ACM ICPC Reference

University of Brasilia

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Contents

.vimrc	
Estrutura de Dados	2
Merge Sort Tree	2
Ordered Set	
Convex Hull Trick	
Min queue	2
Paradigmas	3
FFT	3
NTT	3
Matemática	3
Euclides Extendido	3
Preffix inverse	
Pollard Rho	3
Miller Rabin	4
Totiente	4
Mulmod TOP	4
Grafos	4
Dinic	4
Min Cost Max Flow	5
Small to Large	5
Junior e Falta de Ideias	
Kosaraju	6
Tarjan	6
Max Clique	7
Strings	7
Aho Corasick	7
Suffix Array	7
Z Algorithm	
Prefix function/KMP	
Min rotation	8
All palindrome	8
Palindromic Tree	8
Geometria	9
2D basics	9
Nearest Points	10
Determinante	
Convex Hull	
Check point inside polygon, borders included	

University of Brasilia .vimrc, page 2

.vimrc

set ai ts=4 sw=4 sta nu rnu sc stl+=%F

```
svntax on
.bashrc
alias cmp='g++ -Wall -Wshadow -Wconversion -fsanitize=
  address -std=c++11'
Estrutura de Dados
Merge Sort Tree
struct MergeTree{
   int n:
   vector<vector<int>>> st;
   void build(int p, int L, int R, const int v[]){
      if(L == R){
          st[p].push_back(v[L]);
          return:
      int mid = (L+R)/2;
      build(2*p, L, mid, v);
      build(2*p+1, mid+1, R, v);
      st[p].resize(R-L+1);
      merge(st[2*p].begin(), st[2*p].end(),
             st[2*p+1].begin(), st[2*p+1].end(),
             st[p].begin());
   }
   int query(int p, int L, int R, int i, int j, int x)
     const{
      if(L > j || R < i) return 0;
      if(L >= i && R <= j){
          int id = lower_bound(st[p].begin(), st[p].end
            (), x) - st[p].begin();
          return int(st[p].size()) - id;
      int mid = (L+R)/2;
      return query(2*p, L, mid, i, j, x) +
          query(2*p+1, mid+1, R, i, j, x);
   }
   MergeTree(int sz, const int v[]): n(sz), st(4*sz){
      build(1, 1, n, v);
   //number of elements >= x on segment [i, j]
   int query(int i, int j, int x) const{
      if(i > j) swap(i, j);
      return query(1, 1, n, i, j, x);
   }
};
Ordered Set
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/detail/standard_policies.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds; // or pb_ds;
```

template<typename T, typename B = null_type>

using oset = tree<T, B, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,

tree_order_statistics_node_update>;

// find_by_order / order_of_key

Convex Hull Trick

```
const ll is_query = -(1LL<<62);</pre>
struct Line{
   11 m. b:
   mutable function<const Line*()> succ;
   bool operator<(const Line& rhs) const{</pre>
       if (rhs.b != is_query) return m < rhs.m;</pre>
       const Line* s = succ();
       if (!s) return 0;
      11 x = rhs.m;
       return b - s->b < (s->m - m) * x;
};
struct HullDynamic : public multiset<Line>{ // will
  maintain upper hull for maximum
   bool bad(iterator y){
       auto z = next(y);
       if(y == begin()){
          if(z == end()) return 0;
          return y->m == z->m \&\& y->b <= z->b;
       auto x = prev(y);
       if(z == end()) return y->m == x->m && y->b <= x->
         b;
       return (x->b - y->b)*(z->m - y->m) >= (y->b - z->
         b)*(y->m - x->m);
   void insert_line(ll m, ll b){
       auto y = insert({ m, b });
       y->succ = [=]{ return next(y) == end() ? 0 : &*
         next(y); };
       if(bad(y)) { erase(y); return; }
       while(next(y) != end() && bad(next(y))) erase(
         next(y));
       while(y != begin() && bad(prev(y))) erase(prev(y)
         );
   11 eval(11 x){
       auto l = *lower_bound((Line) { x, is_query });
       return 1.m * x + 1.b;
};
Min queue
class min0{
   deque<tuple<int, int, int> > p;
   int delta, sz;
public:
   minQ() : delta(0), sz(0) {}
   inline int size() const{ return sz; }
   inline void add(int x){ delta += x; }
   inline void push(int x, int id){
      x -= delta, sz++;
       int t = 1:
       while(p.size() > 0 && get<0>(p.back()) >= x)
          t += get<1>(p.back()), p.pop_back();
      p.emplace_back(x, t, id);
   inline void pop(){
       get<1>(p.front())--, sz--;
       if(!get<1>(p.front())) p.pop_front();
   int getmin()const{ return get<0>(p.front())+delta; }
   int getid() const{ return get<2>(p.front()); }
};
```

