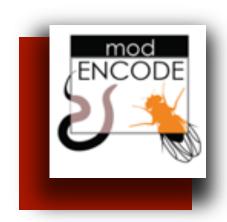


Data validation, storage, and visualization with

GMOD tools for modENCODE

Nicole Washington
Lawrence Berkeley National Lab
modENCODE Data Collection Center

The modENCODE project Background:



- Organisms
 - Drosophila melanogaster
 - Caenorhabditis elegans
- 11 NIH-funded groups
 - 5 fly & 5 worm groups
 - 1 data coordination center

The modENCODE project Research projects:



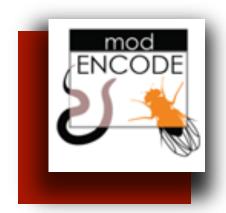
- Find regulatory elements
 - ChIP-chip and ChIP-seq
- Find evidence for all gene structures & miRNAs
 - RACE, RT-PCR, cDNA seq, RNA-Seq
- Expression profiles of mRNAs under various conditions
 - Arrays, RNA-Seq
- Annotate UTR regulatory regions
- Examine origins of replication (fly)

The modENCODE project Data coordination center (DCC):



- Develop specs for submissions
 - Metadata & data
 - Ensure uniformity across data types
- Data management
 - Collect & Validate
 - Store data/metadata
 - Provide statistics
- Serve to community
 - Interfaces for browsing & analysis

DCC Data management Problems to tackle:



- Capture both data & experimental details
 - Store together in database
 - Utilize downstream for data analysis
- Basic responsibilities
 - Collection
 - Validation
 - Storage
 - Serving
- Provide links between results from different researchers, data types, organisms, etc.

DCC Data management Solutions



- Extend existing gmod tools:
 - Data & metadata storage with Chado
 - Data visualization with Gbrowse
 - (Metadata visualization with modMine)

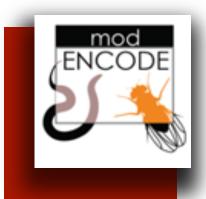
- Develop new tools:
 - Meta/Data validation
 - Track "finding" via data introspection
 - Submission & publishing pipeline



Storing metadata in Chado

- Requirements:
 - Strong data typing (ontologies)
 - Links between metadata and resulting features
 - Normalized, consistent with Chado schema
 - Methods to add/drop new data easily





- Two data files:
 - **IDF**: Investigation Design
 - Declare protocols and controlled vocabulary
 - **SDRF**: Sample-Data Relationship
 - Applications of protocols inputs and outputs
 - Data and/or references to data
- Use Wiki Forms for additional controlled parameters
 - Define all protocols (incl. typing with ontologies)
 - Define additional reagents: Abs, Strains, Stages, etc.

BIR-TAB components (IDF)

Mod ENCODE

Investigation Title	Demonstration UHTS Experiment				
Experimental Design	transcript_identification_design				
Experimental Factor Name	Kc167				
Experimental Factor Type	CellLine				
Experimental Factor Term Source I	RI MO				
Person Last Name	Celniker	Hoskins			
Person First Name	Sue	Roger			
Person Mid Initials	oue	ivo g e i			
Person Email	celniker@fruitfly.org	roger@fruitfly.org			
Person Phone	oemmen@manary.org	314-286-0207			
Person Address	1 Cyclotron Rd., MS64-121; Berkeley, CA 94720	1 Cyclotron Rd., MS64-121; Berkeley, CA 94720			
Person Affiliation	LBNL	LCG, Washington Unversity			
Person Roles	investigator	investigator			
Person Roles Term Source REF	MO	MO			
r eison koles reim Soulce KEr	WIO	MIO			
Quality Control Type	biological_replicate				
Quality Control Term Source REF	MO				
Replicate Type	biological_replicate				
Replicate Term Source REF	MO				
Date of Experiment	You can fill in or we can fill in				
Public Release Date	(we fill in)				
PubMed ID					
Experiment Description	ModencodeWiki				
Protocol Name	High throughput sequencing				
Protocol Type	sequencing_protocol				
Protocol Description	http://heartbroken.lbl.gov/project/index.php?title=BDGP_5%27_RLM-RACE&oldid=7703				
Protocol Parameters	BioSample				
Protocol Term Source REF	МО				
SDRF File	UHTS-SDRF.csv				
Term Source Name	МО	ME			
Term Source File	http://www.berkeleybop.org/ontologies/obo-all/mged/mged.obo	http://wiki.modencode.org/project/extensions/DBFie			
Term Source Version	1.3.0.1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Term Source Type	OBO	ОВО			

