# Visualisation of laser scanner point cloud as 3d panorama

Thesis Subtitle

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A thesis presented for the degree of Bachelor in Media Engineering



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Date

## Declaration

I hereby declare that I have created this work completely on my own and used no other sources or tools than the ones listed, and that I have marked any citations accordingly.

Hiermit versichere ich, dass ich die vorliegende Arbeit selbständig verfasst und keine anderen als die angegebenen Quellen und Hilfsmittel benutzt sowie Zitate kenntlich gemacht habe.

 $\overline{Nuremberg, MONTH YEAR} \\ YOUR \ NAME$ 

#### Abstract

In this work the interested reader will learn about my research on the 3D-model reconstruction of the historic Pellerhaus in Nuremberg, Germany, as it looked before its destruction during World War II. The title of this paper is "Visualization of laser scanner point clouds as 3D panoramas".

In the first chapter I will describe the background research that provided me with the necessary fundamentals to start the project. The second chapter presents the development process of the software tools applied to achieve the goal of reconstructing historic 3D models from various data such as images and laser scans. To accomplish this, I decided to improve the open source software Blender. Details on the production of a three-dimensional mesh from laser scans via LIDAR devices can be found in Chapter Three. Chapter Four concludes the work and also presents future work. It contains the results, failures and successes of my research. Furthermore it discusses different possible ways to build upon the fundamental insights gained from this report. Due to our modern open culture with several open software, hardware and movie projects - mainly inspired by the Blender Foundation - I also want to make my research available to the public. During the time I am writing my thesis I will therefore be publishing my progress online at http://bachelor.kalisz.co.

## Acknowledgements

This research could not have been performed without the assistance, patience, and support of many individuals.

On behalf of the historical expertise required for this research, I would like to thank the Geschichtsarchiv Langwasser, including Mrs Edith Schroth and Mr Alfred Schroth for their constant support in providing old photographs, material and making contact to various institutions like archives, museums and companies. They initiated the contact with the Altstadtfreunde Nürnberg e.V. as well. Therefore I would like to thank the Altstadtfreunde Nürnberg e.V. for a huge amount of historic pictures and professional guidance regarding the history of the Pellerhaus. I am happy to get the opportunity to be supported by chairman Mr. Karl-Heinz Enderle during my research.

Secondly, I have to thank my thesis advisor, Mr. Prof. Dr. Stefan Röttger for mentoring me during my undergraduate studies. Not only did he prove his confidence in me by encouraging me to teach computer graphics to other students by letting me show how much fun it can be creating graphics with the open source 3D graphics suite Blender and offered me several jobs in 3d animation. His insight lead to the initial proposal to examine the possibility of reconstructing the Pellerhaus facade. In addition I would like to extend my gratitude to Mr. Prof. Dr. (USA) Ralph Lano for supervision during my studies. His teaching style and enthusiasm made a strong impression on me and I have always carried positive memories of the classes I attended. Although, the classes I took have not been mandatory and seldom they made a lot of fun (e.g. XBox programming with Unity), he was always very helpful and friendly. I would like to thank you very much for your support and understanding over these past four years.

Finally I would like to extend my deepest gratitude to my family without whose love, support and understanding I could never have completed this bachelor's degree.

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## Introduction

#### 1.1 Motivation

The field of 3D computer graphics has always been a fascinating subject to me.... ...image processing in computer vision... ...high interest in historical topics, because member of citizens association and representative of settlement, thus learning a lot about interesting historical facts and development of culture. For example old railway station in district Langwasser has formerly been used for deportation of people after start of the second world war. ...

