

EMPLOYEE PROMOTION ANALYSIS

EXPLORATARY DATA ANALYSIS

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Employee Promotion Analysis

Project Overview

This project analyzes employee promotion trends using a dataset containing various employee attributes. The goal is to identify patterns and visualize the promotion distribution using a pie chart.

Dataset Information

• Filename: HR Analytics Dataset

• Total Records: 54,808

• Columns: 14

• **Target Variable** (1 = Promoted, 0 = Not Promoted)

Project Overview:-

Problem Statement: Predict employee promotion eligibility based on certain attributes/features.

Dataset Overview:

The dataset consists of multiple employee-related attributes, including demographic, performance, and training data. The target variable is is_promoted, which indicates whether an employee was promoted (1) or not (0).

Key Columns:

- 1. employee_id Unique identifier for each employee
- 2. department Department the employee belongs to
- 3. region Geographic region of the employee
- 4. education Employee's education level
- 5. gender Gender of the employee
- 6. recruitment_channel Source of recruitment
- 7. no_of_trainings Number of training programs attended
- 8.age Employee age
- 9.previous_year_rating Performance rating from the previous year

- 10.length of service Years of service in the company
- 11.KPIs met >80% Whether performance KPIs exceeded 80%
- 12.awards_won? Whether the employee has won any awards
- 13.avg training score Average score in training programs
- 14.is promoted **Target Variable** (1 = Promoted, 0 = Not Promoted)

Objectives

- Load and explore the dataset
- Analyze the distribution of promotions
- develop a predictive model for employee promotion. The model utilizes employee-related features to predict whether an employee will be promoted.

Implementation Steps

- 1. Load the Dataset
- Read the CSV file using pandas
- Inspect the dataset structure and missing values
- 2. Data preprocessing

Features:

- Categorical: department, region, education, gender, recruitment_channel
- Numerical: no_of_trainings, age, previous_year_rating, length_of_service, KPIs_met >80%, awards_won?, avg_training_score

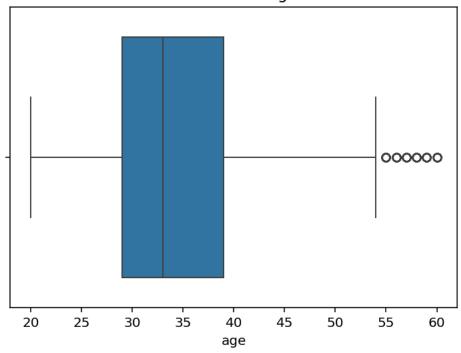
Handle missing values:

- education: Impute missing values using the mode (most frequent value in the columns
- previous_year_rating: Fill missing values with 0, as employees with length_of_service equal to 1 do not have a previous rating.

Outlier detection:

• In age column we are checking outliers

Outlier Detection In Age Column



- We have 1435 outliers in age column
- Most of the outliers are starting from age 55 to 60

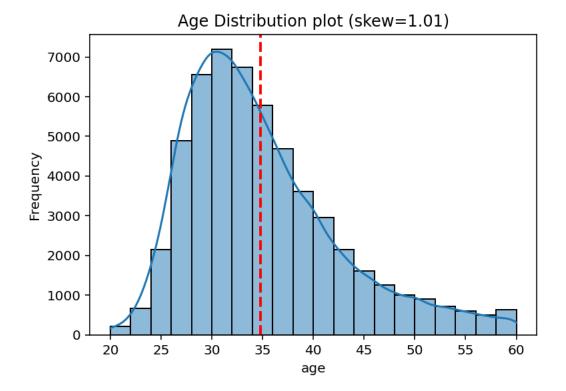
Checking distribution:

• Checking distribution of age column by violin plot

Distribution of age Column

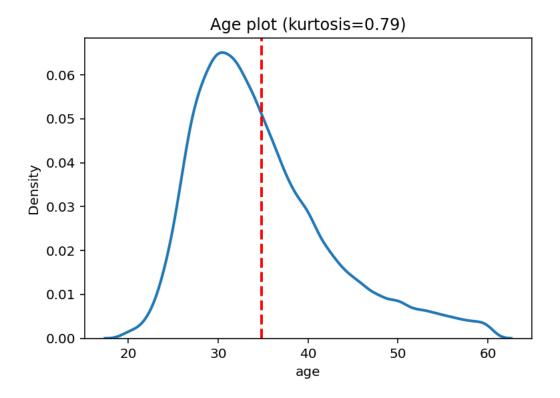
50
90 40
30
20 -

Histplot For Age Column:



- By This Plot We Can Say There Are More People Whose Age Is Below The Mean Age(33)
- Skew is is 1 it has positive skewness
- Mean age is 34.8

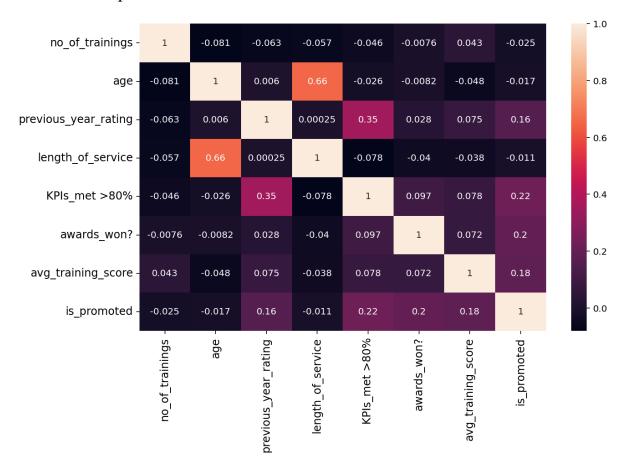
Plot For Kurtosis:



- The kurtosis is platkutic less extreme values
- It means the data mostly normal distributed
- It has standard deviation of 7.6 it was deviated from mean

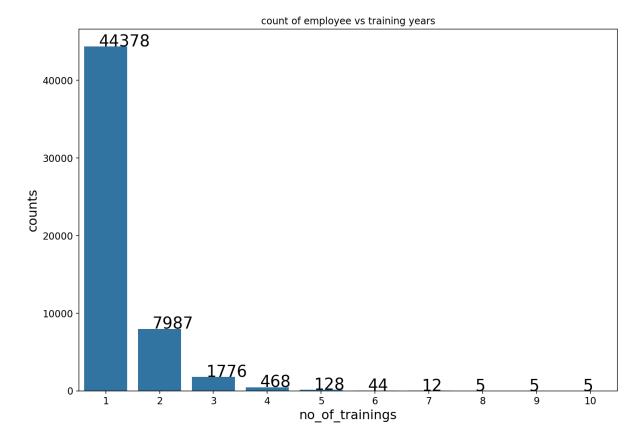
EXPLORATARY DATA ANALYSIS & VISUALIZATION

• Heatmap For Numerical Columns



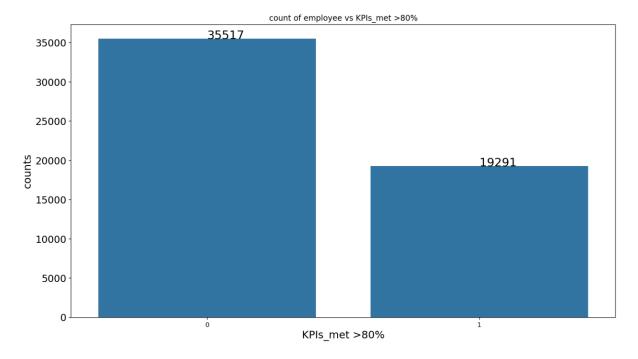
- Heatmap is to find corelations between numerical columns
- Age and length of service are mostly correlated
- Previous_year_rating and is_promoted corelation
- Kpi and previous year rating is corelated
- Most of values are not corelated much the data is non linear data

Countplot For no of trainings:



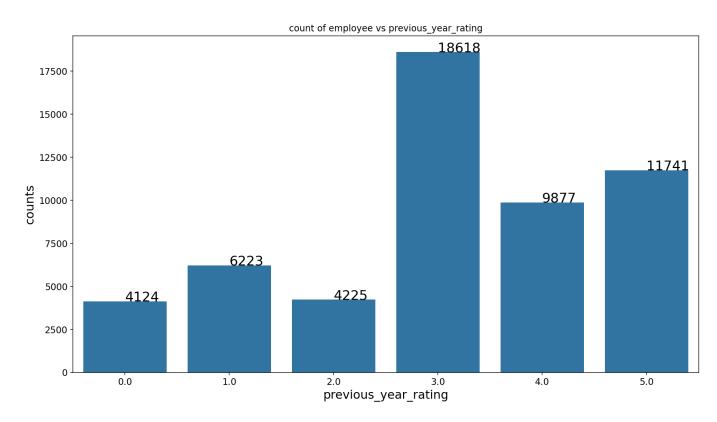
- Most Of Them Have 1 Year Of Training(44378)
- As 1 year suggest that may be they new joiners in the company

Countplot For KPIs_met >80%:



• As we see only 19291 who kpi are met are promoted

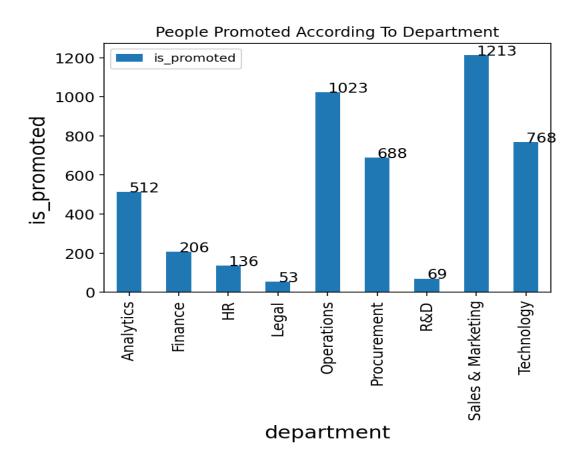
Countplot For previous_year_rating:



• Most of people previous year rating is 3

• We have 4124 employee with zero rating

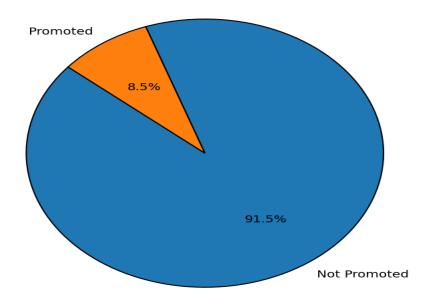
Bar Plot For "department" vs "is_promoted":



• Most of employees from sales marketing and operations is likely to get promoted

Pie Chart To Check Percentage Of People Promoted Vs Not Promoted:

Promotion Distribution



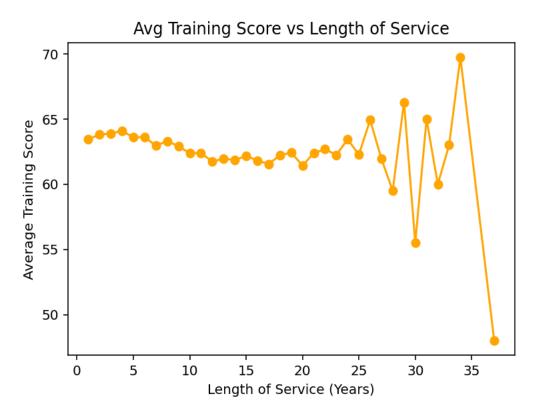
It looks like most of people are not likely to get promoted

Pivot Table For Education vs Is_promoted:

group_edu_prom - DataFrame)
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Index	education	not_promoted	is_promoted	promotion_per_edu	promotion_per_t	otal	
0	Bachelors	35948	3130	8.00962	5.71085		
1	BelowSecondary	738	67	8.32298	0.122245		
2	Mastersabove	13454	1471	9.85595	2.68391		

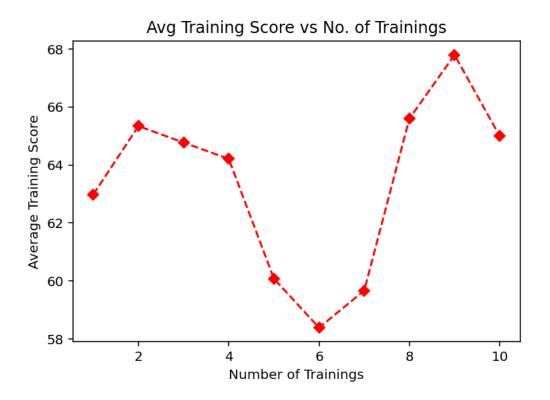
- We have more promotions in employee where education background bachelors
- But when we go to percentages of promotions according education and the mastersabove had more promotion rate with 9 percentage
- And according total employees the bachelors have more promotions

Line plot For avg_training_score vs length_of_service:



- The average training score is between 60-65 upto the experience of 24 years
- And we have highest score around experience of 32 to 34 years and drop in scores after that

Line plot For avg_training_score vs no_of_trainings:



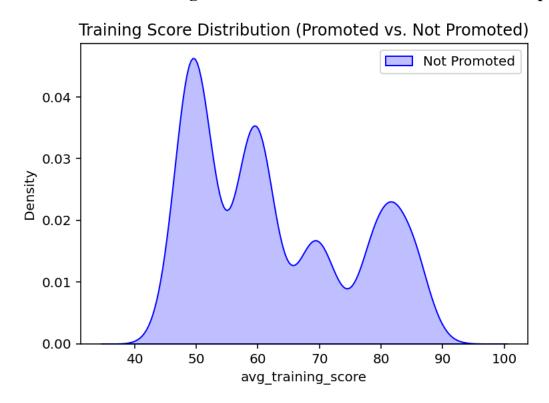
- The average score is more for employee who trainings of between 8 to 10
- There significant drop average training score at 5 to 7 number of trainings

