PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk	PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK	AND SUBSIDIARY
Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian Interim Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit), serta Laporan Laba Rugi dan Pendapatan Komprehensif Lainnya untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada	Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) and Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensif Income And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)	September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)

Laporan Arus Kas Interim (Entitas Induk)

Catatan Atas Laporan Keuangan (Entitas Induk)

Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Parent Entity)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Parent Entity)

Daftar Isi	Halaman/Page	Table of Contents
Surat Pernyataan Direksi		Directors' Statement Letter
Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian Interim Untuk Periode-periode yang Berakhir pada Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Dan Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)		Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Periods Ended September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) And For The Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
Laporan Posisi Keuangan Konsolidasian Interim	1	Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
Laporan Laba Rugi dan Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain Konsolidasian	3	Consolidated Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensif Income
Laporan Perubahan Ekuitas Konsolidasian Interim	4	Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
Laporan Arus Kas Konsolidasian Interim	5	Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Catatan Atas laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian Interim	6 - 43	Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Informasi Tambahan :		Additional Information
Laporan Posisi Keuangan Interim (Entitas Induk)	Lampiran I / Attachment I	Interim Statements of Financial Position (Parent Entity)
Laporan Laba Rugi dan Pendapatan Komprehensif Lainnya (Entitas Induk)	Lampiran II / Attachment II	Statements of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensif Income (Parent Entity)
Laporan Perubahan Ekuitas Interim (Entitas Induk)	Lampiran III / Attachment III	Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Parent Entity)

Lampiran IV / Attachment IV

Lampiran V / Attachment V

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) (In Full Rupiah)

	Catatan/ Note	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 Rp	
ASET		<u> </u>		ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan Setara Kas	4., 32., 33.	808,651,956,083	798,522,144,576	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Piutang Usaha	5., 32.	54 450 000 544	40 400 202 455	Trade Receivables
Pihak Berelasi	31.	51,458,999,514	10,106,302,455	Related Parties
Pihak Ketiga	00 00	18,981,229,846	26,536,323,604	Third Parties
Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	32., 33.	4,608,819,437	6,224,968,013	Other Current Financial Assets
Persediaan	6.	2,766,889,004,140	2,519,908,461,853	Inventories
Pajak Dibayar di Muka	19.a	53,962,741,644	54,982,451,169	Prepaid Taxes
Biaya Dibayar di Muka	7.	216,716,867,815	203,342,234,492	Prepaid Expenses
Uang Muka	8. ,31.	266,129,602,047	476,657,589,221	Advance Payments
Total Aset Lancar	_	4,187,399,220,526	4,096,280,475,383	Total Current Assets
				NON OURDENT AGGETS
ASET TIDAK LANCAR	04 00	040 004 040	10 017 007 010	NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Piutang Pihak Berelasi	31., 32.	942,001,813	13,917,997,212	Due from Related Parties
Biaya Dibayar di Muka Jangka Panjang	7.	94,606,565,616	117,315,453,523	Long Term Prepaid Expenses
Properti Investasi	9.	348,532,399,400	357,391,347,707	Investment Properties
Aset Tetap	10.	473,121,648,262	443,895,142,416	Fixed Assets
Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya	11., 32.	59,162,050,676	54,030,834,524	Other Non-Current Financial Assets
Aset Non-Keuangan Tidak Lancar				Other Non-Current Non-Financial
Lainnya	12.	191,961,681,247	125,061,140,086	Assets
Investasi pada Saham	13.	-	-	Investment in Shares
Aset Pajak Tangguhan	19.d	131,806,799,703	113,288,464,690	Deferred Tax Assets
Total Aset Tidak Lancar	_	1,300,133,146,717	1,224,900,380,158	Total Non-Currents Assets
TOTAL ASET	_	5,487,532,367,243	5,321,180,855,541	TOTAL ASSETS

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA TЫ DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) (In Full Rupiah)

	Catatan/ Note	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS KEUANGAN JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Utang Bank Jangka Pendek Utang Usaha	14., 32. 15., 32., 33.	11,048,192,489	115,080,973,572	Short Term Bank Loan Trade Payables
Pihak Berelasi Pihak Ketiga	31.	43,723,715,727 103,459,406,803	85,301,484,253 112,634,637,655	Related Parties Third Parties
Uang Muka Pelanggan Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	16. 17 32 33.	63,406,748,305 56,302,894,095	71,429,231,328 44,067,132,551	Advances From Customer Other Current Financial Liabilities
Utang Pihak Berelasi Beban Akrual	31., 32. 18., 32.	28,393,866,806 33,599,597,094	12,119,025,126 55,211,293,925	Due to Related Parties Accrued Expenses
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek Pendapatan Ditangguhkan	,	2,964,546,216 103,033,902,800	1,058,431,811 82,225,652,000	Short Term Employee Benefit Liabilities Deferred Income
Utang Pajak Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek	19.b	36,804,054,476 482,736,924,811	51,927,597,166 631,055,459,387	Tax Payables Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Panjang Lainnya Liabilitas Imbalan Pascakerja Jangka Panjan		18,592,735,305 501,575,592,270	21,873,891,225 432,780,459,000	Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities Long Term Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang	_	520,168,327,575	454,654,350,225	Total Non-Current Liabilities
TOTAL LIABILITAS	_	1,002,905,252,386	1,085,709,809,612	TOTAL LIABILITIES
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Ekuitas yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk				Equity Attributable to Owners of the Parent Company
Modal Saham - nilai nominal Rp 10 per saha Modal Dasar - 48,000,000,000 Saham Modal Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh	m			Capital Stock - Par value of Rp 10 per share Authorized Capital - 48,000,000,000 Shares Issued and Fully Paid -
17,150,000,000 saham	21.	171,500,000,000	171,500,000,000	17,150,000,000 Shares
Tambahan Modal Disetor - Bersih Saham Treasuri	22. 21.	404,435,806,481 (19,466,342,400)	404,435,806,481 (19,466,342,400)	Additional Paid In Capital - Net Treasury Stocks
Selisih Transaksi Perubahan Ekuitas Entitas Anak		239,797,199	239,797,199	Effect of Changes in The Equity of Subsidiary
Saldo Laba Telah ditentukan penggunaannya Belum ditentukan penggunaannya	23.	482,594,713,034 3,429,715,864,952	434,594,713,034 3,234,114,092,793	Retained Earnings Appropriated Unappropriated
Total Ekuitas yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk Kepentingan Non-Pengendali	_	4,469,019,839,266 15,607,275,591	4,225,418,067,107 10,052,978,822	Total Equity Attributable to Owners of the Parent Company Non-Controlling Interests
TOTAL EKUITAS	<u>-</u>	4,484,627,114,857	4,235,471,045,929	TOTAL EQUITY
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS	=	5,487,532,367,243	5,321,180,855,541	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN LABA RUGI KOMPREHENSIF KONSOLIDASIAN

Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Nine Month Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

	<u>Catatan</u>	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 (9 bulan/month) Rp	30 September 2018/ September 30, 2018 (9 bulan/month) Rp	
PENJUALAN	24., 31.	5,861,254,843,269	5,084,980,373,025	SALES
PENJUALAN KONSINYASI - BERSIH	25.	112,958,843,669	78,349,985,896	CONSIGNMENT SALES - NET
PENJUALAN BERSIH		5,974,213,686,938	5,163,330,358,921	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	26., 31.	3,139,344,648,544	2,685,458,067,416	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA KOTOR		2,834,869,038,394	2,477,872,291,505	GROSS PROFIT
Beban Usaha Pendapatan Lain-lain Beban lain-lain	27., 31. 28.a 28.b	(2,012,220,508,103) 106,383,717,025 (1,050,381,323)	(1,713,148,451,835) 121,622,214,743 (1,005,810,036)	Operating Expenses Other Income Other Expenses
LABA USAHA		927,981,865,993	885,340,244,377	OPERATING INCOME
Beban Pajak Final Bagian atas Rugi Entitas Asosiasi Beban Keuangan - Bersih	13. 29.	(3,364,027,049) (3,096,905,645) (16,942,773,858)	(3,013,418,087) (3,680,471,139) (9,195,982,914)	Final Expense Tax Share in Net Loss of Associates Financial Charges - Net
LABA SEBELUM PAJAK PENGHASILAN		904,578,159,441	869,450,372,237	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX
MANFAAT (BEBAN) PAJAK PENGHASILAN 19.c Pajak Kini Pajak Tangguhan Total Beban Pajak Penghasilan - Bersih		(190,378,166,701) 18,518,335,013 (171,859,831,688)	(166,639,287,700) 1,210,685,606 (165,428,602,094)	INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSES) Current Tax Deferred Tax Total Income Tax Expenses - Net
LABA PERIODE BERJALAN		732,718,327,753	704,021,770,143	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD
Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain Pos yang Tidak Akan Direklasifikasikar ke Laba Rugi Pengukuran Kembali atas Program Im Kerja Pajak Penghasilan atas Pengukuran H atas Program Imbalan Kerja Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain Setela Pajak	ibalan Kembali	- - -	- 	Other Comprehensive Income Item that will not be Reclassified to Profit and Loss Remeasurement on Employee Benefits Program Income Tax on Remeasurement on Employee Benefits Program Other Comprehensive Income After Tax
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF PERIODE BERJALAN		732,718,327,753	704,021,770,143	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD
Total Laba Periode Berjalan yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada : Pemilik Entitas Induk Kepentingan Non-Pengendali		727,164,030,984 5,554,296,769 732,718,327,753	697,372,025,957 6,649,744,186 704,021,770,143	Total Net Income For The Period Attributable to : Owner of the Parent Company Non-Controlling Interests
Total Laba Komprehensif yang dapat Diatribusikan kepada : Pemilik Entitas Induk Kepentingan Non-Pengendali		727,164,030,984 5,554,296,769 732,718,327,753	697,372,025,957 6,649,744,186 704,021,770,143	Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to: Owner of The Parent Company Non-Controlling Interests
LABA PER SAHAM DASAR	30.	42.59	40.91	BASIC EARNING PER SHARE

NUTUADIAN Untuk Periode yang Berakhir pada 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA TIME
AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the periods ended September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
(In Full Ruplah)

Ekultas yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada pemilik Entitas Induk/ Equity Atrribute to Owners of the Parent Company													
	Catatan/ Notes	Modal Saham/ Capital Stock	Tambahan Modal Disetor/ Additional Paid In Capital	Selisih Transaksi Perubahan Ekuitas Entitas Anak/ Effect of Changes in Equity of Subsidiary	Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Saldo Laba/ Re Belum Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Unapproriated	tained Earning Pengukuran Kembali Program Imbalan Pasti/Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan	Total Saldo Laba/ Retained Earning	Saham Treasuri/ Treasury Stocks	Total	Kepentingan Non-Pengendali/ Non-Controlling Interest	Total Ekuitas/ Total Equity	
SALDO PER 31 DESEMBER 2017		171,500,000,000	369,147,496,948	239,797,199	356,594,713,034	2,758,984,585,952	(89,604,220,880)	3,025,975,078,106	(54,085,682,400)	3,512,776,689,853	(2,354,842,063)	3,510,421,847,790	BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017
Laba Periode Berjalan		-	-	-		697,372,025,957	-	-	-	697,372,025,957	6,649,744,186	704,021,770,143	Profit for the Period
Dividen Kas	23.b					(389,343,686,991)	-			(389,343,686,991)		(389,343,686,991)	Cash Dividend
Penyisihan Saldo Laba untuk Cadangan Umum	23.b				78,000,000,000	(78,000,000,000)				-			Appropriation for General Reverse
SALDO PER 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)		171,500,000,000	369,147,496,948	239,797,199	434,594,713,034	2,989,012,924,918	(89,604,220,880)	3,334,003,417,072	(54,085,682,400)	3,820,805,028,819	4,294,902,123	3,825,099,930,942	BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)
SALDO PER 31 DESEMBER 2018		171,500,000,000	404,435,806,481	239,797,199	434,594,713,034	3,256,194,925,587	(22,080,832,794)	3,668,708,805,827	(19,466,342,400)	4,225,418,067,107	10,052,978,822	4,235,471,045,929	BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31,2018
Laba Periode Berjalan		-	-	-	-	727,164,030,984	-	-	-	727,164,030,984	5,554,296,769	732,718,327,753	Profit for the Period
Dividen Kas	23.a					(483,562,258,825)	-			(483,562,258,825)		(483,562,258,825)	Cash Dividend
Penyisihan Saldo Laba untuk Cadangan Umum	23.a				48,000,000,000	(48,000,000,000)	-			-			Appropriation for General Reverse
SALDO PER 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)		171,500,000,000	404,435,806,481	239,797,199	482,594,713,034	3,451,796,697,746	(22,080,832,794)	3,912,310,577,986	(19,466,342,400)	4,469,019,839,266	15,607,275,591	4,484,627,114,857	BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

