HW 10: Sequential Processor for the Term Project

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Initialize

```
clearvars -except function_list pub_opt
global function_list;
function_list = {};
close all
stat od proj init
ObsData = load('J3obs_HW11.txt');
consts.Re = Re;
consts.area = drag.A;
consts.rho = compute_density(ri);
consts.theta_dot = theta_dot;
consts.m = drag.m;
consts.state_len = 18;
P0 = eye(consts.state_len)*1e6;
P0(7,7) = 1e20;
P0(10:12,10:12) = eye(3)*1e-10;
x0_ap = zeros(consts.state_len,1);
sig_range = 0.01; % m
sig_rangerate = 0.001; %m/s
W = [1/(sig_range*sig_range) 0; 0 1/(sig_rangerate*sig_rangerate)];
R = [(sig_range*sig_range) 0; 0 (sig_rangerate*sig_rangerate)];
```

Sequential Processor

```
dt = 0.1;
times = 0:dt:18340;
ode_opts = odeset('RelTol', 1e-12, 'AbsTol', 1e-20);
% for iter = 1:3
[T,X] = ode45(@two_body_state_dot, times, state, ode_opts, propagator_opts);
% Store off every 20 seconds of data
X_store = X(mod(times, 20) == 0,:);
```

```
T_store = T(mod(times, 20) == 0);
[num_obs, ~] = size(ObsData);
chol P0 = chol(P0, 'lower');
P0_inv = chol_P0'\inv(chol_P0);
info_mat = P0_inv;
norm_mat = P0_inv*x0_ap;
cntr =1 ;
% Obs. deviation
y1 = zeros(num_obs, 1);
y2 = zeros(num_obs, 1);
for ii = 1:num obs
    site_num = 0;
    for jj = 1:3
        if ObsData(ii, 2) == site(jj).id
            site_num = jj;
            break
        end
    end
    t_obs = ObsData(ii,1);
    ostate = X(T(:,1)==t_{obs},1:6);
    r comp = compute range ECFsite(ostate(1:3),...
        site(site_num).r,theta_dot*t_obs);
    rr_comp = compute_range_rate_ECFsite(ostate(1:6),...
        site(site_num).r,theta_dot*t_obs, theta_dot);
    y1(ii) = (ObsData(ii,3)-r\_comp);
    y2(ii) = (ObsData(ii,4)-rr_comp);
end
% CKF init
x = x0 ap;
P = P0;
obs_time_last = ObsData(ii,1);
use_joseph = 1;
if use_joseph
    P_joseph_store = zeros(num_obs,1);
else
    P_trace_store = zeros(num_obs,1);
end
% SNC
use\_SNC = 0;
SNC sigma = 2e-5;
Q = eye(3)*SNC_sigma*SNC_sigma;
STM_accum = eye(consts.state_len);
RMS_accum = 0;
obs_error_store = zeros(2,num_obs);
```

```
inrtl_state_est_store = zeros(6,num_obs);
variance store = zeros(6,num obs);
num_RMS_meas = 0;
obs_time_store = zeros(num_obs,1);
% Run CKF
for ii = 1:num_obs
    obs time = ObsData(ii,1);
    obs_site = ObsData(ii,2);
    % STM from last obs to this one.
    % Not very efficient, since I'm running the integrator again.
    if ii == 1
        STM_obs2obs = eye(consts.state_len);
    else
        times_temp = obs_time_last:dt:obs_time;
        last_state = X_store(T_store == ObsData(ii-1,1),:)';
        STM_obs2obs = eye(consts.state_len);
        % Make the STM reflect an epoch time == the last msmnt time
        last_state(consts.state_len+1:end) = ...
            reshape(STM_obs2obs(1:important_block(1),1:important_block(2)),...
