

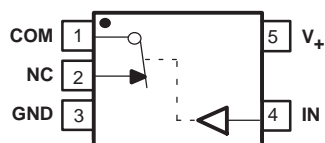
Description

The TS5A4595 is a single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 2 V to 5.5 V. This device can handle both digital and analog signals, and signals up to V_+ can be transmitted in either direction.

Applications

- Sample-and-Hold Circuit
- Battery-Powered Equipment (Cellular Phones, PDAs)
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Communication Circuits
- PCMCIA Cards

SOT-23 OR SC-70 PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



FUNCTION TABLE

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC
L	ON
H	OFF

Features

- Low ON-State Resistance (8 Ω)
- ON-State Resistance Flatness (1.5 Ω)
- Control Inputs Are 5.5-V Tolerant
- Low Charge Injection (5 pC Max)
- 450-MHz –3-dB Bandwidth at 25°C
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) (0.04%)
- 2-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation
- –82-dB OFF-Isolation at 1 MHz
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- 0.5-nA Max OFF Leakage
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- TTL/CMOS-Logic Compatible

Summary of Characteristics

$V_+ = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Configuration	Single Pole Single Throw (SPST)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance (r_{ON})	8 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness ($r_{ON(flat)}$)	1.5 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time (t_{ON}/t_{OFF})	17 ns/14 ns
Charge injection (Q_C)	5 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	450 MHz
OFF isolation (O_{ISO})	–82 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.04%
Leakage current ($I_{COM(OFF)}/I_{NC(OFF)}$)	±0.5 nA
Power-supply current (I_+)	0.25 μA
Package option	5-pin SOT-23 or SC-70

ORDERING INFORMATION

T_A	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING ⁽²⁾
–40°C to 85°C	SOT (SOT-23) – DBV	Tape and reel	TS5A4595DBVR	JSB_
	SOT (SC-70) – DCK	Tape and reel	TS5A4595DCKR	JT_

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

(2) DBV/DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

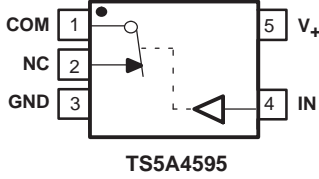
TS5A4595

8-Ω SPST ANALOG SWITCH

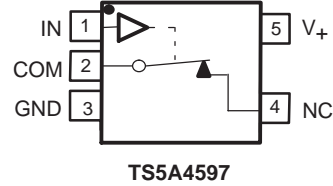
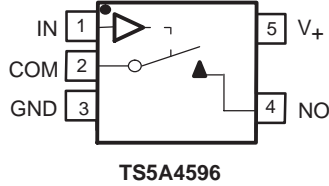
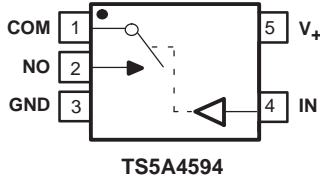
5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL ANALOG SWITCH

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Pin Configurations



Available in Other Pin Configurations



Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V ₊	Supply voltage range ⁽³⁾		-0.3	6	V
V _{NC} V _{COM}	Analog voltage range ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		-0.3	V ₊ + 0.3	V
I _K	Analog port diode current	V _{NC} , V _{COM} < 0	-50		mA
I _{NC} I _{COM}	On-state switch current	V _{NC} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊	-20	20	mA
V _I	Digital input voltage range ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		-0.3	6	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V _I < 0	-50		mA
I ₊	Continuous current through V ₊		100		mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND		-100		mA
θ _{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁵⁾	DBV package	206		°C/W
		DCK package	252		
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

(5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply⁽¹⁾
 $V_+ = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.4\text{ V}$, $V_{IL} = 0.8\text{ V}$ $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch								
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NC}				0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$V_+ = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 3.5\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = 10\text{ mA}$, Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	4.5 V		5	8 10	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$V_{NC} = 1.5\text{ V}, 2.5\text{ V}, 3.5\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = 10\text{ mA}$, Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	4.5 V		0.5	1.5 2	Ω
NC OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$	$V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 4.5\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	5.5 V	-0.5 -5	0.01	0.5 5	nA
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	5.5 V	-0.5 -5	0.01	0.5 5	nA
NC ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$	$V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 4.5\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, 4.5 V , $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	5.5 V	-1 -10	0.01	1 10	nA
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, 4.5 V , $V_{NC} = \text{Open}$, Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	5.5 V	-1 -10	0.01	1 10	nA
Digital Control Input (IN)								
Input logic high	V_{IH}		Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}		Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or } 0$	25°C Full	5.5 V	-0.5 -5	0.01	0.5 5	μA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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8-Ω SPST ANALOG SWITCH
5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL ANALOG SWITCH

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Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (continued)