University of Brasilia Paradigmas, page 3

Paradigmas

FFT

```
// typedef complex<double> base;
struct base{
   double r, i;
   base(double r_{-} = 0, double i_{-} = 0) : r(r_{-}), i(i_{-}) {}
   base operator*(base &o){
      return {r*o.r - i*o.i, r*o.i + o.r*i};
   double real() const{ return r; }
   void operator*=(base &o){ r*o.r-i*o.i,r*o.i+o.r*i; }
   void operator+=(base &o){ r += o.r, i += o.i; }
   void operator/=(double &o){ r /= o, i /= o; }
   void operator-=(base &o){ r -= o.r, i -= o.i; }
   base operator+(base &o){ return {r+o.r, i+o.i}; }
   base operator-(base &o){ return {r-o.r, i-o.i}; }
double PI = acos(-1);
void fft(vector<base> &a, bool inv){
   int n = (int)a.size();
   for(int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; i++){
       int bit = n \gg 1;
       for(; j >= bit; bit >>= 1) j -= bit;
       i += bit:
       if(i < j) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
   for(int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {</pre>
      double ang = 2*PI/len * (inv ? -1 : 1);
       base wlen(cos(ang), sin(ang));
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i += len){
          base w(1):
          for(int j = 0; j < len/2; j++){
              base u = a[i+j], v = a[i+j+len/2] * w;
              a[i+j] = u + v;
              a[i+j+len/2] = u - v;
              w *= wlen;
          }
      }
   }
   if(inv) for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;
void multiply(const vector<int> &a, const vector<int> &b
  , vector<int> &res){
   vector<base> fa(a.begin(), a.end());
   vector<base> fb(b.begin(), b.end());
   size_t n = 1;
   while(n < a.size()) n <<= 1;
   while(n < b.size()) n <<= 1;
   n <<= 1:
   fa.resize(n), fb.resize(n);
   fft(fa, false), fft(fb, false);
   for(size_t i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       fa[i] *= fb[i];
   fft(fa, true);
   res.resize (n);
   for(size_t i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
      res[i] = int(fa[i].real() + 0.5);
}
```

NTT

```
const int mod = 7340033;
const int root = 5;
const int root_1 = 4404020;
const int root_pw = 1<<20;</pre>
void fft (vector<int> & a, bool invert) {
   int n = (int) a.size();
   for (int i=1, j=0; i<n; ++i) {
       int bit = n \gg 1:
       for (; j>=bit; bit>>=1)
          j -= bit;
       i += bit;
       if (i < j)
          swap (a[i], a[j]);
   }
   for (int len=2; len<=n; len<<=1) {</pre>
       int wlen = invert ? root_1 : root;
       for (int i=len; i<root_pw; i<<=1)</pre>
          wlen = int (wlen * 111 * wlen % mod);
       for (int i=0; i<n; i+=len) {</pre>
          int w = 1;
          for (int j=0; j<len/2; ++j) {
              int u = a[i+j], v = int (a[i+j+len/2] * 1
                ll * w % mod);
              a[i+j] = u+v < mod ? u+v : u+v-mod;
              a[i+j+len/2] = u-v >= 0 ? u-v : u-v+mod;
              w = int (w * 111 * wlen % mod);
          }
      }
   if (invert) {
       int nrev = reverse (n, mod);
       for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
          a[i] = int (a[i] * 1ll * nrev % mod);
   }
Matemática
Euclides Extendido
```

```
// a*x + b*y = gcd(a, b), < gcd, x, y>
tuple<int, int, int> euclidesExt(int a, int b) {
   if(b == 0) return make_tuple(a, 1, 0);
   int q, w, e;
   tie(q, w, e) = euclidesExt(b, a % b);
   return make_tuple(q, e, w - e * (a / b));
Preffix inverse
```

inv[i] = (p - (p/i) * inv[p%i] % p) % p;Pollard Rho

for(int i = 2; i < p; i++)

inv[1] = 1:

```
11 rho(11 n){
   if(n \% 2 == 0) return 2;
   ll d, c, x, y;
   do{
      c = 11rand() % n, x = 11rand() % n, y = x;
       do{
          x = add(mul(x, x, n), c, n);
          y = add(mul(y, y, n), c, n);
```