            important_block(1)*important_block(2),1);
        [T \text{ temp}, X \text{ temp}] = \dots
            ode45(@two_body_state_dot, times_temp, last_state, ...
            ode_opts, propagator_opts);
        STM_obs2obs(1:important_block(1),1:important_block(2)) = ...
            reshape(X_temp(end,consts.state_len+1:end), ...
            important_block(1), important_block(2));
    end
    % Time update
    STM_accum = STM_obs2obs*STM_accum;
    x_ap = STM_obs2obs*x_est;
    P ap = STM obs2obs*P*STM obs2obs';
    delta_t = obs_time - obs_time_last;
    if use SNC && delta t < 100 % add process noise if needed
        Gamma = delta_t*[eye(3)*delta_t/2;eye(3)];
        P_ap(1:6,1:6) = P_ap(1:6,1:6) + Gamma*Q*Gamma';
    end
    obs_time_last = obs_time;
    % H~
    consts.t = obs_time;
    for xx = 1:3
        if site(xx).id == obs site
            consts.site = xx_i
            break
        end
    end
    state_at_obs = X_store(T_store == obs_time,1:consts.state_len);
    H_tilda = stat_od_proj_H_tilda(state_at_obs, consts);
    % Kalman gain
```

```
K = P_ap*H_tilda'/(H_tilda*P_ap*H_tilda'+R);
    % Measurement Update
    y = [y1(ii);y2(ii)];
    x_est = x_ap + K*(y - H_tilda*x_ap);
    I = eye(consts.state_len);
    if use_joseph
        P = (I-K*H tilda)*P ap*(I-K*H tilda)' + K*R*K';
        P_{joseph\_store(ii)} = trace(P(1:3,1:3));
    else
        P = (I-K*H_tilda)*P_ap;
        P_trace_store(ii) = trace(P(1:3,1:3));
    end
    obs error = y - H tilda*x est;
    if obs_time >= 100*60
        RMS_accum = RMS_accum + obs_error'*W*obs_error;
        num_RMS_meas = num_RMS_meas + 1;
    end
    obs_error_store(:,ii) = obs_error;
    obs_time_store(ii) = obs_time;
    inrtl_state_est_store(:,ii) = state_at_obs(1:6)'+x_est(1:6);
    variance_store(:,ii) = diag(P(1:6,1:6));
end
RMS = sqrt(RMS accum./num RMS meas);
figure
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(obs_time_store,obs_error_store(1,:),'.')
title('Range Post-Fit Residuals')
ylabel('m')
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(obs_time_store,obs_error_store(2,:),'.')
title('Range-Rate Post-Fit Residuals')
ylabel('m/s')
xlabel('Time (s)')
truth_data = load('J3truth_HW11.txt');
estimation_errors = inrtl_state_est_store-truth_data(:,2:7)';
RMS_errors = sqrt(sum(estimation_errors.*estimation_errors,2)./ ...
    length(estimation errors));
pos_plots = figure;
vel_plots = figure;
axis\_label = \{ 'x', 'y', 'z' \};
for ii = 1:3
    figure(pos plots);
    subplot(3,1,ii)
    hold on
    plot (obs_time_store,estimation_errors(1,:),'.');
    plot (obs_time_store,sqrt(abs(variance_store(1,:))),'r--');
    plot (obs_time_store,-sqrt(abs(variance_store(1,:))),'r--');
    title(sprintf('%s position error',axis label{ii}))
    ylabel('m'),xlabel('Time (s)')
```