$V_+ = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t _{ON}	V _{NC} = 3 V, R _L = 300 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		12	17	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V		19		
Turn-off time	t _{OFF}	V _{NC} = 3 V, R _L = 300 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		9	14	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V		17		
Charge injection	Q _C	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0, C _L = 1 nF,	See Figure 20	25°C	4.5 V to 5.5 V		2	5	pC
NC OFF capacitance	C _{NC(OFF)}	V _{NC} = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		6.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		6.5		pF
NC ON capacitance	C _{NC(ON))}	V _{NC} = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = GND, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R _L = 50 Ω, Switch ON, Signal = 0 dBm	See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		450		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	R _L = 50 Ω, V _{NC} = 1 V _{RMS} f = 1 MHz, C _L = 5 pF	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		−82		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R _L = 600 Ω, C _L = 50 pF, V _{SOURCE} = 5 V _{p-p} ,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		0.04		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I ₊	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	5.5 V		0.01	0.25	μA
				Full			0.5		

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply⁽¹⁾

$V_+ = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch								
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NC}				0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$V_+ = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = 10\text{ mA}$, Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.7 V	9.5	16	20	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	$V_{NC} = 1.5\text{ V}$, 2.5 V , $I_{COM} = 10\text{ mA}$, Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.7 V	1.8	6	7	Ω
NC OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}$	$V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	3.6 V	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 3\text{ V}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	3.6 V	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA
NC ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}$	$V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, 3 V , $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	3.6 V	-1	0.01	1	nA
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NC} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, 3 V , $V_{NC} = \text{Open}$, Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	3.6 V	-1	0.01	1	nA
Digital Control Input (IN)								
Input logic high	V_{IH}		Full		2		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}		Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or } 0$	25°C Full	3.6 V	-0.5	0.01	0.5	nA

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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8-Ω SPST ANALOG SWITCH
5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL ANALOG SWITCH

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Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (continued)

$V_+ = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic								
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	$V_{NC} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	25°C	3 V		20	30	ns
			Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			35	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	$V_{NC} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 17	25°C	3 V		15	25	ns
			Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			30	
Charge injection	Q_C	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 20	25°C	3 V		1	4	pC
NC OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$	$V_{NC} = 0$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		6.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_{COM} = 0$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		6.5		pF
NC ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$	$V_{NC} = 0$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch ON, See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		13		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = 0$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch ON, See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		13		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, Signal = 0 dBm, Switch ON, See Figure 18	25°C	3 V		450		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{NC} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}$, Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	3 V		-82		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $V_{SOURCE} = 3\text{ V}_{p-p}$, $f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 21	25°C	3 V		0.09		%
Supply								
Positive supply current	I_+	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON or OFF	25°C	3.6 V		0.01	0.25	μA
			Full				0.5	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

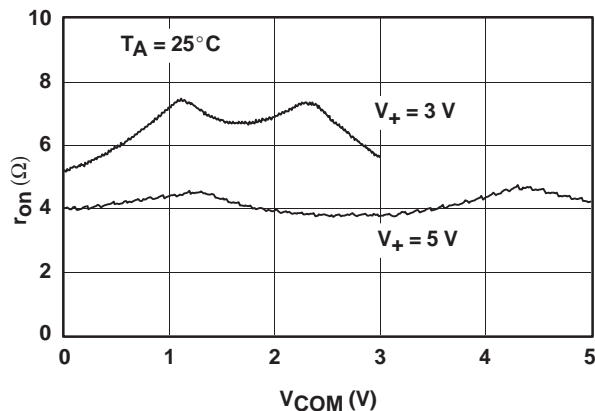


Figure 1. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

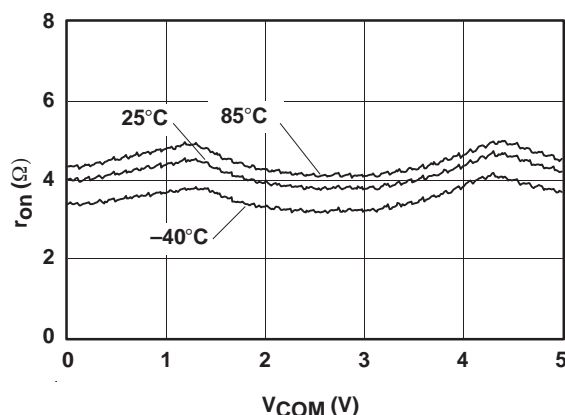


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 5\text{ V}$)

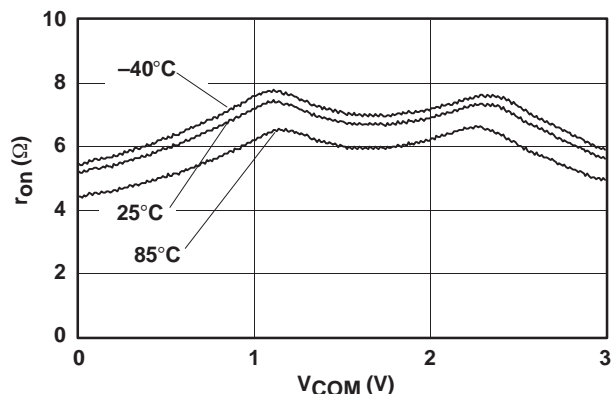


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 3\text{ V}$)

