

3DOF 기구학

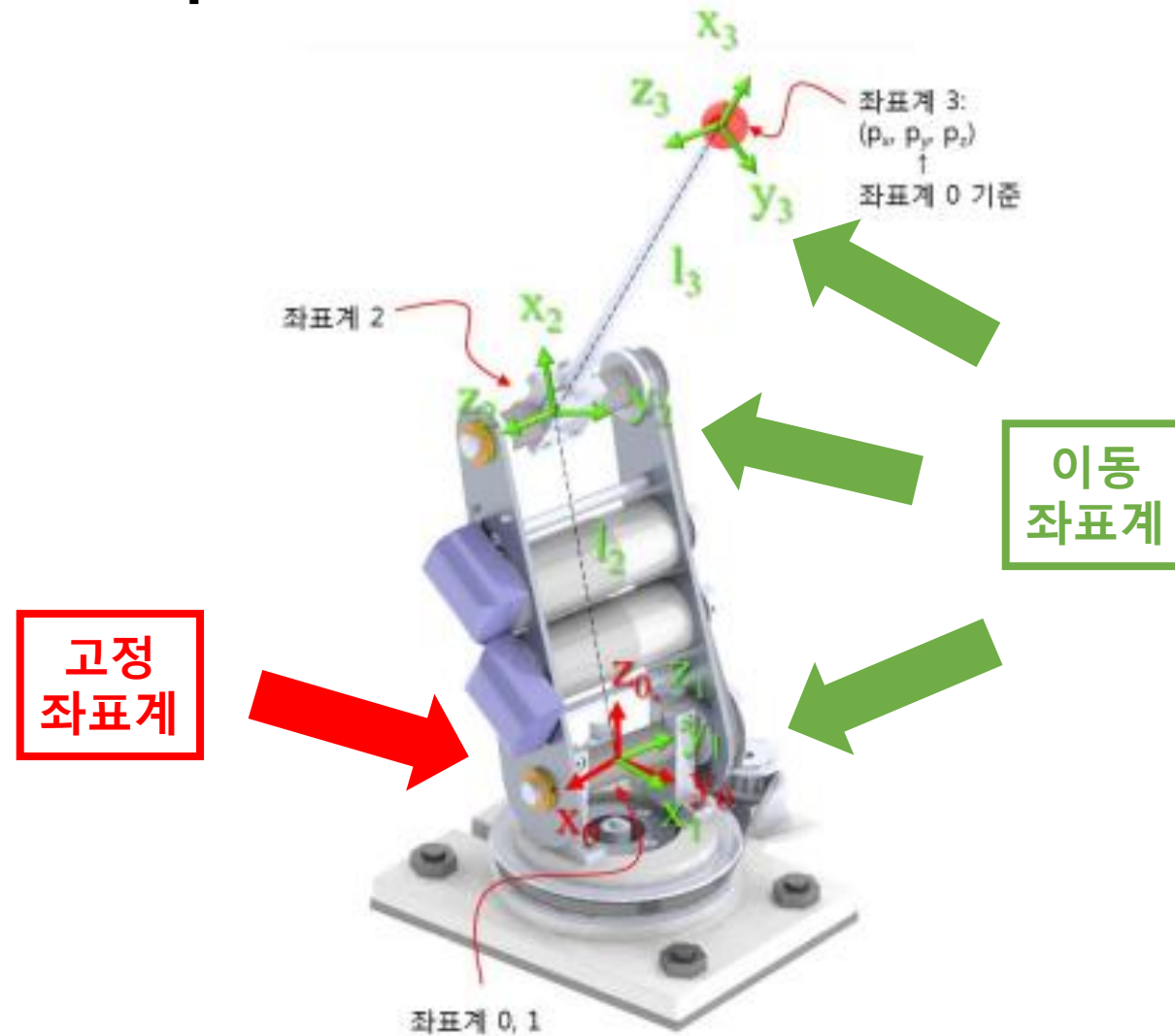
로봇팔 세미나 - 김혜윤 -

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