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```
figure(vel_plots);
subplot(3,1,ii)
hold on
plot (obs_time_store,estimation_errors(1+3,:),'.');
plot (obs_time_store,sqrt(abs(variance_store(1+3,:))),'r--');
plot (obs_time_store,-sqrt(abs(variance_store(1+3,:))),'r--');
title(sprintf('%s velocity error',axis_label{ii}))
ylabel('m/s'),xlabel('Time (s)')
end
```

```
function x = cholesky_linear_solver(Y,N)
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
vlen = length(N);
z = zeros(vlen,1);
x = zeros(vlen,1);
U = chol(Y); % Upper
UT = U';
for ii = 1:vlen
    tmp = N(ii);
    for jj = 1:(ii-1)
        tmp = tmp - UT(ii,jj)*z(jj);
    end
    z(ii) = tmp/UT(ii,ii);
end
for ii = vlen:-1:1
    tmp = z(ii);
    for jj = (ii+1):vlen
        tmp = tmp - U(ii,jj)*x(jj);
    end
    x(ii) = tmp/U(ii,ii);
end
```

```
function range = compute_range_ECFsite( inrtl_pos, ecf_site, theta )
%compute_range_ECFsite Summary of this function goes here
%    Detailed explanation goes here
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath'))

x = inrtl_pos(1);
y = inrtl_pos(2);
z = inrtl_pos(3);
xs = ecf_site(1);
ys = ecf_site(2);
zs = ecf_site(2);
zs = ecf_site(3);

range = sqrt(...
    (x-(xs*cos(theta)-ys*sin(theta)))*(x-(xs*cos(theta)-ys*sin(theta))) + ...
    (y-(xs*sin(theta)+ys*cos(theta))) * (y-(xs*sin(theta)+ys*cos(theta))) + ...
    (z-zs)*(z-zs));
```

```
function range_rate = compute_range_rate_ECFsite( inrtl_state, ...
    ecf_site, theta, theta_dot )
%UNTITLED2 Summary of this function goes here
% Detailed explanation goes here
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath'))
x = inrtl_state(1);
y = inrtl_state(2);
z = inrtl_state(3);
xdot = inrtl state(4);
ydot = inrtl_state(5);
zdot = inrtl_state(6);
xs = ecf_site(1);
ys = ecf_site(2);
zs = ecf_site(3);
range_rate = (x*xdot+y*ydot+z*zdot...
    - (xdot*xs+ydot*ys)*cos(theta) + theta_dot*(x*xs + y*ys)*sin(theta) ...
    + (xdot*ys-ydot*xs)*sin(theta) + theta_dot*(x*ys-y*xs)*cos(theta) ...
    - zdot*zs)/compute_range_ECFsite(inrtl_state(1:3), ecf_site, theta);
end
```

```
function accel = drag_accel( state, drag_data )
%drag_accel calculate drag on spacecraft
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
Cd = drag_data.Cd;
A = drag_data.A;
m = drag_data.m;
rho0 = 4e-13; %kg/m3
r0 = 7298.145; %km
H = 200.0; %km
theta_dot = 7.29211585530066e-5; %rad/s
if isfield(drag_data, 'model_params')
    if isfield(drag_data.model_params, 'rho0')
        rho0 = drag_data.model_params.rho0;
    end
    if isfield(drag_data.model_params, 'r0')
        r0 = drag_data.model_params.r0;
    end
    if isfield(drag data.model params, 'H')
        H = drag_data.model_params.H;
    end
    if isfield(drag_data.model_params, 'theta_dot')
        theta_dot = drag_data.model_params.theta_dot;
    end
end
r = norm(state(1:3));
rho = rho0*exp(-(r-r0)/H);
rel wind = [state(4) + theta dot*state(2);
    state(5) - theta_dot*state(1);
    state(6)];
accel = -0.5*Cd*A/m*rho*rel_wind*norm(rel_wind);
end
```

```
function fcnPrintQueue( filename )
global function_list;
if exist('function_list', 'var')
    file_in_list = 0;
    for idx = 1:length(function_list)
        if strcmp(function_list(idx), filename);
            file_in_list = 1;
            break
        end
    end
    if ~file_in_list
          fprintf('%s\n', filename);
응
        function_list = [function_list; filename];
    end
end
end
```

```
function accel = J2_accel( pos, params )
%J2_accel Acceleration due to J2
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
% Defaults (earth)
J2 = 0.00108248;
mu = 398600.4; %km3/s2
Re = 6378.145; %km
% Use input params if desired
if nargin > 1 % There are params
    if isfield(params, 'J2')
        J2 = params.J2;
    end
    if isfield(params, 'mu')
        mu = params.mu;
    end
    if isfield(params, 'Re')
        Re = params.Re;
    end
end
%Calculate accel
r = norm(pos);
z = pos(3);
const = 1.5*mu*J2*Re*Re/(r*r*r*r*r);
sin_sq_phi = z*z/(r*r);
accel = const*[5*sin_sq_phi - 1;
    5*sin_sq_phi - 1;
    5*sin_sq_phi - 3].*pos;
end
```

