

## **Instagram User Analytics**

## Table of content

| Sl.No | Content         | Page No |
|-------|-----------------|---------|
| 1     | Introduction    | 3       |
| 2     | Tech-stack used | 4       |
| 3     | Approach        | 4       |
| 4     | SQL Queries     | 5       |
| 5     | Results         | 14      |
| 6     | Conclusion      | 19      |

# 1. Introduction

User analytics we analyze how user interact with the software application. Instagram user analytics, in this project with help of given datasets and SQL queries analyze how users are engaged with instagram. The queries and its results give insights about how the users are interacting with the application. The insights help to analyze business more clearly.

Running SQL queries for certain tasks like marketing and investor metrics. In marketing analyze when the marketing team wants to launch advertisement campaign for that we have sub tasks which include rewarding most loyal user, remind interactive user to start posting, declaring contest winner, hash tag researching and launch AD campaign. In investor metrics, the investor wants to know how instagram is performing and it is not redundant like facebook, so we have like sub task to analyze user engagement and need to find bots and fake account.

## 2. Tech-stack used

In this project I have used:

- My SQL work bench 8.0 CE
- SQL

The purpose for I used My SQL work bench software in this project to create and store database and also used for running SQL queries.

I used SQL for retrieve data from the database for a given tasks.

## 3. Approach

I used My SQL for implementing this project. Firstly I have imported the given datasets into my SQL work bench. Analyzed each table and its attribute also checked the connection with other tables. From each table found the primary key and foreign key for better understanding to use join in SQL. From the above information created entity diagram for the better visibility of the data base

## 4. SQL Queries

### 4.1 Database creation

```
CREATE DATABASE ig_clone;
```

### 4.2 Table creation

user table:

```
CREATE TABLE users(  
  
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY,  
  
    username VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()  
  
);
```

photos table:

```
CREATE TABLE photos(  
  
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  
    image_url VARCHAR(355) NOT NULL,  
  
    user_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    created_dat TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES users(id)  
  
);
```

Comments table:

```
CREATE TABLE comments(  
  
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  
    comment_text VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  
    user_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    photo_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY(user_id) REFERENCES users(id),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY(photo_id) REFERENCES photos(id)  
  
);
```

Follows:

```
CREATE TABLE follows(  
  
    follower_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    followee_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY (follower_id) REFERENCES users(id),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY (followee_id) REFERENCES users(id),  
  
    PRIMARY KEY (follower_id,followee_id)  
  
);
```

Tags:

```
CREATE TABLE tags(  
  
    id INTEGER AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  
    tag_name VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,  
  
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()  
  
);
```

Photos – Tags:

```
CREATE TABLE photo_tags(  
  
    photo_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    tag_id INT NOT NULL,  
  
    FOREIGN KEY (photo_id) REFERENCES photos(id),  
  
    FOREIGN KEY (tag_id) REFERENCES tags(id),  
  
    PRIMARY KEY (photo_id,tag_id)  
  
);
```

## A) Marketing:

### 1. Rewarding Most Loyal Users:

Your Task: Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided

#### 1.1 SQL queries

```
/*Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided*/  
  
select users.id, users.username  
  
from users  
  
order by created_at asc limit 5;
```

Out put

|   | id   | username         |
|---|------|------------------|
| ▶ | 95   | Nicole71         |
|   | 80   | Darby_Herzog     |
|   | 67   | Emilio_Bernier52 |
|   | 63   | Elenor88         |
|   | 38   | Jordyn.Jacobson2 |
| • | NULL | NULL             |

Insights:

- The above given queries gives the 5 oldest user from the datasets.
- The user Nicole71 who have been using the platform for the longest time.

### 2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting:

Your Task: Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

#### 2.1 SQL queries

```
/*Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram*/  
select users.id,users.username  
from users  
left join photos  
on users.id = photos.user_id  
where photos.user_id is null  
/* This are the user who never posted a single photo on instagram*/
```

Out put:

|   | id | username          |    |                     |
|---|----|-------------------|----|---------------------|
| ▶ | 5  | Aniya_Hackett     | 75 | Leslie67            |
|   | 7  | Kasandra_Homenick | 76 | Jenelle.Nikolaus81  |
|   | 14 | Jadyn81           | 80 | Darby_Herzog        |
|   | 21 | Rocio33           | 81 | Esther.Zulauf61     |
|   | 24 | Maxwell.Halvorson | 83 | Bartholome.Bernhard |
|   | 25 | Tierra.Trantow    | 89 | Jessyca_West        |
|   | 34 | Pearl7            | 90 | Esmeralda.Mraz57    |
|   | 36 | Ollie_Ledner37    | 91 | Bethany20           |
|   | 41 | Mckenna17         |    |                     |
|   | 45 | David.Osinski47   |    |                     |
|   | 49 | Morgan.Kassulke   |    |                     |
|   | 53 | Linnea59          |    |                     |
|   | 54 | Duane60           |    |                     |
|   | 57 | Julien_Schmidt    |    |                     |
|   | 66 | Mike.Auer39       |    |                     |
|   | 68 | Franco_Keebler64  |    |                     |
|   | 71 | Nia_Haag          |    |                     |
|   | 74 | Hulda.Macejkovic  |    |                     |