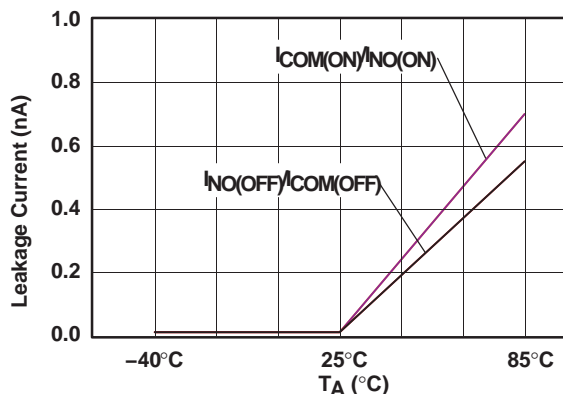


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature ($V_+ = 5\text{ V}$)

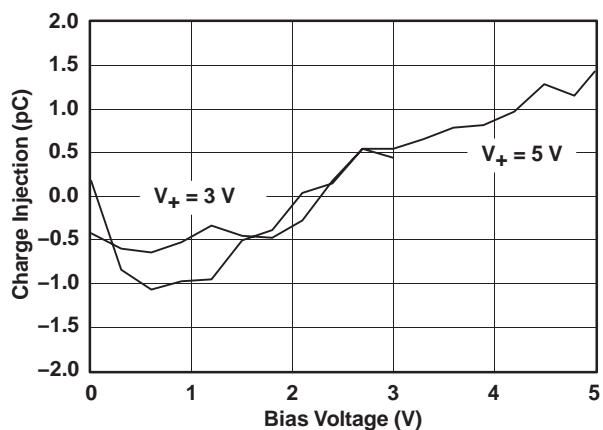


Figure 5. Charge-Injection (Q_C) vs V_{COM}

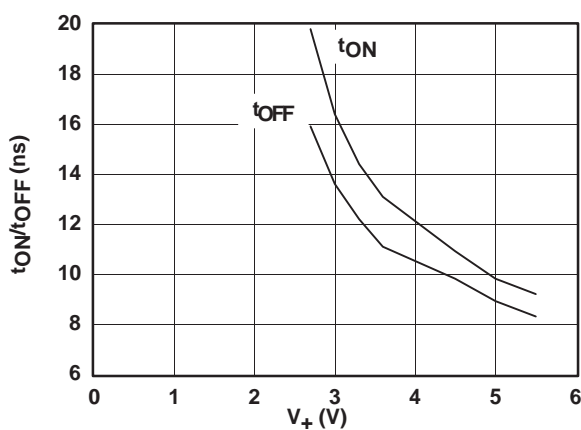


Figure 6. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

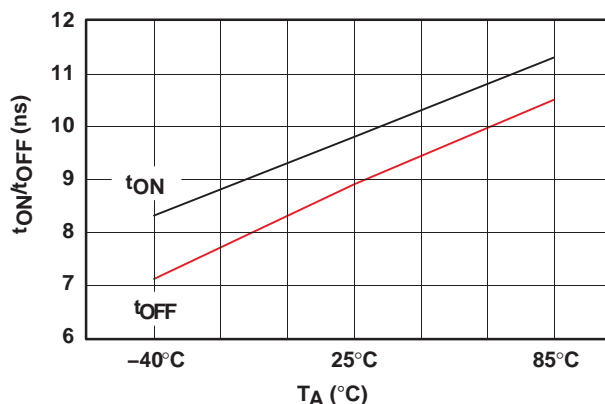


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature ($V_+ = 5$ V)