```
% Plot an ellipsoid given an orthonormal, right handed
% transformation matrix, R and the semi - axis, semi
% For the Stat. O.D. project R is made up of the eigenvectors
% of the upper 3x3 portion of the covariance matrix. semi
% contains sigma_x, sigma_y, sigma_z in a column vector.
% Downloaded from ASEN 5070 HW site.
function plotEllipsoid(R,semi)
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
[x,y,z] = sphere(20);
x = x * semi(1);
y = y * semi(2);
z = z * semi(3);
[mm,nn] = size(x);
C = (R * [x(:) y(:) z(:)]')';
x = reshape(C(:,1),mm,nn);
y = reshape(C(:,2),mm,nn);
z = reshape(C(:,3),mm,nn);
surf(x,y,z)
axis equal
```

```
function A = stat_od_proj_A(state, consts)
%stat od proj A Calculate A matrix for Stat OD project
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
% Init A, set up local vars
A = zeros(consts.state len);
x = state(1);
y = state(2);
z = state(3);
xdot = state(4);
ydot = state(5);
zdot = state(6);
mu = state(7);
J2 = state(8);
Cd = state(9);
Re = consts.Re;
area = consts.area;
rho = consts.rho;
theta_dot = consts.theta_dot;
m = consts.m;
H = 88667; %m
% vars to reduce computations
x2 = x*x;
y2 = y*y;
z2 = z*z;
r = sqrt(x2+y2+z2);
sqrt_r = sqrt(r);
v = sqrt(xdot*xdot+ydot*ydot+zdot*zdot);
rel_wind_x = (xdot + theta_dot*y);
rel_wind_y = (ydot - theta_dot*x);
zdot2 = zdot*zdot;
rel_wind_mag = sqrt(rel_wind_x*rel_wind_x + rel_wind_y*rel_wind_y + zdot2);
Re2 = Re*Re;
rho0 = 3.614e-13; %kg/m3
r0 = 700000+6378136.3; %km
H = 88667.0; %km
% Only a few elements are populated
A(1,4) = 1;
A(2,5) = 1;
A(3,6) = 1;
A(4,1) = (3*mu*x^2)/(r*r*r*r*r) - ...
    mu/(r*r*r) + \dots
    (3*J2*Re2*mu*((5*z2)/(r*r) - 1))/(2*(r)^(5)) - ...
    (15*J2*Re2*mu*x2*z2)/(r)^{(9)} - \dots
    (15*J2*Re2*mu*x2*((5*z2)/(r*r) - 1))/(2*(r)^(2)) + ...
    (Cd*area*theta_dot*rho*rel_wind_x*rel_wind_y)/(2*m*rel_wind_mag) + ...
```

```
function H_tilda = stat_od_proj_H_tilda(state, consts)
 %stat_od_proj_H_tilda Calculate H_tilda matrix for Stat OD project
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
% Init H_tilda, set up local vars
x = state(1);
y = state(2);
z = state(3);
xdot = state(4);
ydot = state(5);
zdot = state(6);
% mu = state(7);
 % J2 = state(8);
 % Cd = state(9);
theta_dot = consts.theta_dot;
theta = consts.t*consts.theta_dot;
%Identify the site the observation was from:
xs = state(9+(consts.site-1)*3+1);
ys = state(9+(consts.site-1)*3+2);
zs = state(9+(consts.site-1)*3+3);
H_{tilda} = zeros(2,18);
H_{tilda}(1,:) = [
H_{tilda(2,:)} = [(xdot + theta_dot*ys*cos(theta) + theta_dot*xs*sin(theta))/((ys*cos(theta)) + theta_dot*xs
 % Zero out the site terms where there weren't observations.
 for ii = 1:3
              if consts.site ~= ii
                           H_{tilda}(:,9+(ii-1)*3+1:9+(ii-1)*3+3) = zeros(2,3);
              end
 end
```

Initial data for stat OD project

