FEATURES

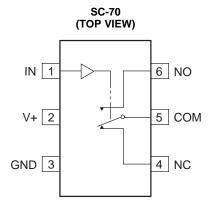
- Isolation in Power-Down Mode, V₊ = 0
- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching
- Low ON-State Resistance (1 Ω)
- Control Inputs Are 5.5-V Tolerant
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

APPLICATIONS

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
- Communication Circuits
- Modems
- Hard Drives
- Computer Peripherals
- Wireless Terminals and Peripherals

DESCRIPTION

The TS5A4624 is a single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device offers low ON-state resistance and excellent ON-state resistance matching with the break-before-make feature, to prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one channel to another. The device has an excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.



Switches are shown for logic 0 input.

FUNCTION TABLE

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
Н	OFF	ON



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS(1)

Configuration	2:1 Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer (1 × SPDT)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance r _{on})	1.1 Ω
ON-state resistance match (Δr _{on})	0.1 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness r _{on(flat)})	0.15 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time (t _{ON/tOFF})	20 ns/15 ns
Break-before-make time (t _{BBM})	12 ns
Charge injection (Q _C)	–20 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	100 MHz
OFF isolation (O _{ISO})	-65 dB at 1 MHz
Crosstalk (X _{TALK})	-66 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.01%
Leakage current (I _{NO(OFF)} /I _{NC(OFF)})	±20 nA
Power-supply current (I ₊)	0.1 μΑ
Package options	6-pin DCK

(1) $V_{+} = 5 \text{ V}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING(2)
–40°C to 85°C	SOT (SC-70) - DCK	Tape and reel	TS5A4624DCKR	JW_

⁽¹⁾ Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

⁽²⁾ DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V ₊	Supply voltage range ⁽³⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
V _{NO} V _{NC} V _{COM}	Analog voltage range ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾				
I_{K}	Analog port diode current	-50		mA	
I _{NO}	On-state switch current	-200	200		
I _{NC} I _{COM}	On-state peak switch current ⁽⁶⁾	On-state peak switch current ⁽⁶⁾ V _{NO} , V _{NC} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊		400	mA
V_{I}	Digital input voltage range (3)(4)		-0.5	6.5	V
I_{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V ₁ < 0	-50		mA
I ₊	Continuous current through V ₊			100	mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND	ontinuous current through GND			
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance (7)	age thermal impedance ⁽⁷⁾			
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

(6) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle

(7) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

⁽²⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

⁽⁴⁾ The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

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Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply⁽¹⁾

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V, $T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	S	T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch					I.	Į.			
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V ₊	٧
Peak ON resistance	r _{peak}	$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	4.5 V		0.8	1.1 1.5	Ω
ON-state resistance	r _{on}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	4.5 V		0.7	0.9 1.1	Ω
ON-state				25°C			0.05	0.1	
resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	Full	4.5 V			0.1	Ω
ON-state		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.15		
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}$, 1.5 V, 2.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.1	0.25	Ω
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full				0.25	
		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$,		25°C		-20	2	20	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	I _{NC(OFF)} , I _{NO(OFF)}	or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 4.5 V, V _{COM} = 1 V to 4.5 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	nA
Carron	I _{NC(PWROFF)} ,	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0$ to 5.5 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.2	1	μА
	I _{NO(PWROFF)}	$V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 14	Full	O V	-20		20	μΑ
NC, NO	I _{NC(ON)} ,	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1 V$, $V_{COM} = Open$,	Switch ON,	25°C	551/	-20	2	20	
ON leakage current	I _{NO(ON)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$,	See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	nA
СОМ		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0$ to 5.5 V,	Switch OFF,	25°		-1	0.1	1	
OFF leakage current	I _{COM(PWROFF)}	$V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	See Figure 14	Full	0 V	-20		20	μΑ
COM		V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 1 V,	Switch ON,	25°C		-20	2	20	
ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 4.5 V,	See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-100		100	nA
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C Full	5.5 V	-2 100		100	nA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (Continued)