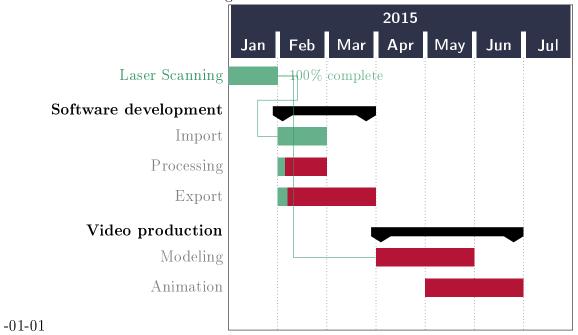
#### 1.2 Initial project specification

The idea for this research started with the personal concern of reconstructing a historical site like the old railway station in Langwasser in its historic state. Due to the fact that this railway station has never been fully finished and therefore poor historical documentation, a 3D reconstruction wouldn't be complete. Luckily the famous Pellerhaus was the perfect candidate for this research. After its destruction during World War II, it was rebuilt quite differently to the original state. While the inner courtyard is almost finished with reconstruction at the time of this writing, the facade is still looking modern. At that point, it was clear that the main research topic is going to examine ways to reconstruct the Pellerhaus in its historic state. A more concrete specification was defined by considering how this is going to be done. The current state of the building has to be captured with laser scanning technology to get the correct measurements from the real world reference. This point cloud data needs to be processed then. To do so, a custom software is required to be written, which can read a file format exported from the proprietary Faro SCENE application, create a panoramic image representation of the data, use it to generate a 3D mesh and export this mesh to a widely supported file format. This research will mostly rely on the open source software Blender to model and animate the historic state of the Pellerhaus, thus it is crucial to provide a compatible output to be used as a basis for the design process. By creating a surface from the point samples, a bug of Blender, which is not capable of displaying or rendering colored point clouds[see Ble14, p10], this research will overcome this problem. The goal of this research is to get a 3D model of the Pellerhaus in its historic state from 1605 by utilizing panoramic projections as described before.

#### 1.3 Project schedule

This project is divided into two phases. The first phase is developing the software for converting laser scanner point clouds as 3D panorama meshes. The second one is designing the historic 3D model from this initial mesh.

This is visualized in the following GANTT chart:



#### 1.4 State-of-the-art methods for 3D reconstruction

There are several methods that allow for the generation of 3D meshes from various data. One can either use several still images or videos, sample the real world with modern sensor technology. This is described as follows:

#### 1.4.1 Light Detection And Ranging (LiDAR)

The term Light Detection And Ranging (in short LiDAR) is commonly used with high precision applications, such as scanning and mapping. It uses a laser beam emitter and receiver. The time between sending a signal and receiving it is measured and multiplied by the speed of light. This returns the meters the light traveled from the emitter to the obstacle and back. Dividing this distance by two yields the range to the obstacle in meters.

As this only gives the meter to one specific point, it is necessary to keep measuring from different viewpoints. This can be done by rotating the scanning device horizontally and vertically simultaneously. To keep cables from winding up by using two motors, devices usually use only one motor for the horizontal and a flat mirror on an elliptical mount for the vertical rotation. That way it is possible to sample a lot of points around the device position quickly and effectively.

In this work the LiDAR scanner Faro Focus 3D is being used. It is capable of capturing 976,000 points per second with a vertical and horizontal field of view of

305 and 360 degrees, respectively<sup>1</sup>. For allowing a better registration it can also use GPS for localization and a barometer for height measurement. The measured points can be colored with a built-in camera of around 70 Megapixels.

Besides using a stationary device, portable devices are also available. Recently a new technology has been revealed by Csiro and is called *Zebedee*. This handheld laser scanner can be used in challenging environments where a stationary device would require several scans to cover the whole area (e.g. caves, staircases) while the operator is walking. It samples over 40,000 range measurements every second and consists of a 2D laser scanner mounted on a spring system<sup>2</sup>. Especially the visual effects field has a great use for this device, since the environments can vary a lot during video shootings and a 3D mesh representation is ubiquitous today.

Although measuring with laser technology can be found in household devices as an alternative for tape measuring, it is still quite complicated to reverse engineer such devices to get the raw distance reading. Fortunately a group of engineers tried to bridge the gap by starting a crowd funding campaign for a low-cost laser range finder, called the LiDAR-Lite<sup>3</sup>. It has a total range of 40 meters with a resolution of 1 cm. During this research this sensor is being used with a custom arduino build to examine how it can be used as a cheap alternative to the examples mentioned in the beginning.

