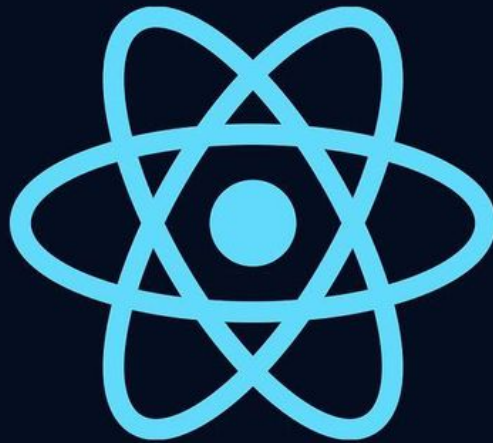


React Cheatsheet (Part II)



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Components and Hooks

Use functional components and hooks (like `useState` and `useEffect`) for a more concise and modular code structure.

```
index.js

import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);

  useEffect(() => {
    // Effect logic ...
  }, [count]);

  return <div>{count}</div>;
}
```



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Conditional Rendering

Render different components or elements based on conditions using the ternary operator.

```
index.js

const MyComponent = ({ isLoggedIn }) => {
  return (
    <
      <Nav />
      {isLoggedIn ? <UserDashboard /> : <LoginScreen />}
    />
  );
};
```



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Controlled Components

Use controlled components to handle user input and maintain the input's state within the component.

```
index.js

import React, { useState } from 'react';

const InputForm = () => {
  const [value, setValue] = useState('');

  const handleChange = (event) => {
    setValue(event.target.value);
  };

  return (
    <input type="text" value={value} onChange={handleChange} />
  );
};
```



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Mapping Data

Map an array of data to JSX elements to dynamically render a list of items.

```
index.js

const MyList = ({ items }) => {
  return (
    <ul>
      {items.map((item, index) => (
        <li key={index}>{item}</li>
      ))}
    </ul>
  );
};
```



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Using Fragments

Use React Fragments to avoid adding unnecessary wrapping elements when rendering multiple elements.

```
index.js

const MyComponent = () => {
  return (
    <
      <h1>Title</h1>
      <p>Paragraph 1</p>
      <p>Paragraph 2</p>
    >
  );
};
```



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