University of Brasilia Miller Rabin, page 4

```
y = add(mul(y, y, n), c, n);
                                                               }
          d = \_gcd(abs(x - y), n);
       \}while(d == 1);
                                                               if(n > 1) ans = ans / n * (n - 1);
   }while(d == n);
                                                               return ans:
   return d;
}
                                                            Mulmod TOP
11 pollard_rho(ll n){
                                                            constexpr uint64_t mod = (1ull<<61) - 1;</pre>
   ll x, c, y, d, k;
                                                            uint64_t modmul(uint64_t a, uint64_t b){
   int i;
                                                               uint64_t 11 = (uint32_t)a, h1 = a>>32, 12 = (
   do{
                                                                 uint32_t)b, h2 = b>>32;
       i = 1;
                                                               uint64_t l = 11*12, m = 11*h2 + 12*h1, h = h1*h2;
      x = 11rand() % n, c = 11rand() % n;
                                                               uint64_t ret = (1&mod) + (1>>61) + (h << 3) + (m >>
      y = x, k = 4;
                                                                 29) + (m << 35 >> 3) + 1;
      do{
                                                               ret = (ret & mod) + (ret>>61);
          if(++i == k) y = x, k *= 2;
                                                               ret = (ret & mod) + (ret>>61);
          x = add(mul(x, x, n), c, n);
                                                               return ret-1;
          d = \_gcd(abs(x - y), n);
       }while(d == 1);
                                                            Grafos
   }while(d == n);
   return d;
                                                            Dinic
}
void factorize(ll val, map<ll, int> &fac){
                                                            const int N = 100005;
                                                            const int E = 2000006;
   if(rabin(val)) fac[ val ]++;
                                                            vector<int> g[N];
   else{
      11 d = pollard_rho(val);
       factorize(d, fac);
                                                            int ne;
                                                            struct Edge{
       factorize(val / d, fac);
                                                               int from, to;
   }
                                                               11 flow, cap;
}
                                                            } edge[E];
map<ll, int> factor(ll val){
                                                            int lvl[N], vis[N], pass, source = N-2, target = N-1;
   map<ll, int> fac;
   if(val > 1) factorize(val, fac);
                                                            int qu[N], qt, px[N];
   return fac;
                                                            11 run(int s, ll minE){
                                                               if(s == target) return minE;
Miller Rabin
                                                               11 \text{ ans} = 0;
bool rabin(ll n){
   if(n <= 1) return 0;
                                                               for(; px[s] < (int)g[s].size(); px[s]++){</pre>
   if(n <= 3) return 1;
                                                                   int e = g[s][ px[s] ];
   11 s = 0, d = n - 1;
                                                                   auto &v = edge[e], &rev = edge[e^1];
   while(d % 2 == 0) d /= 2, s++;
                                                                   if(lvl[v.to] != lvl[s]+1 || v.flow >= v.cap)
   for(int k = 0; k < 64; k++){
       11 a = (11rand() \% (n - 3)) + 2;
                                                                   11 tmp = run(v.to, min(minE, v.cap-v.flow));
       11 x = fexp(a, d, n);
                                                                   v.flow += tmp, rev.flow -= tmp;
       if(x != 1 \&\& x != n-1){
                                                                   ans += tmp, minE -= tmp;
          for(int r = 1; r < s; r++){
                                                                   if(minE == 0) break;
              x = mul(x, x, n);
              if(x == 1) return 0;
                                                               return ans;
              if(x == n-1) break;
                                                            }
          if(x != n-1) return 0;
                                                            bool bfs(){
      }
                                                               qt = 0;
   }
                                                               qu[qt++] = source;
   return 1;
                                                               lvl[source] = 1;
                                                               vis[source] = ++pass;
Totiente
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < qt; i++){
11 totiente(ll n){
                                                                   int u = qu[i];
   11 \text{ ans} = n;
                                                                   px[u] = 0;
   for(ll i = 2; i*i <= n; i++){
                                                                   if(u == target) return true;
       if(n \% i == 0){
          ans = ans / i * (i - 1);
                                                                   for(int e : g[u]){
          while(n \% i == 0) n /= i;
                                                                       auto v = edge[e];
                                                                       if(v.flow >= v.cap || vis[v.to] == pass)
```

```
continue;
          vis[v.to] = pass;
          lvl[v.to] = lvl[u] + 1;
          qu[qt++] = v.to;
   }
   return false;
11 flow(){
   11 \text{ ans} = 0;
   while(bfs()) ans += run(source, oo);
   return ans;
void addEdge(int u, int v, ll c = 1, ll rc = 0){
   edge[ne] = \{u, v, 0, c\};
   g[u].push_back(ne++);
   edge[ne] = \{v, u, 0, rc\};
   g[v].push_back(ne++);
void reset_flow(){
   for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++)
       edge[i].flow = 0;
Min Cost Max Flow
const 11 oo = 1e18;
const int N = 505;
const int E = 30006;
vector<int> g[N];
int ne;
struct Edge{
   int from, to;
   ll cap, cost;
} edge[E];
int lvl[N], vis[N], pass, source, target, p[N], px[N];
11 d[N];
11 back(int s, ll minE){
   if(s == source) return minE;
   int e = p[s];
   11 f = back(edge[e].from, min(minE, edge[e].cap));
   edge[e].cap -= f;
   edge[e^1].cap += f;
   return f;
int dijkstra(){
   forn(i, N) d[i] = oo;
   priority_queue<pair<ll, int> > q;
   d[source] = 0;
   q.emplace(0, source);
   while(!q.empty()){
       ll dis = -q.top().ff;
```

```
int u = q.top().ss; q.pop();
       if(dis > d[u]) continue;
       for(int e : g[u]){
          auto v = edge[e];
          if(v.cap <= 0) continue;</pre>