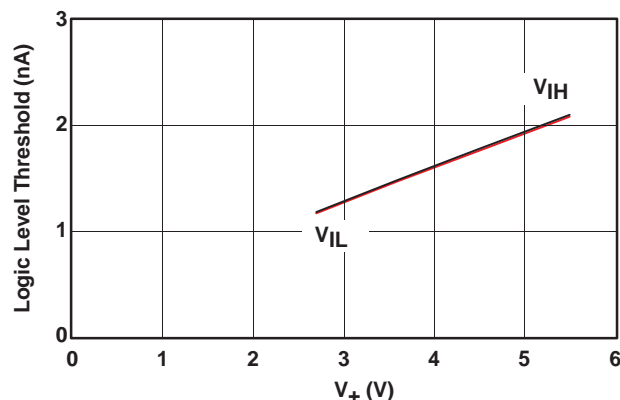


Figure 8. Logic-Level Threshold vs V_+

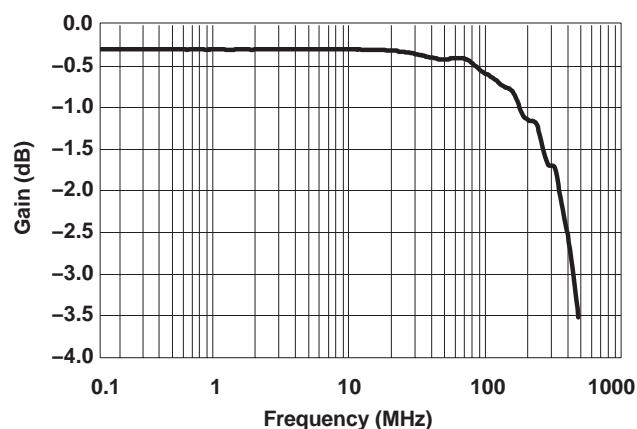


Figure 9. Bandwidth (Gain vs Frequency) ($V_+ = 5$ V)

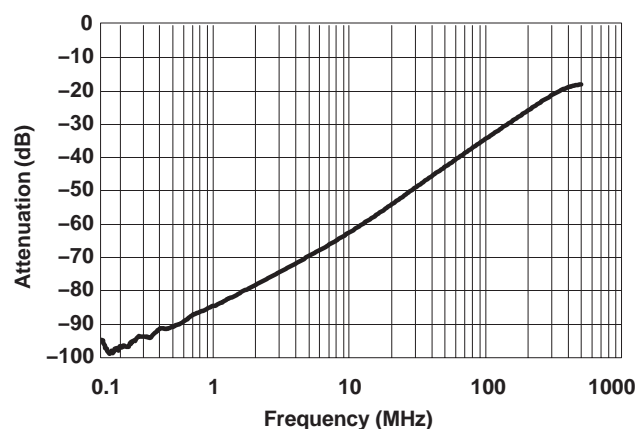


Figure 10. OFF Isolation vs Frequency

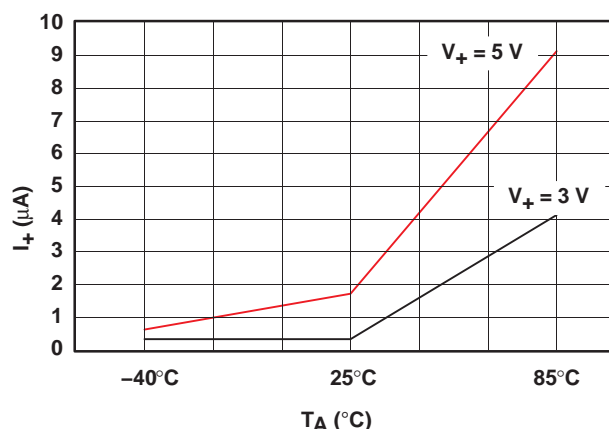


Figure 11. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature

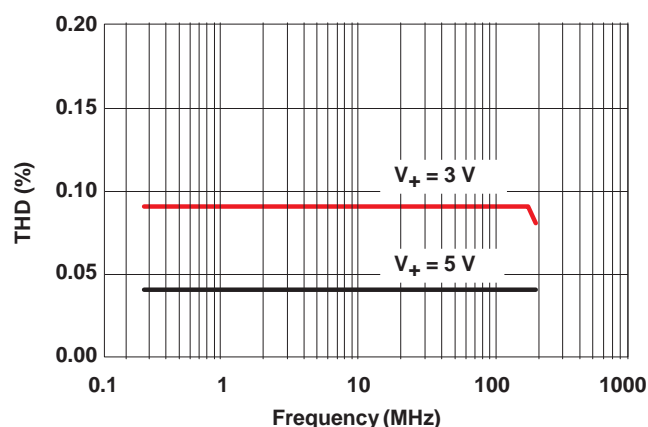


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	COM	Common
2	NC	Normally closed
3	GND	Digital ground
4	IN	Digital control pin to connect COM to NC
5	V ₊	Power supply

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V _{COM}	Voltage at COM
V _{NC}	Voltage at NC
r _{on}	Resistance between COM and NC ports when the channel is ON
r _{on(flat)}	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of r _{on} in a channel over the specified range of conditions
I _{NC(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state
I _{NC(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open
I _{COM(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the OFF state
I _{COM(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC) open
V _{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V _{IL}	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
V _I	Voltage at the control input (IN)
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)
t _{ON}	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t _{OFF}	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
Q _C	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NC or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, Q _C = C _L × ΔV _{COM} , C _L is the load capacitance, and ΔV _{COM} is the change in analog output voltage.
C _{NC(OFF)}	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is OFF
C _{NC(ON)}	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is ON
C _{COM(OFF)}	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is OFF
C _{COM(ON)}	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is ON
C _I	Capacitance of control input (IN)
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is –3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I ₊	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V ₊ or GND