4

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK LAPORAN ARUS KAS KONSOLIDASIAN

Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Month Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

_	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 (9 bulan/month) Rp	30 September 2018/ September 30, 2018 (9 bulan/month) Rp	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI			CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Penerimaan dari Pelanggan Pembayaran kepada Pemasok dan Lainnya Pembayaran kepada Karyawan Pembayaran Pajak Penerimaan dari Restitusi Pajak Pembayaran Bunga Penerimaan Bunga	6,873,322,574,602 (4,834,471,375,785) (1,011,888,818,335) (383,177,381,375) 5,275,596,629 (1,067,661,511) 22,606,725,739	5,952,869,594,891 (4,718,285,478,425) (859,855,875,679) (340,473,719,931) 3,721,125,614 (163,398,693) 23,832,500,013	Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers and Others Cash Paid to Employees Payment for Tax Cash Received from Tax Refund Payment for Interest Interest Received
Arus Kas Bersih Diperoleh dari Aktivitas Operasi	670,599,659,964	61,644,747,790	Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI			CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Perolehan Properti Investasi Perolehan Aset Tetap Hasil Penjualan Aset Tetap Arus Kas Bersih Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Investasi	(2,483,479,049) (117,733,190,648) 16,082,175,128 (104,134,494,569)	(9,404,318,955) (100,013,860,880) 2,998,645,550 (106,419,534,285)	Acquisitions of Investment Properties Acquisitions of Fixed Assets Proceed from Disposal of Fixed Assets Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN			CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Pembayaran Dividen Tunai Pembayaran ke Pihak Berelasi Penerimaan dari Pihak Berelasi Pembayaran Utang bank Penerimaan Utang bank Arus Kas Bersih Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan	(483,562,258,825) (84,945,796,184) 114,196,633,263 (138,758,309,965) 34,725,528,882 (558,344,202,829)	(389,343,686,991) (50,324,870,003) 69,628,129,714 - 25,342,502,996 (344,697,924,284)	Payment of Cash Dividend Cash Payment to Related Parties Cash Received from Related Parties Payment of Bank Loan Receipt of Bank Loan Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities
KENAIKAN (PENURUNAN) BERSIH KAS DAN SETARA KAS	8,120,962,566	(389,472,710,779)	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
Pengaruh Perubahan Kurs Mata uang Asing	2,008,848,941	(3,356,713,888)	Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes
SALDO KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AWAL PERIODE	798,522,144,576	902,227,973,886	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD
SALDO KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AKHIR PERIODE	808,651,956,083	509,398,549,219	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AKHIR PERIODE TERDIRI DARI : Kas Bank Deposito Berjangka TOTAL	6,399,473,932 531,905,981,966 270,346,500,185 808,651,956,083	32,664,755,996 133,182,018,006 343,551,775,217 509,398,549,219	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE OF THE PERIOD CONSIST OF: Cash on Hand Cash in Banks Time Deposits TOTAL

5

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Umum 1. General

1.a. Pendirian Perusahaan

PT Ace Hardware Indonesia Tbk (Perusahaan) didirikan awalnya bernama PT Kawan Lama Home Center berdasarkan Akta Notaris No. 17 tanggal 3 Februari 1995 dari Benny Kristianto, S.H, notaris di Jakarta. Pada tanggal 28 Oktober 1997, nama Perusahaan diubah menjadi PT Ace Indoritel Perkakas, dan kemudian berdasarkan Akta Notaris No. 40 tanggal 28 Agustus 2001 dari Fathiah Helmi, S.H, notaris di Jakarta nama Perusahaan selanjutnya diubah menjadi PT Ace Hardware Indonesia. Perubahan anggaran dasar Perusahaan tersebut telah disetujui oleh Menteri Kehakiman dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusan No. C-08339.HT.01.04 TH 2001 tanggal 14 September 2001 dan diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 77, Tambahan No. 11366, tanggal 24 September 2002

Anggaran dasar Perusahaan telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir dengan Akta Notaris No. 33 tanggal 29 Agustus 2007 dari Fathiah Helmi, SH, pengganti notaris Budiningsih Kurnia, SH, Notaris di Jakarta, diantaranya mengenai perubahan status Perusahaan menjadi perusahaan terbuka dan perubahan nama perusahaan menjadi PT Ace Hardware Indonesia Tbk. Pada tanggal 4 September 2007, perubahan anggaran dasar tersebut telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusan No. W7-09693 HT.01.04-TH 2007.

Sesuai pasal 3 anggaran dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup kegiatan Perusahaan meliputi usaha perdagangan umum termasuk kegiatan ekspor impor serta menjalankan usaha sebagai agen dan distributor. Saat ini kegiatan usaha Perusahaan terutama adalah penjualan eceran (ritel) barang-barang untuk kebutuhan rumah tangga dan gaya hidup. Pada tanggal 30 September 2019, Perusahaan memiliki 187 gerai ritel yang meliputi area Jakarta, Tangerang, Cilegon, Bekasi, Karawang, Bogor, Depok, Cirebon, Bandung, Sumedang, Tasikmalaya, Gresik, Yogyakarta, Semarang, Solo, Purwokerto, Tegal, Surabaya, Malang, Jember, Kediri, Madiun, Aceh, Bali, Medan, Batam, Padang, Pekan Baru, Palembang, Jambi, Bengkulu, Lampung, Balikpapan, Makasar, Banjarmasin, Pontianak, Manado, Maluku, Samarinda, Kupang dan Lombok.