 $V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CON	IDITIONS	TA	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic	1								
		\/ \/	0 25 -5	25°C	5 V	4	12	22	
Turn-on time	t _{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	2		25	ns
		V - V	$C_1 = 35 pF$,	25°C	5 V	1	5	8	
Turn-off time	t _{OFF}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		10	ns
Break-before-		\ \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	0 25 -5	25°C	5 V	1	8	13	
make time	t _{BBM}	$\begin{aligned} V_{NC} &= V_{NO} = V_+, \\ R_L &= 50 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 18	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		15	ns
Charge injection	Q _C	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	5 V		15.5		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}, \ C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 200 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	5 V		0.004		%
Supply	•	•		•					
Positive supply		$V_1 = V_{\perp}$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	5.5 V		10	50	nA
current	I ₊	$v_{\parallel} = v_{+} \cup i \cup i \cup i$	SWILCH ON UI OFF	Full	0.0 v			500	IIA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply⁽¹⁾

 $\rm V_{\scriptscriptstyle +} = 3~V$ to 3.6 V, $\rm T_{\rm A} = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	}	TA	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch						•			
Analog signal range	$V_{\text{COM}}, V_{\text{NO}}, V_{\text{NC}}$					0		V ₊	V
Peak ON resistance	r _{peak}	$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	3 V		1.3	1.6	Ω
ON-state resistance	r _{on}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2 V$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	3 V		1.2	1.5 1.7	Ω
ON-state resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{ m on}$	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}$, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	3 V		0.1	0.15	Ω
ON-state		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.2		
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}$, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	3 V		0.15	0.3	Ω
	I _{NC(OFF)} ,	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1$ V, $V_{COM} = 1$ V to 3 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C		-20	2	20	
NC, NO OFF leakage	I _{NO(OFF)}	or V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}$ to 3 V,	See Figure 14	Full	3.6 V	-50		50	nA
current	I _{NC(PWROFF)} , I _{NO(PWROFF)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0$ to 3.6 V, $V_{COM} = 3.6$ V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	0 V	-1 -15	0.2	1 15	μА
NC, NO ON leakage current	I _{NC(ON)} , I _{NO(ON)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1$ V, $V_{COM} = Open$, or V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 3$ V, $V_{COM} = Open$,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	3.6 V	-10 -20	2	10 20	nA
COM OFF leakage current	I _{COM(PWROFF)}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 3.6 V to 0, V _{COM} = 0 to 3.6 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25° Full	0 V	-1 -15	0.2	1 15	μΑ
COM ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 1 V, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 3 V,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C Full	3.6 V	-10 -20	2	10 20	nA
Digital Input (IN)	I			1	1	1			
Input logic high	V _{IH}	_		Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C Full	3.6 V	-2 -100		100	nA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (Continued)

 $V_{+} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONI	DITIONS	T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
		V - V	$C_1 = 35 pF$,	25°C	3.3 V	4	16	25	
Turn-on time	t _{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	See Figure 17	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	2		27	ns
		$V_{COM} = V_+,$	$C_1 = 35 pF$,	25°C	3.3 V	1	5.5	8	
Turn-off time	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	See Figure 17	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		11	ns
Break-before-		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	3.3 V	2	12	20	
make time	t _{BBM}	$\begin{aligned} &V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, \\ &R_L = 50 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$	See Figure 18	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	2		25	ns
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF},$ See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		9		рC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}, \ C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	3.3 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	3.3 V		0.01		%
Supply									
Positive supply	1	$V_1 = V_+$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	3.6 V		10	50	nA
current	I ₊	VI - V+ OI GIVD,		Full	J.0 V			100	11/