          if(d[u] + v.cost < d[v.to]){
              d[v.to] = d[u] + v.cost;
              p[v.to] = e;
              q.emplace(-d[v.to], v.to);
   return d[target] != oo;
}
pair<11, 11> mincost(){
   11 ans = 0, mf = 0;
   while(dijkstra()){
       11 f = back(target, oo);
      mf += f;
      ans += f * d[target];
   return {mf, ans};
}
void addEdge(int u, int v, ll c, ll cost){
   edge[ne] = {u, v, c, cost};
   g[u].pb(ne++);
Small to Large
void cnt_sz(int u, int p = -1){
   sz[u] = 1;
   for(int v : g[u]) if(v != p)
       cnt_sz(v, u), sz[u] += sz[v];
}
void add(int u, int p, int big = -1){
   // Update info about this vx in global answer
   for(int v : g[u]) if(v != p && v != big)
       add(v, u);
}
void dfs(int u, int p, int keep){
   int big = -1, mmx = -1;
   for(int v : g[u]) if(v != p \&\& sz[v] > mmx)
      mmx = sz[v], big = v;
   for(int v : g[u]) if(v != p && v != big)
       dfs(v, u, 0);
   if(big != -1) dfs(big, u, 1);
   add(u, p, big);
   for(auto x : q[u]){
       // answer all queries for this vx
   }
   if(!keep){
       // Remove data from this subtree
```

```
}
                                                                         procurar_ans(x.ff,cent,1,x.ss);
}
                                                                         atualiza_distancia(x.ff,cent,1,x.ss);
                                                                     }
Junior e Falta de Ideias
                                                                  }
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                  for(pair<int,int> x : G[cent]){
                                                                     if(!vis[x.ff])
#define ff first
                                                                         decomp(x.ff, cent);
#define ss second
#define mp make_pair
                                                              }
using namespace std;
                                                              int main(){
                                                                  int n,i,a,b;
typedef long long 11;
                                                                  scanf("%d%d", &n,&k);
vector<pair<int,int>> G[500005];
                                                                  for(i = 2; i \le n; i++){
int subtree[500005], treesize, k;
                                                                     scanf("%d%d", &a,&b);
bool vis[500005];
                                                                     G[i].push_back(mp(a,b));
ll dist[500005], ans;
                                                                     G[a].push_back(mp(i,b));
                                                                  }
int dfs(int v, int p){
                                                                  ans = 1e18;
   subtree[v] = 1;
                                                                  decomp(1,-1);
   for(pair<int,int> x : G[v])
       if(x.ff != p \&\& !vis[x.ff]) subtree[v] += dfs(x.
                                                                  printf("%lld\n", ans == 1e18 ? -1 : ans);
   return subtree[v];
                                                                  return 0:
}
                                                              }
                                                              Kosaraju
int centroid(int v, int p){
   for(pair<int,int> x : G[v]){
                                                              vector<int> g[N], gt[N], S;
       if(x.ff == p || vis[x.ff]) continue;
       if(subtree[x.ff]*2 > treesize) return centroid(x.
                                                              int vis[N], cor[N], tempo = 1;
         ff.v):
   }
                                                              void dfs(int u){
   return v;
                                                                  vis[u] = 1;
                                                                  for(int v : g[u]) if(!vis[v]) dfs(v);
                                                                  S.push_back(u);
void procurar_ans(int v, int p, int d_atual, ll custo){
                                                              }
   ans = min(ans, dist[k-d_atual] + custo);
                                                              int e;
   if(d_atual == k) return;
                                                              void dfst(int u){
   \label{for_pair} \textbf{for}(\texttt{pair} < \textbf{int}, \textbf{int} > \texttt{x} \; : \; \texttt{G[v]}) \{
                                                                  cor[u] = e;
       if(!vis[x.ff] && x.ff != p)
                                                                  for(int v : gt[u]) if(!cor[v]) dfst(v);
          procurar_ans(x.ff,v,d_atual+1,custo+x.ss);
                                                              }
   }
}
                                                              int main(){
void atualiza_distancia(int v, int p, int d_atual, 11
                                                                  for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);</pre>
   dist[d_atual] = min(dist[d_atual], custo);
                                                                  e = 0;
   if(d_atual == k) return;
                                                                  reverse(S.begin(), S.end());
   for(pair<int,int> x : G[v]){
                                                                  for(int u : S) if(!cor[u])
       if(!vis[x.ff] && x.ff != p)
                                                                     e++, dfst(u);
           atualiza_distancia(x.ff,v,d_atual+1,custo+x.
             ss):
                                                                  return 0;
   }
                                                              }
}
                                                              Tarjan
void decomp(int v, int p){
   treesize = dfs(v,v);
                                                              void dfs(int u, int p = -1){
   // if(treesize < k) return;</pre>
                                                                  low[u] = num[u] = ++t;
                                                                  for(int v : g[u]){
   int cent = centroid(v,v);
   vis[cent] = 1;
                                                                     if(!num[v]){}
                                                                         dfs(v, u);
                                                                         if(low[v] >= num[u]) u PONTO DE ARTICULAÇÃO;
   for(int i = 1; i <= treesize; i++)</pre>
       dist[i] = 1e18;
                                                                         if(low[v] > num[u]) ARESTA u->v PONTE;
                                                                         low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
   for(pair<int,int> x : G[cent]){
       if(!vis[x.ff]){
                                                                     else if(v != p) low[u] = min(low[u], num[v]);
```