Kantor Perusahaan terletak di Gedung Kawan Lama Lantai 5, Jl. Puri Kencana No.1, Puri Kembangan, Jakarta 11610, Indonesia. Perusahaan mulai beroperasi secara komersial sejak tanggal 22 Desember 1995.

PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera, pemegang saham mayoritas Perusahaan, yang merupakan entitas anak langsung PT Kawan Lama Internusa.

Entitas Induk terakhir Perusahaan adalah PT Kawan Lama Internusa. Perusahaan adalah anggota kelompok usaha Kawan Lama.

1.b. Penawaran Umum

Pada tanggal 11 September 2007, melalui Surat Pengantar Pernyataan Pendaftaran No 064/ACE/PW/IPO/IX/07 Perusahaan telah menawarkan sahamnya kepada masyarakat melalui pasar modal sejumlah 515,000,000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp 100 per saham dengan harga penawaran Rp 820 per saham. Pada tanggal 30 Oktober 2007, berdasarkan Surat Keputusan Ketua Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga Keungan (Bapepam & LK) No. S-5424/BL/2007, Perusahaan telah memperoleh Surat Pemberitahuan Efektif Pernyataan Penawaran. Selisih lebih jumlah yang diterima dari pengeluaran saham terhadap nilai nominalnya sebesar Rp . 370,800,000,000 dicatat dalam akun "Tambahan Modal Disetor" setelah dikurangi total biava emisi saham sebesar Rp16.895.778.052.

Efektif semenjak tanggal pencatatan, seluruh saham Perusahaan telah tercatat pada Bursa Efek Indonesia

1.c. Entitas Anak dan Entitas Asosiasi

Penyertaan saham pada entitas anak dan entitas asosiasi pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 adalah sebagai berikut :

The Company's Establishment
PT Ace Hardware Indonesia (the Company) was established under the name of Kawan Lama Home Center based on Notarial Deed No. 17 dated February 3, 1995 of Benny Kristianto, S.H, a notary in Jakarta. On October 28, 1997, the Company's name was changed into PT Ace Indoritel Perkakas, and then based on Notarial Deed No. 40 dated August 28, 2001 of Fathiah Helmi, S.H, a notary in Jakarta, the Company's name was futher changed into PT Ace Hardware Indonesia. The amendment of the Company's articles of association has been approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia in his Decree No. C-08339.HT.01.04 TH 2001 dated September 14, 2001 and were published in the State *Gazette* of The Republic Indonesia No. 77, Supplement No. 11366, dated September 24, 2002.

The Company's articles of association has been amended several times, most recently based on Notarial Deed No. 33 dated August 29, 2007 of Fathiah Helmi, SH a substitute notary of Budiningsih Kurnia, SH, a notary in Jakarta, concerning, among others, the change to status of the Company into a public company and change in the Company's name into PT Ace Hardware Indonesia Tbk. On September 4, 2007, the changes of the Company's article of association were approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia with his Decree No. W7-09693 HT.01.04-TH 2007.

According to article 3 of the Company's article of association, the Company's scope of activities consist of general trading including export import and activity as agent or distributor. Currently, the Company is engaged as a retailer of household appliances and lifestyle products. As of September 30, 2019 the Company has 187 retail outlets which are located in Jakarta, Tangerang, Cilegon, Bekasi, Karawang, Bogor, Depok, Cirebon, Bandung, Sumedang, Tasikmalaya, Gresik, Yogyakarta, Semarang, Solo, Purwokerto, Tegal, Surabaya, Malang, Jember, Kediri, Madiun, Aceh, Bali, Medan, Batam, Padang, Pekan Baru, Palembang, Jambi, Bengkulu, Lampung, Balikpapan, Makasar, Banjarmasin, Pontianak, Manado, Maluku, Samarinda, Kupang and Lombok.

The Company's office is located at Kawan Lama Building 5th floor, Jl. Puri Kencana No.1, Puri Kembangan, Jakarta 11610, Indonesia. The Company started its commercial operation since December 22, 1995.

PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera, the Company's major shareholder which is direct subsidiary of PT Kawan Lama Internusa

The ultimate parent entity of the Company is PT Kawan Lama Internusa. The Company is a member

1.b. Initial Public Offering

On September 11, 2007, based on Statement of Registration Letter No. 064/ACE/PW/IPO/IX/07, the Company has conducted the initial public offering of 515,000,000 shares with per value of Rp 100 per share with offering price of Rp 820 per share through capital market. Based on decision letter from Chairman of Capital Market Supervisory Agency and Financial Institution (Bapepam & LK) No. S-5424/BL/2007 dated October 30,2007, the Company received Letter of Effectivity of Registration Statement. The excess amount received from the issuance of stock over its face value amounting to Rp 370,800,000,000 was recorded in the account "Additional Paid In Capital", net of stock issuance cost of Rp 16,895,778,052.

Since the date of listing, all of the Company's shares have been listed at Indonesia Stock Exchange.

Subsidiary and Associate

The Company's investment in shares of stock of subsidiary and associate as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Perusahaan/	Lokasi/	Kegiatan Usaha Utama/	Tahun Operasi Komersial/		Kepemilikan/ of Ownership	Total Ase	et / Total Assets
Company	Location	Principal Activities	Year of Commercial Operation	2019	2018	2019	2018
Entitas Anak/Subsidiary PT Toys Games	Jakarta	Industri dan Industry and Trading	2009	59.9988%	59.9988%	198,644,636,272	221,741,800,129
Entitas Asosiasi/Associate PT Omni Digitama	Jakarta	Industri dan	2016	30.0000%	30.0000%	8,764,733,612	5,538,405,767

PT Toys Games Indonesia (TGI)

Anggaran dasar TGI telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan surat keputusan No.AHU-45904.A.H.01.01.Tahun 2009 tanggal 16 September 2009, dengan persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan sebesar 99 9950%

PT Toys Games Indonesia (TGI)

TGI's article of association has been approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia in his Decree No. AHU-45904.A.H.01.01 Tahun 2009 dated September 16, 2009, with the percentage of the Company's ownership of 99.9950%

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Thk DAN ENTITAS ANAK CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN

KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Lanjutan)
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Berdasarkan Akta Notaris No. 209 tanggal 29 Desember 2010 dari Budiningsih Kurnia, SH, pengganti notaris Eliwaty Tjitra, SH., notaris di Jakarta, persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan beruhah menjadi 59 9978%

Berdasarkan Akta Notaris No 8 tanggal 3 Oktober 2011 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notaris di Jakarta, persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan berubah lagi menjadi 59,9988%

Atas transaksi-transaksi tersebut, Perusahaan mencatat selisih transaksi perubahan ekuitas entitas anak sebesar Rp 239,797,199 yang merupakan bagian dari ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

PT Omni Digitama Internusa (ODI)

Anggaran dasar ODI telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan surat keputusan No. AHU-AH.01.03-0082977 tanggal 23 September 2016, dengan persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan sebesar 30%.