3DOF Manipulator

3DOF Manipulaor



3DOF Manipulaor

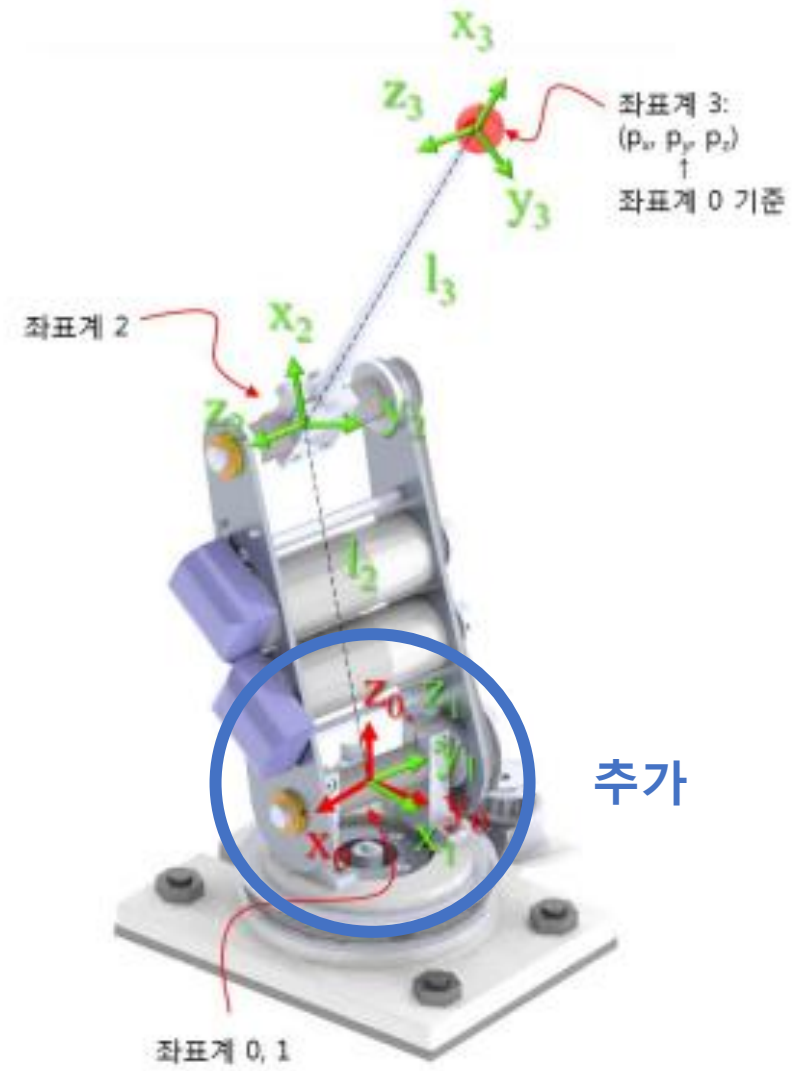
