## MIPS32® Instruction Set Quick Reference

RD — DESTINATION REGISTER
RS, RT — SOURCE OPERAND REGISTERS

RA — RETURN ADDRESS REGISTER (R31)

PC — PROGRAM COUNTER
ACC — 64-BIT ACCUMULATOR

Lo, HI — Accumulator low (Acc<sub>31:0</sub>) and high (Acc<sub>63:32</sub>) parts

± — Signed operand or sign extension

Ø — Unsigned operand or zero extension

∷ — Concatenation of bit fields

R2 — MIPS32 Release 2 instruction

ASSEMBLER PSEUDO-INSTRUCTION

PLEASE REFER TO "MIPS32 ARCHITECTURE FOR PROGRAMMERS VOLUME II: THE MIPS32 INSTRUCTION SET" FOR COMPLETE INSTRUCTION SET INFORMATION.

Arithmetic Operations		
ADD	RD, Rs, RT	$R_D = R_S + R_T$ (OVERFLOW TRAP)
ADDI	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = R_S + const 16^{\pm}$ (overflow trap)
ADDIU	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = R_S + const 16^{\pm}$
ADDU	RD, Rs, RT	$R_D = R_S + R_T$
CLO	RD, Rs	$R_D = C_{OUNT}L_{EADING}O_{NES}(R_S)$
CLZ	Rd, Rs	$R_D = C_{OUNT} L_{EADING} Z_{EROS}(R_S)$
LA	Rd, label	$R_D = A_{DDRESS}(LABEL)$
LI	Rd, imm32	$R_D = IMM32$
LUI	Rd, const16	$R_D = const16 \ll 16$
MOVE	RD, Rs	$R_D = R_S$
NEGU	RD, Rs	$R_D = -R_S$
$SEB^{R2} \\$	RD, RS	$R_{\rm D} = R_{\rm S_{7:0}}^{\pm}$
SEH <sup>R2</sup>	RD, RS	$R_D = R_{S_{15:0}}^{\pm}$
SUB	RD, RS, RT	$R_D = R_S - R_T$ (OVERFLOW TRAP)
SUBU	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = R_S - R_T$

Shift and Rotate Operations		
ROTR <sup>R2</sup>	Rd, Rs, bits5	$R_D = R_{S_{BITS5-1:0}} :: R_{S_{31:BITS5}}$
ROTRV <sup>R2</sup>	RD, RS, RT	$R_D = R_{S_{RT4:0-1:0}} :: R_{S_{31:RT4:0}}$
SLL	Rd, Rs, shift5	$R_D = R_S \ll SHIFT5$
SLLV	RD, Rs, RT	$R_D = R_S << R_{T_{4:0}}$
SRA	Rd, Rs, shift5	$R_D = R_S^{\pm} >> SHIFT5$
SRAV	RD, RS, RT	$R_D = R_S^{\pm} >> R_{T_{4:0}}$
SRL	Rd, Rs, shift5	$R_D = R_S^{\varnothing} >> SHIFT5$
SRLV	RD, RS, RT	$R_D = R_S^{\varnothing} >> R_{T_{4:0}}$

	LOGICAL AND BIT-FIELD OPERATIONS		
AND	RD, Rs, RT	$R_D = R_S \& R_T$	
ANDI	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = R_S \& const 16^{\varnothing}$	
EXT <sup>R2</sup>	RD, Rs, P, S	$R_S = R_{S_{P+S-1:P}}^{\varnothing}$	
INS <sup>R2</sup>	RD, RS, P, S	$R_{D_{P+S-1:P}} = R_{S_{S-1:0}}$	
NOP		No-op	
NOR	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = \sim (R_S \mid R_T)$	
NOT	RD, RS	$R_D = \sim R_S$	
OR	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = R_S \mid R_T$	
ORI	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = R_S \mid const16^{\emptyset}$	
WSBH <sup>R2</sup>	RD, RS	$R_D = R_{S_{23:16}} :: R_{S_{31:24}} :: R_{S_{7:0}} :: R_{S_{15:8}}$	
XOR	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = R_S \oplus R_T$	
XORI	RD, Rs, CONST16	$R_D = Rs \oplus const16^{\varnothing}$	