Anggaran dasar ODI telah disetujui oleh Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan surat keputusan No. AHU-AH.01.03-0022574 tanggal 18 Januari 2017, dengan persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan sebesar 30%.

1.d. Dewan Komisaris, Direksi dan Karyawan

Susunan anggota Dewan Komisaris dan Direksi Perusahaan pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 sesuai dengan Akta Notaris No 72 tanggal 20 Mei 2015 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, S.H, notaris di Jakarta adalah sebagai berikut :

September 30, 2019

Dewan Komisaris : Kuncoro Wibowo Presiden Komisaris ljek Widyakrisnadi Komisaris Komisaris Independen Teddy Hartono Setiawan Letjend. TNI Purn. Tarub

Dewan Direksi:

Direktur Utama Prabowo Widva Krisnadi Hartanto Djasman Direktur Tarisa Widva Krisnadi Direktur Tak Terafiliasi Sugiyanto Wibawa

Ketua Audit Internal dan Sekretaris Perusahaan pada 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 adalah Petrus Rudy Prakoso dan Helen R. Tanzil.

Jumlah karyawan Perusahaan dan entitas anak (selanjutnya secara bersama-sama disebut Grup) pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 adalah masing-masing 17,194 dan 15,707 orang (termasuk entitas anak).

Komite Audit Pada 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 komite audit Perusahaan beranggotakan sebagai berikut :

Ketua Komite Audit Anggota

30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 Teddy Hartono Setiawan Julianto Sudarto Petrus Rudy Prakoso

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Thk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah

Based on Notarial Deed No. 209 dated December 29, 2010 of Budiningsih Kurnia, SH a substitute Notary of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, a notary in Jakarta, the percentage of the Company's ownership change

Based on Notarial Deed No 8 dated October 3, 2011 of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, a notary in Jakarta, the percentage of the Company's ownership change into 59,9988%

Based on transactions, the Company recorded effect of changes in equity of subsidiary amounting to Rp 239,797,199 which is part of the equity on the consolidated statements of financial position.

PT Omni Digitama Internusa (ODI)

ODI's article of association has been approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia in his Decree No. AHU-AH.01.03-0082977 dated September 23, 2016 with the percentage of the Company's ownership of 30%.

ODI's article of association has been approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights of Republic of Indonesia in his Decree No. AHU-AH.01.03-0022574 dated January 18, 2017 with the percentage of the Company's ownership of 30%.

Board of Commissioners, Directors and Employees

The compositions of the Company's Board of Commissioners and Directors as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 according to Notarial Deed No 72 dated May 20, 2015 of Eliwaty Tjitra, S.H, Notary in Jakarta, respectively are as follows:

31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018

Board of Commisioners: Kuncoro Wibowo President Commissioner ljek Widyakrisnadi Commisioners Independent Commisioners Teddy Hartono Setiawan Letjend. TNI Purn. Tarub

Prabowo Widva Krisnadi Hartanto Djasman Tarisa Widva Krisnadi Sugiyanto Wibawa

Board of Directors : President Director Director Director Non-Related Director

The Head of Internal Audit and Corporate Secretary as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are Petrus Rudy Prakoso and Helen R. Tanzil.

Total number of employees in the Company's and subsidiary (thereinafter will be reffered as the Group) of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are 17,194 and 15,707 persons, respectively (include subsidiary).

Audit Committee
As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, the Company's audit committee consisting of the following members :

31 Desember 2018/ <u>December 31, 2018</u> Teddy Hartono Setiawan Julianto Sudarto Petrus Rudy Prakoso

Head of Audit Committee Members

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Iktisar Kebijakan Akuntansi Signifikan

2.a. Kepatuhan Terhadap Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (SAK)

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian Grup telah disusun dan disajikan sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia yang meliputi Pernyataan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (PSAK) dan Interpretasi Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (ISAK) yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan - Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (DSAK-IAI), serta Peraturan Pasar Modal yang berlaku antara lain Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan/Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga Keuangan (OJK/Bapepam-LK) No. VIII.G.7 tentang "Pedoman Penyajian Laporan Keuangan", Keputusan Ketua Bapepam - LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 tentang penyajian dan pengungkapan laporan keuangan emiten atau perusahaan publik.

Dasar Pengukuran dan Penyusunan Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian Laporan keuangan konsolidasian disusun dan disajikan berdasarkan asumsi

kelangsungan usaha serta atas dasar akrual, kecuali laporan arus kas konsolidasian. Dasar pengukuran dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah konsep biaya perolehan, kecuali beberapa akun tertentu yang didasarkan pengukuran lain sebagaimana dijelaskan dalam kebijakan akuntansi masing-masing akun tersebut. Biaya perolehan umumnya didasarkan pada nilai wajar imbalan yang diserahkan dalam pemerolehan aset.

Compliance with Financial Accounting Standards (SAK)

The Group's consolidated financial statements has been prepared and presented in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards which include the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) and Interpretation of Financial Accounting Standard (ISAK) issued by the Financial Accounting Standard Board - Indonesian Institute of Accountants (DSAK-IAI) and Regulations in the Capital Market include Regulations of Financial Services Authority/Capital Market and Supervisory Board and Financial Institution (OJK/Bapepam-LK) No. VIII.G.7 regarding the "Preparation of Financial Statement", Decree of Chairman of Bapepam - LK No. KEP-347/BL/2012 regarding guidelines for presentation and disclosure of financial statements of the issuer or public company.