University of Brasilia Max Clique, page 7

```
}
}
Max Clique
                                                            Suffix Array
long long adj[N], dp[N];
                                                            char s[N];
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                            int n, sa[N], tsa[N], lcp[N], r[N], nr[N], c[N];
   for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
       int x;
                                                            void sort(int k, int mx){
       scanf("%d",&x);
                                                               mx++;
       if(x \mid \mid i == j)
                                                               memset(c, 0, sizeof(int) * mx);
          adj[i] |= 1LL << j;
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) c[i + k < n ? r[i+k]+1 :
   }
}
                                                               partial_sum(c, c+mx, c);
                                                               int t:
int resto = n - n/2;
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
int C = n/2;
                                                                   t = sa[i]+k < n ? r[ sa[i]+k ] : 0,
for(int i = 1; i < (1 << resto); i++){</pre>
                                                                   tsa[c[t]++] = sa[i];
   int x = i;
                                                               memcpy(sa, tsa, sizeof(int) * n);
   for(int j = 0; j < resto; j++)
       if(i & (1 << j))
          x \&= adj[j + C] >> C;
                                                            void build_sa(){
   if(x == i){
       dp[i] = __builtin_popcount(i);
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) sa[i] = i, r[i] = s[i];</pre>
}
                                                                int t = 300, a, b;
                                                                for(int sz = 1; sz < n; sz *= 2){
for(int i = 1; i < (1 << resto); i++)</pre>
                                                                   sort(sz, t), sort(0, t);
   for(int j = 0; j < resto; j++)
                                                                   t = nr[sa[0]] = 0;
       if(i & (1 << j))
                                                                   for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){
          dp[i] = max(dp[i], dp[i ^ (1 << j)]);
                                                                      a = sa[i]+sz < n ? r[ sa[i]+sz ] : -1;
                                                                      b = sa[i-1]+sz < n ? r[ sa[i-1]+sz ] : -1;
int maxCliq = 0;
                                                                      nr[ sa[i] ] = r[ sa[i] ] == r[ sa[i-1] ] && a
for(int i = 0; i < (1 << C); i++){
                                                                          == b ? t : ++t;
   int x = i, y = (1 << resto) - 1;
   for(int j = 0; j < C; j++)
                                                                   if(t == n-1) break;
       if(i & (1 << j))
                                                                   memcpy(r, nr, sizeof(int) * n);
          x \&= adj[j] \& ((1 << C) - 1), y \&= adj[j] >>
                                                               }
                                                            }
   if(x != i) continue;
   maxCliq = max(maxCliq, __builtin_popcount(i) + dp[y
                                                            void build_lcp(){ // lcp[i] = lcp(s[:i], s[:i+1])
     ]);
                                                               int k = 0;
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) r[ sa[i] ] = i;
Strings
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                   if(r[i] == n-1) k = 0;
Aho Corasick
                                                                   else{
                                                                       int j = sa[r[i]+1];
void init_aho(){
                                                                      while(i+k < n \&\& j+k < n \&\& s[i+k] == s[j+k])
   queue<int> q;
   q.push(0);
                                                                   lcp[r[i]] = k;
                                                                   if(k) k--;
   while(!q.empty()){
                                                               }
       int t = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                            Z Algorithm
       for(int i = 0; i < 52; i++) if(trie[t][i]){</pre>
          int x = trie[t][i];
          Q.push(x);
                                                            vector<int> z_algo(const string &s) {
                                                               int n = s.size(), L = 0, R = 0;
          if(t){
                                                               vector<int> z(n, 0);
                                                                for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){
              fn[x] = fn[t];
                                                                   if(i \le R) z[i] = min(z[i-L], R - i + 1);
              while(fn[x] \&\& trie[fn[x]][i] == 0) fn[x]
                                                                   while(z[i]+i < n \& s[z[i]+i] == s[z[i]])
                = fn[fn[x]];
                                                                      z[i]++:
                                                                   if(i+z[i]-1 > R) L = i, R = i + z[i] - 1;
              if(trie[fn[x]][i]) fn[x] = trie[fn[x]][i];
          }
                                                               }
```

