

ASSIGNMENT-01

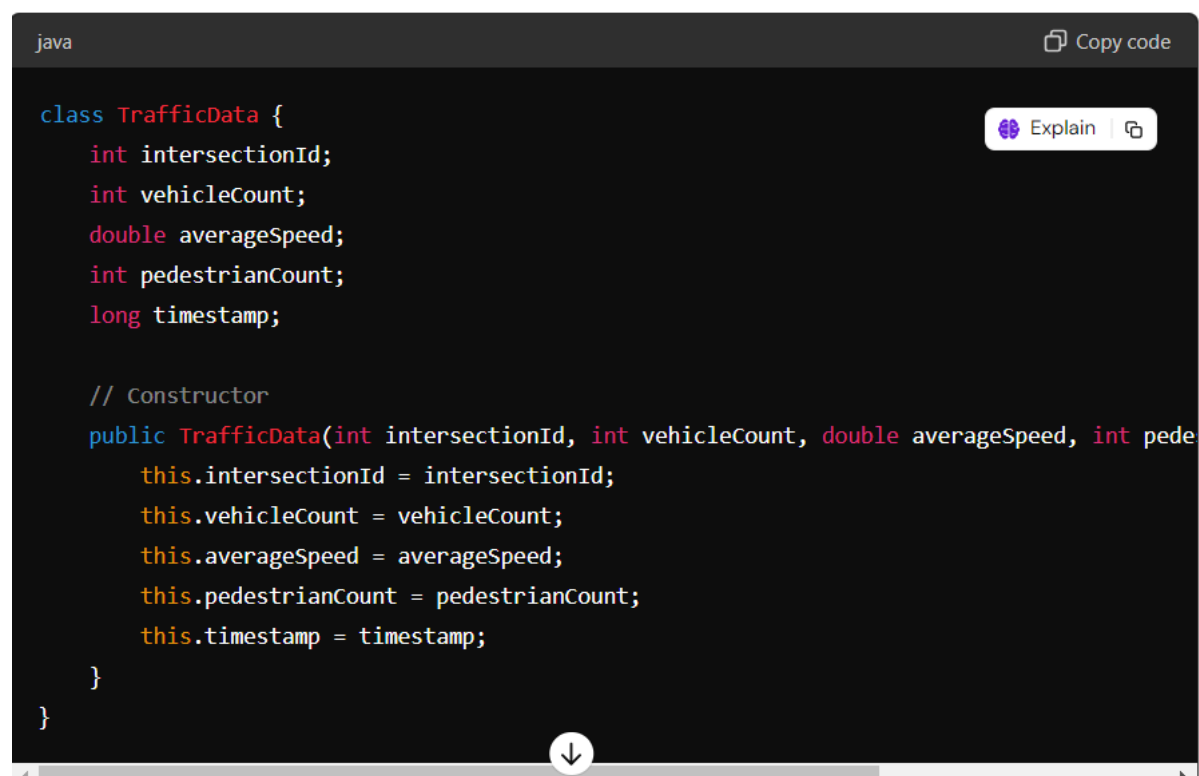
Smart Traffic Signal Optimization

Scenario: You are part of a team working on an initiative to optimize traffic signal management in a busy city to reduce congestion and improve traffic flow efficiency using smart technologies

1. Data Collection and Modeling

- **Objective:** Define the data structure to collect real-time traffic data from sensors.

Data Structure Example:

A screenshot of a Java code editor with a dark theme. The code defines a class named TrafficData with five attributes: intersectionId (int), vehicleCount (int), averageSpeed (double), pedestrianCount (int), and timestamp (long). It also includes a constructor that initializes these attributes. The editor has a 'Copy code' button in the top right and an 'Explain' button with a purple icon. A scroll bar is visible at the bottom.

```
java                                                                    Copy code

class TrafficData {
    int intersectionId;
    int vehicleCount;
    double averageSpeed;
    int pedestrianCount;
    long timestamp;

    // Constructor
    public TrafficData(int intersectionId, int vehicleCount, double averageSpeed, int pede
        this.intersectionId = intersectionId;
        this.vehicleCount = vehicleCount;
        this.averageSpeed = averageSpeed;
        this.pedestrianCount = pedestrianCount;
        this.timestamp = timestamp;
    }
}
```

2. Algorithm Design

- **Objective:** Develop a simple algorithm to analyze the collected data and optimize traffic signal timings dynamically.

Pseudocode Example:

Algorithm OptimizeSignalTimings:

Input: trafficData

Output: signalTimings

for each data in trafficData:

 if data.vehicleCount > 100:

 extend green light

 else if data.pedestrianCount > 20:

 prioritize pedestrian crossing

 else:

 use default timings

return signalTimings

3. Implementation

- **Objective:** Implement a Java application that adjusts signal timings in real-time.

Java Code

```
import java.util.List;
```

```
class TrafficSignalController {
```

```
    List<TrafficData> trafficDataList;
```

```
    public TrafficSignalController(List<TrafficData> trafficDataList) {
```

```
        this.trafficDataList = trafficDataList;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void optimizeSignalTimings() {
```

```
        for (TrafficData data : trafficDataList) {
```

```
            if (data.vehicleCount > 100) {
```

```
                System.out.println("Extending green light at intersection " + data.intersectionId);
```

```
            } else if (data.pedestrianCount > 20) {
```

```
                System.out.println("Prioritizing pedestrian crossing at intersection " +  
data.intersectionId);
```

```
            } else {
```

```
                System.out.println("Using default timings at intersection " + data.intersectionId);
```

```

    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Example data
    List<TrafficData> dataList = List.of(
        new TrafficData(1, 150, 30.0, 10, System.currentTimeMillis()),
        new TrafficData(2, 50, 25.0, 30, System.currentTimeMillis()),
        new TrafficData(3, 80, 20.0, 5, System.currentTimeMillis())
    );
    TrafficSignalController controller = new TrafficSignalController(dataList);
    controller.optimizeSignalTimings();
}
}

```

4. Visualization and Reporting

- **Objective:** Develop basic visualizations to monitor traffic conditions and signal timings.
- **Tools:** Use simple console outputs for monitoring.

Example Console Output:

```

sql Copy code

Extending green light at intersection 1
Prioritizing pedestrian crossing at intersection 2
Using default timings at intersection 3

```

5. User Interaction

- **Objective:** Provide a basic interface for traffic managers.

Basic Interface Example

```

class TrafficManagerUI {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Traffic Signal Optimization System");
    }
}

```

```
        System.out.println("1. Monitor Traffic");  
        System.out.println("2. Adjust Signal Timings");  
        // Here is a add code to interact with the user and call appropriate methods  
    }  
}
```

Deliverables:

1. Data Flow Diagram:

Illustrate how real-time traffic data is collected, analyzed, and used to optimize traffic signal timings.

2. Pseudocode and Implementation:

Provide the simple pseudocode and Java code given above.

3. Documentation:

Explain the basic design decisions behind the algorithms and data structures used.

4. User Interface:

Develop a basic console interface for traffic managers to interact with the system.

5. Testing:

Include simple test cases in the `main` method to validate the functionality.

Testing Example:

- **Unit Tests:** Validate individual data processing logic.
- **Integration Tests:** Ensure data flow and interaction between data collection and signal adjustment.

This simplified version focuses on the core functionality and provides a foundation to build upon for a more comprehensive solution. Adjustments can be made to enhance features and complexity based on specific requirements.