Basis of Measurement and Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented based on going concern assumption and accrual basis of accounting, except for the consolidated statements of cash flows. Basis of measurement in preparation of these consolidated financial statement is the historical costs concept, except for certain accounts which have been prepared on the basis of other measurements as described in their respective policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Laporan arus kas konsolidasian disajikan dengan metode langsung (direct method) dengan mengelompokkan arus kas dalam aktivitas menjadi kegiatan operasi, investasi dan pendanaan

Mata uang penyajian yang digunakan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah Rupiah yang merupakan mata uang fungsional Grup. Setiap entitas di dalam Grup menetapkan mata uang fungsional sendiri dan unsur-unsur dalam laporan keuangan dari setiap entitas diukur berdasarkan mata uang fungsional tersebut

2.c. Pernyataan dan Interpretasi Standar Akuntansi Baru dan Revisi yang Berlaku Efektif pada Tahun Berjalan

Berikut adalah amandemen dan penyesuaian atas standar akuntansi keuangan (SAK) serta interpretasi atas SAK berlaku efektif untuk periode buku yang dimulai pada atau

- setelah 1 Januari 2018, yaitu:
 PSAK 16 (Amandemen 2015): "Aset Tetap tentang Agrikultur: Tanaman Produktif"
- PSAK 69: " Agrikultur"
- PSAK 69: "Agrikultur"
 PSAK 2 (Amandemen 2016): "Laporan Arus Kas tentang Prakarsa
 PSAK 46 (Amandemen 2016): "Pajak Penghasilan tentang Pengakuan Aset Pajak
 Pajak Tangguhan untuk Rugi yang Belum Direalisasi"
 PSAK 13 (Amandemen 2017): "Properti Investasi"
 PSAK 53 (Amandemen 2017): "Pembayaran Berbasis Saham"

- PSAK 15 (Penyesuaian 2017): "Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura PSAK 67 (Penyesuaian 2017): "Pengungkapan Kepentingan dalam Entitas Lain"

Implementasi dari standar-standar tersebut tidak memiliki dampak yang signifikan terhadap jumlah yang dilaporkan di tahun berjalan atau sebelumnya.

Namun, penerapan PSAK 2 (Amandemen 2016) mengharuskan Perusahaan untuk menyediakan pengungkapan bagi pengguna laporan keuangan untuk mengevaluasi perubahan pada liabilitas yang timbul dari aktivitas pendanaan (Catatan 36)

2.d. Prinsip-prinsip Konsolidasian

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian mencakup laporan keuangan Perusahaan dan entitas-entitas anak seperti disebutkan pada Catatan 1.c.

Entitas anak adalah entitas yang dikendalikan oleh Grup, yakni Grup terekspos, atau memiliki hak, atas imbal hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan entitas dan memiliki kemampuan untuk mempengaruhi imbal hasil tersebut melalui kemampuan kini untuk mengarahkan aktivitas relevan dari entitas (kekuasaan atas investee).

Keberadaan dan dampak dari hak suara potensial dimana Grup memiliki kemampuan praktis untuk melaksanakan (yakni hak substantif) dipertimbangkan saat menilai apakah Grup mengendalikan entitas lain.

Laporan keuangan Grup mencakup hasil usaha arus kas, aset dan liabilitas dari Perusahaan dan seluruh entitas anak yang, secara langsung dan tidak langsung, dikendalikan oleh Perusahaan. Entitas anak dikonsolidasikan sejak tanggal efektif akuisisi, vaitu tanggal dimana Grup secara efektif memperoleh pengendalian atas bisnis vang diakuisisi. sampai tanggal pengendalian berakhir.

Entitas induk menyusun laporan keuangan konsolidasian dengan menggunakan kebijakan akuntasi yang sama untuk transaksi dan peristiwa lain dalam keadaan yang serupa. Seluruh transaksi, saldo, laba, beban, dan arus kas dalam intra kelompok usaha terkait dengan transaksi antar entitas dalam grup eliminasi secara penuh.

Grup mengatribusikan laba rugi dan setiap komponen dari penghasilan komprehensif lain kepada pemilik entitas induk dan kepentingan non-pengendali meskipun hal tersebut mengakibatkan kepentingan non-pengendali memiliki saldo defisit. Grup menyajikan kepentingan nonpengendali di ekuitas dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, terpisah dari ekuitas pemilik entitas induk.

Perubahan dalam bagian kepemilikan entitas induk pada entitas anak yang tidak mengakibatkan hilangnya pengendalian adalah transaksi ekuitas (yaitu transaksi dengan pemilik dalam kapasitasnya sebagai pemilik). Ketika proporsi ekuitas yang dimiliki oleh kepentingan non-pengendali berubah, Grup menyesuaikan jumlah tercatat kepentiangan pengendali dan kepentingan non-pengendali untuk mencerminkan perubahan kepemilikan relatifnya dalam entitas anak. selisih antara jumlah dimana kepentingan nonpengendali disesuaikan dan nilai wajar dari jumlah yang diterima atau dibayarkan diakui langsung dalam ekuitas dan diatribusikan pada pemilik dari entitas induk.

- Jika Grup kehilangan pengendalian, maka Grup:
 a. Menghentikan pengakuan aset (termasuk *goodwill*) dan liabilitas entitas anak
- pada jumlah tercatatnya ketika pengendalian hilang;
 Menghentikan pengakuan jumlah tercatat setiap kepentingan non-pengendali
 pada entitas anak terdahulu ketika pengendalian hilang (termasuk setiap komponen penghasilan komprehensif lain yang diatribusikan pada kepentingan non-pengendali);
- Mengakui nilai wajar pembayaran yang diterima (jika ada) dari transaksi. peristiwa, atau keadaan yang mengakibatkan hilangnya pengendalian;
- Mengakui sisa investasi pada entitas anak terdahulu pada niali wajarnya pada tanggal hilangnya pengendalian;

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

The consolidated statements of cash flows are prepared using direct method and classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

The presentation currency used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is Indonesian Rupiah which is the functional currency of the Group. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

New and Revised Statement and Interpretation of Financial Accounting Standards Effective

The following are amendments and improvement of standards and interpretation of standards effectively applied for the period starting on or after January 1, 2018, are as follows

- PSAK 16 (Amendment 2015): "Property, Plant and Equipment regarding Agriculture PSAK 69: " Agriculture"
- PSAK 2 (Amendment 2016): "Statements of Cash Flows regarding Disclosure
- PSAK 46 (Amendment 2016): "Income Tax regarding Deferred Tax Assets Recognition for Unrealised Loss"

- Recognition for Unrealised Loss*
 PSAK 13 (Amendment 2017): "Investment Property"
 PSAK 53 (Amendment 2017): "Share Based Payment"
 PSAK 15 (Improvement 2017): "Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures"
 PSAK 67 (Improvement 2017): "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities".