Line plot For avg_training_score vs no_of_trainings:

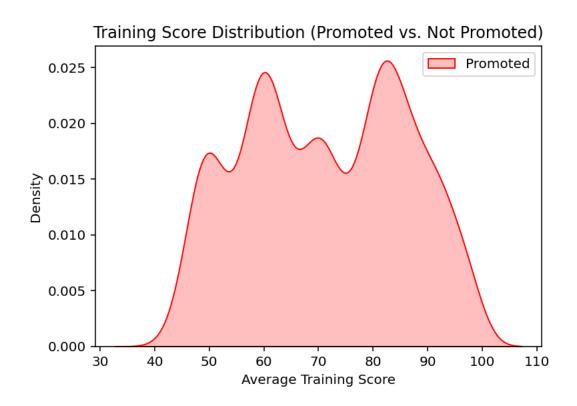


• From age 26 to 35 there is avg training score is more

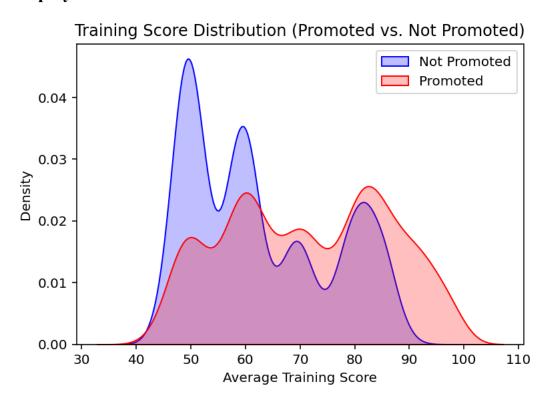
KDE Plot For Training Score Distribution for Non-Promoted Employee:



KDE Plot For Training Score Distribution for Promoted Employee:



KDE Plot For Training Score Distribution for Promoted vs. Non-Promoted Employee:

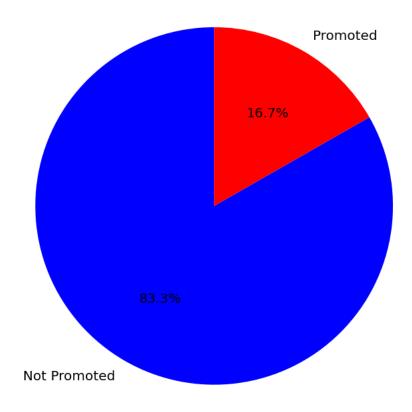


- The range promotions are more where avg training score is between 80 to 100
- By this we know which range of people is likely to get promoted

KPIs_met >80% vs promotion:

• To analyize if even kpi is met the percentage employee getting promoted or not

Promotion Distribution for Employees with KPIs > 80%



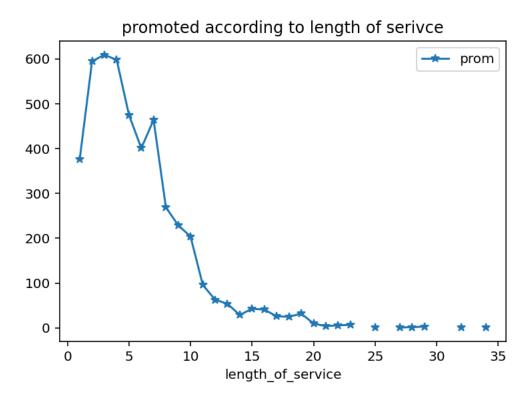
- Most of employees are not getting promoted even if kpi is greater than 80
- But there 16 percent of getting promotion if kpi is met

previous year rating vs promotions:

Index	previous_year_rating	not_promoted	promoted	promoted_acc_total	promoted_acc_rating
0	0	3785	339	0.618523	8.22017
1	1	6135	88	0.160561	1.41411
2	2	4044	181	0.330244	4.28402
3	3	17263	1355	2.47227	7.2779
4	4	9093	784	1.43045	7.93763
5	5	9820	1921	3.50496	16.3615

• People with rating 5 is getting promoted more

Length Of serivce vs is promoted:



• Promotions count is more in service 3 to 7

Length tof serivce vs is not_promoted:

