

[Resultados do Simulador verificados]

EEL7319 - Circuitos RF

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Séção 6.12

1) $R_o = 3 \Omega$, a) $R_{in} = n^2 \cdot R_L \Rightarrow n = \sqrt{\frac{R_{in}}{R_L}} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{50}} \approx 0,245$
 $R_L = 50 \Omega$

b) Reflection Coef. $\Gamma_{in} = S_{11} = \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2 + 1} = -0,8868$

c) $R_{LdB} = -20 \log |\Gamma_{in}| = -20 \log (0,8868) = 1,0435 dB$

d) $m_2 = 100 \Rightarrow m_1 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{50}} \cdot 100 \approx 25$ ou 24

e) $R_{in} = 0,25^2 \cdot R_L = 3,125 \Omega$, para $n = 0,24 \Rightarrow R_{in} = 0,24^2 \cdot 50 = 2,88 \Omega$

f) $\Gamma_{in} = \frac{0,24^2 - 1}{0,24^2 + 1} = -0,8911$

g) $R_{LdB} = -20 \log |\Gamma_{in}| = -20 \log (0,8911) \approx -1 dB$

h) $P_s = 20 dBm \Rightarrow 10 \log \left(\frac{P_i}{1 mW} \right) \Rightarrow P_i = 9,001 \cdot 10^{20/10} = 0,1 W$

$\Rightarrow R_L = 10 \log \left(\frac{P_i}{P_r} \right) \Rightarrow P_r = 0,1 \cdot 10^{-20/10} \approx 79,43 mW$

i) $P_T = P_i - P_r = 20,57 mW \Rightarrow P_{TdBm} = 10 \log \left(\frac{20,57 mW}{1 mW} \right) = 13,13 dBm$

$$2) R_o = 50 \Omega$$
$$R_L = 100 \Omega$$

$$a) R_{in} = n^2 R_L \Rightarrow n = \sqrt{\frac{50}{100}} = 0,7071$$

$$b) \Gamma_{in} = \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2 + 1} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$c) R_{LdB} = -20 \log(1/3) = 9,54 dB$$

$$d) m_2 = 20 \Rightarrow m_2 = m_1 \cdot n = \frac{20}{0,7071} \approx 44$$

$$e) n \Rightarrow 1/20 = 0,05 \Rightarrow R_{in} = 0,05 \cdot R_L = 49 \Omega$$

$$f) \Gamma_{in} = \frac{0,7^2 - 1}{0,7^2 + 1} = -0,3423$$

$$g) R_{LdB} = -20 \log(0,3423) = 9,32 dB$$

$$h) P_s = -20 dBm \Rightarrow P_i = 0,1 mW$$

$$\Rightarrow P_r = \frac{P_i}{10} \frac{R_{LdB}}{20} = \frac{0,1 mW}{10} \frac{9,32}{20} = 22,71 \mu W$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{rldBm} = 10 \log\left(\frac{22,71 \mu W}{1 mW}\right) = -19,31 dBm$$

$$i) P_T = P_i - P_r = 88,28 \mu W \Rightarrow P_{TdBm} = 10 \log\left(\frac{88,28 \mu W}{1 mW}\right) = -10,54 dBm$$

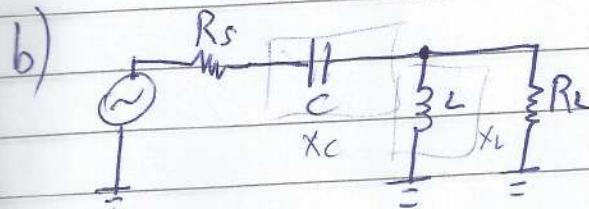
3) L-matching network

$$f = 1 \text{ GHz}$$

$$R_s = 2 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 50 \Omega$$

$$\text{a) } |\mathcal{Q}_s| = |\mathcal{Q}_p| = \sqrt{\frac{R_L}{R_s} - 1} \\ = \sqrt{\frac{50}{2} - 1} \approx 4,8989$$



$$\text{c) } \frac{X_S}{R_s} = |\mathcal{Q}_s| = 4,8989 \Rightarrow X_S = 2 \cdot 4,8989 \\ \approx 9,80 \Omega \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\omega C} = X_S \\ \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 10^9 \cdot 9,80} = 16,24 \mu F$$