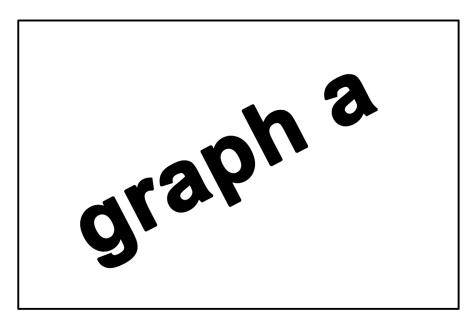


Figure 1.1: LiDAR Scanner Point Cloud

#### 1.4.2 Ultrasonic

In contrast to LiDAR, most ultrasonic sensors are cheap, but generally are not used for higher distances at several tens of meters (though, there are products for a range higher than 100 meter<sup>4</sup>). The reason for this is that sound is usually affected stronger

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Techsheet Faro Focus 3D: http://www2.faro.com/site/resources/share/944

 $<sup>^2</sup> http://www.csiro.au/Organisation-Structure/Divisions/Computational-Informatics/Zebedee-3D-mapping.aspx$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>http://pulsedlight3d.com/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>VEGAPULS 69: http://www.vega.com/downloads/AL/DE/34137-DE.pdf

by environmental properties than light<sup>5</sup>. Due to this they are often used for shorter distances e.g. for near field obstacle recognition in robotics or in small desktop laser scanners<sup>6</sup>. Typical ultrasonic sensors with a range

#### 1.4.3 Photogrammetry

This works by...

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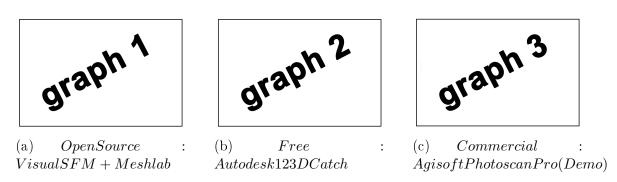


Figure 1.2: Multiview Reconstruction from historic stereo pairs

Comparison of various software, commercial and non-commercial with results Interdum et malesuada fames ac ante ipsum primis in faucibus. Cras quis pharetra libero. Pellentesque consectetur, quam vel ultrices finibus, sem enim consectetur mi, in dictum tellus leo eu ante. Maecenas consequat egestas erat, in vestibulum velit pulvinar ac. Suspendisse ullamcorper augue sapien, ac suscipit nulla dictum in. Nam sit amet congue ipsum. Aenean non felis malesuada, feugiat lectus a, tincidunt quam. Fusce nec quam egestas, vulputate est in, commodo nisi. Phasellus id nunc sit amet quam iaculis ornare eu id libero. Ut tempor nisi sed est pretium auctor. Donec in nunc turpis. Integer non tristique dolor. Curabitur a elit mollis urna finibus scelerisque sit amet vel erat. Nullam nec maximus erat. Duis ante mi, posuere ut lobortis nec, posuere eu ligula.

#### 1.4.4 Google Maps (R)

This works by...
rough 3D building shapes

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{\phantom{a}^5 \rm{http://www.sensorsmag.com/sensors/acoustic-ultrasound/choosing-ultrasonic-sensor-proximity-or-distance-measurement-825}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=saWWhEYQxTg

#### 1.4.5 Open Street Map (R)

This works by... Indoor version

#### 1.4.6 Bavarian State Office for Survey and Geoinformation

#### 1.4.7 Autonomous mapping with UAV's and SLAM

#### 1.4.8 Manual methods

If all other methods fail, there is still the chance to get a reconstruction done roughly by taking measurements of real objects with measuring tapes or eyeballing. Loading views from the front, side and top view into a 3D software can already yield decent results.