BIR-TAB components (SDRF)



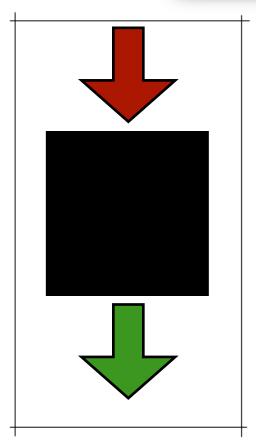
- A superset of MAGE-TAB
- Applications of protocols inputs and outputs
- Data and/or references to data
- Build an experimental graph
 - Can merge and split outputs and inputs of protocols - describe a DAG

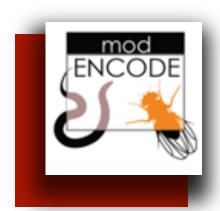
Extract Name	Characteristics (Extract Materia⊁	Term Source REF	Protocol REF	Result File [Raw Data File]	Result File [Derived Data Fil
kc167-R1	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig
kc167-R1	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig
cc167-R2	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig
cc167-R2	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig
cc167-R3	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig
cc167-R3	Kc167	ModencodeWiki	High throughput sequencir	sequence.fasta	results.wig



"Protocols"

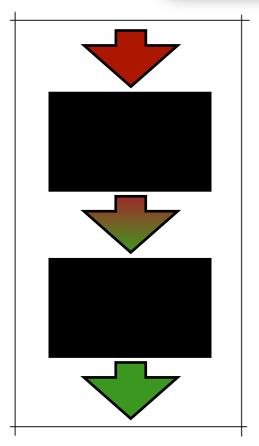
- Protocols are "black boxes"
- Any input(s) can be transformed into any output(s)
- Can be as atomic or not as required



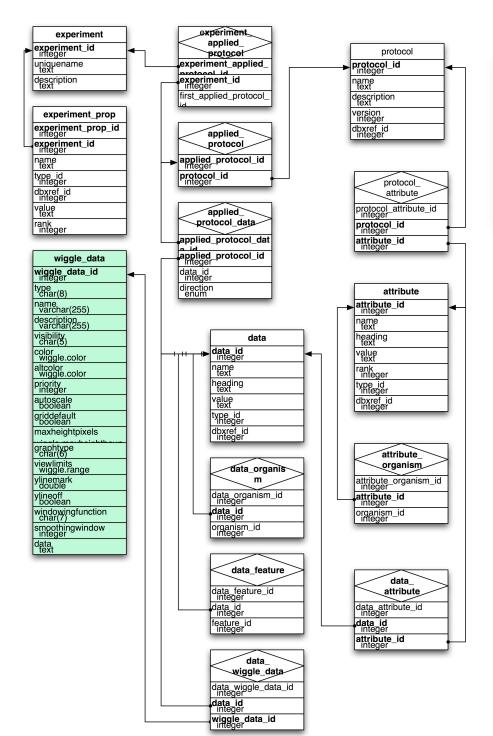


"Applied Protocols"

- Each protocol can be reused with different inputs/outputs as an "applied protocol"
- Applied protocols are chained
- When following the DAG of applied protocols, connections are made by shared data



