

## Project 3

### Implementation of a Code Generator

**Due Wednesday, June 17, 2020**

#### 1. Problem:

In this assignment you are requested to use ANTLR to implement a **code generator** for **MIPS processors** using the techniques introduced for intermediate code generation. You can use the **SPIM simulator**, which simulates a MIPS processor, to verify the correctness of your code generator. The SPIM simulator and related information can be obtained from <http://www.cs.wisc.edu/~larus/spim.html>.

To simplify register allocation, you may maintain an integer counter of 10 denoting general registers \$t0~\$t9, and implement a function getReg() to request a register and a function putReg() to return a register. You may assume that 10 registers are enough to evaluate every expression in the program. You should return all the registers you use back after evaluating an expression. You may also maintain an integer counter for labels and implement a function newLabel() to request a new label. Since there is no limitation on the number of labels, you do not need to return a label.

The code generator reads input from stdin, writes output to stdout, and writes errors to stderr.

You can follow the following steps:

1. Edit the grammar Cactus.g to add actions to parser rules.

```
// The attribute grammar for Cactus language
grammar Cactus;

// Parser rules
program : MAIN LP RP LB
        { System.out.println("\t" + ".data");}
        declarations
        {
            System.out.println("\t" + ".text");
            System.out.println("main:");
        }
        statements RB
```

```

;
...
// lexer rules
ELSE : 'else'
...
COMMENT : ...

```

2. Use the ANTLR tool to generate the scanner, parser, and semantic analyzer java code.

```
$antlr4 Cactus.g4
```

3. Compile the generated java code.

```
$javac Cactus*.java
```

4. Use the ANTLR tool to execute the code generator.

```
$grun Cactus program < input_file >! output_file
```

If input\_file is as follows:

```

/* A program to sum 1 to n */
main()
{
    int n;
    int s;
    int i;

    read n;
    if ( n < 1 ) {
        write -1;
        return;
    } else {
        s = 0;
    } fi
    i = 1;
    while ( i <= n ) {

```

```

        s = s + i;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    write s;
    return;
}

```

The output\_file should be

```

.data
n:      .word    0
s:      .word    0
i:      .word    0
.text
main:
    li      $v0, 5
    syscall
    la      $t0, n
    sw      $v0, 0($t0)
    la      $t0, n
    lw      $t0, 0($t0)
    li      $t1, 1
    blt     $t0, $t1, L5
    b       L4
L5:
    b       L1
L4:
    b       L2
L1:      # then
    li      $t0, 1
    neg     $t0, $t0
    move    $a0, $t0
    li      $v0, 1
    syscall
    li      $v0, 10
    syscall
    b       L3
L2:      # else

```

```

        li      $t0, 0
        la      $t1, s
        sw      $t0, 0($t1)
L3:     # end if
        li      $t0, 1
        la      $t1, i
        sw      $t0, 0($t1)
L6:     # while
        la      $t0, i
        lw      $t0, 0($t0)
        la      $t1, n
        lw      $t1, 0($t1)
        ble     $t0, $t1, L10
        b       L9
L10:    b       L7
L9:     b       L8
L7:     # body
        la      $t0, s
        lw      $t0, 0($t0)
        la      $t1, i
        lw      $t1, 0($t1)
        add     $t0, $t0, $t1
        la      $t1, s
        sw      $t0, 0($t1)
        la      $t0, i
        lw      $t0, 0($t0)
        li      $t1, 1
        add     $t0, $t0, $t1
        la      $t1, i
        sw      $t0, 0($t1)
        b       L6
L8:     # end while
        la      $t0, s
        lw      $t0, 0($t0)
        move    $a0, $t0
        li      $v0, 1

```

```
syscall  
li      $v0, 10  
syscall
```

## **2. Handing in your program**

To turn in the assignment, upload files Cactus.g and Cactus\*.java to eCourse2 site.

## **4. Grading**

The grading is based on the correctness of your program. The correctness will be tested by a set of test cases designed by the instructor and teaching assistants.