#### 1.5 Defining the scope of this research

## Background Research

#### 2.1 The Pellerhaus history

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#### 2.2 3D Panorama

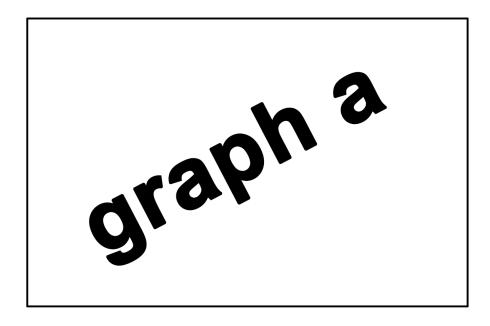


Figure 2.1: 3D Panorama Sphere

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#### 2.3 Types of projections

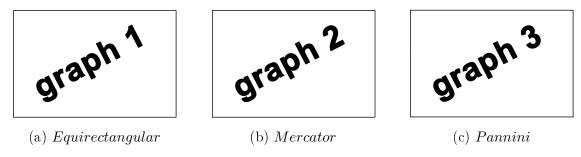


Figure 2.2: Three example projections

# Converting from point cloud to Blender 3D

#### 3.1 Concept

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#### 3.1.1 Use case diagram

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#### 3.1.2 UML class diagram

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A	В	С
1	3	4
1	3	4

Table 3.1: very basic table caption

#### 3.2 Generating data and testing algorithms

#### 3.2.1 BlenSor

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#### 3.2.2 Test-Addon for Blender

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#### 3.3 Prototype

#### 3.3.1 Point Cloud Importer

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#### Point Cloud data formats

- 3.3.2 Projecting 3D points onto a 2D plane
- 3.3.3 Saving textures
- 3.3.4 Performance Optimization

#### 3.3.5 Meshing

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Day	Max Temp	Min temp	Day	Max Temp	Min Temp
Mon	20	13	Mon	17	11
Tue	22	14	Tue	16	10
$\operatorname{Wed}$	23	12	Wed	14	8
$\operatorname{Thu}$	25	13	Thu	12	5
$\operatorname{Fri}$	18	7	Fri	15	7
$\operatorname{Sat}$	15	13	Sat	16	12
$\operatorname{Sun}$	20	13	Sun	15	9
(a) First Week			(b) Second Week		

Table 3.2: Max and min temp recorded during the first two weeks in January

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#### 3.3.6 Mesh Exporter

#### Production

#### 4.1 Modeling the current Pellerhaus

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#### 4.1.1 Using the converter

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#### 4.1.2 Using UAV references with photogrammetry

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#### 4.2 Modeling the original Pellerhaus

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#### 4.2.1 Using historic images as guide

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## 4.2.2 Using historic stereoscopic images with photogrammetry

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#### 4.3 Modeling the destructed Pellerhaus

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urna finibus scelerisque sit amet vel erat. Nullam nec maximus erat. Duis ante mi, posuere ut lobortis nec, posuere eu ligula[e.g. Sch14, page300].

#### 4.4 Animating between the states

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#### 4.5 Lighting and Rendering

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#### 4.6 Animating between the states

## Conclusion and Future Work

#### 5.1 Conclusion

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#### 5.2 Future Work

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## Appendix A

## Appendix Title

#### A.1 Software used

#### A.1.1 $\LaTeX$

This paper was written in LATEX. On windows, TeXstudio in conjunction with MikTeX (both portable versions) have been used for visual creation of the document. I decided to switch from the free version Adobe InDesign CS 2.0 to LATEXin favor of it being cross-platform and hoping to make it easier to publish the thesis online in the future. Since I have never worked with LATEX before, various tutorials [Sha13; Vel15] on the internet have been a great help.

#### A.1.2 Blender 3D

To cleanup the generated mesh, retopologize it and create the 3D animations of the Pellerhaus, Blender was used.

#### A.2 Programming libraries and frameworks

#### A.2.1 Qt 5.4

Qt is an open source framework ...

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