



Orderbook Synchronization Test Assignment

Summary: Create a ReactJS UI component to synchronize and display an orderbook using websocket updates.

Task Description: Your task is to implement an isolated UI component that represents an orderbook, which displays bids and asks by traders on an exchange. Utilize websocket updates to construct and update the orderbook (bids and asks array) in an optimized manner without causing memory leaks. Implement logic to handle network connection loss and resubscribe automatically, as well as manage lost packages based on incorrect sequence numbers. You don't have to fully finish the assignment; spend at most one week on it.

Example Orderbook UI:

Requirements:

1. Use ReactJS for building the UI component
2. Integrate the centrifuge-js SDK for websocket connections

Technical Specifications:

1. Develop a ReactJS UI component to represent the orderbook, including bids and asks.
2. Establish a websocket connection using the centrifuge-js SDK and subscribe to the orderbook updates.
3. Process the incoming websocket data to construct and maintain an optimized bids and asks array, ensuring efficient memory management (<https://docs.rabbitx.io/api-documentation/websocket/orderbook>).
4. Merge existing bids and asks with incoming websocket updates, keeping the orderbook up-to-date.
5. Implement logic to handle network connection disruptions, including automatic reconnection and resubscription.
6. Account for lost packages by verifying the correctness of sequence numbers in the websocket updates.

Deliverables:

1. A ReactJS application containing the orderbook UI component.
2. Source code with clear and concise comments explaining the implementation.
3. A brief document outlining the approach taken, challenges faced, and possible improvements.

Evaluation Criteria:

Your submission will be evaluated based on the following:

1. **Functionality:** The UI component should accurately display and update the orderbook using websocket data.
2. **Code Quality:** The source code should be clean, well-organized, and properly commented.
3. **Optimization:** The application should handle memory efficiently and avoid memory leaks.
4. **Robustness:** The solution should account for network disruptions and lost packages.