BIR-TAB in Chado SCHEMA

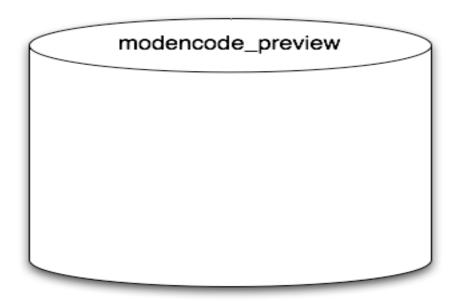








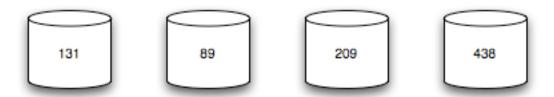
Option 1: single database







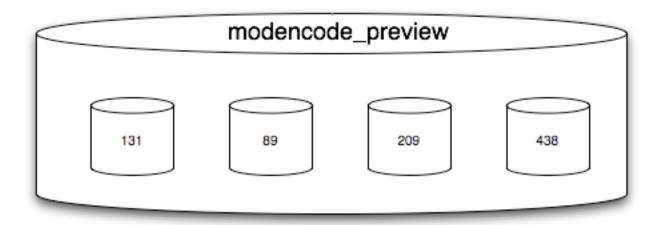
Option 2: multiple databases Each submission has its own DB







Option 3: single database with namespaces



Displaying data with GBrowse



- Requirements:
 - Everything GBrowse has, plus...
 - Need to easily add/drop data
 - Handling very large datasets
 - Want to use PostgreSQL for Bio::Seqfeature::Store

Displaying data with GBrowse



- Requirements:
 - Everything GBrowse has, plus...
 - Need to easily add/drop data
 - Handling very large datasets
 - Want to use PostgreSQL for Bio::Seqfeature::Store
- Solution:
 - Use GBrowse 2.0
 - Write Postgres adapter for Bio::Seqfeature::Store
 - Use multiple namespaces for Bio::Seafeature::Store

Displaying data with GBrowse: stanza for v2.0



```
[white_-_dCT_WIG_130_129]
database = modencode_preview_129
feature = WIG:130
label = sub { return shift->name; }
glyph = wiggle_xyplot
max_score = 3
min_score = -1
category = Preview
pos_color = blue
neg_color = orange
label density = 100
key = white - dCTCF C-term signal intensity
```



NEW: Meta/Data validation

- Requirements:
 - Handle diverse data types
 - Modular components for maximal utility
 - Biologist user-friendly



NEW: Meta/Data validation

- Requirements:
 - Handle diverse experiment types
 - Modular components for maximal utility
 - Biologist user-friendly

Solution

- Wiki extension using forms for metadata entry (strains, antibodies, stages, etc.)
- BIR-TAB metadata format directs validation pipeline
- Validation modules invoked based on "type"
- Output ChadoXML for max compatibility

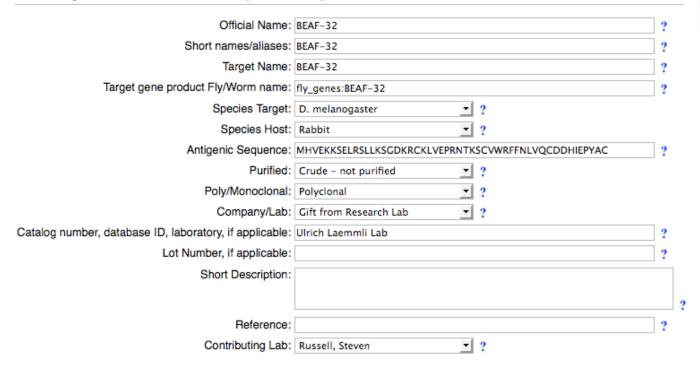
Validation Form [edit]

(This section to be completed by Project Bioinformatics contact. Contact your DCC Liaison with questions.)