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply⁽¹⁾

 $\rm V_{\scriptscriptstyle +} = 2.3~V$ to 2.7, $\rm T_{\rm A} = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch					·				
Analog signal range	V _{COM} , V _{NO} , V _{NC}					0		V ₊	V
Peak ON resistance	r _{peak}	$ \begin{aligned} 0 &\leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+, \\ I_{COM} &= -8 \text{ mA}, \end{aligned} $	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.3 V		1.8	2.5	Ω
ON-state resistance	r _{on}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.3 V		1.5	2.4	Ω
ON-state				25°C			0.15	0.2	
resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{\sf on}$	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	Full	2.3 V			0.2	Ω
ON-state		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			0.6		
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, 1.8 V, $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.3 V		0.6	1	Ω
		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0.5 \text{ V}$,		25°C		-20	2	20	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	I _{NC(OFF)} , I _{NO(OFF)}	$V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 2.3 \text{ V,}$ or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 2.3 \text{ V,}$ $V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 2.3 \text{ V,}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	2.7 V	-50		50	nA
Current	I _{NC(PWROFF)} , I _{NO(PWROFF)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0$ to 3.6 V, $V_{COM} = 3.6$ V to 0,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C Full	0 V	-1 -10	0.1	10	μА
NC, NO	,	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0.5 V, V _{COM} = Open,	Switch ON.	25°C		-10	2	10	
ON leakage current	I _{NC(ON)} , I _{NO(ON)}	or V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 2.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$,	See Figure 15	Full	2.7 V	-20		20	nA
COM		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 0$,	Switch OFF,	25°	0.17	-1	0.1	10	
OFF leakage current	I _{COM(PWROFF)}	V _{COM} = 0 to 2.7 V,	See Figure 14	Full	0 V	-10		10	μΑ
COM		V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 0.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C		-10	2	10	
ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = Open, V_{COM} = 2.2 V,	See Figure 15	Full	2.7 V	-20		20	nA
Digital Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		1.8		5.5	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.6	V
Input leakage current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C Full	2.7 V	-2 20		20	nA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (Continued)

 $V_{+} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONI	DITIONS	T _A	٧,	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
		\/ \/	C 25 x 5	25°C	2.5 V	10	22	32	
Turn-on time	t _{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	8		35	ns
		$V_{COM} = V_+,$	$C_1 = 35 pF,$	25°C	2.5 V	3	6	11	
Turn-off time	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	See Figure 17	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		12	ns
Break-before-		V - V - V	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	2.5 V	5	19	30	
make time	t _{BBM}	$\begin{aligned} &V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+, \\ &R_L = 50 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$	See Figure 18	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	5		35	ns
Charge injection	Q _C	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF},$ See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		-7		рС
NC, NO OFF capacitance	C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}, \ C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cı	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		-63		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		-63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	2.5 V		0.02		%
Supply									
Positive supply	1	$V_1 = V_+$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	2.7 V		10	20	nA
current	I ₊	VI = V+ OI GIND,	SWILCH ON OF OFF	Full	2.1 V			150	IIA

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

TS5A4624 1- Ω SPDT ANALOG SWITCH 5-V/3.3-V SINGLE-CHANNEL 2:1 MULTIPLEXER/DEMULTIPLEXER



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Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply⁽¹⁾

 V_{+} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_{A} = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CON	DITIONS	T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}					0		V ₊	V
Peak ON resistance	r _{peak}	$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	1.65 V		5	15	Ω
ON-state resistance	r _{on}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	1.65 V		2	2.5 3.5	Ω
ON-state				25°C			0.15	0.4	
resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{\sf on}$	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	Full	1.65 V			0.4	Ω
ON-state		$0 \le (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \le V_+,$ $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C			5		
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 0.6 \text{ V}$, 1.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	1.65 V		4.5		Ω
natiooo		$I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 13	Full					
		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$,		25°C		-5	2	5	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	I _{NC(OFF)} , I _{NO(OFF)}	$V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V,}$ or V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V,}$ $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V,}$	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	Full	1.95 V	-20		20	nA
ouo	I _{NC(PWROFF)} ,	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0$ to 1.95 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	μА
	I _{NO(PWROFF)}	$V_{COM} = 1.95 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 14	Full	UV	-5		5	μΑ
NO NO		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$,		25°C		-5	2	5	
NC, NO ON leakage current	I _{NC(ON)} , I _{NO(ON)}	V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NC} or V_{NO} = 1.65 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	1.95 V	-20		20	nA
COM		V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0$,	Switch OFF,	25°		-1	0.1	1	
OFF leakage current	ICOM(PWROFF)	$V_{COM} = 0$ to 1.95 V,	See Figure 14	Full	0 V	-5		5	μΑ
		V _{NC} or V _{NO} = Open,		25°C		-5	2	5	
COM ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	$V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{Open},$ $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V},$	Switch ON, See Figure 15	Full	1.95 V	-20		20	nA
Digital Input (IN)	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		1.5		5.5	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0	-	0.6	V
Input leakage	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	1.95 V	-2		2	nA
current	'IH', 'IL	V ₁ = 0.0 V 01 0		Full	1.55 V	20		20	11/

