Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 5_CY

Attempt : 2 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

James is an engineer working on designing a new rocket propulsion system. He needs to solve a quadratic equation to determine the optimal launch trajectory. The equation is of the form ax2 +bx+c=0.

Your task is to help James find the roots of this quadratic equation. Depending on the discriminant, the roots might be real and distinct, real and equal, or complex. Implement a program to determine and display the roots of the equation based on the given coefficients.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of coefficients.

The second line contains three space-separated integers a,b, and c representing the coefficients of the quadratic equation.

Output Format

The output displays:

- 1. If the discriminant is positive, display the two real roots.
- 2. If the discriminant is zero, display the repeated real root.
- 3. If the discriminant is negative, display the complex roots as a tuple with real and imaginary parts.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 3
 156
Output: (-2.0, -3.0)
 Answer
 import math
_ = int(input().strip())
a, b, c = map(int, input().split())
d = b*b - 4*a*c
if d > 0:
   r1 = (-b + math.sqrt(d)) / (2*a)
   r2 = (-b - math.sqrt(d)) / (2*a)
   print((r1,r2))
 elif d == 0:
   r = -b / (2*a)
   print((r,r))
 else:
   real = -b / (2*a)
 imag = math.sqrt(-d) / (2*a)
   print(((real, imag), (real, -imag)))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Alex is working with grayscale pixel intensities from an old photo that has been scanned in a single row. To detect edges in the image, Alex needs to calculate the differences between each pair of consecutive pixel intensities.

Your task is to write a program that performs this calculation and returns the result as a tuple of differences.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer n, representing the number of pixel intensities.

The second line contains n space-separated integers representing the pixel intensities.

Output Format

The output displays a tuple containing the absolute differences between consecutive pixel intensities.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
```

200 100 20 80 10

Output: (100, 80, 60, 70)

Answer

```
n = int(input().strip())
```

```
pixels = list(map(int,input().strip().split()))
```

differences = tuple(abs(pixels[i] - pixels[i+1]) for i in range(n-1))

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Noah, a global analyst at a demographic research firm, has been tasked with identifying which country experienced the largest population growth over a two-year period. He has a dataset where each entry consists of a country code and its population figures for two consecutive years. Noah needs to determine which country had the highest increase in population and present the result in a specific format.

Help Noah by writing a program that outputs the country code with the largest population increase, along with the increase itself.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of countries.

Each of the following N blocks contains three lines:

- 1. The first line is a country code.
- 2. The second line is an integer representing the population of the country in the first year.
- 3. The third line is an integer representing the population of the country in the second year.

Output Format

The output displays the country code and the population increase in the format {code: difference}, where code is the country code and difference is the increase in population.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 3
    01
1000
    1500
    02
    2000
    2430
    03
    1500
    3000
    Output: {03:1500}
    Answer
    N = int(input().strip())
   max_diff = float('-inf')
    max_code = ""
    for _ in range(N):
      code = input().strip()
      pop_year1 = int(input().strip())
      pop_year2 = int(input().strip())
      diff = pop_year2 - pop_year1
      if diff > max diff:
      max_diff = diff
        max_code = code
    print(f'{{{max_code}:{max_diff}}}')
```

4. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

Samantha is working on a text analysis tool that compares two words to find common and unique letters. She wants a program that reads two words, w1, and w2, and performs the following operations:

Marks: 10/10

Print the letters common to both words, in alphabetical order.Print the

letters that are unique to each word, in alphabetical order. Determine if the set of letters in the first word is a superset of the letters in the second word. Check if there are no common letters between the two words and print the result as a Boolean value.

Ensure the program ignores case differences and leading/trailing spaces in the input words.

Your task is to help Samantha in implementing the same.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a string representing the first word, w1.

The second line consists of a string representing the second word, w2.

Output Format

The first line of output should display the sorted letters common to both words, printed as a list.

The second line should display the sorted letters that are unique to each word, printed as a list.

The third line should display a Boolean value indicating if the set of letters in w1 is a superset of the set of letters in w2.

The fourth line should display a Boolean value indicating if there are no common letters between w1 and w2.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: program
Peace
Output: ['a', 'p']
['c', 'e', 'g', 'm', 'o', 'r']
False
False

```
Answer

w1 = input().strip().lower()

w2 = input().strip().lower()

set1 = set(w1)
set2 = set(w2)

common_letters = sorted(set1.intersection(set2))

unique_letters = sorted(set1.symmetric_difference(set2))

is_superset = set1.issuperset(set2)

no_common = set1.isdisjoint(set2)

print(common_letters)
print(unique_letters)
print(is_superset)
print(no_common)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

24,150,1060

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