

Problem 7: Set 3, 15

$$[C] = e^{-[\tilde{\gamma}]} = e^{-\phi[\tilde{e}]} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} (-\phi[\tilde{e}])^n$$

$$= [I]_{3 \times 3} - \frac{1}{1!} \phi[\tilde{e}] + \frac{1}{2!} \phi^2[\tilde{e}]^2 - \frac{1}{3!} \phi^3[\tilde{e}]^3 + \frac{1}{4!} \phi^4[\tilde{e}]^4 \dots$$

$n = \text{odds} : [\tilde{e}]^n =$  (see Mathematics Notebook)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\hat{e}_3(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} & \hat{e}_2(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \\ \hat{e}_3(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} & 0 & -\hat{e}_1(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \\ -\hat{e}_2(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} & \hat{e}_1(\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} & 0 \end{pmatrix} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_2 \\ \hat{e}_3 & 0 & -\hat{e}_1 \\ -\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} = \underline{[\tilde{e}]} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$\hat{e}\hat{e}^T = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{e}_1^2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_2^2 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_3^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$n = \text{evens} : [\tilde{e}]^n =$  (see Mathematics Notebook)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\hat{e}_2^2 - \hat{e}_3^2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & -\hat{e}_1^2 - \hat{e}_3^2 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 & -\hat{e}_1^2 - \hat{e}_2^2 \end{pmatrix} (-1)^{\frac{n}{2}-1} (\hat{e}_1^2 + \hat{e}_2^2 + \hat{e}_3^2)^{\frac{n}{2}-1}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \hat{e}_1^2 - 1 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \hat{e}_2^2 - 1 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 \\ \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_3 & \hat{e}_3^2 - 1 \end{pmatrix} (-1)^{\frac{n}{2}-1} = \underline{(\hat{e}\hat{e}^T - [I]_{3 \times 3})} (-1)^{\frac{n}{2}-1}$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} \dots$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} \dots$$

$$[C] = [I]_{3 \times 3} - \phi[\tilde{e}] + \frac{1}{2!} \phi^2 \cdot (\hat{e}\hat{e}^T - [I]_{3 \times 3}) + \frac{1}{3!} \phi^3 [\tilde{e}] - \frac{1}{4!} \phi^4 (\hat{e}\hat{e}^T - [I]_{3 \times 3}) \dots$$

$$= [I]_{3 \times 3} \cos \phi - \sin \phi [\tilde{e}] + [I]_{3 \times 3} \hat{e}\hat{e}^T - [I]_{3 \times 3} \hat{e}\hat{e}^T + \frac{1}{2!} \phi^2 \hat{e}\hat{e}^T - \frac{1}{4!} \phi^4 \hat{e}\hat{e}^T$$

$$= [I]_{3 \times 3} \cos \phi - \sin \phi [\tilde{e}] + [I]_{3 \times 3} \hat{e}\hat{e}^T - \cos \phi \hat{e}\hat{e}^T$$

$$\underline{[C] = [I]_{3 \times 3} \cos \phi - \sin \phi [\tilde{e}] + (1 - \cos \phi) \hat{e}\hat{e}^T}$$