Insight:

- Above output shows that there are 26 user who have never post a single photo on instagram
- Sending them a promotional email may encourage them to do their first photo on instagram

### 3. Declaring Contest Winner:

Your Task: Identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team

#### 3.1 SQL queries

*/\*identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team.*

*Who gets the most likes on a single photo will win the contest\*/*

```
select b.user_id, users.username, b.photo_id, b.likes_get
from (select photos.user_id, maxlikes.photo_id, maxlikes.likes_get /*sub queries is used*/
      from ( select likes.photo_id ,count(likes.photo_id) as likes_get /*sub queries is used*/
            from likes
            right join users
            on likes.user_id = users.id
            group by photo_id
            order by likes_get desc) as maxlikes
      inner join photos
      on photos.id = maxlikes.photo_id
      where maxlikes.photo_id = photos.id
      order by maxlikes.likes_get desc) as b
inner join users
on users.id = b.user_id
where b.user_id = users.id
order by b.likes_get desc limit 3
/*Zack_kemmer93 user_id 52 who got the most like on a single photo. He is the winner of the contest*/
```



Out put:

|   | user_id | username        | photo_id | likes_get |
|---|---------|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| ▶ | 52      | Zack_Kemmer93   | 145      | 48        |
|   | 46      | Malinda_Streich | 127      | 43        |
|   | 65      | Adelle96        | 182      | 43        |

Insights:

- User who gets the most like on a single win the contest. Above out put show top three user.
- Zack\_kemmer93 user\_id 52 who get most like on a single photo. He is the winner of our contest.
- He get 48 likes on a single photo

#### 4. Hash tag Researching:

Your Task: Identify and suggest the top 5 most commonly used hash tags on the platform

##### 4.1 SQL queries

*/\*Identify and suggest the top 5 most commonly used hashtags on the platform\*/*

```
select * from photo_tags;
```

```
select photo_tags.tag_id,tags.tag_name, count(photo_tags.tag_id) as most_used_hashtags
from photo_tags
join tags
on photo_tags.tag_id = tags.id
group by photo_tags.tag_id
order by most_used_hashtags desc limit 5
```

Out put

|   | tag_id | tag_name | most_used_hashtags |
|---|--------|----------|--------------------|
| ▶ | 21     | smile    | 59                 |
|   | 20     | beach    | 42                 |
|   | 17     | party    | 39                 |
|   | 13     | fun      | 38                 |
|   | 18     | concert  | 24                 |

Insights:

- Here output shows the top 5 hash tag that are commonly used
- Hash tag 'smile' is most used hash tag which is 59, and 'beach' is 42, party is 39 times etc.

## 5. Launch AD Campaign:

Your Task: What day of the week do most users register on? Provide insights on when to schedule an ad campaign

### 5.1 SQL queries

```
select dayname(users.created_at) as days, count(users.created_at) as most_registered
from users
group by dayname(users.created_at)
order by count(users.created_at) desc ;
```

Out put

|   | days      | most_registered |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| ▶ | Thursday  | 16              |
|   | Sunday    | 16              |
|   | Friday    | 15              |
|   | Tuesday   | 14              |
|   | Monday    | 14              |
|   | Wednesday | 13              |
|   | Saturday  | 12              |

Insights:

- Thursday and Sunday when most of the user registered that is 16. and Friday 14 people registered, Tuesday and Monday 14 users registered.
- Schedule an ad campaign on Sundays which is a holiday and most of the users registered on this day. So the Sunday is the perfect day for ad campaign

## B) Investor Metrics:

### 1) User Engagement:

Your Task: Provide how many times does average user posts on Instagram.  
Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users

#### 1.1 SQL queries

```
/*Provide how many times does average user posts on Instagram.  
Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users*/  
  
select photos_uploaded.post, count(photos_uploaded.post) as no_of_times  
from ( select user_id,users.username, count(image_url ) as post  
from photos  
join users  
on photos.user_id = users.id  
group by user_id  
order by post desc )as photos_uploaded  
group by post  
order by no_of_times desc ;
```

Out put

|   | post | no_of_times |
|---|------|-------------|
| ▶ | 1    | 18          |
|   | 5    | 14          |
|   | 4    | 13          |
|   | 2    | 13          |
|   | 3    | 9           |
|   | 8    | 2           |

Insights:

- From the output we can see that most of the users post a single post for 18 times
- They make 5 post 14 times, 4 and 2 posts are post 13 times

#### 1.2 SQL queries

```
/*total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users*/  
  
select count(users.id) as total_users  
from users;
```

out put

|   | total_users |
|---|-------------|
| ▶ | 100         |

## Insights:

- Here we can see that total users are 100

## 2) Bots & Fake Accounts:

Your Task: Provide data on users (bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since any normal user would not be able to do this).

