Gag (Mycteroperca microlepis) life history for the Gulf of Mexico. Associations and interactions with environmental and habitat variables are listed with citations as footnotes.

Life stage	Eco-region	Habitat Zone	Habitat Type	Season	Temp (°C)	Depth (m)	Prey	Predators	Mortality	Growth
eggs <sub>4,5,7,9</sub> , 13,19,24	ER-1, ER-2	offshore	WCA	Dec-Apr		50-120				hatch in 45h at 21°C
larvae <sub>13</sub> , <sub>19</sub> , <sub>21</sub> , <sub>24</sub> , <sub>31</sub>	ER-1, ER-2	offshore	WCA	early spring		50-120				pelagic larval duration = 29-52 d
postlarvae <sub>10</sub> , 13, 21, 31	ER-1, ER-2	offshore	WCA			50-120				pelagic larval duration = 29-52 d
early juveniles <sub>1</sub> , <sub>2</sub> , 3, 6, 7, 13, 21, 23, 24, 28, 32	ER-1, ER-2	estuarine, nearshore	SAV, mangroves	late spring-early fall	22-32	0-12	crustaceans (amphipods, copepods, grass shrimp)		minimal while in SAV	rapid during association with SAV
late juveniles <sub>2</sub> , <sub>3</sub> , 7, 11, 13, 15, 21, 23, 24, 26, 28, 32	ER-1, ER-2	estuarine, nearshore, offshore	SAV, hard bottom, reefs, mangroves	recruit to reefs offshore in fall	22-32	1-50	decapod crustaceans and fish	cannibalistic, larger fishes	recreational fishery, shrimp fishery bycatch	
adults <sub>2</sub> , <sub>6</sub> , <sub>9</sub> , 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 23, 24, 29, 34, 35	ER-1, ER-2, ER-3, ER-4, ER-5	nearshore, offshore	hard bottom, reefs	year-round	14-24	13-100	fish, crustaceans, cephalopods	sharks	sudden low temps, fishing mortality; $M = 0.1342$	$L_{inf} =$ 1277.95 mm FL, $k =$ 0.1342, $t_0 =$ 0.6687, max. age = 31 yrs
spawning adults <sub>2</sub> , 4, 8, 9, 13, 14, 18, 19, 25, 27, 30	ER-1, ER-2, ER-3, ER-4, ER-5	offshore	shelf edge/slope, hard bottom	Dec-May peak: Feb-Mar	21-30	50-120			spawning aggregations vulnerable to fishery	

Notes:

Adults occupy artificial reefs in ER-2 and ER-333, 34

Late juveniles: occupy artificial reefs in ER-2<sub>34</sub>

salinity = 28.8-37.6 ppt<sub>3</sub>, <sub>11</sub>, <sub>13</sub>

Postlarvae: successful larval transport into estuaries is dependent on oceanographic conditions<sub>10</sub>

Early Juveniles: salinity = 25.9-35.5 ppt<sub>3</sub>, <sub>13</sub>

Early availability of estuarine habitat is critical to survival and growth<sub>10</sub>

Juveniles: salinity =  $25.9-35.5 \text{ ppt}_3$ , <sub>13</sub>

Spawning adults: annual fecundity estimated at 0.065 to 61.4 million eggs/female/year<sub>27</sub>

Bold and italicized font indicates proxy data