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (Continued)

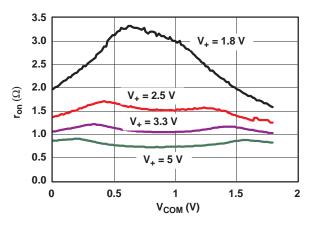
 $V_{+} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 1.95 V, $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONI	DITIONS	TA	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic	1	T.		1					
		W W	0 05 - 5	25°C	1.8 V	17	35	65	
Turn-on time	t _{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	15		70	ns
		V V	0 25 - 5	25°C	1.8 V	3	7	13	
Turn-off time	t _{OFF}	$V_{COM} = V_+,$ $R_L = 50 \Omega,$	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2		15	ns
Dunal, hafana		V V V	0 25 - 5	25°C	1.8 V	15	33	60	
Break-before- make time	t _{BBM}	$\begin{aligned} V_{NC} &= V_{NO} = V_+, \\ R_L &= 50 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	15		65	ns
Charge injection	Q _C	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 22	25°C	1.8 V		4		рС
NC, NO OFF capacitance	C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		18		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{+}$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		90		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 20	25°C	1.8 V		63		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		63		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 23	25°C	1.8 V		0.05		%
Supply	•			•					
Positive supply		V – V or CND	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	1.95 V		5	15	^
current	I ₊	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	SWILCH ON OF OFF	Full	1.95 V			50	μΑ

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

1.4



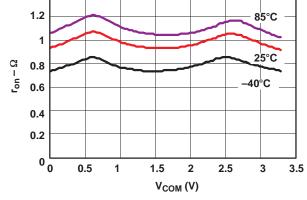
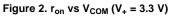
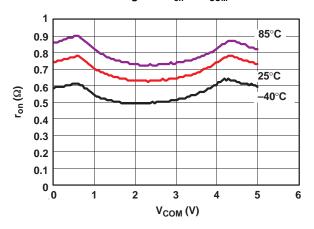


Figure 1. ron vs V_{COM}





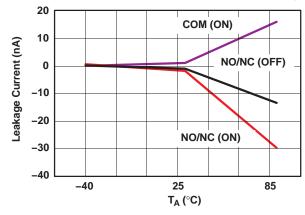
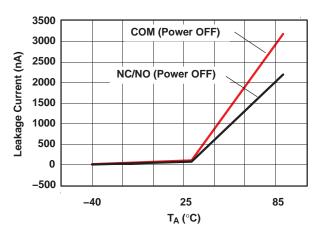


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_{+} = 5$ V)

Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature (V₊ = 3.3 V)



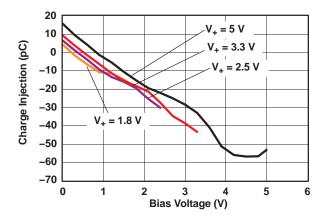


Figure 5. Leakage Current vs Temperature (V₊ = 5 V)

