Users and permissions

Agenda

- Creating and Managing Users
- Granting and Revoking Permissions

 Multiple users can be created within the database with the CREATE USER command

```
create user 'sample'@'localhost' identified by '123'; create user 'test'@'%' identified by '123';
```

General form for creating a user:

```
CREATE USER [user]@[host]
IDENTIFIED WITH [auth_plugin] [AS 'auth_string']
IDENTIFIED BY [PASSWORD]
```

 You can change the password of a user using the SET PASSWORD command

```
SET PASSWORD FOR HRM = PASSWORD('123');
```

Users can be renamed using the RENAME USER command

Users can be dropped with the DROP USER command

```
RENAME USER 'sample'@'%' TO 'new_sample'@'127.0.0.1';
DROP USER 'new_sample'@'127.0.0.1';
```

Permissions are certain privileges that can be assigned to users

Permissions are given with the GRANT command

Permissions are removed with the REVOKE command

- Different types of permissions:
 - Global Privileges
 - Database Privileges
 - Table Privileges
 - Column Privileges
 - Stored Routine Privileges

General syntax for the GRANT command:

```
GRANT
[priv_type] [(column_list)]
[, priv_type [(column_list)]] ...
ON [object_type] [priv_level]
TO [user] [, user] ...
[REQUIRE {NONE | ssl_option [[AND] ssl_option]
...}]
[WITH [with_option] ...]
```

```
grant select on employees to
'new_sample'@'127.0.0.1' with grant option;
```

Resource limitations for users can also be set using the GRANT command

```
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO hrm WITH
MAX_QUERIES_PER_HOUR 500 MAX_UPDATES_PER_HOUR
100;
```

General syntax for the REVOKE command:

```
REVOKE
[priv_type] [(column_list)]
[, priv_type [(column_list)]] ...
ON [object_type] [priv_level]
FROM user [, user] ...
```

```
revoke select on employees from
'new_sample'@'127.0.0.1';
```

Questions?