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

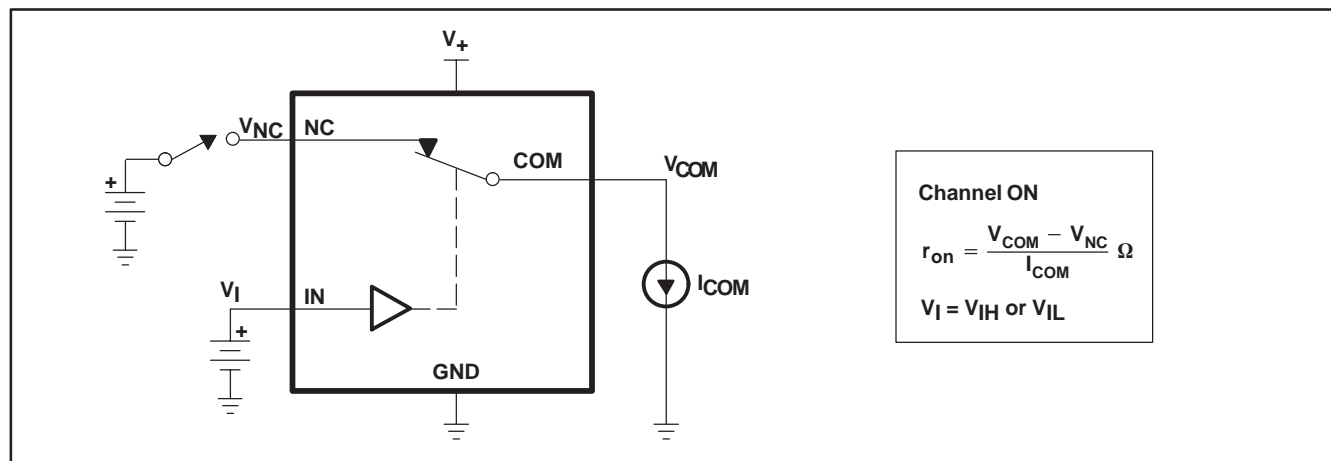


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

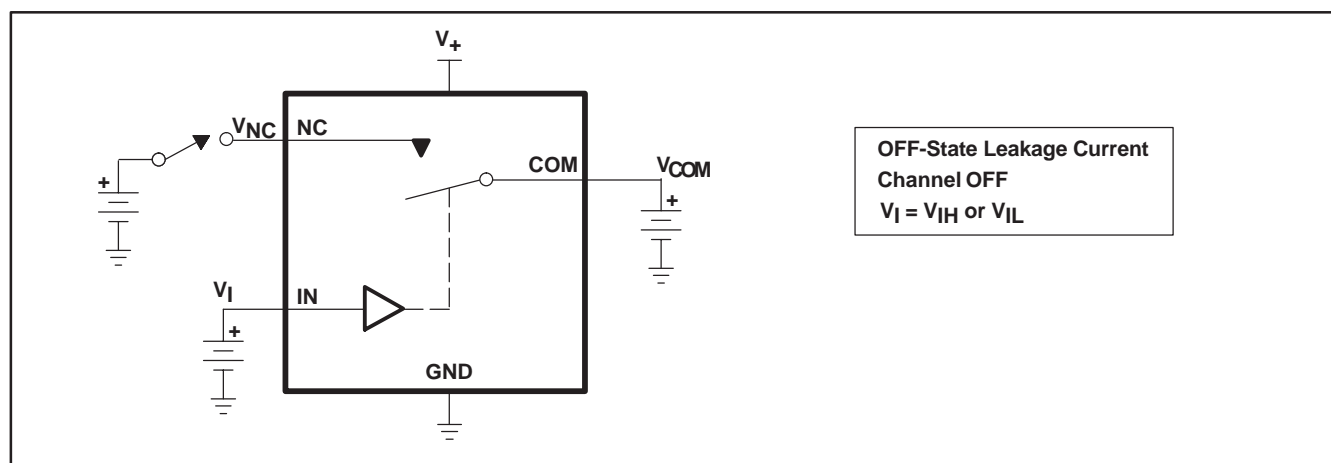


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{NC(OFF)}$)