return z;

}

```
struct node {
                                                               int next[26];
Prefix function/KMP
                                                               int len;
                                                               int sufflink;
vector<int> preffix_function(const string &s){
                                                               int num;
   int n = s.size();
                                                           };
   vector<int> b(n+1);
   b[0] = -1;
                                                           int len;
   int i = 0, j = -1;
                                                            char s[MAXN];
   while(i < n){
                                                           node tree[MAXN];
       while(j \ge 0 \& s[i] != s[j]) j = b[j];
                                                           int num; // node 1 - root with len -1, node 2 - root
      b[++i] = ++j;
                                                             with len 0
                                                            int suff; // max suffix palindrome
   return b;
                                                           long long ans;
}
                                                           bool addLetter(int pos) {
void kmp(const string &t, const string &p){
                                                               int cur = suff, curlen = 0;
   vector<int> b = preffix_function(p);
                                                               int let = s[pos] - 'a';
   int n = t.size(), m = p.size();
   int j = 0;
                                                               while(true){
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                   curlen = tree[cur].len;
       while(j \ge 0 \& t[i] != p[j]) j = b[j];
                                                                  if (pos-1 - curlen) = 0 & s[pos-1 - curlen] == s
       j++;
      if(j == m){
                                                                      break:
          //patern of p found on t
                                                                  cur = tree[cur].sufflink;
          j = b[j];
                                                               if (tree[cur].next[let]) {
   }
                                                                  suff = tree[cur].next[let];
                                                                  return false;
Min rotation
                                                               }
int min_rotation(int *s, int N) {
                                                               num++;
 REP(i, N) s[N+i] = s[i];
                                                               suff = num;
                                                               tree[num].len = tree[cur].len + 2;
 int a = 0;
                                                               tree[cur].next[let] = num;
 REP(b, N) REP(i, N) {
   if (a+i == b \mid \mid s[a+i] < s[b+i]) { b += max(0, i-1);}
                                                               if (tree[num].len == 1){
      break; }
                                                                  tree[num].sufflink = 2;
   if (s[a+i] > s[b+i]) \{ a = b; break; \}
                                                                  tree[num].num = 1;
                                                                  return true;
 return a;
                                                               }
All palindrome
                                                               while (true){
                                                                  cur = tree[cur].sufflink;
void manacher(char *s, int N, int *rad) {
                                                                  curlen = tree[cur].len;
 static char t[2*MAX];
                                                                  if(pos-1 - curlen) == 0 && s[pos-1 - curlen] == s[
 int m = 2*N - 1;
                                                                     posl){
                                                                      tree[num].sufflink = tree[cur].next[let];
 REP(i, m) t[i] = -1;
                                                                      break;
 REP(i, N) t[2*i] = s[i];
                                                                  }
                                                               }
 int x = 0;
 FOR(i, 1, m) {
                                                               tree[num].num = 1 + tree[tree[num].sufflink].num;
   int &r = rad[i] = 0;
   if (i \leftarrow x+rad[x]) r = min(rad[x+x-i], x+rad[x]-i);
                                                               return true;
   while (i-r-1 >= 0 \& i+r+1 < m \& t[i-r-1] == t[i+r]
     +1]) ++r;
   if (i+r >= x+rad[x]) x = i;
                                                           void initTree() {
                                                               num = 2; suff = 2;
                                                               tree[1].len = -1; tree[1].sufflink = 1;
 REP(i, m) if (i-rad[i] == 0 || i+rad[i] == m-1) ++rad[
                                                               tree[2].len = 0; tree[2].sufflink = 1;
 REP(i, m) rad[i] /= 2;
                                                           int main() {
Palindromic Tree
                                                               initTree();
const int MAXN = 105000;
```

University of Brasilia Geometria, page 9

```
for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
    addLetter(i);
}
return 0;</pre>
```

Geometria

2D basics

```
typedef double coord;
double eps = 1e-7;
bool eq(coord a, coord b){ return abs(a - b) <= eps; }</pre>
struct vec{
   coord x, y; int id;
   vec(coord \ a = 0, \ coord \ b = 0) : x(a), y(b) \{\}
   vec operator+(const vec &o) const{
       return \{x + o.x, y + o.y\};
   vec operator-(const vec &o) const{
       return \{x - o.x, y - o.y\};
   vec operator*(coord t) const{
       return {x * t, y * t};
   vec operator/(coord t) const{
       return {x / t, y / t};
   coord operator*(const vec &o) const{ // cos
       return x * o.x + y * o.y;
   coord operator^(const vec &o) const{ // sin
       return x * o.y - y * o.x;
   bool operator==(const vec &o) const{
       return eq(x, o.x) \& eq(y, o.y);
   bool operator<(const vec &o) const{</pre>
       if(!eq(x, o.x)) return x < o.x;
       return y < o.y;
   }
   coord cross(const vec &a, const vec &b) const{
       return (a-(*this)) ^ (b-(*this));
   coord dot(const vec &a, const vec &b) const{
       return (a-(*this)) * (b-(*this));
   coord len() const{
       return sqrt(x * x + y * y); // <
   double angle(const vec &a, const vec &b) const{
       return atan2(cross(a, b), dot(a, b));
   double tan(const vec &a, const vec &b) const{
       return cross(a, b) / dot(a, b);
   vec unit() const{
       return operator/(len());
   int quad() const{
        \textbf{if}(x > 0 \&\& y >=0) \textbf{ return 0;} \\
       if(x \le 0 \&\& y > 0) return 1;
       if(x < 0 \& y <=0) return 2;
       return 3;
   bool comp(const vec &a, const vec &b) const{
```

```
return (a - *this).comp(b - *this);
   bool comp(vec b){
       if(quad() != b.quad()) return quad() < b.quad();</pre>
       if(!eq(operator^(b), 0)) return operator^(b) > 0;
       return (*this) * (*this) < b * b;
   template<class T>
   void sort_by_angle(T first, T last) const{
       std::sort(first, last, [=](const vec &a, const
          return comp(a, b);
   vec rot90() const{ return {-y, x}; }
   vec rot(double a) const{
       return \{\cos(a)*x - \sin(a)*y, \sin(a)*x + \cos(a)*y\}
   }
};
struct line{
   coord a, b, c; vec n;
   line(vec q, vec w){ // (w - q) ^ ((x, y) - q) = 0
       a = -(w.y-q.y);
      b = w.x-q.x;
      c = -(a * q.x + b * q.y);
      n = \{a, b\};
   coord dist(const vec &o) const{
       return abs(eval(o)) / n.len();
   bool contains(const vec &o) const{
       return eq(a * o.x + b * o.y + c, 0);
   }
   coord dist(const line &o) const{
       if(!parallel(o)) return 0;
       if(!eq(o.a * b, o.b * a)) return 0;
       if(!eq(a, 0))
          return abs(c - o.c * a / o.a) / n.len();
       if(!eq(b, 0))
          return abs(c - o.c * b / o.b) / n.len();
       return abs(c - o.c);
   bool parallel(const line &o) const{
      return eq(n ^ o.n, 0);
   bool operator==(const line &o) const{
       if(!eq(a*o.b, b*o.a)) return false;
       if(!eq(a*o.c, c*o.a)) return false;
       if(!eq(c*o.b, b*o.c)) return false;
       return true:
   bool intersect(const line &o) const{
       return !parallel(o) || *this == o;
   vec inter(const line &o) const{
       if(parallel(o)){
          if(*this == o){ }
          else{ /* dont intersect */ }
       }
       auto tmp = n \cdot o.n;
       return {(o.c*b - c*o.b)/tmp, (o.a*c - a*o.c)/tmp
         };
   vec at_x(coord x) const{
```

