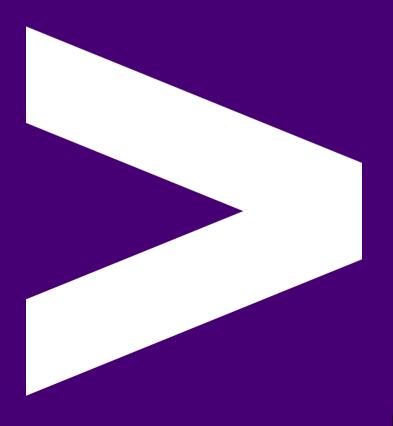


# **Data Cleansing**





### Overview

- Introduction to Data Cleansing
- Data quality
- Inspecting data
- How data is cleansed



### Learning Objectives

- Define what Data Cleansing is
- Explore areas to consider when assessing data quality
- Gain insight into the ways data is inspected
- Identify some approaches to cleansing data



### Data Cleansing

During writing, reading, storage, transmission, or processing, errors can occur which introduce unintended changes to the original data.



### What is Data Cleansing?

Data Cleansing is the process of detecting and correcting data quality. You can get all sorts of data issues:

- Inaccurate data
- Corrupt data
- Duplicated data
- Irrelevant data
- Personally Identifiable Information (PII) data that needs to be removed



### Breakout time - 10min

Can you spot the dirty data?

id	name	age	branch	teacher	start_date	tel
1	John Smith	19	Computer Sciense	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
2	Jane Doe	22	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	
3	Joe Bloggs	FF	Computer Science	Mrs. X	01/13/2020	012345
3	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
4	Matt Smith	25	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
5	Cara Green	20	Computer Science	Mrs X	13/01/2020	012345
6	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345



# Discussion - What did you spot?

id	name	age	branch	teacher	start_date	tel
1	John Smith	19	Computer Sciense	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
2	Jane Doe	22	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	
3	Joe Bloggs	FF	Computer Science	Mrs. X	01/13/2020	012345
3	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
4	Matt Smith	25	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
5	Cara Green	20	Computer Science	Mrs X	13/01/2020	012345
6	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345



# Dirty Data

ic	d	name	age	branch	teacher	start_date	tel
,	1	John Smith	19	Computer Sciense	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
2	2	Jane Doe	22	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	
	3	Joe Bloggs	FF	Computer Science	Mrs. X	01/13/2020	012345
	3	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
4	4	Matt Smith	25	Computer Science	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345
į	5	Cara Green	20	Computer Science	Mrs X	13/01/2020	012345
(	3	Mary Ahmed	32	Computing	Mrs. X	13/01/2020	012345



# Data Quality

When assessing data quality, consider the following:

- Validity
- Accuracy
- Consistency
- Completeness
- Uniformity



# Validity

The degree to which the data conforms to defined business rules or constraints.

E.g. certain columns can't be empty, certain columns must be a particular data type such as a date.



### Accuracy

The degree to which the data is 'true'.

E.g. validating that a postcode actually exists.



### Consistency

The degree to which the data is consistent, within the same data set or across multiple data sets.

E.g. a customer has two different addresses in two different tables.



# Completeness

The degree to which all the data required is known.

E.g. missing data from a form that was filled in.



# Uniformity

Ensuring that data is using the same unit of measure.

E.g. 21/01/2020 or 01/21/2020.



### Emoji Check:

Do you feel you understand the pillars of Data Quality? Say so if not!

- 1. 😢 Haven't a clue, please help!
- 2. 🙁 I'm starting to get it but need to go over some of it please
- 3. 😐 Ok. With a bit of help and practice, yes
- 4. 9 Yes, with team collaboration could try it
- 5. 😀 Yes, enough to start working on it collaboratively



# Mitigating against bad data

We can follow this process to help mitigate against bad data:

- 1. Inspect
- 2. Cleanse
- 3. Verify
- 4. Report



### 1. Inspect

Take a look at the data to see if there are any issues. It can be rather time-consuming, but luckily there are plenty of tools and methods to help out.

Here are some...



## 1. Inspect

#### How to inspect data

- Data profiling: How many values are missing? How many unique values in a column, and their distribution?
- Visualisations: By analysing and visualising the data using statistical methods such as mean, standard deviation, range, or quantiles, one can find values that are unexpected.
- Software packages: Packages or libraries are available that let you specify constraints and check the data for violation of these constraints.



The most important part of data cleansing!

The aim of cleansing data is to not only cleanse the data, but also bring consistency to the data.



How do we cleanse data?

There are some steps in cleansing data:

- Parse
- Correct
- Standardise
- Match
- Consolidate

Let's take a look at them...



#### Parse

Parsing data means we are breaking up the source data into smaller bits following some rules. This allows us to 'do things' with the data easily.

E.g. splitting addresses so we can use only the postcode.



Correct

Now the data is in smaller chunks, we can now correct bits of it.

E.g. fixing typos like "Hel.o" to "Hello".



