

Report on First Presentation of Project

**SMART WHEELCHAIR AND HOME AUTOMATION FOR
PARALYZED**

Guided by

Dr. C Sreekumar

Submitted by

24. JASIRA T P

34. NAYANARAMESHAN

46. SHRAVAN SREEDEEP

48. SOORYA P

ABSTRACT

Paralyzed stroke patients are unable to normally communicate with their environment. For these patients, the only part of their body that is under their control, in terms of muscular movement, is their eyeballs.

The biggest problem that paralyzed patients face is leading their own life without anyone else's help. This includes basic day to day operations like switching on basic devices like fan, bulb etc.

We are proposing an automated working prototype of a smart wheel chair and home automation system that can be controlled by eye tracking. The prototype shall be designed for paralysed people with only motor functions for eye movement. We are also considering on making aware of surrounding obstructions and make decisions accordingly.

OBJECTIVES

- To track eye movement and control basic devices like bulb, fan etc.
- To design and implement an autonomous electric wheelchair.
- To control the electric wheel chair by tracking eye movements.

LITERATURE REVIEW

[1] Joseph K George, Subhin K B, Arun Jose,Hima T, “Eye Controlled Home-Automation For Disables”, IOSR, 2019

A low cost eye movement based detection device for controlling home appliances has been discussed in this paper. The device is based on the acquisition of eye blinks which is comparatively inexpensive, efficient in terms of linear relationship of the signal over the eye movements that makes it suitable for the application. The device here incorporates activation and deactivation of appliances such as fan, bulb, GSM and alarm etc. The method of eye tracking using camera requires a fully dedicated system with image processing software during the entire working of the unit.

[2] Tan Kian Hou, Yagasena and Chelladurai, “Arduino based voice controlled wheelchair”, ICE4CT, 2019

This paper describes the design of a smart, motorized, voice controlled wheelchair using embedded system. Proposed design supports voice activation system for physically differently abled persons incorporating manual operation. This paper represents the “Voice-controlled Wheel chair” for the physically differently abled person where the voice command controls the movements of the wheelchair. The voice command is given through a cellular device having Bluetooth and the command is transferred and converted to string by the BT Voice Control for Arduino and is transferred to the Bluetooth Module SR-04connected to the Arduino board for the control of the Wheelchair.

SMART WHEEL CHAIR

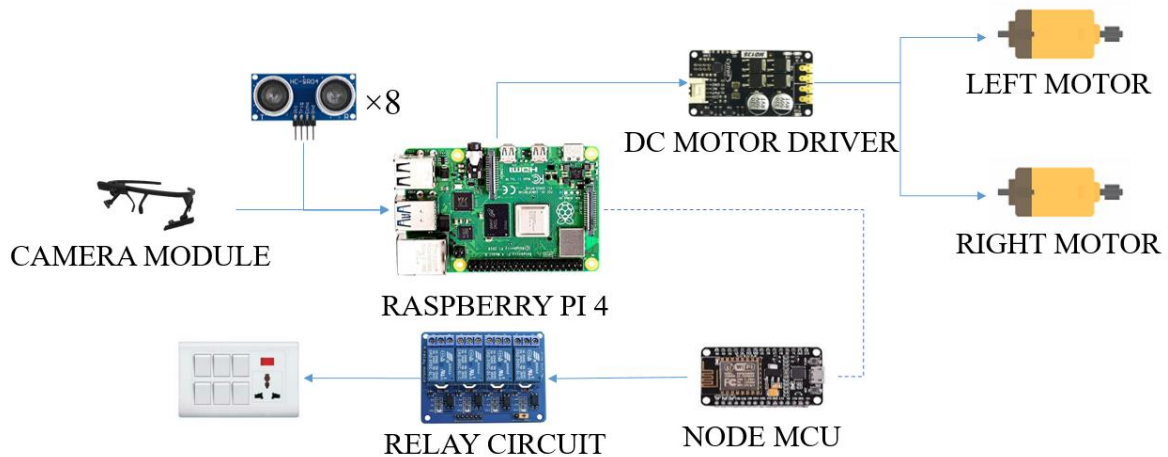


Fig 1. Block Diagram of Smart Wheelchair

The camera module in eye tracker captures the eyeball movement. A python program for eye tracker identifies the position of the pupil. The combination of position of the pupil is transmitted to the micro controller with the help of Bluetooth module. The micro controller determines the command that needed to be executed according to the position of pupil. Based on the command wheelchair or home appliances are selected. If the selected mode is wheel chair, then the movement is controlled based on the position of pupil. Else if home appliances are selected, the devices are turned ON based on the combinations of the pupil with the help of Node MCU and relay circuits.