University of Brasilia Nearest Points, page 10

```
return \{x, (-c-a*x)/b\};
   }
   vec at_y(coord y) const{
      return \{(-c-b*y)/a, y\};
   coord eval(const vec &o) const{
      return a * o.x + b * o.y + c;
};
struct segment{
   vec p, q;
   segment(vec a = vec(), vec b = vec()): p(a), q(b) {}
   bool onstrip(const vec &o) const{ // onstrip strip
       return p.dot(o, q) >= -eps && q.dot(o, p) >= -eps
   }
   coord len() const{
      return (p-q).len();
   coord dist(const vec &o) const{
      if(onstrip(o)) return line(p, q).dist(o);
      return min((o-q).len(), (o-p).len());
   bool contains(const vec &o) const{
      return eq(p.cross(q, o), 0) && onstrip(o);
   bool intersect(const segment &o) const{
       auto d1 = p.cross(q, o.p);
       if(eq(d1, 0) && contains(o.p)) return true;
       auto d2 = p.cross(q, o.q);
       if(eq(d2, 0) && contains(o.q)) return true;
       auto d3 = o.p.cross(o.q, q);
       if(eq(d3, 0) && o.contains(q)) return true;
       auto d4 = o.p.cross(o.q, p);
      if(eq(d4, 0) && o.contains(p)) return true;
      return d1 * d2 < 0 && d3 * d4 < 0;
   bool intersect(const line &o) const{
      return o.eval(p) * o.eval(q) <= 0;</pre>
   coord dist(const segment &o) const{
      if(line(p, q).parallel(line(o.p, o.q))){
          if(onstrip(o.p) || onstrip(o.q)
          || o.onstrip(p) || o.onstrip(q))
             return line(p, q).dist(line(o.p, o.q));
       else if(intersect(o)) return 0;
       return min(min(dist(o.p), dist(o.q)),
                min(o.dist(p), o.dist(q)));
   }
   coord dist(const line &o) const{
       if(line(p, q).parallel(o))
          return line(p, q).dist(o);
       else if(intersect(o)) return 0;
      return min(o.dist(p), o.dist(q));
   }
};
struct hray{
   vec p. a:
   hray(vec a = vec(), vec b = vec()): p(a), q(b){}
   bool onstrip(const vec &o) const{ // onstrip strip
      return p.dot(q, o) >= -eps;
   coord dist(const vec &o) const{
      if(onstrip(o)) return line(p, q).dist(o);
```

```
return (o-p).len();
   bool intersect(const segment &o) const{
       if(!o.intersect(line(p,q))) return false;
       if(line(o.p, o.q).parallel(line(p,q)))
          return contains(o.p) || contains(o.q);
       return contains(line(p,q).inter(line(o.p,o.q)));
   bool contains(const vec &o) const{
       return eq(line(p, q).eval(o), 0) && onstrip(o);
   coord dist(const segment &o) const{
       if(line(p, q).parallel(line(o.p, o.q))){
          if(onstrip(o.p) || onstrip(o.q))
              return line(p, q).dist(line(o.p, o.q));
          return o.dist(p);
       else if(intersect(o)) return 0;
       return min(min(dist(o.p), dist(o.q)),
                o.dist(p));
   bool intersect(const hray &o) const{
       if(!line(p, q).parallel(line(o.p, o.q)))
          return false;
       auto pt = line(p, q).inter(line(o.p, o.q));
       return contains(pt) && o.contains(pt); // <<</pre>
   bool intersect(const line &o) const{
       if(line(p, q).parallel(o)) return line(p, q)== o;
       if(o.contains(p) || o.contains(q)) return true;
       return (o.eval(p) >= -eps)^(o.eval(p)<o.eval(q));</pre>
       return contains(o.inter(line(p, q)));
   coord dist(const line &o) const{
       if(line(p,q).parallel(o))
          return line(p,q).dist(o);
       else if(intersect(o)) return 0;
       return o.dist(p);
   coord dist(const hray &o) const{
       if(line(p, q).parallel(line(o.p, o.q))){
          if(onstrip(o.p) || o.onstrip(p))
              return line(p,q).dist(line(o.p, o.q));
          return (p-o.p).len();
       else if(intersect(o)) return 0;
       return min(dist(o.p), o.dist(p));
   }
};
double heron(coord a, coord b, coord c){
   coord s = (a + b + c) / 2;
   return sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c));
Nearest Points
struct pt {
   int x, y, id;
};
inline bool cmp_x (const pt & a, const pt & b) {
   return a.x < b.x | | a.x == b.x && a.y < b.y;
inline bool cmp_y (const pt & a, const pt & b) {
   return a.y < b.y;</pre>
```