$$\text{d) } |\mathcal{Q}_p| = \frac{R_L}{X_p} \Rightarrow |X_p| = \frac{R_L}{4,8989} = 10,20$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega L = 10,20$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{10,20}{2\pi \cdot 10^9} = 1,62 \text{ nH}$$

$$\text{e) Series element: } C = 16,24 \mu F$$

$$\text{f) Shunt element: } L = 1,62 \text{ nH}$$

g) Equal item b)

$$\text{h) } \Delta f = f_r / \alpha = \frac{10^9}{4,8989} \approx 204 \text{ MHz}$$

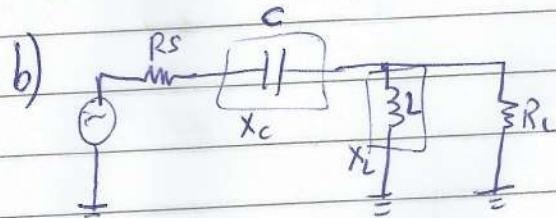
4) L-matching network

$$f = 100 \text{ GHz}$$

$$R_s = 50 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 100 \Omega$$

$$\text{a) } |\mathcal{Q}_s| = |\mathcal{Q}_p| = \sqrt{\frac{100}{50} - 1} = 1$$



$$\text{c) } X_S = \mathcal{Q}_s \cdot R_s = 50 \Omega$$

$$\text{e) Series element: } C = \frac{1}{\omega X_S} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 100 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 50} = 31,83 \text{ fF}$$

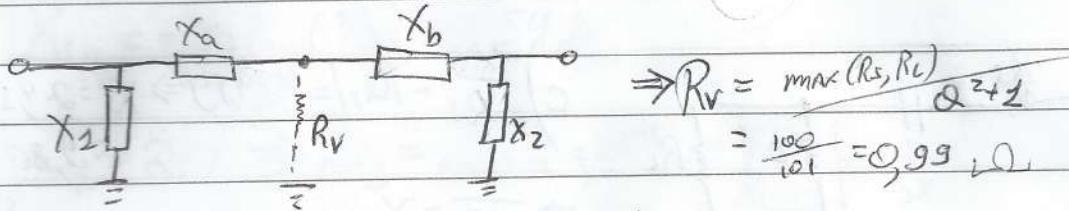
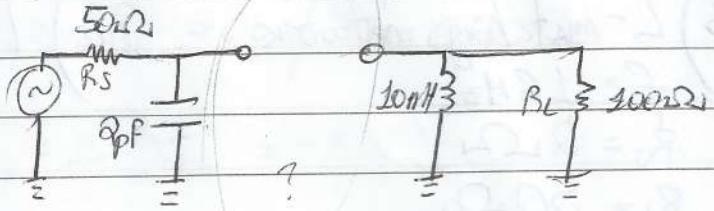
$$\text{d) } X_p = \frac{R_L}{\mathcal{Q}_p} = 100 \Omega$$

$$\text{f) Shunt element: } L = \frac{X_p}{\omega} = \frac{100}{2\pi \cdot 10^{11}} = 0,159 \text{ nH}$$

g) Equal item b)

$$\text{h) } \Delta f = \frac{10^9}{\alpha} = 100 \text{ GHz}$$

5) π -network
 $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
 $\alpha = 10$



$$\Rightarrow R_V = \frac{\max(R_S, R_L)}{\alpha^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{100}{101} = 0,99 \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_{\text{left}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_S}{R_V} - 1} = 7,03 = \frac{|X_a|}{R_V} = \frac{R_S}{|X_a|}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_a| = \frac{R_S}{\alpha_{\text{left}}} = \frac{50}{7,03} = 7,10 \quad \Rightarrow |X_a| = R_V \cdot \alpha_{\text{left}} = 0,99 \cdot 7,03 = 6,96$$

$$|X_1| = \frac{1}{\omega C_1} \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ MHz} \cdot 7,1} \\ = 24,91 \text{ pF}$$

$$|X_a| = \omega L_a \Rightarrow L_a = \frac{6,96}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ MHz}} \\ = 1,23 \text{ nH}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_{\text{right}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_L}{R_V} - 1} \approx 10 = \frac{|X_b|}{R_V} = \frac{R_L}{|X_b|}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_2| = \frac{R_L}{\alpha_{\text{right}}} = \frac{100}{10} = 10 \quad \Rightarrow |X_b| = R_V \cdot \alpha_{\text{right}} = 0,99 \cdot 10 = 9,9$$

$$|X_2| = \omega L_2 \Rightarrow L_2 = \frac{10}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ MHz}} \\ = 1,77 \text{ nH}$$