### 2.1 SQL queries

*/\*Provide data on users (bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since any normal user would not be able to do this).\*/*

```
select username, user_id ,count(user_id) as likes_given
from likes
inner join users
on likes.user_id = users.id
group by user_id
having count(user_id) = 257
order by user_id
```

*/\* There are total of 257 photos uploaded by the users, and there are 13 users who likes every single photos were uploaded.*

*there may be a chance of some of them were Bots\*/*

### Out put

|   | username           | user_id | likes_given |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------------|
|   | Jadyn81            | 14      | 257         |
|   | Rocio33            | 21      | 257         |
|   | Maxwell.Halvorson  | 24      | 257         |
|   | Ollie_Ledner37     | 36      | 257         |
|   | Mckenna17          | 41      | 257         |
|   | Duane60            | 54      | 257         |
|   | Julien_Schmidt     | 57      | 257         |
|   | Mike.Auer39        | 66      | 257         |
| ▶ | Nia_Haag           | 71      | 257         |
|   | Leslie67           | 75      | 257         |
|   | Janelle.Nikolaus81 | 76      | 257         |
|   | Bethany20          | 91      | 257         |

### Insights:

- From the output, that shows username and user id and the likes given by them
- There are total of 257 photos are uploaded by the users, these are the users who make likes every single photo were uploaded.
- There may be a chance of some of them are bots.

## 5. Result

- (A.1.1 SQL queries) my first task was find the 5 oldest users from the datasets, so I have used **order by** in created\_at column. So it give me oldest user from the table.

```
select users.id, users.username  
from users  
order by created_at asc limit 5;
```

out put

|   | id   | username         |
|---|------|------------------|
| ▶ | 95   | Nicole71         |
|   | 80   | Darby_Herzog     |
|   | 67   | Emilio_Bernier52 |
|   | 63   | Elenor88         |
|   | 38   | Jordyn.Jacobson2 |
| • | NULL | NULL             |

- (A.2.1 SQL queries) second task was find the users who have never post a single photo. In order to find that I have to take two tables one is user table and another one is photo. For finding those users I need to take the non matching values from the tables. In order to do that I just use **left join** and **where** condition. It get me the results.

```
select users.id,users.username  
from users  
left join photos  
on users.id = photos.user_id  
where photos.user_id is null
```

|   | id | username          |    |                     |
|---|----|-------------------|----|---------------------|
| ▶ | 5  | Aniya_Hackett     | 75 | Leslie67            |
|   | 7  | Kassandra_Homeni  | 76 | Janelle.Nikolaus81  |
|   | 14 | Jadyn81           | 80 | Darby_Herzog        |
|   | 21 | Roco33            | 81 | Esther.Zulauf61     |
|   | 24 | Maxwell.Halvorsen | 83 | Bartholome.Bernhard |
|   | 25 | Tierra.Trantow    | 89 | Jessyca_West        |
|   | 34 | Pearl7            | 90 | Esmeralda.Mraz57    |
|   | 36 | Ollie_Ledner37    | 91 | Bethany20           |
|   | 41 | Mckenna17         |    |                     |
|   | 45 | David.Osinski47   |    |                     |
|   | 49 | Morgan.Kassulke   |    |                     |
|   | 53 | Linnea59          |    |                     |
|   | 54 | Duane60           |    |                     |
|   | 57 | Julien_Schmidt    |    |                     |
|   | 66 | Mike.Auer39       |    |                     |
|   | 68 | Franco_Keebler64  |    |                     |
|   | 71 | Nia_Haag          |    |                     |
|   | 74 | Hulda.Macejkovic  |    |                     |

- (A.3.1 SQL queries) next task is find the winner of the contest. Who get most likes for single photo is the winner of the contest. This queries is just a little difficult for me, identify the winner I need to compare three tables so I used sub queries. I used join and where condition group by and order by.

```

select b.user_id, users.username, b.photo_id, b.likes_get
from (select photos.user_id, maxlikes.photo_id, maxlikes.likes_get
      from (select likes.photo_id ,count(likes.photo_id) as likes_get
            from likes
            right join users
            on likes.user_id = users.id
            group by photo_id
            order by likes_get desc) as maxlikes
      inner join photos
      on photos.id = maxlikes.photo_id
      where maxlikes.photo_id = photos.id
      order by maxlikes.likes_get desc) as b
inner join users
on users.id = b.user_id
where b.user_id = users.id
order by b.likes_get desc limit 3