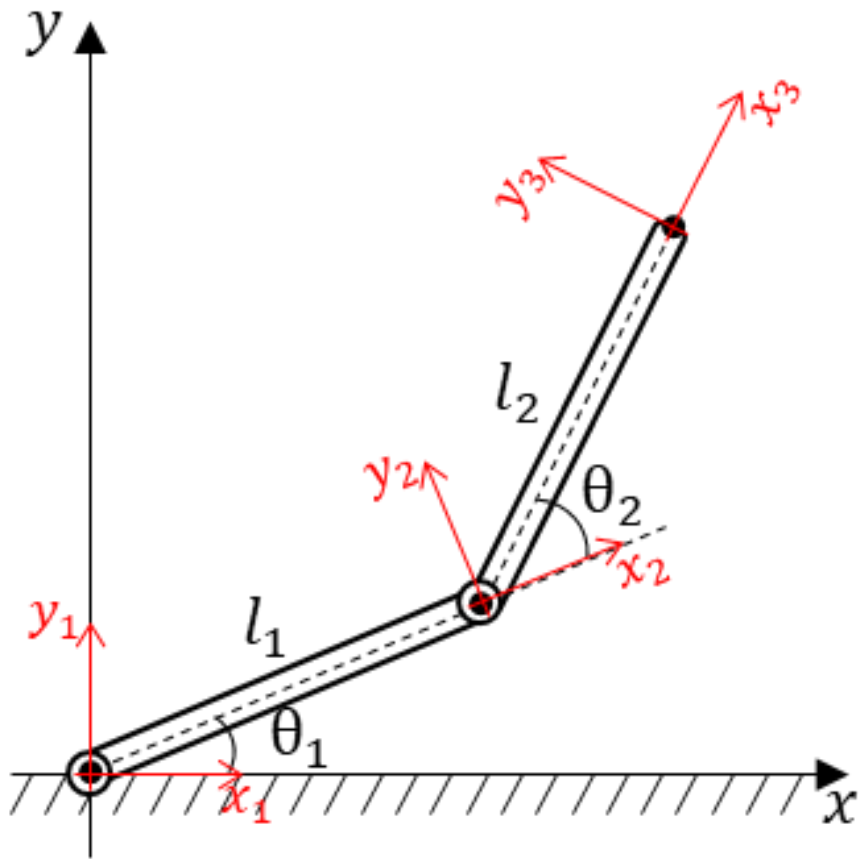
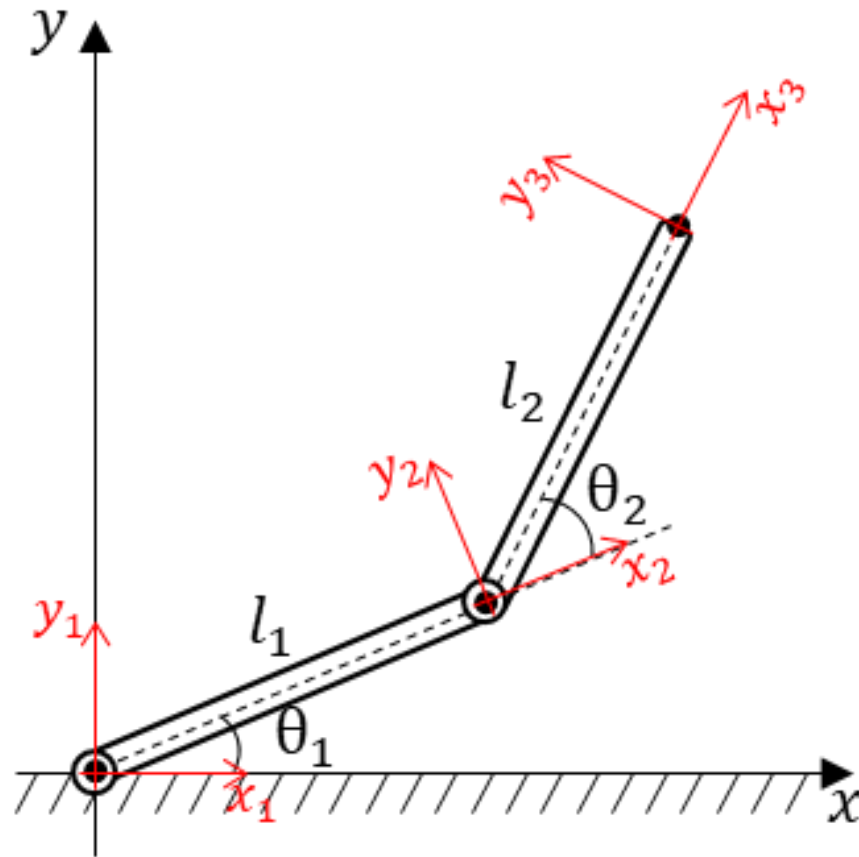