(	CONDITION TESTING AND CONDITIONAL MOVE OPERATIONS		
MOVN	Rd, Rs, Rt	IF $R_T \neq 0$ , $R_D = R_S$	
MOVZ	Rd, Rs, Rt	$_{\mathrm{IF}}$ $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=0$ , $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{D}}=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$	
SLT	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = (R_S^{\pm} < R_T^{\pm}) ? 1 : 0$	
SLTI	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = (R_S^{\pm} < CONST16^{\pm}) ? 1 : 0$	
SLTIU	Rd, Rs, const16	$R_D = (Rs^{\varnothing} < \text{const} 16^{\varnothing}) ? 1 : 0$	
SLTU	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = (Rs^{\varnothing} < R_T^{\varnothing}) ? 1 : 0$	

MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE OPERATIONS		
DIV	Rs, Rt	$Lo = Rs^{\pm} / RT^{\pm}$ ; $HI = Rs^{\pm} MOD RT^{\pm}$
DIVU	Rs, RT	$L_0 = R_S^{\varnothing} / R_T^{\varnothing}; H_I = R_S^{\varnothing} \mod R_T^{\varnothing}$
MADD	Rs, Rt	$A_{CC} += R_S^{\pm} \times R_T^{\pm}$
MADDU	Rs, Rt	$A_{CC} += R_S^{\varnothing} \times R_T^{\varnothing}$
MSUB	Rs, Rt	$A_{CC} = R_S^{\pm} \times R_T^{\pm}$
MSUBU	Rs, Rt	$Acc = Rs^{\varnothing} \times Rt^{\varnothing}$
MUL	Rd, Rs, Rt	$R_D = R_S^{\pm} \times R_T^{\pm}$
MULT	Rs, Rt	$A_{CC} = R_S^{\pm} \times R_T^{\pm}$
MULTU	Rs, Rt	$Acc = Rs^{\varnothing} \times Rr^{\varnothing}$

Accumulator Access Operations		
MFHI	Rd	$R_D = H_I$
MFLO	Rd	$R_D = L_O$
MTHI	Rs	$H_I = R_S$
MTLO	Rs	Lo = Rs

	JUMPS AND BRANCHES (NOTE: ONE DELAY SLOT)		
<u>B</u>	OFF18	PC += OFF18 <sup>±</sup>	
BAL	OFF18	$R_A = PC + 8$ , $PC += OFF18^{\pm}$	
BEQ	Rs, Rt, off18	$_{\rm IF}$ $R_{\rm S}$ = $R_{\rm T}$ , $PC$ += $_{\rm OFF}18^{\pm}$	
BEQZ	Rs, off18	$_{\rm IF} R_{\rm S} = 0, PC += _{\rm OFF} 18^{\pm}$	
BGEZ	Rs, off18	IF Rs $\geq 0$ , PC $+=$ OFF $18^{\pm}$	
BGEZAL	Rs, off18	$R_A = PC + 8$ ; IF $R_S \ge 0$ , $PC += OFF18^{\pm}$	
BGTZ	Rs, off18	$_{\rm IF} {\rm R}_{\rm S} > 0, {\rm PC} += _{\rm OFF} 18^{\pm}$	
BLEZ	Rs, off18	IF Rs $\leq$ 0, PC += OFF 18 <sup>±</sup>	
BLTZ	Rs, off18	$_{\rm IF} { m Rs} < 0, { m PC} += { m OFF} 18^{\pm}$	
BLTZAL	Rs, off18	$R_A = PC + 8$ ; IF $R_S < 0$ , $PC += OFF18^{\pm}$	
BNE	Rs, Rt, off18	IF Rs $\neq$ RT, PC $+=$ OFF18 $^{\pm}$	
BNEZ	Rs, off18	IF Rs $\neq$ 0, PC += OFF18 <sup>±</sup>	
J	ADDR28	$PC = PC_{31:28} :: ADDR28^{\varnothing}$	
JAL	ADDR28	$R_A = PC + 8$ ; $PC = PC_{31:28} :: ADDR 28^{\emptyset}$	
JALR	RD, RS	$R_D = PC + 8$ ; $PC = R_S$	
JR	Rs	PC = Rs	