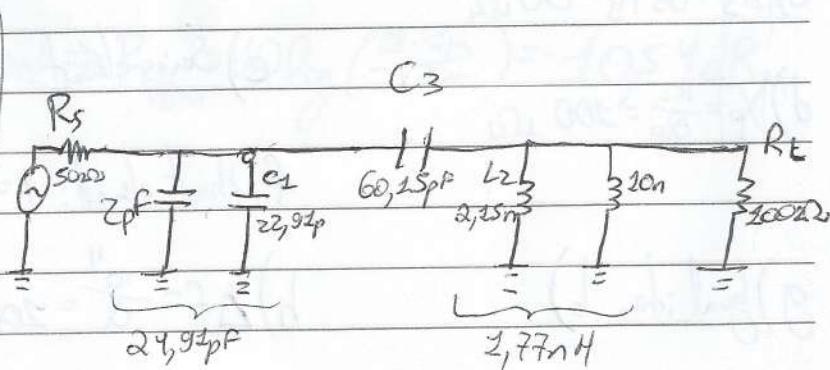
$$|X_b| = \frac{1}{\omega C_b} \Rightarrow C_b = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ MHz} \cdot 9,9} \\ = 17,86 \text{ pF}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_3 = X_a + X_b = 6,96 - 9,9 \\ = -2,94$$

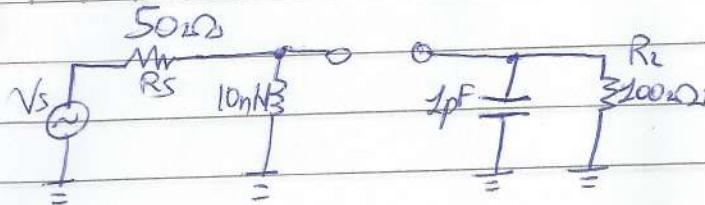
$$\Rightarrow X_3 = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ MHz} \cdot 2,94} = 60,15 \text{ pF}$$

$$\Rightarrow L_2 = \frac{60,15 \cdot 10 \text{ n}}{10 \text{ n} - L_2} = 2,15 \text{ nH}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2 = C_1 - \alpha_p = 22,91 \text{ pF}$$

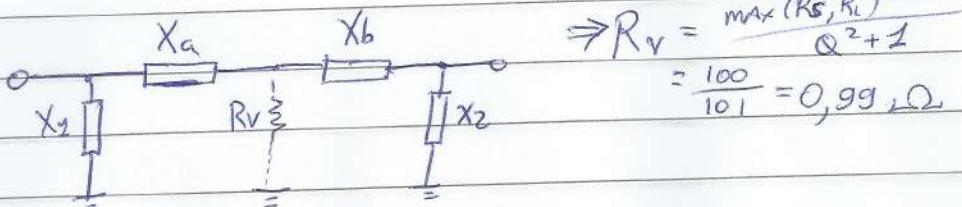


6)

 π -network

$Q = 10$

$f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



$$\Rightarrow Q_{\text{LEFT}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_s}{R_v} - 1} = 7,03 = \frac{|X_a|}{R_v} = \frac{R_s}{|X_2|}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_2| = \frac{R_s}{Q_{\text{LEFT}}} = \frac{50}{7,03} = 7,11$$

$$\Rightarrow L_1' = \frac{|X_2|}{\omega} = \frac{7,11}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ M}} = 1,26 \text{ nH}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_a| = R_v \cdot Q_{\text{LEFT}} = 0,99 \cdot 7,03 = 6,96$$

$$\Rightarrow C_a = \frac{1}{\omega X_a} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ M} \cdot 6,96} = 25,41 \text{ pF}$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{\text{RIGHT}} = \sqrt{\frac{R_L}{R_v} - 1} \approx 10 = \frac{|X_b|}{R_v} = \frac{R_L}{|X_2|}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_2| = \frac{R_L}{Q_{\text{RIGHT}}} = \frac{100}{10} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2' = \frac{1}{\omega X_2} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ M} \cdot 10} = 17,68 \text{ pF}$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_b| = R_v \cdot Q_{\text{RIGHT}} = 0,99 \cdot 10 = 9,9$$

