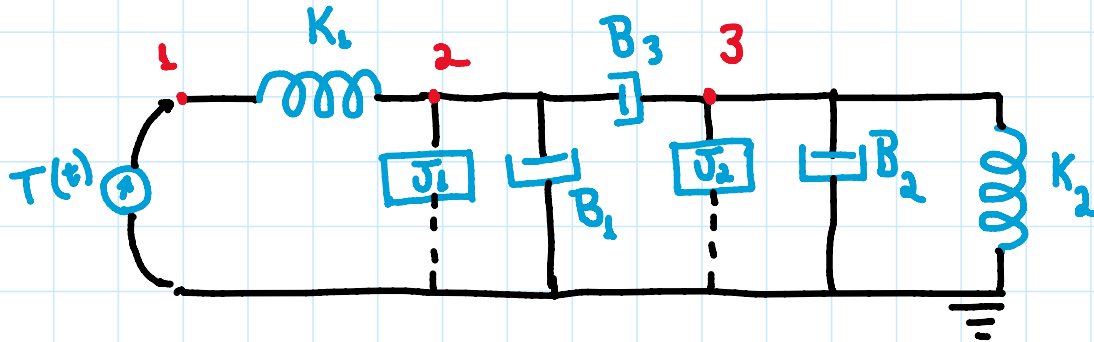
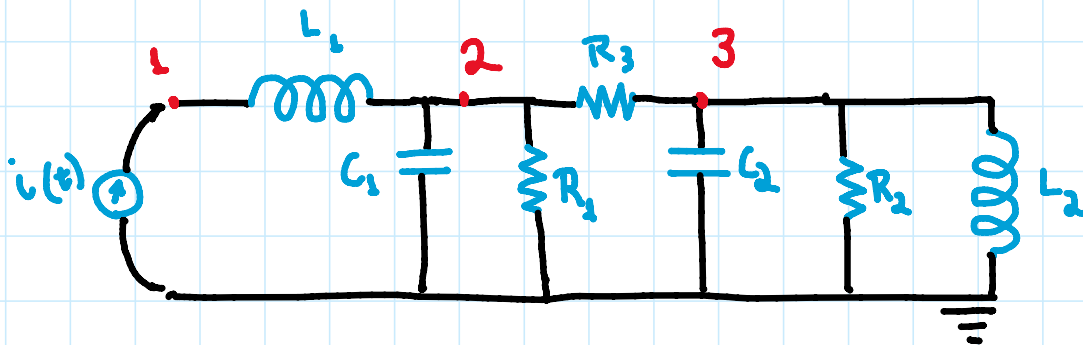


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Ex.1) • Circuito mecânico:



• Circuito elétrico:



• N° 1:  $(V_1 - V_2) \cdot \frac{1}{L_1 D} = i(t) \quad (I)$

• N° 2:  $V_2 \left[ C_1 D + \frac{1}{R_1} \right] + (V_2 - V_3) \cdot \frac{1}{R_3} - (V_1 - V_2) \cdot \frac{1}{L_1 D} = 0 \Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow V_2 \left[ C_1 D + \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{L_1 D} \right] - V_1 \cdot \frac{1}{L_1 D} - V_3 \cdot \frac{1}{R_3} = 0 \quad (II)$

• N° 3:  $-(V_2 - V_3) \cdot \frac{1}{R_3} + V_3 \cdot \left[ C_2 D + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{L_2 D} \right] = 0 \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow V_3 \left[ C_2 D + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{L_2 D} \right] - V_2 \frac{1}{R_3} = 0 \text{ (III)}$$

• D<sub>2</sub> analogia do tipo 2:  $V \rightarrow \overset{\uparrow \dot{\theta}}{\omega}$ ;  $i \rightarrow T$ ;  $L \rightarrow \frac{1}{K}$ ;  $C \rightarrow J$ ;  $R \rightarrow \frac{1}{B}$

$$\rightarrow \text{Eq. (I): } (\omega_1 - \omega_2) \cdot \underset{\frac{1}{K_1} D}{1} = T(t) \Rightarrow K_1 \cdot (\theta_1 - \theta_2) = T(t)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Eq. (II): } \omega_2 \cdot \left[ J_1 D + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_1}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_3}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{K_1} D} \right] - \omega_1 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{K_1} D} - \omega_3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_3}} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow J_1 \ddot{\theta}_2 + (B_1 + B_3) \dot{\theta}_2 + K_1 (\theta_1 - \theta_2) - B_3 \dot{\theta}_3 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Eq. (III): } \omega_3 \cdot \left[ J_2 D + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_3}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{K_2} D} \right] - \omega_2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{B_3}} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow J_2 \ddot{\theta}_3 + (B_2 + B_3) \dot{\theta}_3 + K_2 \theta_3 - B_3 \dot{\theta}_2 = 0$$