```

OUT PUT:

|   | user_id | username        | photo_id | likes_get |
|---|---------|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| ▶ | 52      | Zack_Kemmer93   | 145      | 48        |
|   | 46      | Malinda_Streich | 127      | 43        |
|   | 65      | Adelle96        | 182      | 43        |

- (A.4.1 SQL queries) 4<sup>th</sup> task is to find the 5 most commonly used hash tags. I used `count()` function and `order by` to find most used hash tag, also I need to join two tables that is `photo_tag` and `tags` tables so I used `join`.

```
select photo_tags.tag_id,tags.tag_name, count(photo_tags.tag_id) as
most_used_hashtags
from photo_tags
join tags
on photo_tags.tag_id = tags.id
group by photo_tags.tag_id
order by most_used_hashtags desc limit 5
```

OUT PUT

|   | tag_id | tag_name | most_used_hashtags |
|---|--------|----------|--------------------|
| ▶ | 21     | smile    | 59                 |
|   | 20     | beach    | 42                 |
|   | 17     | party    | 39                 |
|   | 13     | fun      | 38                 |
|   | 18     | concert  | 24                 |

- (A.5.1 SQL queries) 5<sup>th</sup> task is that what day of the week do most users register on? Provide insights on when to schedule an ad campaign. To do that I used `dayname()` function to find the day, and I used `count()` function to find the most registered day

```
select dayname(users.created_at)as days,count(users.created_at) as
most_registered
from users
group by dayname(users.created_at)
order by count(users.created_at) desc ;
```

OUT PUT

|   | days      | most_registered |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| ▶ | Thursday  | 16              |
|   | Sunday    | 16              |
|   | Friday    | 15              |
|   | Tuesday   | 14              |
|   | Monday    | 14              |
|   | Wednesday | 13              |
|   | Saturday  | 12              |



- (B.1.1 SQL queries) 6<sup>th</sup> task Provide how many times does average user posts on Instagram. Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users. To find how many time does average user post on instagram 1<sup>st</sup> I find posts make by users and then I count how many times. For that purpose I used sub query, order by, group by, count() function etc.

```
select photos_uploaded.post, count(photos_uploaded.post) as no_of_times
from (
    select user_id, users.username, count(image_url) as post
    from photos
    join users
    on photos.user_id = users.id
    group by user_id
    order by post desc )as photos_uploaded
group by post
order by no_of_times desc ;
```

OUT PUT

|   | post | no_of_times |
|---|------|-------------|
| ▶ | 1    | 18          |
|   | 5    | 14          |
|   | 4    | 13          |
|   | 2    | 13          |
|   | 3    | 9           |
|   | 8    | 2           |

- (B.1.2 SQL queries) next tasks is find total number of users. To find that I used count() function.

```
select count(users.id) as total_users
from users;
```

OUT PUT

|   | total_users |
|---|-------------|
| ▶ | 100         |

- (B.2.1 SQL queries) my next task is find bots. To do that I have to find who have liked every single photo uploaded. I used `count()` function to get likes given by the user and I used `join` to join two tables, also I used `group by`, `order by` `having` condition

```
select username, user_id ,count(user_id) as likes_given
from likes
inner join users
on likes.user_id = users.id
group by user_id
having count(user_id) = 257
order by user_id
```

OUT PUT

|   | username           | user_id | likes_given |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------------|
|   | Jadyn81            | 14      | 257         |
|   | Rocio33            | 21      | 257         |
|   | Maxwell.Halvorson  | 24      | 257         |
|   | Olie_Ledner37      | 36      | 257         |
|   | Mckenna17          | 41      | 257         |
|   | Duane60            | 54      | 257         |
|   | Julien_Schmidt     | 57      | 257         |
|   | Mike.Auer39        | 66      | 257         |
| ▶ | Nia_Haag           | 71      | 257         |
|   | Leslie67           | 75      | 257         |
|   | Janelle.Nikolaus81 | 76      | 257         |
|   | Bethany20          | 91      | 257         |

## 6. CONCLUSION

From this project instagram user analytics, analyze the user activity on instagram how user engage and interact with the application. And provide the insights to marketing and business development team for improve the user experience and helps the business to grow. The marketing team want to launch a new marketing campaign. There are several tasks given in order to complete I used My SQL work bench 8.0 CE and used several SQL queries to get the answer.

From this project I have learned and improved my existing skill and knowledge. I gained better understanding of My SQL work bench and SQL queries.