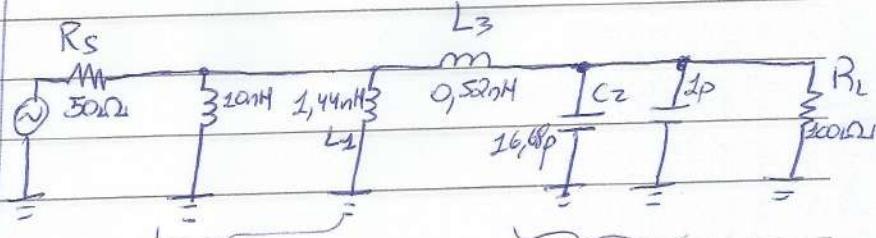
$$\Rightarrow L_b = \frac{|X_b|}{\omega} = \frac{9,9}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ M}} = 1,75 \text{ nH}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_3 = X_a + X_b = -6,96 + 9,9 = 2,94$$

$$\Rightarrow L_3 = \frac{2,94}{2\pi \cdot 900 \text{ M}} = 0,52 \text{ nH}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2 = C_2' - 1_p = 16,68 \text{ pF}$$

$$\Rightarrow L_2 = \frac{L_2' \cdot 10 \text{ n}}{10 \text{ n} - L_2'} = 1,44 \text{ nH}$$

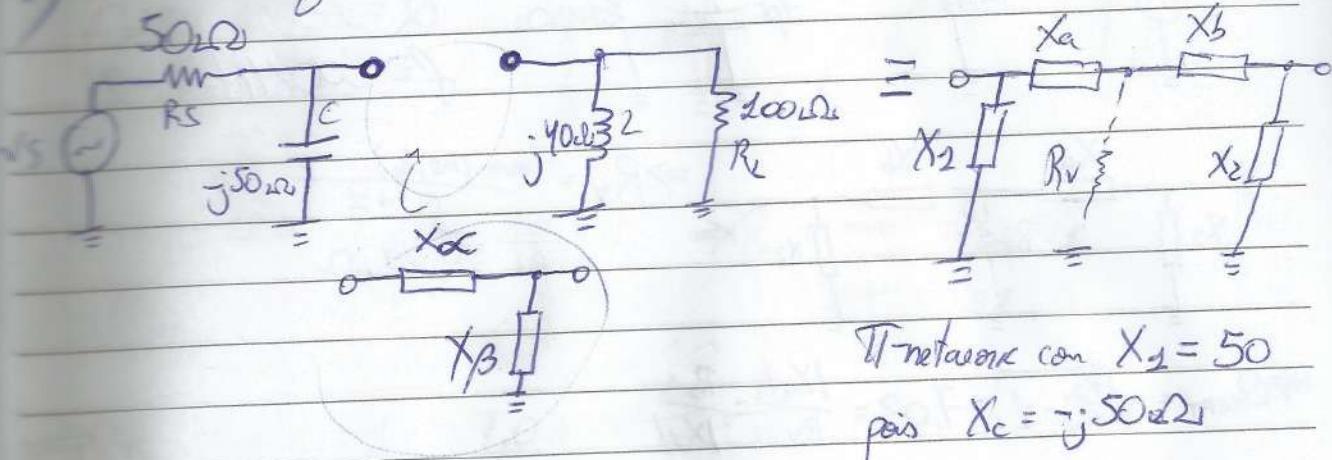


1.26 nH

17.68 pF

7) L-matching network

Equiv. a:



π-network con $X_2 = 50$

$$\text{p/s } X_c = -j50\Omega$$

Equiv. b:

$$\Rightarrow X_1 = 50 \Rightarrow Q_{LEFT} = \frac{R_s}{X_1} = \frac{50}{50} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow R_v = \frac{R_s}{Q_{LEFT}^2 + 1} = \frac{50}{2} = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{RIGHT} = \sqrt{\frac{R_v}{R_v} - 1} = \sqrt{\frac{100}{25} - 1} = \sqrt{3} \approx 1,73$$

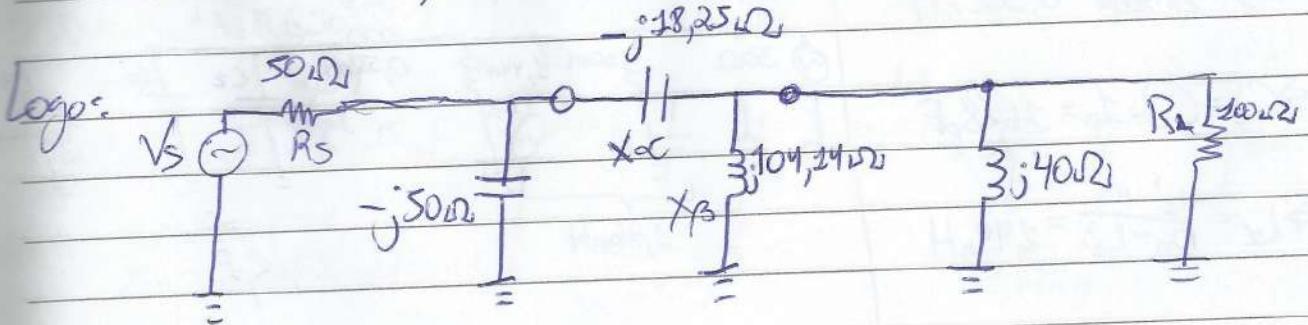
$$\Rightarrow X_a = Q_{LEFT} \cdot R_v = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow X_1 = \frac{R_s}{Q_{LEFT}} = 50$$

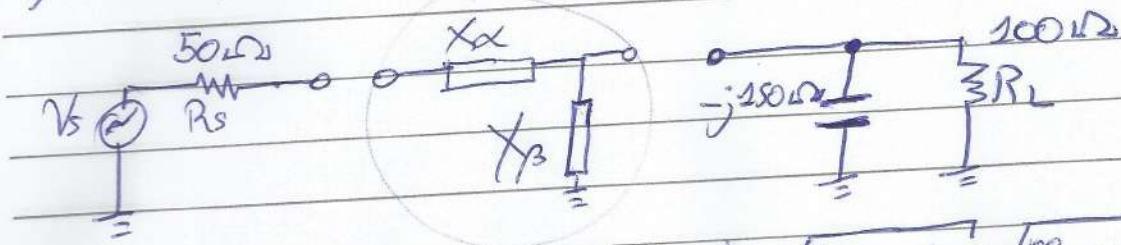
$$\Rightarrow X_b = Q_{RIGHT} \cdot R_v = 1,73 \cdot 25 = 43,25 \Rightarrow X_2 = \frac{R_s}{Q_{RIGHT}} = \frac{50}{1,73} = 28,9$$

$$\Rightarrow X_2 = 28,9 = \frac{X_\beta \cdot 40}{X_\beta + 40} \Rightarrow X_\beta = \frac{40 \cdot X_2}{40 - X_2} = 104,14$$

$$\Rightarrow X_a + X_b = 25 - 43,25 = -18,25$$



8) L-matching network



$$\Rightarrow X_p = X_\beta / (-j150\Omega) \Rightarrow |\mathcal{Q}_p| = |\mathcal{Q}_\beta| = \sqrt{R_L/R_S - 1} = \sqrt{100/50 - 1} = 1$$

