## Project 2 Implementation of a Recursive Descent Parser Due Friday, May 15, 2020

## 1. **Problem:**

In this assignment you are required to use the tool ANTLR to generate a recursive descent parser for the small language Cactus. The context-free grammar for Cactus consists of the following productions:

```
program \rightarrow main '(' ')' '\{' declarations statements '\}'
declarations → int identifier ';' declarations
declarations \rightarrow \epsilon
statements \rightarrow statement statements
statements \rightarrow \epsilon
statement → identifier '=' arith_expression ';'
statement \rightarrow if'('bool\_expression')''('statements')'' else'('statements')'' fi
statement \rightarrow if'('bool\_expression')'' { statements' } fi
statement → while '(' bool_expression ')' '{' statements '}'
statement → read identifier ';'
statement → write arith_expression ';'
statement → return ';'
bool_expression → bool_expression '||' bool_term
bool\_expression \rightarrow bool\_term
bool_term → bool_term '&&' bool_factor
bool\_term \rightarrow bool\_factor
bool_factor → '!' bool_factor
bool\_factor \rightarrow rel\_expression
rel\_expression \rightarrow arith\_expression relation\_op arith\_expression
relation\_op \rightarrow '==' \mid '!=' \mid '>' \mid '>=' \mid '<' \mid '<='
arith_expression → arith_expression '+' arith_term
     | arith_expression '-' arith_term
     | arith_term
arith_term → arith_term '*' arith_factor
     | arith_term '/' arith_factor
     | arith_term '%' arith_factor
     | arith_factor
arith_factor → '-' arith_factor
     | primary_expression
```

```
primary_expression → integer_constant
primary_expression → identifier
primary_expression → '(' arith_expression ') '
```

You could follow the following steps:

1. Edit a grammar Cactus.g that contains a parser rule for each of the productions in the above context-free grammar. Because the above context-free grammar is not an LL(1) grammar, you need to perform the left recursion elimination transformation and the left factoring transformation to transform it into an LL(1) grammar.

```
// The grammar for Cactus language grammar Cactus;

// Parser rules
program : MAIN LP RP LB declarations statements RB
;
....

// lexer rules
ELSE : 'else'
FI : 'fi'
...

ID : ...

CONST : ...

ADD : '+'
...

WHITESPACE : ...

COMMENT : ...
```

2. Use the ANTLR tool to generate the scanner and parser java code.

```
$antlr4 Cactus.g4
```

3. Compile the generated java code.

```
$javac Cactus*.java
```

4. Use the ANTLR tool to execute the scanner and parser.

```
$grun Cactus program -tree
```

If the input is as follows:

A sample Cactus program is given as follows:

```
/* A program to sum 1 to n */
main()
{
     int n;
     int s;
     int i;
     read n;
     if (n < 1)
         write -1;
         return;
     } else {
         s = 0;
     } fi
     i = 1;
     while (i \le n) {
         s = s + i;
         i = i + 1;
     }
     write s;
     return;
}
```

The output should be

(program main () { (declarations int n; (declarations int s; (declarations int i; declarations))) (statements (statement read n;) (statements (statement if ( (bool\_expression (bool\_term (bool\_factor (rel\_expression (arith\_expression (arith\_term (arith\_factor (primary\_expression n)) arith\_term1) arith\_expression1) (relation\_op <) (arith\_expression (arith\_term (arith\_factor

(primary expression 1)) arith term1) arith expression1))) bool term1) bool expression1) ) { (statements (statement write (arith expression (arith term (arith factor - (arith factor (primary expression 1))) arith term1) arith expression1);) (statements (statement return;) statements)) } (else statement else { (statements (statement s = (arith expression (arith term (arith factor (primary expression 0)) arith term1) arith expression1) ;) statements) } fi)) (statements (statement i = (arith\_expression (arith\_term (arith factor (primary expression 1)) arith term1) arith expression1) ;) (statements (statement while ( (bool expression (bool term (bool factor (rel expression (arith expression (arith term (arith factor (primary expression arith expression1) (relation op (arith expression arith term1) <=) (arith factor (primary expression n)) (arith term arith term1) arith\_expression1))) bool\_term1) bool\_expression1) ) { (statements (statement s (arith expression (arith term (arith factor (primary expression arith term1) (arith expression1 + (arith term (arith factor (primary expression arith\_expression1)) ;) (statements (statement arith term1) (arith\_expression (arith\_term (arith\_factor (primary\_expression i)) arith\_term1) (arith expression1 + (arith term (arith factor (primary expression arith\_term1) arith\_expression1));) statements)) }) (statements (statement write (arith\_expression (arith\_term (arith\_factor (primary\_expression s)) arith\_term1) arith expression1);) (statements (statement return;) statements)))))) })

## 2. Handing in your program

To turn in the assignment, upload a compressed file containing Cactus.g4, Cactus.tokens, Cactus\*.java, and Cactus\*.class to eCourse2 site.

## 3. Grading

The grading is based on the correctness of your program. The correctness will be tested by a set of test cases designed by the instructor and teaching assistants.