```
mu = 3.986004415e14; %m3/s2
J2 = 1.082626925638815e-3;
Re = 6378136.3; %m
theta_dot = 7.2921158553e-5; %rad/s
site(1).name = 'Pacific Ocean Ship Sensor';
site(1).id = 101;
site(1).r = [-5127510.0 -3794160.0 0.0]'; % m
site(2).name = 'Pirinclik, Turkey';
site(2).id = 337;
site(2).r = [3860910.0 3238490.0 3898094.0]'; % m
site(3).name = 'Thule, Greenland';
site(3).id = 394;
site(3).r = [549505.0 -1380872.0 6182197.0]'; % m
ri = [757700.0 5222607.0 4851500.0]';
vi = [2213.21 4678.34 -5371.30]';
drag.Cd = 2.0;
drag.A = 3.0; % m
drag.m = 970; %kg
% kilometerize everything
% mu = mu*1e-9;
Re = Re*1e-3;
% site1.r = site1.r*1e-3; %km
% site2.r = site2.r*1e-3; %km
% site3.r = site3.r*1e-3; %km
% ri = ri*1e-3;%km
vi = vi*1e-3;%km/s
state = [ri; vi; mu; J2; drag.Cd; site(1).r; site(2).r; site(3).r];
% Set up propagator options
propagator_opts.mu = mu;
propagator opts.drag = drag;
propagator_opts.drag.use = 1;
propagator_opts.drag.model_params.rho0 = 3.614e-13; %kg/m3
propagator_opts.drag.model_params.r0 = 700000+6378136.3;
propagator_opts.drag.model_params.H = 88667;
propagator_opts.drag.model_params.theta_dot = theta_dot;
propagator_opts.J2.use = 1;
propagator_opts.J2.params.J2 = J2;
```

```
propagator_opts.J2.params.mu = mu;
propagator opts.J2.params.Re = Re;
propagator_opts.OD.use = 1;
propagator_opts.OD.state_len = 18;
propagator_opts.OD.A_mat_handle = @stat_od_proj_A;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.Re = Re;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.area = drag.A;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.rho = propagator_opts.drag.model_params.rho0;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.theta_dot = theta_dot;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.m = drag.m;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.H = propagator_opts.drag.model_params.H;
important block = [9 9]; %rows, cols
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.important_block = important_block;
propagator_opts.OD.A_params.state_len = propagator_opts.OD.state_len;
STM_i = eye(propagator_opts.OD.state_len);
state = [state; reshape(STM_i(1:important_block(1),1:important_block(2)),...
    important_block(1)*important_block(2),1)];
```

```
function state_dot = two_body_state_dot(t, state, opts)
%two body state dot Return state dot given state. Used for numerical
%integration
% The first 6 elements are assumed to be r and v. If a state transition
% matrix (STM) is to be calculated as well, opts.OD needs to be set up.
% Currently assumes r/v are the only state elements that have non-zero
% derivatives.
fcnPrintQueue(mfilename('fullpath')) % Add this code to code app
state_dot = zeros(length(state),1);
state dot(1:3) = state(4:6);
mu = 3.986e5; % km3/s2
if isfield(opts, 'mu')
    mu = opts.mu;
end
r vec = (state(1:3));
r = norm(r_vec);
state_dot(4:6) = -mu * r_vec/(r*r*r);
if isfield(opts, 'J2') && isfield(opts.J2, 'use')
    if opts.J2.use == 1
        if isfield(opts.J2, 'params')
            state_dot(4:6) = state_dot(4:6) + J2_accel(state(1:3), opts.J2.params)
        else
            state_dot(4:6) = state_dot(4:6) + J2_accel(state(1:3));
        end
    end
end
if isfield(opts, 'drag') && isfield(opts.drag, 'use')
    if opts.drag.use == 1
        state_dot(4:6) = state_dot(4:6) + drag_accel( state, opts.drag );
    end
end
if isfield(opts, 'OD')
    if opts.OD.use == 1
        opts.OD.state_len;
        % The OD. state len is the length of the estimation state. The rest
        % is the STM, numerically propagated with the A-Matrix
        A = opts.OD.A_mat_handle(state(1:opts.OD.state_len),opts.OD.A_params);
        % Block matrix multiplication
읒
          long dim = 9;
          STM = zeros(long_dim);
        STM = reshape(state(opts.OD.state_len+1:end),...
            opts.OD.A_params.important_block(1),...
            opts.OD.A_params.important_block(2));
        STM\_dot = ...
            A(1:opts.OD.A_params.important_block(1),1:opts.OD.A_params.important_b
            *STM;
        % Pack up the important stuff
```