STATUS OF PROJECT

Eye tracking program is developed and its results are shown below.



Fig 2. Straight



Fig 3. Closed

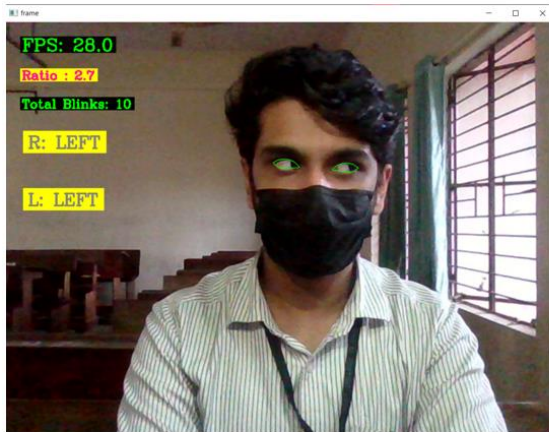


Fig 4. Left

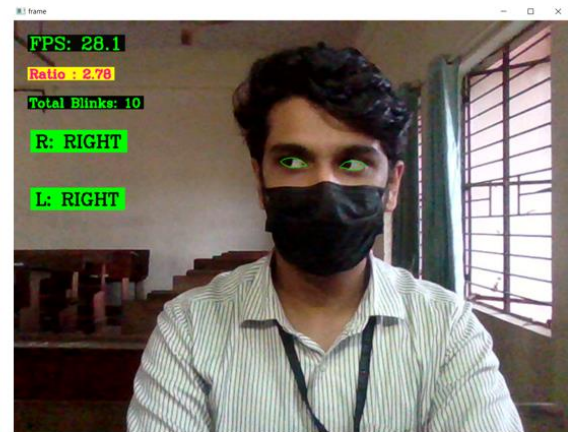


Fig 5. Right

WORK PLAN

Work	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	1-2 week Dec 2021	3-4 weeks Dec 2021	1-2 weeks Jan 2022	3-5 weeks Jan 2022	Feb 2022	Mar 2022	April 2022	May 2022
Topic selection and preliminary works										
Literature Survey										
Program and train machine learning model for eye tracking.										
Design and implementation of mini prototype of autonomous wheelchair.										

Design and implementation of the circuit for home automation.										
Interface the eye tracker, home automation and wheelchair together.										
Fabrication of home automation system.										
Hardware implementation of eye tracking glasses.										
Hardware implementation of autonomous wheel chair.										
Test and solve real time issues.										

CONCLUSION

The first presentation on the topic “SMART WHEELCHAIR AND HOME AUTOMATION FOR PARALYZED” have been presented. All questions and doubts by the panel regarding the topic have been answered.

REFERENCE

- [1] Ahmad F. Klaib¹, Nawaf O. Alsrehin¹, Wasen Y. Melhem², Haneen O. Bashtawi², Aws A. Magableh¹. “Eye Tracking Algorithms, Techniques, Tools, and Applications with an Emphasis on Machine Learning and Internet of Things Technologies”, September 2020
- [2] Mohammed Saifuddin Munna¹, Juliana Shetara, Shantanu Bhattacharjee³, Md. Zahed Hossain Bhuiyan⁴, “Design & Implementation of a Mind Controlled Home Automation System”, January 2017
- [3] Pramodini A. Punde, Dr. Mukti E. Jadhav, Dr. Ramesh R. Manza, “A study of Eye Tracking Technology and its applications”, 2017 IEEE
- [4] Tan Kian Hou, Yagasena and Chelladurai “Arduino based voice controlled wheelchair”, 2020
- [5] Mohammed Hayyan Al Sibai, Sulastri Abdhul Manap, “A Study on Smart Wheelchair Systems”, Dec 2015 Research Gate
- [6] Deepak Kumar, Reetu Malhotra, S R Sharma, “Design & Construction of a Smart Wheelchair”, 2019 Science Direct
- [7] Georges Boustany, Alaa El Deen Itani, Rayan Youssef, Omar Chami, Ziad O. Abu-Faraj, “Design and Development of Rehabilitative Eye-Tracking Based Home Automation System”, 2016 IEEE
- [8] Joseph K George, Subin K B, Arun Jose, Hima T, “Eye Controlled Home-Automation For Disables”, 2017 IOSR-JEEE
- [9] Deepak Kumar Lodhi, Prakshi Vats, Addala Varun¹, Prashant Solanki, Ritakshi Gupta¹, Manoj Kumar Pandey, Rajat Butola, “Smart Electronic Wheelchair Using Arduino and Bluetooth Module”, May 2016 IJCSMC