The implementation of the above standards had no significant effect on the amount reported for the current or prior financial years.

However, the implementation of PSAK No.2 (Amendment 2016) requires the Company to provide disclosures to the users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and subsidiaries as described in Note 1.c.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Group, ie the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its current ability to direct the entity's relevant activities (power over the investee).

The existance and effect of substantive potential voting rights that the Group has the practical ability to exercise (ie substantive rights) are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity

The Group's fianncial statements incorporate the results, cash flows, assets, and liabilities of the Company and all of its directly and indirectly controlled subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the effective date of acquisition, which is the date on which the Group effectively obtains control of the acquired business, until that control ceases.

A parent prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumtances. All intragroup transactions, balances, income, expenses and cash flows are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The group attributed the profit and loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interest even though this results is the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance. The Group presents non-controlling interest in equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. separately from the equity owners of the parent.

Changes in the parent's ownership interest in subsidiary that do not result in loss of control are equity transactions (ie transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). When the proportion of equity held by non-controlling interest change, the Group adjusted the carrying amounts of the controlling interest and non-controlling interest to reflect the changes in their relative interest in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the parent.

- If the Group loses control, the Group:
 a. Derecognize the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of te subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost;
- Derecognize the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest in the former subsidiary at b. the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them):
- C Recognize the fair value of the consideration received, if any, from the transaction, event or circumtances that resulted in the loss of control
- Н Recognize any investment retained in the former subsidiary at fair value at the date when

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

- e. Mereklasifikasikan ke laba rugi, atau mengalihkan secara langsung ke saldo laba jika disyaratkan oleh SAK lain, jumlah yang diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain dalam kaitan dengan entitas anak Mengakui perbedaan ataupun yang dihasilkan sebagai keuntungan atau kerugian
- dalam laba rugi yang diatribusikan kepada entitas induk

2.e. Transaksi dan Saldo dalam Mata Uang Asing

Dalam menyiapkan laporan keuangan, setiap entitas di dalam grup mencatat dengan menggunakan mata yang dari lingkuangan ekonomi utama di mana entitas beroperasi ("mata uang fungsional"). Mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan sebagian besar entitas anak adalah Rupiah.

Transaksi-transaksi selama tahun berjalan dalam mata uang asing dicatat dalam Rupiah dengan kurs spot antara Rupiah dan valuta asing pada tanggal transaksi. Pada akhir periode pelaporan, pos moneter dalam mata uang asing dijabarkan ke dalam Rupiah menggunakan kurs penutup, yaitu kurs tengah Bank Indonesia pada 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018, sebagai berikut :

30 September 2019
September 30, 201
Rp

	Rp
1 USD	14,174.00
1 SGD	10,257.64
1 EUR	15,499.98
1 GBP	17,418.45
1 CHF	14,302.02
1 CNY	2,003.99

Selisih kurs yang timbul dari penyelesaian pos moneter dan dari penjabaran pos moneter dalam mata uang asing diakui dalam laba rugi.

Transaksi dan Saldo dengan Pihak Berelasi

- Flakisaksi dali saldu delidali Filiak berletasi Pliak berelasi adalah orang atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor : a. Orang atau anggota keluarga terdekat mempunyai relasi dengan entitas pelapo
 - jika orang tersebut :
 i. Memiliki pengendalian atau pengendalian bersama atas entitas pelapor;

 - Memiliki pengaruh yang signifikan atas entitas pelapor; atau Merupakan Personil manajemen kunci entitas pelapor atau entitas induk dari entitas pelapor
- Suatu entitas berelasi dengan entitas pelapor jika memenuhi salah satu berikut: i. Entitas dan entitas pelapor adalah anggota dari kelompok usaha yang sama
 - (artinya entitas induk, entitas anak dan entitas anak berikutnya terkait dengan entitas lain).
 - Satu entitas adalah entitas asosiasi atau venture bersama dari entitas lain (atau entitas asosiasi atau ventura bersama yang merupakan anggota suatu kelompok usaha, yang mana entitas lain tersebut adalah anggotanya).
 - iii. Kedua entitas tersebut adalah ventura bersama dari pihak ketiga yang sama
 - iv. Satu entitas adalah ventura bersama dari entitas ketiga dan entitas yang lain adalah entitas asosiasi dari entitas ketiga.
 - Entitas tersebut adalah suatu program imbalan pasca kerja untuk imbalan kerja dari salah satu entitas pelapor atau entitas yang terkait dengan entitas pelapor. Jika entitas pelapor adalah entitas yang menyelenggarakan program tersebut, maka entitas sponsor juga berelasi dengan entitas pelapor.
 - vi. Entitas yang dikendalikan atau dikendalikan bersama oleh orang yang
 - diidentifikasi dalam huruf (a). vii Orang yang diidentifikasi dalam huruf (a) (i) memiliki pengaruh signifikan atas entitas atau personil manajemen kunci entitas (atau entitas induk dari entitas);
- vii Entitas, atau anggota dari kelompok yang mana entitas merupakan bagian dari kelompok tersebut, menyediakan jasa personil manajemen kunci kepada entitas pelapor atau kepada entitas induk dari entitas pelapor. Seluruh transaksi dan saldo yang signifikan dengan pihak berelasi diungkapkan dalam

Catatan yang relevan.

