# PL/SQL:

```
1 BEGIN
2 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('SQL IS EASY');
3 END;
```

```
BEGIN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('SQL IS EASY'); END;
SQL IS EASY
Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

## **DECLARATIVE AND EXECUTABLE STATEMENTS:**

```
DECLARE

V_DATE DATE:=SYSDATE;

BEGIN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(V_DATE);

END;
```

```
DECLARE V_DATE DATE:=SYSDATE; BEGIN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(V_DATE); END;

12-Aug-2024

Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

#### EXECUTABLE, DECLARATABLE AND EXCEAPTION HANDLING:

#### ADDING OF TWO NUMBERS:

```
Q
                   Α<u>:</u>
1
     DECLARE
        a integer := 10;
2
        b integer := 20;
        c integer;
        f real;
     BEGIN
        c := a + b;
        dbms_output.put_line('Value of c: ' || c);
        f := 70.0/3.0;
        dbms output.put line('Value of f: ' || f);
10
11
     END;
```

# **GREATEST OF TWO NUMBERS:**

```
DECLARE

a INTEGER := 10;
b INTEGER := 20;

BEGIN

IF a > b THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('A IS GREATER');

ELSE

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('B IS GREATER');

END IF;

END;
```

```
DECLARE a INTEGER := 10; b INTEGER := 20; BEGIN IF a > b THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('A IS GREATER'); ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('B IS GREATER');
BIS GREATER
Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

## CIRCLE AREA:

```
Q
                  Α±
     DECLARE
        pi constant number := 3.141592654;
        -- other declarations
        radius number(5,2);
        dia number(5,2);
        circumference number(7, 2);
        area number (10, 2);
        radius := 9.5;
11
        dia := radius * 2;
12
        circumference := 2.0 * pi * radius;
        area := pi * radius * radius;
        dbms_output.put_line('Radius: ' || radius);
        dbms_output.put_line('Diameter: ' || dia);
        dbms_output.put_line('Circumference: ' || circumference);
        dbms_output.put_line('Area: ' || area);
20
     END;
```

```
DECLARE -- constant declaration pi constant number := 3.141592654; -- other declarations radius number(5,2); dia number(5,2); circumference number(7, 2); area number (10, 2) BEGIN -- processing radius := 9.5; dia := radius * 2; circumference := 2.0 * pi * radius; area := pi * radius * radius; -- output dbms_output.put_line('liameter: '|| dia); dbms_output.put_line('Circumference: '|| circumference); dbms_output.put_line('Area: '|| area); END;

Radius 9.5

Bradius 9.5

Circumference: 9.69

Area: 283.55

Statement processed 0.00 seconds
```

#### NO OF CHARACTERS AND NO OF WORDS:

```
Q
                  A::
1 V DECLARE
           str VARCHAR2(40) := 'Tutorials Point';
           nchars NUMBER(4) := 0;
           nwords NUMBER(4) := 1;
           s CHAR;
6 ∨ BEGIN
        FOR i IN 1..Length(str) LOOP
           s := Substr(str, i, 1);
           nchars:= nchars+ 1;
           IF s = ' THEN
10
           nwords := nwords + 1;
11
12
           END IF;
13
     END LOOP;

∨ dbms output.Put line('count of characters is:'
15
        ||nchars);
16

√ dbms output.Put line('Count of words are: '
        ||nwords);
18
19
     END;
```

```
DECLARE str VARCHAR2(40) := 'Tutorials Point'; nchars NUMBER(4) := 0; nwords NUME nchars:= nchars+ 1; IF s = ' 'THEN nwords := nwords + 1; END IF; END LOOP; dbms_ | |nwords); END;

count of characters is:15
Count of words are: 2

Statement processed. 0.00 seconds
```

SUM OF N NUMBERS:

```
DECLARE

N NUMBER := 10;
N_SUM NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN

FOR i IN 1..N LOOP

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP;

dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM);

END;

DECLARE N NAMER := 10; N_SUM NAMER := 0; BEGIN FOR i IN 1..N LOOP N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM);

N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i; END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM); Begin by

N_SUM := N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line('the sum of n numbers is:'|| N_SUM + i;
END LOOP; dbms_output.Put_line(
```

Even numbers upto n:

```
Q A:
  DECLARE
      num NUMBER := 20; -- Example value for r
  BEGIN
      FOR i IN 2..num LOOP
          IF MOD(i, 2) = 0 THEN
             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);
          END IF;
      END LOOP;
 END:
DECLARE num NUMBER := 20; -- Example
2
4
6
8
10
12
14
16
18
20
Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