#### Standardise

Now it's cleansed, we want to make sure the data is consistent and all looks the same.

E.g. changing a date format from 04/29/2020 to 29/04/2020.



#### Match

Now we have cleansed and standardised data, we want to match it to our data definitions, and also rule out any duplicates.

E.g. are there similar names and addresses, like Mr Andrew Smith and Mr A. Smith at the same address.



#### Consolidate

Now we find relationships between all of our data and merging them into one.

E.g. The process of combining Mr Smith's data above into one correct record.



## 3. Verify

Now we've cleansed the data, we need to verify (inspect) it again to make sure we haven't made it worse!

E.g. all dates are the correct format, duplicates have been removed, typos corrected etc.



### 4. Report

After we've verified the data, we want to take a look to understand what changes we made, and maybe consider why they occurred in the first place!

How can we avoid these issues happening again?



### Emoji Check:

Do you feel you understand the steps of data cleansing? Say so if not!

- 1. 😢 Haven't a clue, please help!
- 2. 🙁 I'm starting to get it but need to go over some of it please
- 3. 😐 Ok. With a bit of help and practice, yes
- 4. 9 Yes, with team collaboration could try it
- 5. 😀 Yes, enough to start working on it collaboratively







What is this an example of when ensuring data quality?

Does this postcode exist?

- 1. Validity
- 2. Accuracy
- 3. Consistency
- 4. Completeness
- 5. Uniformity



What is this an example of when ensuring data quality?

All dates should be in the format dd/mm/yyyy.

- 1. Validity
- 2. Accuracy
- 3. Consistency
- 4. Completeness
- 5. Uniformity

# School of Tech part of accenture

When mitigating against bad data, at which stage would you ask the below question?

How many unique values are in a specific column?

- 1. Inspect
- 2. Clean
- 3. Verify
- 4. Report

# School of Tech part of accenture

When mitigating against bad data, at which stage would you ask the below question?

I want to be sure that all duplicate data has been removed.

- 1. Inspect
- 2. Clean
- 3. Verify
- 4. Report



What is this an example of when cleansing data?

I want to fix all typos.

- 1. Parse
- 2. Correct
- 3. Standardise
- 4. Match
- 5. Consolidate



What is this an example of when cleansing data? How many people live at the same address?

- 1. Parse
- 2. Correct
- 3. Standardise
- 4. Match
- 5. Consolidate



# Exercise prep

Instructor to give out the zip file of exercises for data-cleansing Everyone please unzip the file



# Exercise prep - setup container and tests

The initial steps of the exercises are (a) setting up a Postgres container like we did for previous sessions, and (b) running some failing unit tests.

From the zip, you should have a file <u>./handouts/README.md</u>
Let's all do the preparation steps in the handouts readme.

The instructor will demo this to you now.



### Exercise time

From the zip, you should have a file exercises/data-cleansing-exercise.md

Let's all do the exercises included in this file



### Discussion

How did the TDD exercises go?

Did you manage to get data inserted into your database?

We can talk though some sample solutions in file <a href="https://www.lsolutions/etl">\_/solutions/etl</a> with cleansing solution.py.



### Emoji Check:

How did the exercises go? Is Data Cleansing making more sense now?

- 1. 😢 Haven't a clue, please help!
- 2. 🙁 I'm starting to get it but need to go over some of it please
- 3. 😐 Ok. With a bit of help and practice, yes
- 4. 9 Yes, with team collaboration could try it
- 5. 😀 Yes, enough to start working on it collaboratively



### Terms and Definitions - recap

- Data Cleansing: Process of detecting and correcting data quality
- Validity: Does the data conform to defined business rules or constraints?
- Accuracy: The degree to which the data is 'true'
- Consistency: Is data consistent across datasets?



### Terms and Definitions - recap

- Completeness: Do we know all the required data?
- Uniformity: Is data the same format and/or unit of measurement?
- Parse: Breaking up the source data into smaller bits so we can use it
- Standardise: Make sure the data is consistent



### Terms and Definitions - recap

- Match: Match data to our data definitions
- Consolidate: Finding relationships and merging our data into one source
- Verify: Re-inspecting our data after cleansing to check it
- Report: What changes did we make, how can we stop these issues happening again?



# Overview - recap

- Introduction to Data Cleansing
- Data quality
- Inspecting data
- How data is cleansed



### Learning Objectives - recap

- Define what Data Cleansing is
- Explore areas to consider when assessing data quality
- Gain insight into the ways data is inspected
- Identify some approaches to cleansing data



## Further Reading

- What is data cleaning Geeks for Geeks
- Data Cleaning In Python Practical Examples (Video)



### Emoji Check:

On a high level, do you think you understand the main concepts of this session? Say so if not!

- 1. 😢 Haven't a clue, please help!
- 2. 🙁 I'm starting to get it but need to go over some of it please
- 3. 😐 Ok. With a bit of help and practice, yes
- 4. 2 Yes, with team collaboration could try it
- 5. 😀 Yes, enough to start working on it collaboratively