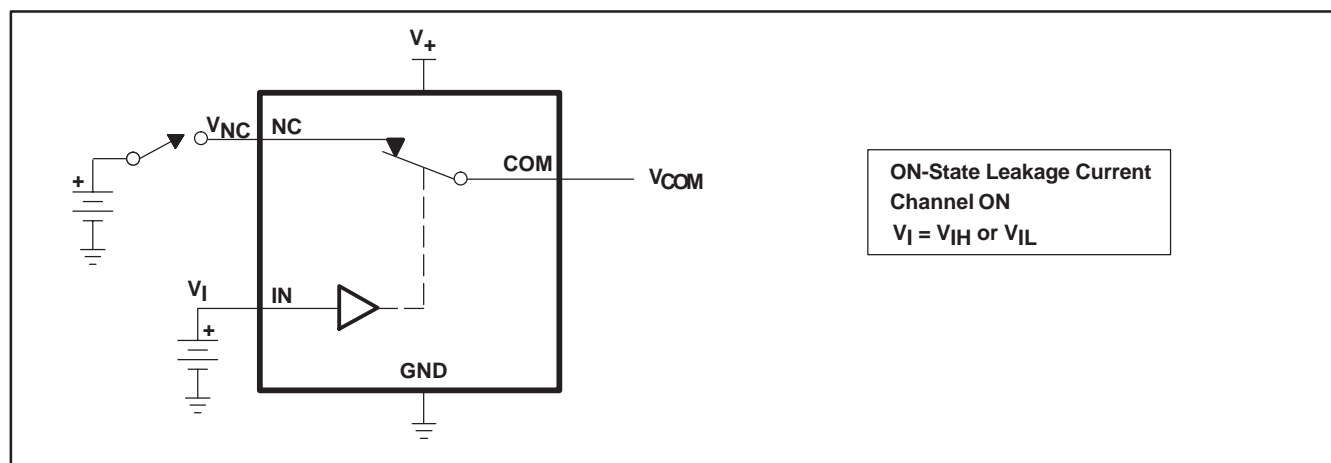


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NC(ON)}$)

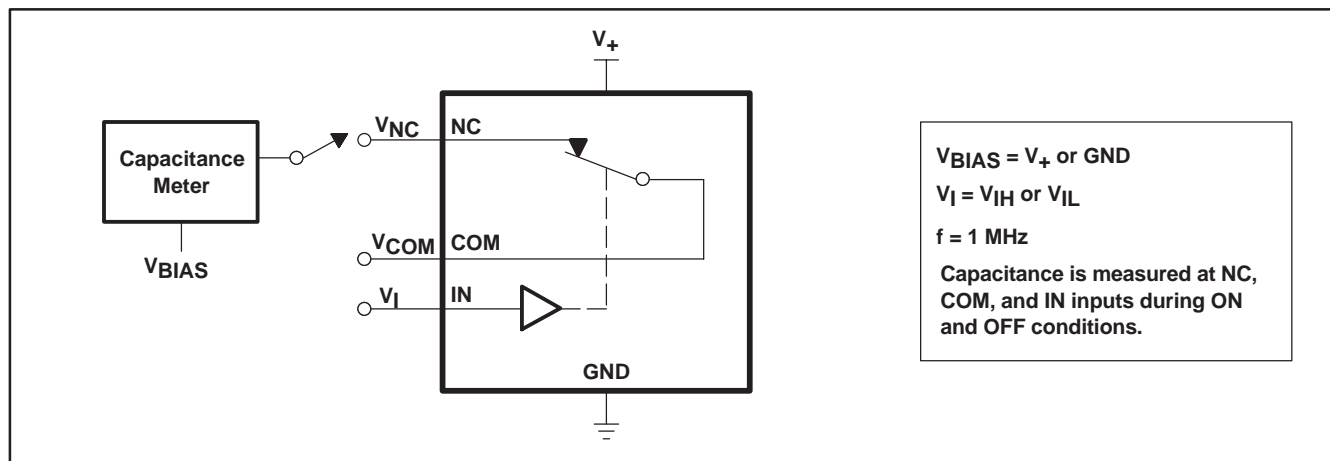
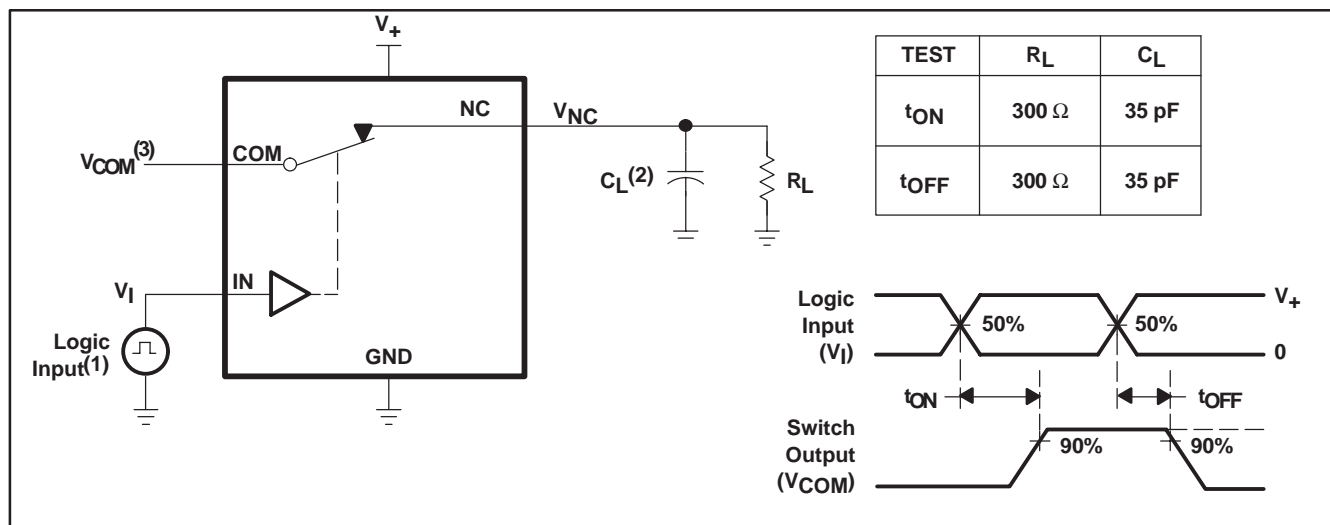