Figure 6. Charge Injection (Q_C) vs V_{COM}

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

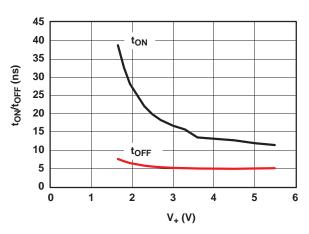


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

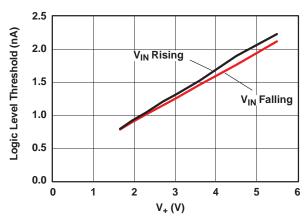


Figure 9. V_{IN} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

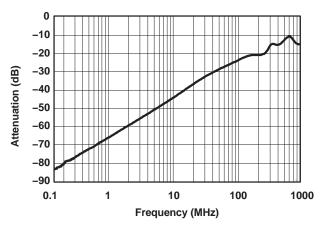


Figure 11. OFF Isolation vs Frequency

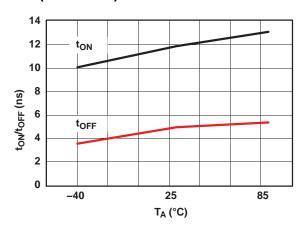


Figure 8. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature

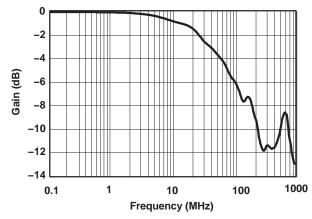


Figure 10. Bandwidth $(V_+ = 5 V)$

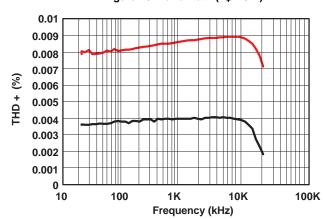


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency $(V_+ = 5 \text{ V})$



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)

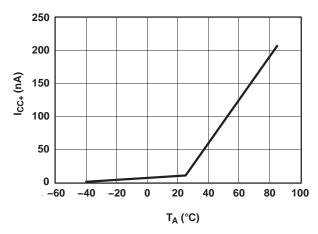


Figure 13. Current vs Temperature $(V_{+} = 5 \text{ V})$



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PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	IN	Digital control to connect COM to NO
2	V ₊	Power supply
3	GND	Digital ground
4	NC	Normally closed
5	COM	Common
6	NO	Normally open

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PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V _{COM}	Voltage at COM
V _{NC}	Voltage at NC
V _{NO}	Voltage at NO
r _{on}	Resistance between COM and NC or COM and NO ports when the channel is ON
r _{peak}	Peak ON-state resistance over a specified voltage range
Δr_{on}	Difference of r _{on} between channels
r _{on(flat)}	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of ron in a channel over the specified range of conditions
I _{NC(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
I _{NC(PWROFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NC port during the power-down condition, $V_{+} = 0$
I _{NO(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state under worst-case input and output conditions
I _{NO(PWROFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port during the power-down condition, $V_{+} = 0$
I _{NC(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) being open
I _{NO(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) being open
I _{COM(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO or COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC or NO) being open
I _{COM(PWROFF)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $V_{+} = 0$
V_{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V_{IL}	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
V_{I}	Voltage at IN
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Leakage current measured at IN
t _{ON}	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog outputs (COM, NC, or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t _{OFF}	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog outputs (COM, NC, or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
t _{BBM}	Break-before-make time. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the output of two adjacent analog channels (NC and NO) when the control signal changes state.
$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NC, NC or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_O$, C_L is the load capacitance and ΔVO is the change in analog output voltage.
C _{NC(OFF)}	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is OFF
C _{NO(OFF)}	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF
C _{NC(ON)}	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is ON
C _{NO(ON)}	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON
C _{COM(ON)}	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC or COM to NO) is ON
C _{IN}	Capacitance of IN
OISO	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM or NO to COM) in the OFF state.
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from an ON channel to an OFF channel (NC to NO or No). This is measured in a specific frequency and in dB.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I ₊	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V ₊ or GND