그림 출처: <https://www.minthee.kr/matlab%ec%9c%bc%eb%a1%9c-dynamixel-%ea%b5%ac%eb%8f%99%ed%95%98%ea%b8%b0-03-two-link%eb%a1%9c%eb%b4%87-kinematics/>
http://robot.hanbat.ac.kr/May11/teaching/lab/3%20DOF%20robot%20arm_rev2.pdf

3DOF 정기구학

2DOF Manipulaor 동차 변환 행렬

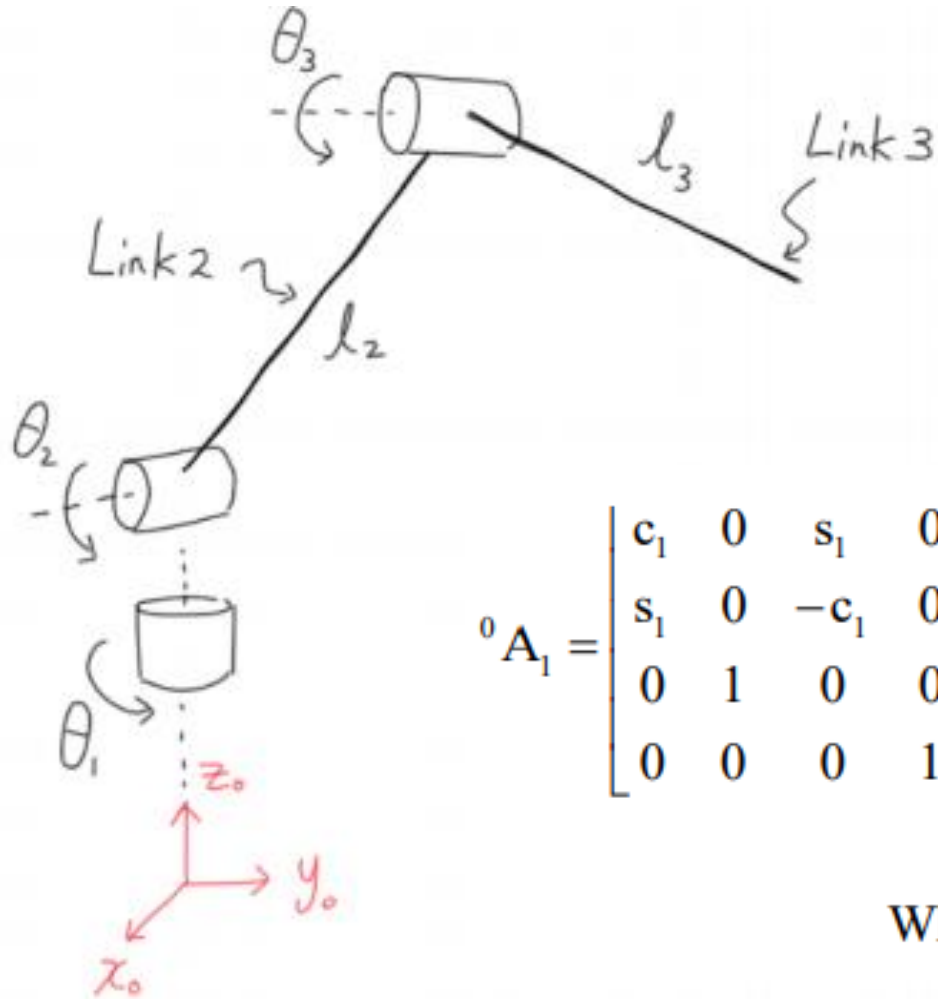


동차 변환 행렬

$${}^0T_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 & l_1\cos(\theta_1) \\ \sin(\theta_1) & \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & l_1\sin(\theta_1) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$${}^1T_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_2) & -\sin(\theta_2) & 0 & l_2\cos(\theta_2) \\ \sin(\theta_2) & \cos(\theta_2) & 0 & l_2\sin(\theta_2) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3DOF Manipulaor 동차 변환 행렬



$${}^0A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & 0 & s_1 & 0 \\ s_1 & 0 & -c_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad {}^1A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_2 & -s_2 & 0 & c_2 l_2 \\ s_2 & c_2 & 0 & s_2 l_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad {}^2A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c_3 & -s_3 & 0 & c_3 l_3 \\ s_3 & c_3 & 0 & s_3 l_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

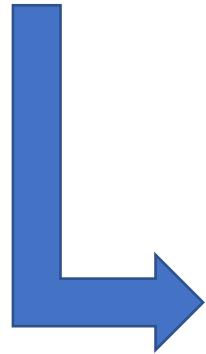
Where $c_i = \cos(\theta_i)$, $s_i = \sin(\theta_i)$ ($i = 1, 2, 3$)

3DOF Manipulaor 동차 변환 행렬

$${}^0A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & 0 & s_1 & 0 \\ s_1 & 0 & -c_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times {}^0T_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_{12}) & -\sin(\theta_{12}) & 0 & l_1 \cos(\theta_1) + l_2 \cos(\theta_{12}) \\ \sin(\theta_{12}) & \cos(\theta_{12}) & 0 & l_1 \sin(\theta_1) + l_2 \sin(\theta_{12}) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta_{12} = \theta_1 + \theta_2$$

Where $c_i = \cos(\theta_i)$, $s_i = \sin(\theta_i)$ ($i=1,2,3$)



$${}^0T_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & s_1 & c_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ s_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -s_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 & s_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ \sin(\theta_{23}) & \cos(\theta_{23}) & 0 & (l_2 s_2 + l_3 \sin(\theta_{23})) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

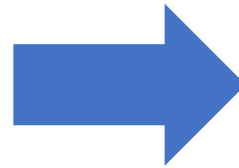
3DOF 역기구학

역기구학 풀이

$${}^0T_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & s_1 & c_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ s_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -s_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 & s_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ \sin(\theta_{23}) & \cos(\theta_{23}) & 0 & (l_2 s_2 + l_3 \sin(\theta_{23})) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 & r_3 & p_x \\ r_4 & r_5 & r_6 & p_y \\ r_7 & r_8 & r_9 & p_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$p_x = c_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))$$

$$p_y = s_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))$$



$$\theta_1 = \text{Atan2}(p_y, p_x)$$

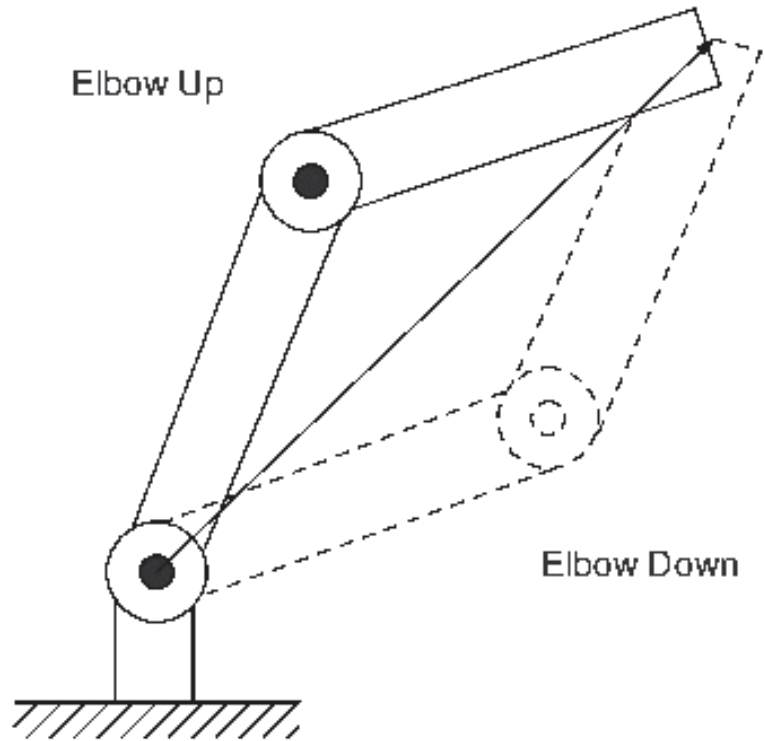
역기구학 풀이

$${}^0T_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & s_1 & c_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ s_1 \cos(\theta_{23}) & -s_1 \sin(\theta_{23}) & -c_1 & s_1(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) \\ \sin(\theta_{23}) & \cos(\theta_{23}) & 0 & (l_2 s_2 + l_3 \sin(\theta_{23})) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 & r_3 & p_x \\ r_4 & r_5 & r_6 & p_y \\ r_7 & r_8 & r_9 & p_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 &= (c_1^2 + s_1^2) (l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))^2 \\ &= (l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 + p_z^2 - l_3^2 - l_2^2 &= (l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))^2 + (l_2 s_2 + l_3 \sin(\theta_{23}))^2 - l_2^2 - l_3^2 \\ &= 2l_2 l_3 (c_2 \cos(\theta_{23}) + s_2 \sin(\theta_{23})) = 2l_2 l_3 \cos \theta_3 \end{aligned}$$