LOAD AND STORE OPERATIONS		
LB	Rd, off16(Rs)	$R_D = \text{MEM}8(R_S + \text{OFF}16^{\pm})^{\pm}$
LBU	Rd, off16(Rs)	$R_{\rm D} = {}_{\rm MEM}8(R_{\rm S} + {}_{\rm OFF}16^{\pm})^{\varnothing}$
LH	Rd, off16(Rs)	$R_{\rm D} = _{\rm MEM} 16 (R_{\rm S} + _{\rm OFF} 16^{\pm})^{\pm}$
LHU	Rd, off16(Rs)	$R_{\rm D} = _{\rm MEM} 16 (R_{\rm S} + _{\rm OFF} 16^{\pm})^{\varnothing}$
LW	RD, OFF16(Rs)	$R_D = \text{MEM}32(R_S + \text{OFF}16^{\pm})$
LWL	RD, OFF16(Rs)	$R_D = L_{OAD}W_{ORD}L_{EFT}(R_S + off 16^{\pm})$
LWR	RD, OFF16(Rs)	$R_D = L_{OAD}W_{ORD}R_{IGHT}(R_S + off 16^{\pm})$
SB	Rs, off16(Rt)	$_{\text{MEM8}}(R_{\text{T}} + _{\text{OFF}}16^{\pm}) = R_{S_{7:0}}$
SH	Rs, off16(Rt)	$_{\text{MEM}}16(R_{\text{T}} + _{\text{OFF}}16^{\pm}) = R_{S_{15:0}}$
SW	Rs, off16(Rt)	$MEM32(RT + OFF16^{\pm}) = Rs$
SWL	Rs, off16(Rt)	STOREWORDLEFT(RT + OFF 16 <sup>±</sup> , Rs)
SWR	Rs, off16(Rt)	STOREWORDRIGHT(RT + OFF $16^{\pm}$ , Rs)
ULW	Rd, off16(Rs)	$R_D = U_NALIGNED\_MEM32(R_S + OFF16^{\pm})$
USW	Rs, off16(Rt)	UNALIGNED_MEM $32(R_T + off16^{\pm}) = R_S$

	Atomic Read-Modify-Write Operations		
LL	RD, OFF16(Rs)	$R_D = \text{MEM} 32(R_S + \text{OFF} 16^{\pm}); \text{LINK}$	
SC	Rd, off16(Rs)	IF ATOMIC, MEM32(Rs + OFF16 $^{\pm}$ ) = RD; RD = ATOMIC? 1:0	

REGISTERS		
0	zero	Always equal to zero
1	at	Assembler temporary; used by the assembler
2-3	v0-v1	Return value from a function call
4-7	a0-a3	First four parameters for a function call
8-15	t0-t7	Temporary variables; need not be preserved
16-23	s0-s7	Function variables; must be preserved
24-25	t8-t9	Two more temporary variables
26-27	k0-k1	Kernel use registers; may change unexpectedly
28	gp	Global pointer
29	sp	Stack pointer
30	fp/s8	Stack frame pointer or subroutine variable
31	ra	Return address of the last subroutine call

#### DEFAULT C CALLING CONVENTION (O32)

#### **Stack Management**

- The stack grows down.
  - Subtract from \$sp to allocate local storage space.
- Restore \$sp by adding the same amount at function exit.
- The stack must be 8-byte aligned.
  - Modify \$sp only in multiples of eight.

#### **Function Parameters**

- Every parameter smaller than 32 bits is promoted to 32 bits.
- First four parameters are passed in registers \$a0-\$a3.
- 64-bit parameters are passed in register pairs:
  - Little-endian mode: \$a1:\$a0 or \$a3:\$a2.
  - Big-endian mode: \$a0:\$a1 or \$a2:\$a3.
- Every subsequent parameter is passed through the stack.
- First 16 bytes on the stack are not used.
- Assuming \$sp was not modified at function entry:
  - The 1<sup>st</sup> stack parameter is located at 16(\$sp).
  - The 2<sup>nd</sup> stack parameter is located at 20(\$sp), etc.
- 64-bit parameters are 8-byte aligned.