Antibody "Ab:BEAF-32:KW:1" (Version 2)

Update

Restore

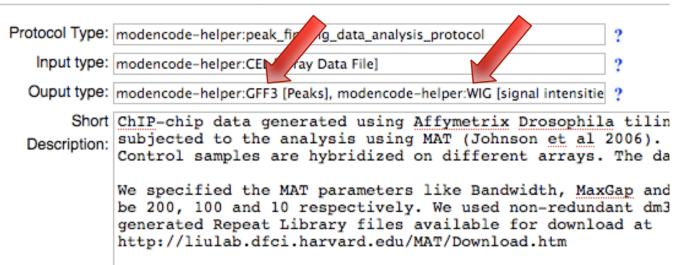


Please use this page's permanent link when referencing it in data submission (e.g. in the IDF): http://wiki.modencode.org/project/index.php?title=Ab:BEAF-32:KW:1&oldid=14476 IE Users: Right-click and choose 'Copy Shortcut' to copy the permalink URL to the clipboard.



Validation Form

Protocol "Data Processing:KW:1" (Version 12)







NEW: Track "finding"

- Requirements:
 - Introspect on a submission, find 1+ gbrowsecompatible tracks
 - Output standardized GFF3 for downstream use



NEW: Track "finding"

- Requirements:
 - Introspect on a submission, find 1+ gbrowsecompatible tracks
 - Output standardized GFF3 for downstream use

Solution

- Heuristics to produce different results depending on number and types of features found
- Produce GFF3, WIG, or both, depending on input type
- Reject for non-located features

NEW: Submission & Publishing pipeline



- Requirements:
 - Robust system for submission of data sets
 - Tracking & statistics for NIH management
 - User should control from submission to final browser
 - Public and private data sets available for different user

NEW: Submission & Publishing pipeline



- Requirements:
 - Robust system for submission of data sets
 - Tracking & statistics for NIH management
 - User should control from submission to final browser
 - Public and private data sets available for different user

Solution

- Built interface with Ruby
- Dispatch perl validation modules
- Track finding
- Track configuration with Gbrowse session comanagement
- Statistics pages built using Google graph API



