

## **Mechanism for Extracting or Importing Non-PII Data:**

The GRS incorporates mechanisms for extracting or importing non-PII data from or into the system in a non-proprietary format. The specific details of this mechanism may depend on the implementation of the GRS. However, some common approaches for extracting or importing non-PII data include:

- **Data Export/Import Functionality:** The GRS offer built-in functionalities within its user interface that allow users with appropriate permissions to initiate the export or import process of non-PII data. This functionality typically supports commonly used non-proprietary formats such as CSV, JSON, or XML.
- **API-based Data Exchange:** The GRS can provide Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) that enable authorized external systems or applications to programmatically extract or import non-PII data. These APIs ensure standardized endpoints and data formats for seamless integration.
- **Data Feed or Integration Services:** The GRS establish data feeds or integration services that facilitate the exchange of non-PII data with external systems or applications. This can involve setting up data pipelines, data synchronization mechanisms, or scheduled data transfers using standard protocols like FTP or HTTP.
- **Data Transformation and Mapping:** When importing non-PII data into the system, the GRS may include data transformation and mapping capabilities. This ensures that incoming data, even in non-proprietary formats, can be properly processed and integrated into the GRS's data structure.

By employing these mechanisms, the GRS allows for the extraction or import of non-PII data in a non-proprietary format, promoting data interoperability, enhancing data sharing capabilities, and facilitating integration with external systems or applications.