#### **Return Values**

- 32-bit and smaller values are returned in register \$v0.
- 64-bit values are returned in registers \$v0 and \$v1:
- Little-endian mode: \$v1:\$v0.
- Big-endian mode: \$v0:\$v1.

	MIPS32 Virtual Address Space				
kseg3	0xE000.0000	0xFFFF.FFFF	Mapped	Cached	
ksseg	0xC000.0000	0xDFFF.FFFF	Mapped	Cached	
kseg1	0xA000.0000	0xBFFF.FFFF	Unmapped	Uncached	
kseg0	0x8000.0000	0x9FFF.FFFF	Unmapped	Cached	
useg	0x0000.0000	0x7FFF.FFFF	Mapped	Cached	

#### READING THE CYCLE COUNT REGISTER FROM C

```
unsigned mips_cycle_counter_read()
{
    unsigned cc;
    asm volatile("mfc0 %0, $9" : "=r" (cc));
    return (cc << 1);
}</pre>
```

```
ASSEMBLY-LANGUAGE FUNCTION EXAMPLE
# int asm max(int a, int b)
# {
  int r = (a < b) ? b : a;
   return r;
# }
    .text
    .set
             nomacro
             noreorder
    .set
    .global asm max
    .ent
             asm max
asm max:
             $v0, $a0
    move
    slt
             $t0, $a0, $a1
                             # a < b ?
             $ra
                              # return
    ήr
    movn
             $v0, $a1, $t0
                            # if ves, r = b
    .end
             asm max
```

#### C / ASSEMBLY-LANGUAGE FUNCTION INTERFACE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int asm_max(int a, int b);
int main()
{
   int x = asm_max(10, 100);
   int y = asm_max(200, 20);
   printf("%d %d\n", x, y);
}
```

### INVOKING MULT AND MADD INSTRUCTIONS FROM C

```
int dp(int a[], int b[], int n)
{
    int i;
    long long acc = (long long) a[0] * b[0];
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
        acc += (long long) a[i] * b[i];
    return (acc >> 31);
}
```

#### ATOMIC READ-MODIFY-WRITE EXAMPLE

```
atomic_inc:

11  $t0, 0($a0)  # load linked
addiu  $t1, $t0, 1  # increment
sc  $t1, 0($a0)  # store cond'l
beqz  $t1, atomic_inc  # loop if failed
nop
```

#### ACCESSING UNALIGNED DATA NOTE: ULW AND USW AUTOMATICALLY GENERATE APPROPRIATE CODE LITTLE-ENDIAN MODE BIG-ENDIAN MODE LWR LWL RD, OFF16(Rs) RD, OFF16(Rs) LWL RD, OFF16+3(Rs) LWR RD, OFF16+3(Rs) SWR RD, OFF16(Rs) SWL RD, OFF16(Rs) SWL RD. OFF16+3(Rs) **SWR** RD. OFF16+3(Rs)

# typedef struct { int u; } \_\_attribute\_\_((packed)) unaligned; int unaligned\_load(void \*ptr) { unaligned \*uptr = (unaligned \*)ptr; return uptr->u; }

MIPS SDE-GCC Compiler Defines		
mips	MIPS ISA (= 32 for MIPS32)	
mips_isa_rev	MIPS ISA Revision (= 2 for MIPS32 R2)	
mips_dsp	DSP ASE extensions enabled	
_MIPSEB	Big-endian target CPU	
_MIPSEL	Little-endian target CPU	
_MIPS_ARCH_CPU	Target CPU specified by -march=CPU	
_MIPS_TUNE_CPU	Pipeline tuning selected by -mtune=CPU	

#### Notes

- Many assembler pseudo-instructions and some rarely used machine instructions are omitted.
- The C calling convention is simplified. Additional rules apply when passing complex data structures as function parameters.
- The examples illustrate syntax used by GCC compilers.
- Most MIPS processors increment the cycle counter every other cycle. Please check your processor documentation.