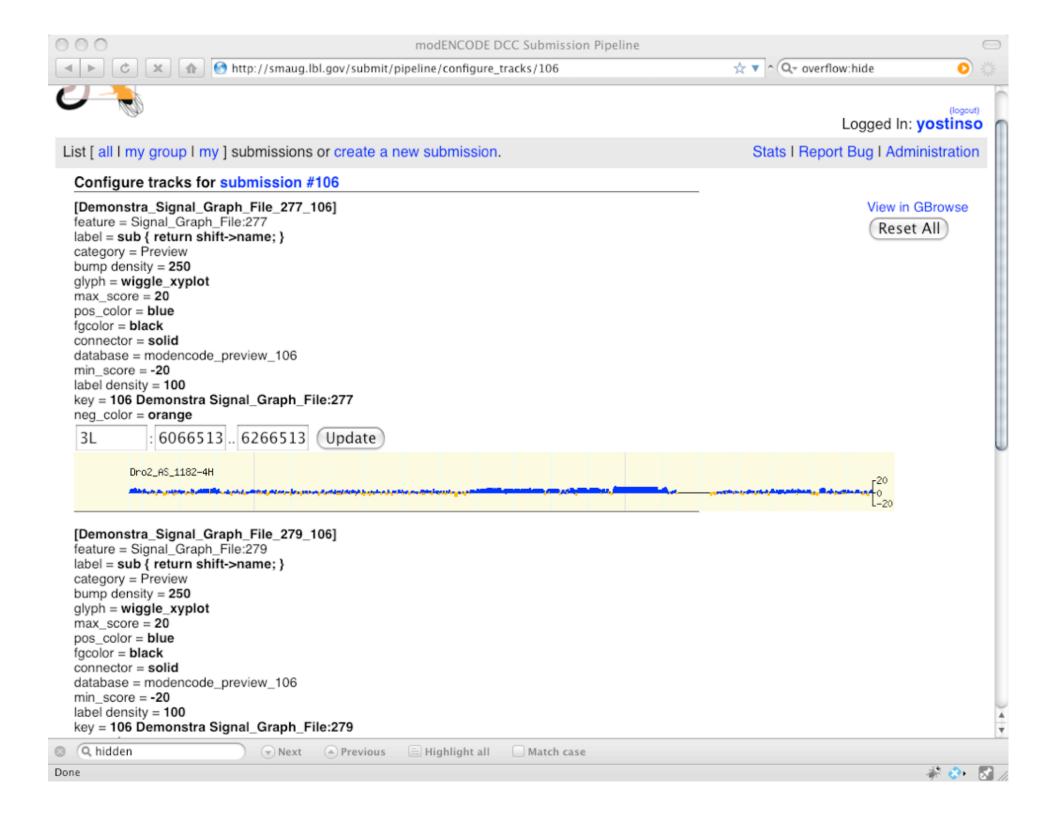
View in

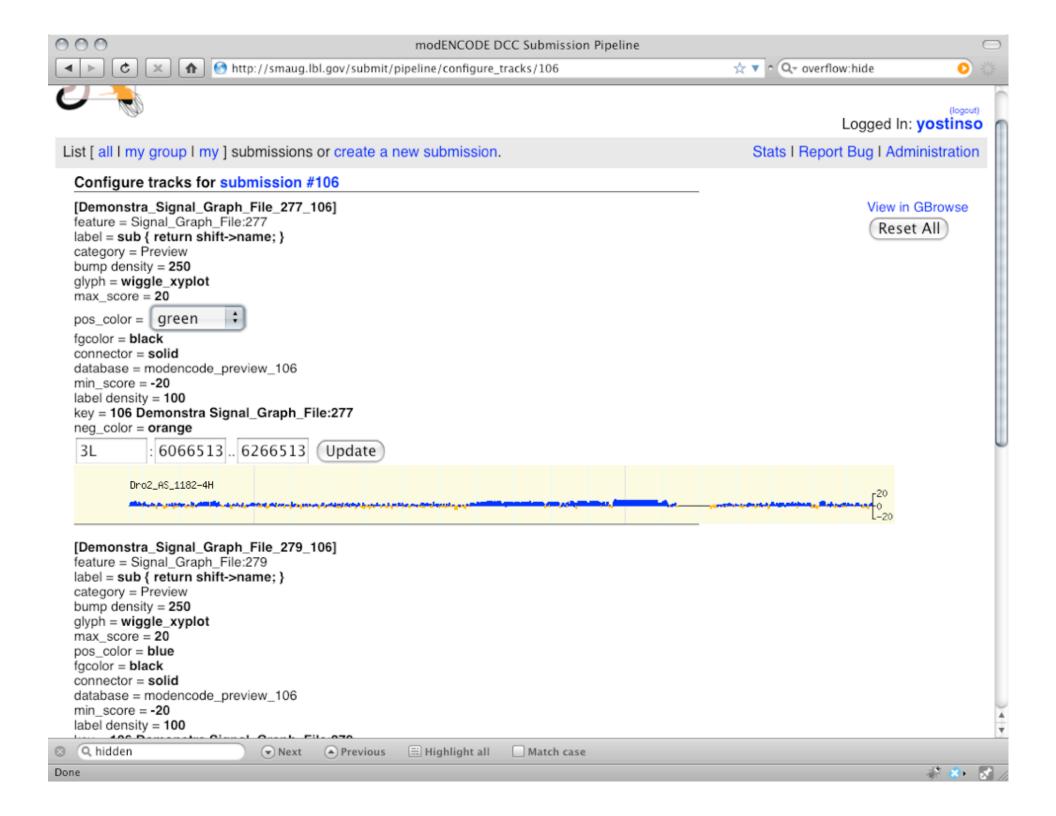
Rese

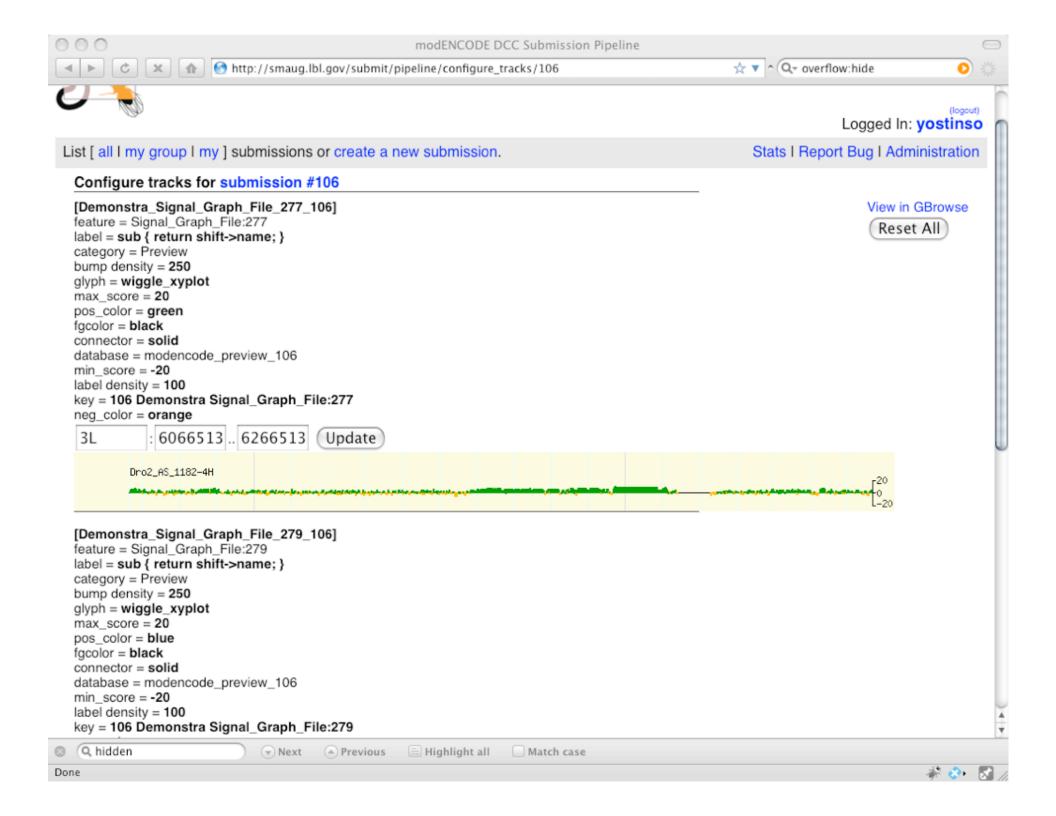
NEW: Track configuration

Configure tracks for submission #106

```
[Demonstra_Signal_Graph_File_277_106]
feature = Signal Graph File:277
label = sub { return shift->name; }
category = Preview
bump density = 250
glyph = wiggle_xyplot
max score = 20
pos color = blue
fgcolor = black
connector = solid
database = modencode_preview_106
min score = -20
label density = 100
key = 106 Demonstra Signal Graph File:277
neg_color = orange
            6066513 .. 6266513
 3L
                                    Update
        Dro2_AS_1182-4H
```









Further information

- Pipeline & validation software available via svn:
 - svn://public-svn.modencode.org/modencode

Acknowledgements

- Most work done by: EO Stinson
- modENCODE Pls: Suzi Lewis & Lincoln Stein
- NIH funded

