

# LAB 10

## Programming Exercise:

### Program set 1:

1. Create an interface Greeter with a default method greet() that prints "Hello from the interface!". Implement this interface in a class and invoke the method.

```
interface Greeter{
    default void greet(){
        System.out.println("Hello from the interface!");
    }
}

class Imp implements Greeter{
    public void print(){
        System.out.println("Hello from implement class");
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Imp obj = new Imp();
        obj.greet();
        obj.print();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
Hello from the interface!
Hello from implement class
```

2. Create an interface MathUtil with a static method square(int n) that returns the square of a number. Call this method from main().

```
interface MathUtil{
    static int square(int n){
        return n*n;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println(MathUtil.square(6));
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
36
```

3. Write a lambda expression to create a Runnable that prints "Thread running" and executes it.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Runnable r = () -> System.out.println("Thread running");
        Thread t = new Thread(r);
        t.start();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
Thread running
```

4. Write a Java program to create a functional interface MaxFinder with a method max(int a, int b). Use a lambda expression to find and display the maximum of two numbers.

```

interface MaxFinder{
    int max(int a,int b);
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        MaxFinder max_obj = (a,b) -> {
            if(a>b)
                return a;
            else
                return b;
        };
        System.out.println("Max element is " + max_obj.max(6,17));
    }
}

```

OUTPUT :

```

Max element is 17

```

5. Given a list of integers, use Stream API to filter and print only the odd numbers.

```

import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>(List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6));
        list.stream()
            .filter(n->n%2==0)
            .forEach(System.out::println);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT :

```
2  
4  
6
```

6. Given a list of strings, use Stream API to convert each string to uppercase and print the result.

```
import java.util.*;  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        List<String> list = new ArrayList<>(List.of("hi","hello","world"));  
        list.stream()  
            .map(world->world.toUpperCase())  
            .forEach(System.out::println);  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
HI  
HELLO  
WORLD
```

7. Given a list of integers, use Stream API reduce() to find the sum of all elements.

```
import java.util.*;  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        List<Integer> list = new  
ArrayList<>(List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9));  
        int sum = list.stream()  
            .reduce(0, (a,b) -> a+b);  
        System.out.println("sum is " + sum);  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
bin/Main
sum is 45
```

8. Given a list of names, use Stream API to filter names starting with letter 'A' and collect them into a new list.

```
import java.util.*;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<String> list = new
ArrayList<>(List.of("APPLE", "ORANGE", "BANANA", "AVOCADO"));
        List<String> newlist = list.stream()
            .filter(s -> s.charAt(0)=='A')
            .collect(Collectors.toList());
        System.err.println(newlist);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
[APPLE, AVOCADO]
```

9. Create an Optional<String> with a value. If the value is present, print it using ifPresent().

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Optional<String> op = Optional.ofNullable("java");
        op.ifPresent(s -> System.out.println(s));
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

java

10. Create an immutable list using `List.of()` and attempt to add a new element. What is the outcome?

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> list = List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6);
        list.add(9);
    }
}
```

OUTCOME :

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException
    at java.base/java.util.ImmutableCollections.uoe(ImmutableCollections.java:159)
    at java.base/java.util.ImmutableCollections$AbstractImmutableCollection.add(ImmutableCollections.java:164)
    at Main.main(Main.java:5)
```

11. Create an immutable set using `Set.of()` and print all elements using `forEach()` with a method reference.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Set<Integer> set = Set.of(1,5,3,4,7,8);
        set.forEach(System.out::println);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
3
1
8
7
5
4
```

## Program 2:

Design a Java program to process student results in a university portal system.

Each student record contains: name, marks, passed status

The system should:

1. Filter students who have passed and scored more than 60 marks.
2. Convert each filtered student into a formatted message.
3. Display the messages on the console.

Tasks to Perform:

- Create a Student class with required fields.
- Store at least 5 student objects in a list.
- Use:
  - Predicate<Student> to filter students
  - Function<Student, String> to format output
  - Consumer<String> to display results
- Use lambda expressions (no traditional filtering loops).
- Use method reference for printing (if applicable).

```
import java.util.*;
import java.util.function.*;
import java.util.function.Consumer;

class Student{
    private String name;
    private int marks;
```

```

private boolean passed_status;

public Student(String name,int marks,boolean passed_status) {
    this.name = name;
    this.marks = marks;
    this.passed_status = passed_status;
}

public String getName() { return name; }
public int getMarks() { return marks; }
public boolean isPassed() { return passed_status; }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Student> list = new ArrayList<>();
        list.add(new Student("AB",78,true));
        list.add(new Student("CD",58,true));
        list.add(new Student("PQ",33,false));
        list.add(new Student("RS",79,true));
        list.add(new Student("XY",22,false));

        Predicate<Student> filter_condition =
            s -> s.isPassed() && s.getMarks() > 60;
        Function<Student, String> formatter =
            s -> "Student " + s.getName() +
                " passed with " + s.getMarks() + " marks.";
        Consumer<String> display = System.out::println;
        list.stream()
            .filter(filter_condition)
            .map(formatter)
            .forEach(display);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT :

```

Student AB passed with 78 marks.
Student RS passed with 79 marks.

```