University of Brasilia Determinante, page 11

```
for (int j=i+1; j<n; ++j)
pt a[MAXN];
                                                                   a[i][j] /= a[i][i];
                                                                for (int j=0; j<n; ++j)
double mindist;
                                                                   if (j != i && abs (a[j][i]) > EPS)
int ansa, ansb;
                                                                       for (int k=i+1; k<n; ++k)
                                                                          a[j][k] -= a[i][k] * a[j][i];
inline void upd_ans (const pt & a, const pt & b) {
   double dist = sqrt ((a.x-b.x)*(a.x-b.x) + (a.y-b.y)
     *(a.y-b.y) + .0);
                                                            cout << det;</pre>
   if (dist < mindist)</pre>
                                                            Convex Hull
      mindist = dist, ansa = a.id, ansb = b.id;
}
                                                            vector<vec> monotone_chain_ch(vector<vec> P){
                                                                sort(P.begin(), P.end());
void rec (int 1, int r) {
   if (r - 1 \le 3) {
                                                                vector<vec> L, U;
       for (int i=1; i<=r; ++i)
                                                                for(auto p : P){
          for (int j=i+1; j<=r; ++j)
                                                                   while(L.size() >= 2 && L[L.size() - 2].cross(L.
              upd_ans (a[i], a[j]);
                                                                     back(), p) < 0)
       sort (a+1, a+r+1, &cmp_y);
                                                                       L.pop_back();
       return:
   }
                                                                   L.push_back(p);
                                                               }
   int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
   int midx = a[m].x;
                                                                reverse(P.begin(), P.end());
   rec (1, m), rec (m+1, r);
                                                                for(auto p : P){
   static pt t[MAXN];
                                                                   while(U.size() >= 2 && U[U.size() - 2].cross(U.
   merge (a+1, a+m+1, a+m+1, a+r+1, t, &cmp_y);
                                                                     back(), p) < 0)
   copy (t, t+r-l+1, a+l);
                                                                       U.pop_back();
   int tsz = 0;
                                                                   U.push_back(p);
   for (int i=1; i<=r; ++i)</pre>
      if (abs (a[i].x - midx) < mindist) {</pre>
          for (int j=tsz-1; j>=0 && a[i].y - t[j].y <</pre>
                                                               L.pop_back(), U.pop_back();
            mindist; --j)
              upd_ans (a[i], t[j]);
                                                               L.reserve(L.size() + U.size());
          t[tsz++] = a[i];
                                                               L.insert(L.end(), U.begin(), U.end());
      }
}
                                                               return L;
sort (a, a+n, &cmp_x);
                                                            Check point inside polygon, borders included
mindist = 1E20;
rec (0, n-1);
                                                            bool below(const vector<vec> &vet, vec p){
Determinante
                                                                auto it = lower_bound(vet.begin(), vet.end(), p);
                                                                if(eq(it->x, p.x)) return p.y <= it->y;
const double EPS = 1E-9;
                                                               return prev(it)->cross(*it, p) <= 0;</pre>
int n:
                                                            }
vector < vector<double> > a (n, vector<double> (n));
                                                            bool above(const vector<vec> &vet, vec p){
double det = 1;
                                                                auto it = lower_bound(vet.begin(), vet.end(), p);
for (int i=0; i<n; ++i) {</pre>
                                                                if(eq(it->x, p.x)) return p.y >= it->y;
   int k = i;
                                                               return prev(it)->cross(*it, p) >= 0;
   for (int j=i+1; j<n; ++j)
                                                            }
       if (abs (a[j][i]) > abs (a[k][i]))
          k = j;
                                                            // lowerhull, upperhull and point
   if (abs (a[k][i]) < EPS) {
                                                            bool inside_poly(const vector<vec> &lo, const vector<vec</pre>
       det = 0;
                                                              > &hi, vec p){
      break;
                                                               if(p.x < lo[0].x || lo.back().x < p.x)
                                                                   return false;
   swap (a[i], a[k]);
   if (i != k)
                                                               return below(hi, p) && above(lo, p);
       det = -det;
                                                            }
   det *= a[i][i];
```