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

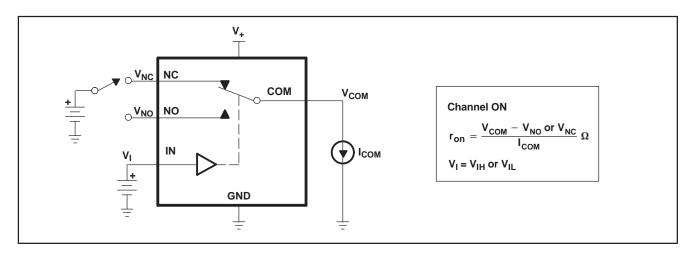
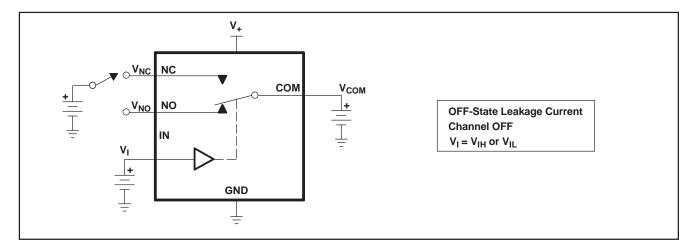


Figure 14. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})



 $\textbf{Figure 15. OFF-State Leakage Current (I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NC(PWROFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}, I_{NO(PWROFF)}, I_{COM(OFF)}, I_{COM(PWROFF)})}$

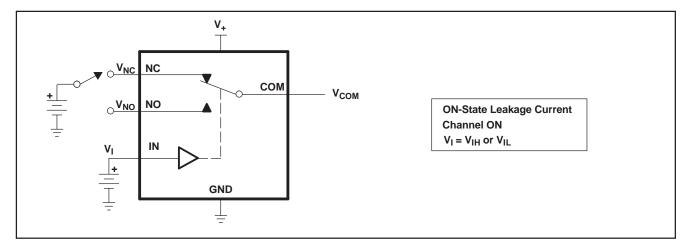
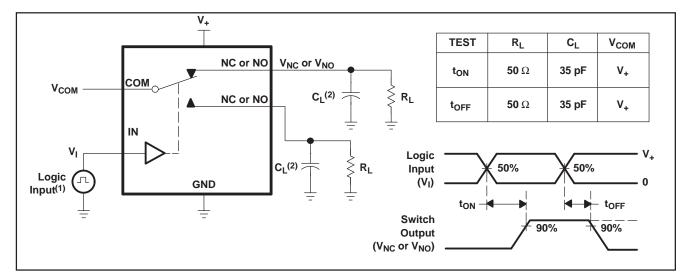


Figure 16. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$)

٧ NC Capacitance $V_{BIAS} = V_{+} \text{ or GND}$ Meter \circ NO $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND}$ ○ V_{COM} COM Capacitance is measured at NC, VBIAS IN NO, COM, and IN inputs during \circ^{V_l} ON and OFF conditions. **GND**

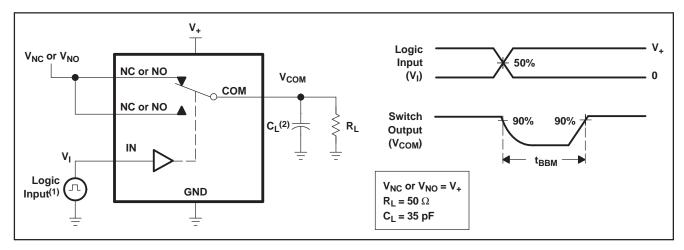
Figure 17. Capacitance (C_I, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50 \ \Omega$, $t_r < 5 \ ns$, $t_f < 5 \text{ ns.}$
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Turn-On (t_{ON}) and Turn-Off Time (t_{OFF})





- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$.
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 19. Break-Before-Make Time (t_{BBM})

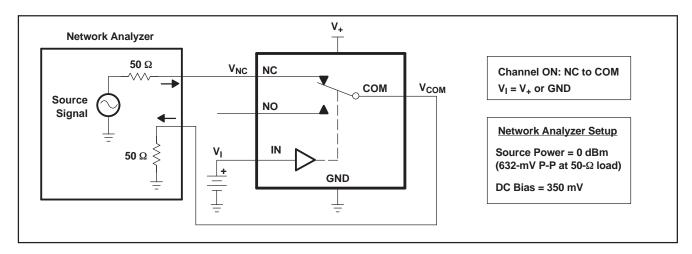


Figure 20. Bandwidth (BW)