Figure 16. Capacitance (C_I , $C_{COM(OFF)}$, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NC(ON)}$)



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
(3) See Electrical Characteristics for V_{COM}.

Figure 17. Turn-On (t_{ON}) and Turn-Off Time (t_{OFF})

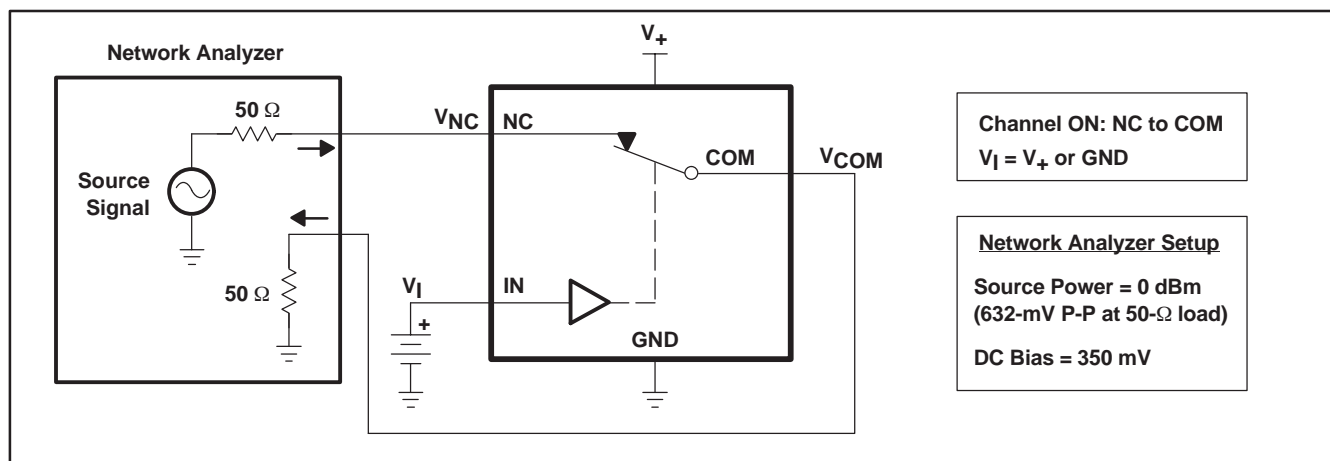


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)