Odd numbers upto n:

```
DECLARE

num NUMBER := 20; -- Example value for n

BEGIN

FOR i IN 1..num LOOP

IF MOD(i, 2) != 0 THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);

END IF;

END LOOP;

END;
```

```
DECLARE num NUMBER := 20; -- Example value

1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19

Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

```
DECLARE

type namesarray IS VARRAY(5) OF VARCHAR2(10);

type grades IS VARRAY(5) OF INTEGER;

names namesarray;

marks grades;

total integer;

BEGIN

names := namesarray('Kavita', 'Pritam', 'Ayan', 'Rishav', 'Aziz');

marks:= grades(98, 97, 78, 87, 92);

total := names.count;

dbms_output.put_line('Total '|| total || 'Students');

FOR i in 1 .. total LOOP

dbms_output.put_line('Student: '|| names(i) || '

Marks: '|| marks(i));

END LOOP;
```

```
DECLARE type namesarray IS VARRAY(5) OF VARCHWR2(10); type grades IS VARRAY(5) OF INITEGR; names namesarray; marks grades; total integer; BEGIN names := namesarray('Kavita', 'Pritam', 'Ayan', 'Rishuv', 'Akiz'); marks:= grades(08, 97, 78, 87, 92); total := names.count; dbms_output.put_line('Total '|| total || 'Students'); FOR i in 1 .. total LOOP

Total S Students

Student Kavita Marks: 98

Student Hayan Marks: 78

Student: Ayan Marks: 78

Student: Ayan Marks: 87

Student: Ayaz Marks: 92

Statement processed. 0.00 seconds
```

```
DECLARE

v_input_string VARCHAR2(10) := '23146579';
v_odd_count NUMBER := 0;
v_even_count NUMBER := 0;

BEGIN

FOR i IN 1..LENGTH(v_input_string) LOOP

IF SUBSTR(v_input_string, i, 1) IN ('1', '3', '5', '7', '9') THEN

v_odd_count := v_odd_count + 1;
ELSIF SUBSTR(v_input_string, i, 1) IN ('0', '2', '4', '6', '8') THEN

v_even_count := v_even_count + 1;
END IF;

ND LOOP;
DBMS_OUTPUT_PUT_LINE('Number of odd digits: ' || v_odd_count);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of even digits: ' || v_even_count);
END;
```

```
DECLARE v_input_string VARCHAR2(10) := '23146579'; v_odd_count NL

1) IN ('1', '3', '5', '7', '9') THEN v_odd_count := v_odd_count +
END IF; END LOOP; DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of odd digits: ' || v_c

Number of odd digits: 5
Number of even digits: 3

Statement processed. 0.00 seconds
```

**CALCULATOR MODEL:** 

```
Q
A NUMBER;
B NUMBER;
 C NUMBER;
PROCEDURE FINDMIN(X IN NUMBER, Y IN NUMBER, Z OUT NUMBER ) IS
 IF X<Y THEN
Z:=X;
Z:=Y;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('THE MININMUMU VALUE: '||Z);
 END;
PROCEDURE FINDSUM(X IN NUMBER, Y IN NUMBER, Z OUT NUMBER )IS
Z:=X+Y;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('THE SUM VALUE: '||Z);
 END;
PROCEDURE FINDSUB(X IN NUMBER, Y IN NUMBER, Z OUT NUMBER )IS
 Z:=X-Y;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('THE SUB VALUE: '||Z);
 END;
PROCEDURE FINDMUL(X IN NUMBER, Y IN NUMBER, Z OUT NUMBER )IS
Z:=X*Y;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('THE MULTIPLICATION VALUE: '||Z);
 END;
PROCEDURE FINDDIV(X IN NUMBER, Y IN NUMBER, Z OUT NUMBER ) IS
Z:=X / Y;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('THE DIV VALUE: '||Z);
 A:=4;
B:=2;
FINDMIN(A,B,C);
FINDSUM(A,B,C);
FINDSUB(A,B,C);
FINDMUL(A,B,C);
FINDOIV(A,B,C);
FINDMUL(A,B,C); FINDDIV(A,B,C); END;
THE MININMUMU VALUE: 2
THE SUM VALUE: 6
THE SUB VALUE: 2
THE MULTIPLICATION VALUE: 8
THE DIV VALUE: 2
Statement processed, 0.00 seconds
```

Factorial using function:

```
Q
                 Α<u>:</u>
    DECLARE
       num number;
       factorial number;
    FUNCTION fact(x number)
    RETURN number
       f number;
0
       IF x=0 THEN
        f := 1;
       f := x * fact(x-1);
       END IF;
    RETURN f;
L6
    END;
8
9
       num:= 6;
20
       factorial := fact(num);
       dbms_output.put_line(' Factorial '|| num || ' is ' || factorial);
    END;
```

Maximum of two numbers using using function:

```
C Q
               A::
   DECLARE
     a number;
     b number:
     c number;
   FUNCTION findMax(x IN number, y IN number)
   RETURN number
   IS
      z number;
   BEGIN
     IF x > y THEN
      z:= x;
     ELSE
       Z:= y;
     END IF;
     RETURN z;
   END;
   BEGIN
     a:= 23;
     b:= 45;
     c := findMax(a, b);
     dbms_output.put_line(' Maximum of (23,45): ' || c);
   END;
          a number; b number; c number; FUNCTIO
DECLARE
RETURN z; END; BEGIN a:= 23; b:= 45;
Maximum of (23,45): 45
Statement processed. 0.00 seconds
```

```
CQ
                 Α<u>:</u>
     DECLARE
                       Auto Complete - Ctrl+Space
        a number;
2
       fibonacci number;
     FUNCTION fibonacci(x IN number)
     RETURN number
     IS
         f number;
        IF x > y THEN
         z:= x;
11
        ELSE
12
        z:= y;
13
        END IF;
        RETURN z;
14
15
     END;
     BEGIN
17
        a:= 23;
        b:= 45;
18
        c := findMax(a, b);
19
        dbms_output.put_line(' Maximum of (23,45): ' || c);
     END;
21
```

Fibonacci series using function:

```
DECLARE

num NUMBER;
fibonacci_number NUMBER;
fUNCTION fib(x NUMBER)

RETURN NUMBER

IS

f NUMBER;

BEGIN

IF x = 0 THEN

f := 0;
ELSIF x = 1 THEN

f := 1;
ELSE

f := fib(x-1) + fib(x-2);
END IF;
RETURN f;
END;

BEGIN

num := 6;
fibonacci_number := fib(num);
dbms_output.put_line('Fibonacci number ' || num || ' is ' || fibonacci_number);
END;
```

```
DECLARE num NUMBER; fibonacci_number NUMBER; f := 1; ELSE f := fib(x-1) + fib(x-2) || ' is ' || fibonacci_number); END;

Fibonacci number 6 is 8

Statement processed. 0.01 seconds
```

INSERT THE DATA EXPLICITLY:



GOUTHAM@EMAIL.COM

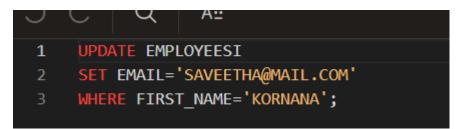
INSERT THE DATA IMPLICITLY:

KORNANA

```
1 INSERT INTO EMPLOYEESI
2 VALUES(434532, 'MILKY', 'MANASA', 'MANASA@EMAIL.COM');
3
```

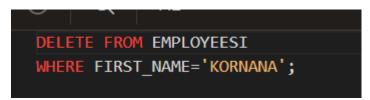
EDIT	EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL
	434532	MILKY	MANASA	Manasa@email.com

## UPDATE:



	Query	Count Roy	ws Insert Row	Load Data			
ı	EDI	т	EMP_ID		FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL
ı			434532		MILKY	MANASA	MANASA@EMAIL.COM
			434532		KORNANA	GOUTHAM	Saveetha@mail.com

# DELETING THE DATA SYNTAX;



EDIT	EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL
	434532	MILKY	MANASA	MANASA@EMAIL.COM

## MERGE:

```
MERGE INTO EMPLO E
USING DEP D
ON (E.DEPARTMENT_ID=D.DEPARTMENT_ID)
WHEN MATCHED THEN
UPDATE SET E.FIRST_NAME=D.DEPARTMENT_ID*05;
```

Query Count Ro	COURT NOWS HISELY NOW LOGO USES						
EDIT	EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID			
ď		50	KORNANA	10			
ď		100	EDUKONDALU	20			
ď		100	MAHESH	20			
ď		150	KONIDELA	30			
ď	4	150	RAJ	30			