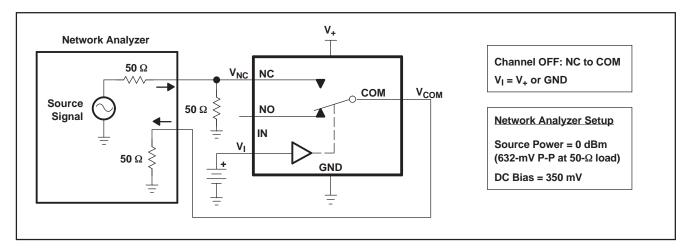
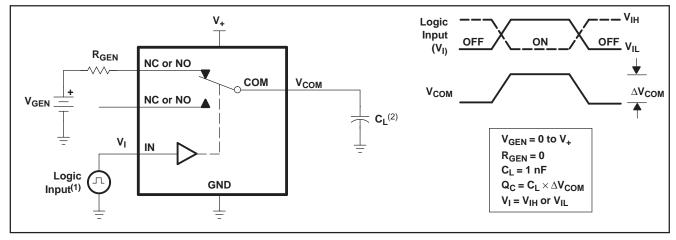


Figure 21. OFF Isolation (OISO)

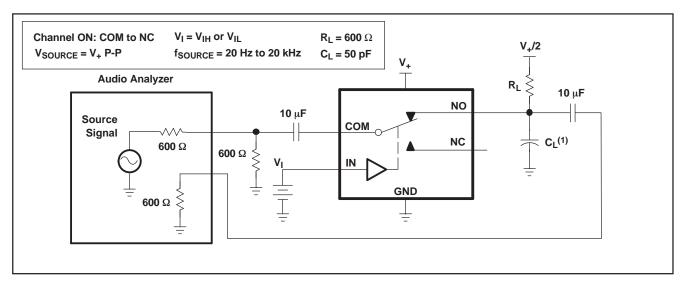
Network Analyzer Channel ON: NC to COM **50** Ω Channel OFF: NO to COM V_{NC} NC V_{COM} $V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND}$ Source V_{NO} NO Signal **Network Analyzer Setup 50** Ω \geqslant IN 50 Ω Source Power = 0 dBm (632-mV P-P at 50- Ω load) **GND** DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 22. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_{O} = 50 Ω , t_{r} < 5 ns,
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 23. Charge Injection (Q_C)



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 24. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)





.com 19-Jul-2006

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TS5A4624DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4624DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4624DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS5A4624DCKTE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

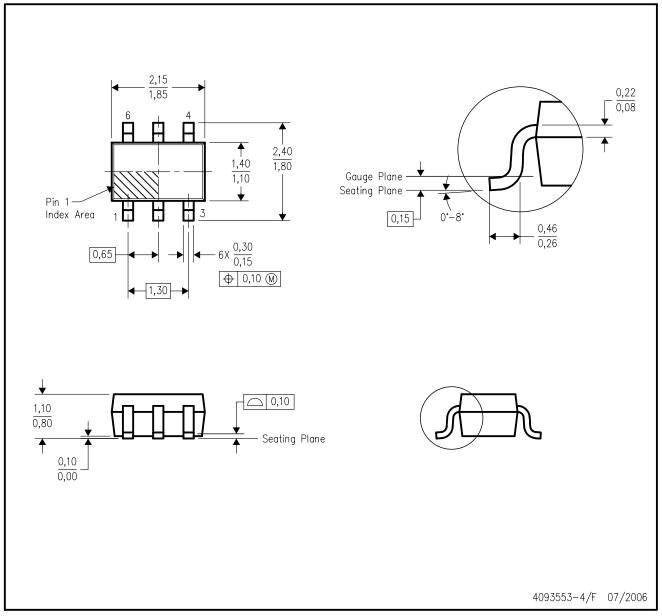
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



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