

Stanford CS229 Lecture - 3

Perceptron



$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \quad (\text{Sigmoid function})$$

$$h_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$

$$g(z) = \begin{cases} 1 & z \geq 0 \\ 0 & z < 0 \end{cases}$$

(Perceptron)

$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta^T x)$$

Formula

$$\theta_j := \theta_j + \alpha (y^{(i)} - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) x_j^{(i)}$$

→ 0 (algorithm got it right)
→ 1 (algorithm is wrong)

output ← $y^{(i)}$ can be only 0, 1
prediction ← $h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})$ can be only 0, 1

Visualisation