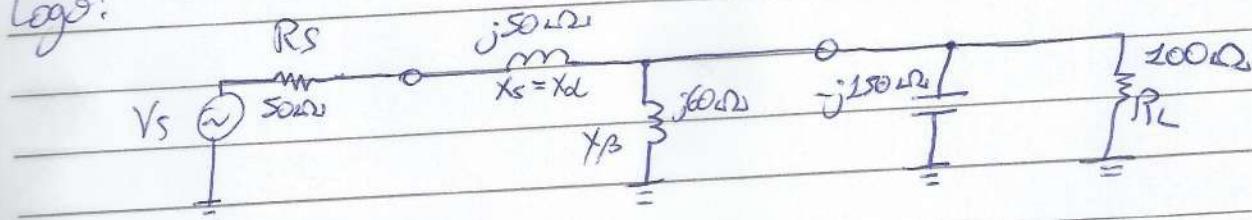
$$\Rightarrow X_S = X_d$$

$$\Rightarrow X_p = \frac{R_L}{\mathcal{Q}_p} = R_L = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow X_\beta = \frac{-j150 \times X_p}{j250 - X_p} = 60 \quad (\text{if } 60\Omega \rightarrow \text{inductor})$$

$$\Rightarrow X_S = \mathcal{Q}_S \cdot R_S = 50$$

Logo:



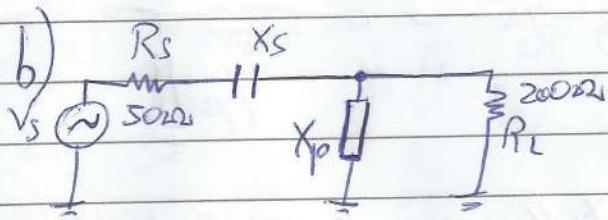
10) L-matching network
 $f = 100 \text{ GHz}$

$$R_s = 50 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 200 \Omega$$

DC-blocking

$$\text{a)} Q_s = \sqrt{\frac{R_L}{R_s}} - 1 = \sqrt{\frac{200}{50}} - 1 = \sqrt{3} \approx 1,73$$



$$\text{c)} X_s = R_s \cdot Q_s = 50 \cdot 1,73 = 86,5$$

$$\text{e)} C = \frac{1}{\omega X_s} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 100 \cdot 86,5} \approx 18,4 \text{ fF}$$

$$\text{d)} X_p = \frac{R_L}{Q_s} = \frac{200}{1,73} = 115,61$$

$$\text{f)} L = \frac{X_p}{\omega} = \frac{115,61}{2\pi \cdot 100} \approx 0,184 \text{ nH}$$

g) Mesmo que item b)

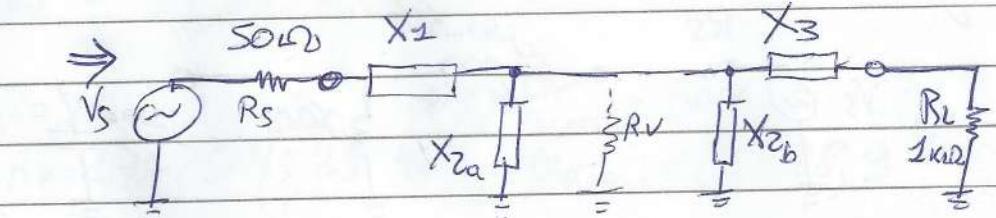
$$\text{com } X_p \text{ sendo indutor de } L = 0,184 \text{ nH} \quad \text{h)} \Delta f = \frac{f_n}{Q} = \frac{10}{1,73} \approx 5,8 \text{ GHz}$$

21) T-network

$$R_s = 50 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 1 k\Omega$$

$$Q = 15$$



$$\Rightarrow Q = \sqrt{\frac{R_L}{\min(R_s, R_L)}} - 1 \Rightarrow R_V = (Q^2 + 1) \cdot [\min(R_s, R_L)] = 11300$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_1 = \sqrt{\frac{R_V}{R_s} - 1} = 15 \quad \Rightarrow Q_2 = \sqrt{\frac{R_V}{R_L} - 1} = 3,21$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_1| = R_s \cdot Q_1 = 50 \cdot 15 = 750 \quad \Rightarrow |X_3| = R_L \cdot Q_2 = 1k \cdot 3,21 = 3210$$

$$\Rightarrow |X_{2a}| = \frac{R_V}{Q_1} = \frac{11300}{15} = 753,33 \quad \Rightarrow |X_{2b}| = \frac{R_V}{Q_2} = \frac{11300}{3,21} = 3520$$

