

Resultados verificados em simulador

# Circuitos RF

## Gustavo Simas

(1)	Esfogio 1	Esfogio 2	Esfogio 3
Ganho (dB)	-3	15	5
NF(dB)	3	2	2

a) Ganho Total:  $G_T = G_{1dB} + G_{2dB} + G_{3dB} = 17 \text{ dB}$

b)  $NF_{TOTAL} = 10 \log_{10} (F_{TOTAL})$

$$\Rightarrow F_1 = 10^{\frac{-3}{10}} = 1,995$$

$$\Rightarrow F_2 = F_3 = 10^{\frac{2}{10}} = 1,5849$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{TOTAL} = F_1 + \frac{F_2 - 1}{G_1} + \frac{F_3 - 1}{G_2 \cdot G_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = 1,995 + \frac{1,5849 - 1}{0,5021} + \frac{1,5849 - 1}{0,5021 \cdot 31,623}$$

$$\Rightarrow G_1 = 10^{-\frac{3}{10}} \approx 0,5021$$

$$F_T = 3,1992$$

$$\Rightarrow G_2 = 10^{\frac{2}{10}} = 31,623$$

$$\Rightarrow NF_{TOTAL} = 10 \log_{10} (F_T) \approx 5,05 \text{ dB}$$

$$\Rightarrow G_3 = 10^{\frac{5}{10}} = 3,1623$$

2) Filtros lineares e invariantes no tempo com perdas elevam a relação sinal-símbolo quando atenuam sinais fora da banda de frequência do sinal desejado. De forma que  $SNR_o$  (saída) >  $SNR_i$  (entrada), reduzindo o fator de ruído e, consequentemente, a figura de ruído. Contudo, observa-se que, em prática, a resposta em frequência do filtro pode ser alterada de acordo com condições a qual estiver submetido, como temperatura.

$$\textcircled{3} \quad R = 50 \Omega$$

$$B = 10 \text{ MHz}$$

$$T = 290 \text{ K}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_t(f) = k \cdot T \cdot B$$

$$= 1,381 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot 290 \cdot 10 \cdot 10^6$$

$$\approx 9 \cdot 10^{-14} \text{ W}$$

$$= -103,98 \text{ dBm}$$

for ortho lade fenes:

$$\frac{v_n}{R} = 4 \cdot k \cdot T \cdot B$$

$$= 1,6 \cdot 10^3 \text{ W}$$

$$= -97,96 \text{ dBm}$$

### ⑥ 2.6MHz amplifier

50  $\Omega$  system

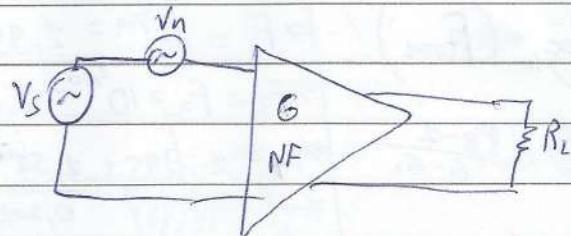
$$B = 10 \text{ MHz}$$

$$G = 40 \text{ dB}$$

$$NF = 3 \text{ dB}$$

$$R_{th} = 50 \Omega$$

$$T = 290 \text{ K}$$



$$\Rightarrow N_o = G \cdot N_i + N_e = FG \cdot N_i = F \cdot G \cdot k \cdot T \cdot B$$

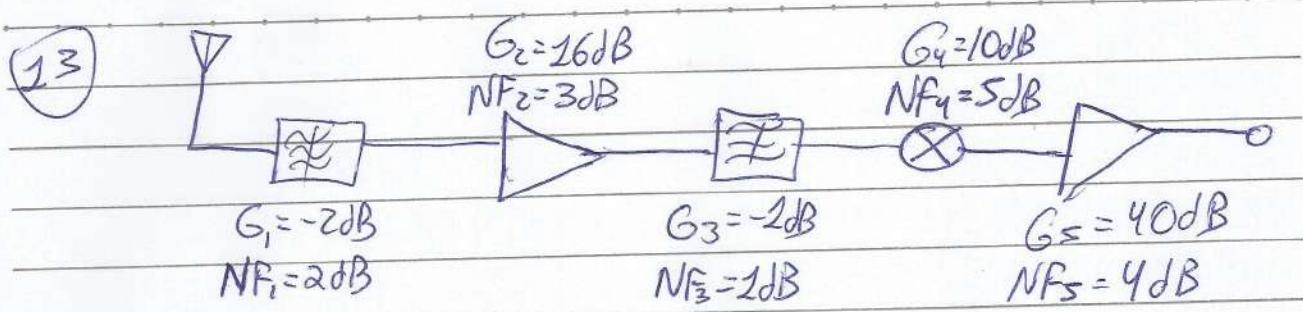
$$\Rightarrow F = 10^{3/10} = 1,99526$$

$$\Rightarrow G = 10^{4/10} = 10,000$$

$$\Rightarrow N_o = 1,99526 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 1,381 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot 290 \cdot 10^7$$

$$= 7,991 \cdot 10^{20} \text{ W}$$

$$\approx -60,97 \text{ dBm}$$



$$a) G_T = \sum_{i=1}^{m=5} G_i = -2 + 16 - 1 + 10 + 40 = 63 \text{ dB}$$

$$b) F_1 = 10^{\frac{NF_1}{10}} = 10^{\frac{2}{10}} = 1,58489$$

$$c) F_T = F_1 + \sum_{n=2}^{m=5} \frac{F_{n-1}}{\prod_{i=2}^n G_{i-1}} \Rightarrow G_1 = 10^{\frac{2}{10}} = 1,58489$$

$$\Rightarrow F_2 = 10^{\frac{3}{10}} = 1,99526$$

$$\Rightarrow F_3 = 10^{\frac{4}{10}} = 2,25892$$

$$\Rightarrow F_4 = 10^{\frac{5}{10}} = 3,16228$$

$$\Rightarrow F_5 = 10^{\frac{6}{10}} = 5,62341$$

$$\Rightarrow G_2 = 10^{\frac{2}{10}} = 1,58489$$

$$\Rightarrow G_3 = 10^{\frac{3}{10}} = 1,99526$$

$$\Rightarrow G_4 = 10^{\frac{4}{10}} = 2,25892$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = F_1 + \frac{F_2 - 1}{G_1} + \frac{F_3 - 1}{G_1 \cdot G_2} + \frac{F_4 - 1}{G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3} + \frac{F_5 - 1}{G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3 \cdot G_4} \approx 3,28853$$

$$d) NF_T = 10 \log_{10} (F_T) = 5,17 \text{ dB}$$

(17)  $G_1 = 40 \text{ dB}$        $G_2 = 10 \text{ dB}$        $a) G_T = 40 + 10 = 50 \text{ dB}$

$NF_1 = 3 \text{ dB}$        $NF_2 = 5 \text{ dB}$

$$b) F_1 = 10^{\frac{3}{10}} = 1,99526 \quad \Rightarrow F_T = F_1 + \frac{F_2 - 1}{G_1} \approx 1,995478$$

$$F_2 = 10^{\frac{4}{10}} = 3,16227$$

$$G_1 = 10^{\frac{40}{10}} = 10^4$$

$$G_2 = 10^{\frac{10}{10}} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow NF_T = 10 \log_{10} (F_T) \approx 3 \text{ dB}$$