# CSCI596 Assignment 2—Message Passing Interface Due: September 16 (Wed), 2020, 11:59 pm

## Goal: Implement Your Own Global Summation with Message Passing Interface

In this assignment, you will write your own global summation program (equivalent to MPI\_Allreduce) using MPI\_Send and MPI\_Recv. Your program should run with  $P = 2^l$  processes (or MPI ranks), where l = 0, 1,... Each process contributes a partial value, and at the end, all the processes will have the globally-summed value of these partial contributions.

Your program will use a communication structure called butterfly, which is structured as a series of pairwise exchanges (see the figure below where messages are denoted by arrows). This structure allows a global reduction among P processes to be performed in  $\log_2 P$  steps.

```
a000 + a001 + a010 + a011 + a100 + a101 + a110 + a111
= ((a000 + a001) + (a010 + a011)) + ((a100 + a101) + (a110 + a111))
```

At each level l, a process exchanges messages with a partner whose rank differs only at the l-th bit position in the binary representation (**Fig. 1**).

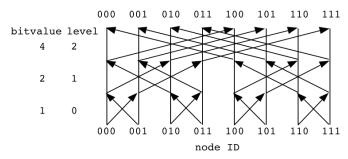


Fig. 1: Butterfly network used in hypercube algorithms.

### HYPERCUBE TEMPLATE

We can use the following template to perform a global reduction using any associative operator OP (such as multiplication or maximum), (a OP b) OP c = a OP (b OP c). 1,2,3

```
procedure hypercube(myid, input, logP, output)
begin
  mydone := input;
  for 1 := 0 to logP-1 do
  begin
    partner := myid XOR 2<sup>1</sup>;
    send mydone to partner;
    receive hisdone from partner;
    mydone = mydone OP hisdone
  end
  output := mydone
end
```

### USE OF BITWISE LOGICAL XOR

```
Note that

0 XOR 0 = 1 XOR 1 = 0;
0 XOR 1 = 1 XOR 0 = 1.

so that a XOR 1 flips the bit a, i.e.,
```

```
a \text{ XOR } 1 = a
a \text{ XOR } 0 = a
```

where  $\bar{a}$  is the complement of a ( $\bar{a} = 110$  for a = 011). In particular, myid xor  $2^{1}$  reverses the l-th bit of the rank of this process, myid:

```
abcdefg XOR 0000100 = abcd efg
```

Note that the XOR operator is ^ (caret symbol) in the C programming language.

#### ASSIGNMENT

Complete the following program by implementing the function, global\_sum, using MPI Send and MPI Recv functions and the hypercube template shown above.

Submit the source code as well as the printout from a test run on 4 processors and that on 8 processors.

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
int nprocs; /* Number of processes */
            /* My rank */
int myid;
double global sum(double partial) {
  /* Implement your own global summation here */
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  double partial, sum, avg;
 MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
 MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &myid);
 MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &nprocs);
 partial = (double) myid;
 printf("Node %d has %le\n", myid, partial);
  sum = global sum(partial);
  if (myid == 0) {
    avg = sum/nprocs;
    printf("Global average = %le\n", avg);
 MPI Finalize();
  return 0;
}
```

#### References

- 1. Slides 20-24 in <a href="http://cacs.usc.edu/education/cs596/MPI-VG.pdf">http://cacs.usc.edu/education/cs596/MPI-VG.pdf</a>.
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hypercube (communication pattern).
- 3. I. Foster, *Designing and Building Parallel Programs* (Addison-Wesley, 1995) Chap. 11—Hypercube algorithms <a href="https://www.mcs.anl.gov/~itf/dbpp/text/node123.html">https://www.mcs.anl.gov/~itf/dbpp/text/node123.html</a>.