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8- Ω SPST ANALOG SWITCH

5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL ANALOG SWITCH

SCDS180 – FEBRUARY 2005

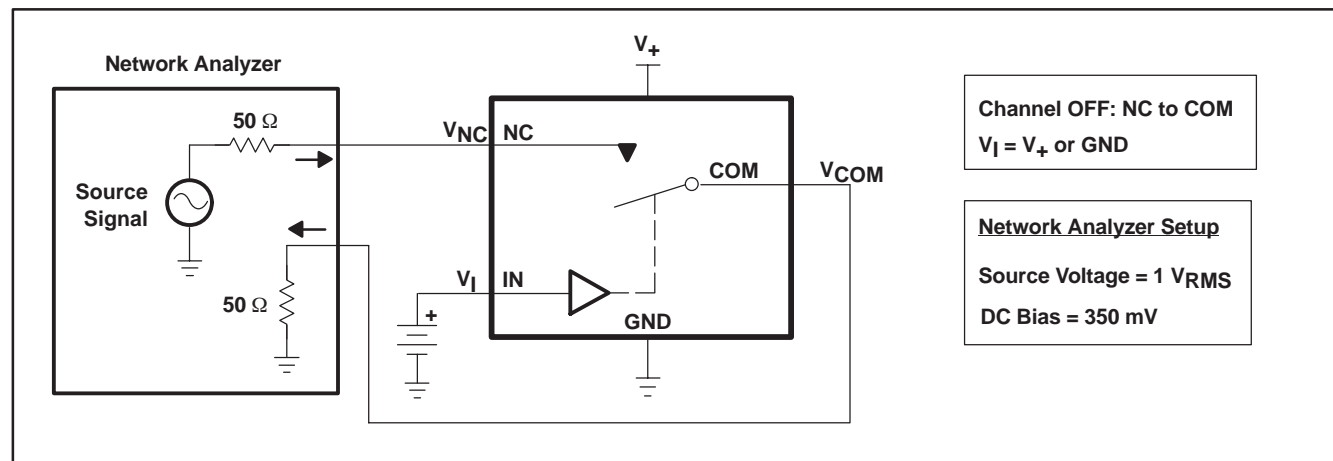
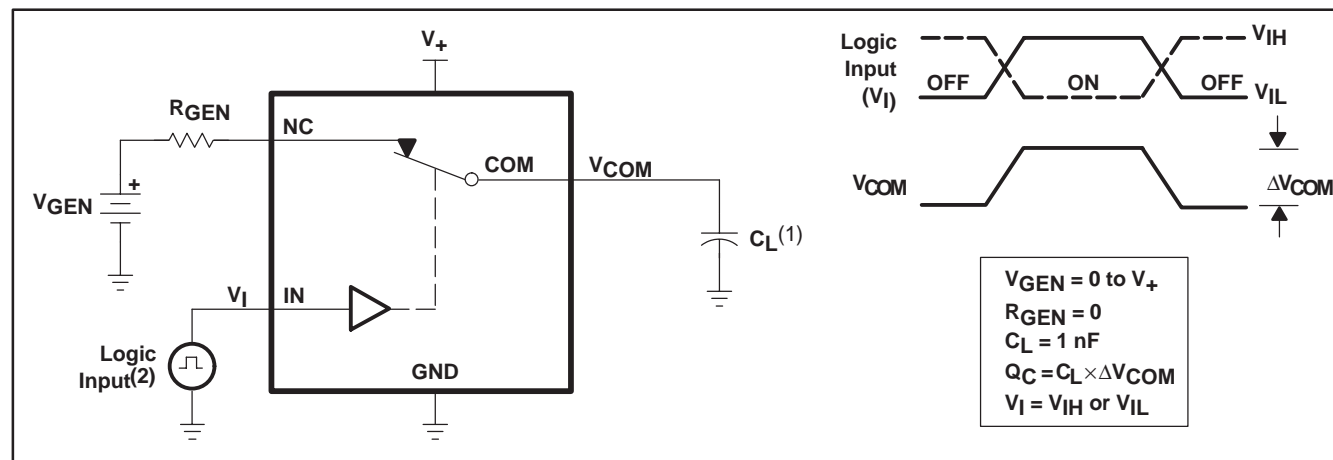


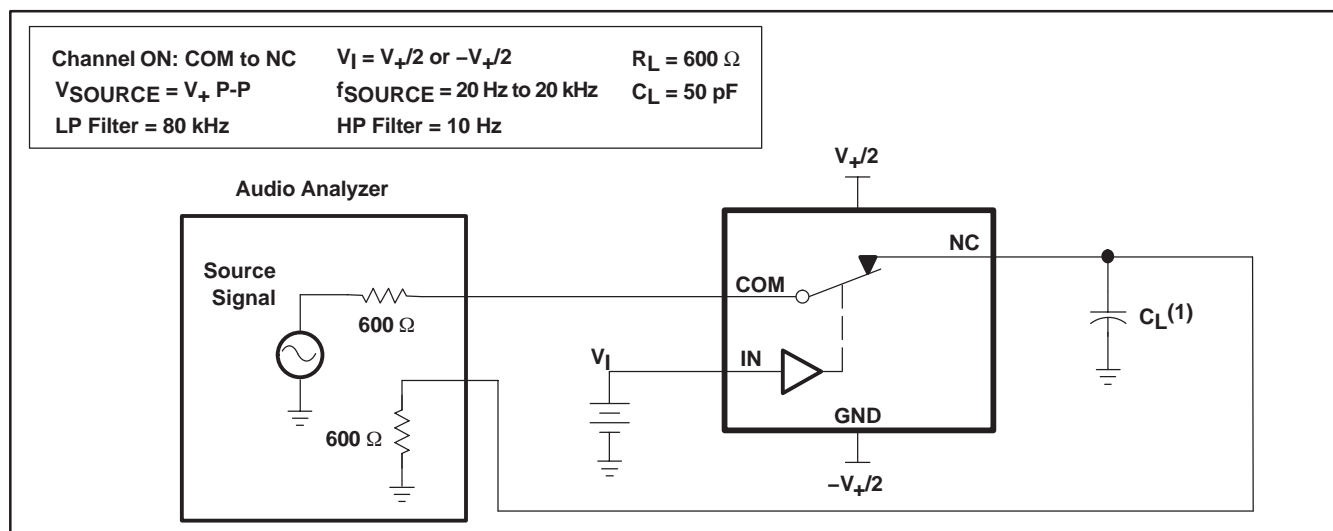
Figure 19. OFF Isolation (O_{ISO})



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

(2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\text{PRR} \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$.

Figure 20. Charge Injection (Q_C)



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TS5A4595DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4595DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4595DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4595DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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