CCID=`cast keccak "EFtkrGFObLcl6NHdfZBSnWnCjuca8pKzlj2mMw6TB8YJ"``
```

A large teal circle containing a smaller white circle with a black pixelated pattern, resembling a digital asset or a QR code.

Workshop - Module 2 - vLEI-based smart contract access via CCID

- Outcome: Access a smart contract method with a CCID based on a vLEI
- Step 1: Infrastructure Setup
 - Witnesses
 - KERIA + Signify Headless Wallet
 - Verifier (Sally)
- Step 2: vLEI AID
- Step 3: Create CCID from vLEI AID
- Step 4: Access smart contract with CCID

- Link: https://github.com/smartcontractkit/chainlink-ace/blob/main/getting_started/advanced/GETTING_STARTED_ADVANCED.md

Hackathon Feedback Gathering

- Specific Questions
- Was Testnet Helpful? If so, why?
- Were the vLEI Trainings helpful? How so?
- What was missing that would have been more helpful?
 - More or better docs?
 - Short guides or recipes?
 - Example Typescript wallet app?
 - Multisig or delegation guides?

Hackathon Retrospective and Lessons Learned

- Start
- Stop
- Continue
- Lessons Learned about vLEI and KERI from your team's experience



Workshop End