역기구학 풀이



$$(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 + p_z^2 - l_3^2 - l_2^2 = 2l_2 l_3 \cos \theta_3$$

$$A_0 = \frac{(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 + p_z^2 - l_3^2 - l_2^2}{2l_2 l_3} = \cos \theta_3$$

$$B_0 = \pm \sqrt{1 - A_0^2} = \sin \theta_3$$

$$\theta_3 = \text{Atan2}(B_0, A_0)$$

그림 출처: <https://ddangeun.tistory.com/27>

<https://www.minthee.kr/matlab%ec%9c%bc%eb%a1%9c-dynamixel-%ea%b5%ac%eb%8f%99%ed%95%98%ea%b8%b0-03-two-link%eb%a1%9c%eb%b4%87-kinematics/>

역기구학 풀이

$$A_0 = \cos \theta_3, B_0 = \sin \theta_3$$

$$p_x c_1 + p_y s_1 = (c_1^2 + s_1^2)(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) = l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})$$

$$(A_0 l_3 + l_2)(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) = (l_3 c_3 + l_2)(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23}))$$

$$(A_0 l_3 + l_2)(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) + B_0 l_3 p_z$$

$$= (l_3 c_3 + l_2)(l_2 c_2 + l_3 \cos(\theta_{23})) + l_3 s_3 (l_2 s_2 + l_3 \sin(\theta_{23}))$$

$$= l_2 l_3 (c_2 c_3 + \cos(\theta_{23}) + s_2 s_3) + l_2^2 c_2 + l_3^2 (c_3 \cos(\theta_{23}) + s_3 \sin(\theta_{23}))$$

$$= c_2 (2l_2 l_3 \cos \theta_3 + l_2^2 + l_3^2)$$

$$(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 + p_z^2 = 2l_2 l_3 \cos \theta_3 + l_2^2 + l_3^2$$

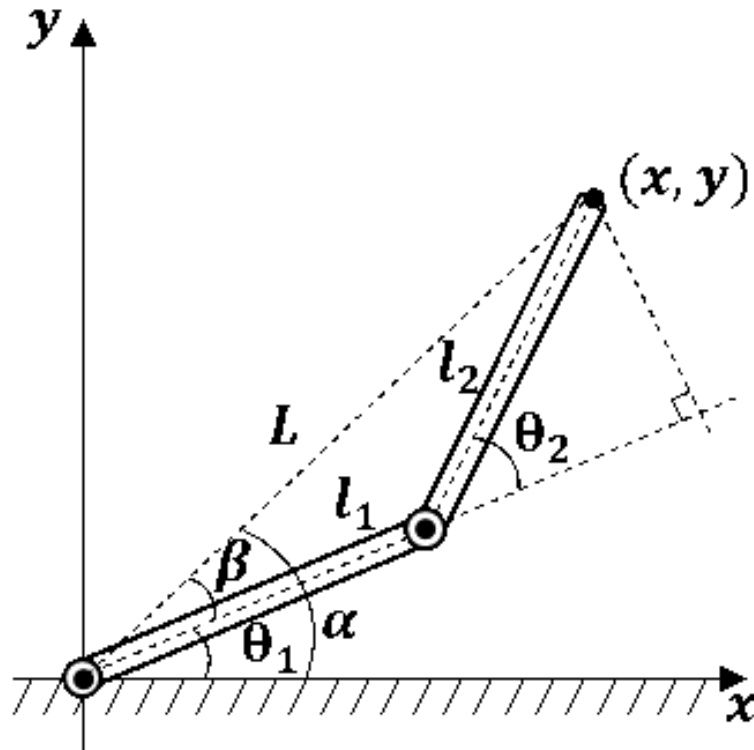
역기구학 풀이

$$A_1 = \frac{(A_0 l_3 + l_2)(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) + B_0 l_3 p_z}{(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1)^2 + p_z^2} = \cos \theta_2$$

$$B_1 = \pm \sqrt{1 - A_1^2} = \sin \theta_2$$

$$\theta_2 = \text{Atan2}(B_1, A_1)$$

2DOF 역기구학



$$\theta_1 = \underbrace{\text{atan2}(y, x)}_{\alpha} - \underbrace{\text{atan2}(l_1 + l_2 \cos \theta_2, l_2 \sin \theta_2)}_{\beta}$$

α

β