Instrumen Keuangan

Pengakuan dan Pengukuran Awal

Grup ini mengakui aset keuangan atau liabilitas keuangan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, jika dan hanya jika, Grup menjadi salah satu pihak dalam ketentuan pada kontrak instrumen tersebut. Pada saat pengakuan awal aset keuangan atau liabilitas keuangan, Grup mengukur pada nilai wajarnya. Dalam hal aset keuangan atau liabilitas keuangan tidak diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi, nilai wajar tersebut ditambah atau dikurang dengan biaya transaksi yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung dengan perolehan atau penerbitan aset keuangan atau liabilitas keuangan tersebut. Biaya transaksi yang dikeluarkan sehubungan dengan perolehan aset keuangan dan penerbitan liabilitas keuangan yang diklasifikasikan pda nilai wajar melalui laba rugi dibebankan segera.

Pengukuran Selanjutnya Aset Keuangan

Pengukuran selanjutnya aset keuangan tergantung pada klasifikasinya pada saat pengakuan awal. Grup mengklasifikasikan aset keuangan dalam salah satu dari empat kategori berikut:

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

- Reclassify to profit or loss, or transfer directly to retained earnings if required by other e. SAKs, the amount recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary;
- f. Recognizes any resulting difference as a gain or loss attributable to the parent.

Transactions and Balances in Foreign Currencies

In preparing financial statements, each of the entities within the Group record by using the currency of the primary economic environtment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company and most of the subsidiares are Rupiah.

Transaction during the year in foreign currencies are recorded in Rupiah by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between Rupiah and the foreign currency at the date of transactions. At the end of reporting period, foreign currency monetary items are translated to Rupiah using the closing rate, ie middle rate of Bank of Indonesia at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, as follows 31 Desember 2018/

December 31, 2018

Rp	
14,481.00	1 USD
10,602.97	1 SGD
16,559.75	1 EUR
18,372.78	1 GBP
14,709.75	1 CHF
2,109.95	1 CNY

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss

Related Parties Transactions and Balances
Related party represents a person or an entity who is related to the reporting entity:

- A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that a. person:
 - has control or joint control over the reporting entity;

 - ii. has significant influence over the reporting entity; or iii. is a member of the key management personnel of reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity
- An entity is related to the reporting entity if it meets one of the following:

 i. The entity, and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that
 - each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others.)
 - ii. One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).

 - iii. Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party. iv. One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity, or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity in itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - vi. The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - vii A person idnetified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or a parent of the entity); or
 - vii The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

All significant transactions and balances with realted parties are disclosed in the relevant

Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and Measurement

The Grup recognize a financial assets or a financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, it becomes a party o the contractual provisions of the instrument. At initial recognition, the Group measure all financial assets and financial liabilities at its fair value. In the case of a financial assets or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, fair value plus or minus with the transaction cost that are directly attributtable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability transaction costs incurred on acquisition of a financial asset and issue of a financial liability classified at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately.

Subsequent Measurement of Financial Assets

Subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification on initial recognition. The Group classifies financial assets in one of the following four categories:

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

(i) Aset keuangan yang Diukur pada Nilai Wajar Melalui Laba atau Rugi (FVTPL) Aset keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL adalah aset keuangan yang dimiliki untuk diperdagangkan atau yang pada saat pengakuan awal telah ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi. Aset keuangan diklasifikasikan dalam kelompok diperdagangkan jika diperoleh atau dimiliki terutama untuk tujuan dijual atau dibeli kembali dalam waktu dekat, atau bagian dari portfolio instrumen keuangan tertentu yang dikelola bersama dan terdapat bukti mengenai pola ambil untung dalam jangka pendek aktual saat ini, atau merupakan derivatif, kecuali derivatif yang ditetapkan dan efektif sebagai instrumen lindung nilai.

Setelah pengakuan awal, aset keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL diukur pada nilai wajarnya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang timbul dari perubahan nilai wajar aset keuangan diakui dalam laba rugi.

(ii) Pinjaman yang Diberikan dan Piutang

Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang adalah aset keuangan nonderivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan dan tidak mempunyai kuotasi di pasar aktif kecuali:

- a. pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang yang dimaksudkan untuk dijual dalam waktu dekat dan yang pada saat pengakuan awal ditetapkan sebagai aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi;
 b. pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang yang pada saat pengakuan awal
- b. pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang yang pada saat pengakuan awal ditetapkan sebagai tersedia untuk dijual; atau
 c. pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dalam hal pemilik mungkin tidak akan
- c. pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dalam hal pemilik mungkin tidak akan memperoleh kembali investasi awal secara substansial kecuali yang disebabkan oleh penurunan kualitas pinjaman.

Setelah pengakuan awal, pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

(iii) Investasi Dimiliki Hingga Jatuh Tempo (HTM)

Investasi HTM adalah aset keuangan nonderivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan dan jatuh temponya telah ditetapkan, serta Grup mempunyai intensi positif dan kemampuan untuk memiliki aset keuangan tersebut hingga jatuh

Setelah pengakuan awal, investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

(iv) Aset Keuangan Tersedia Untuk Dijual (AFS)

Aset keuangan AFS adalah aset keuangan nonderivatif yang ditetapkan sebagai tersedia untuk dijual atau yang tidak diklasifikasikan sebagai (a) pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang, (b) investasi yang diklasifikasikan dalam kelompok dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo, atau (c) aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi.

Setelah pengakuan awal, aset keuangan AFS diukur pada nilai wajarnya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang timbul dari perubahan nilai wajar diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain, kecuali untuk kerugian penurunan nilai dan keuntungan atau kerugian akibat perubahan kurs, sampai aset keuangan tersebut dihentikan pengakuannya. Pada saat itu, keuntungan atau kerugian kumulatif yang sebelumnya diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain direklasifikasi dari ekuitas ke laba rugi sebagai penyesuaian reklasifikasi.

Investasi dalam instrumen ekuitas yang tidak memiliki harga kuotasian di pasar aktif dan nilai wajarnya tidak dapat diukur secara andal diukur pada biaya perolehan.

Pengukuran Selanjutnya Liabilitas Keuangan

Pengukuran selanjutnya liabilitas keuangan tergantung pada klasifikasinya pada saat pengakuan awal. Grup mengklasifikasikan liabilitas keuangan dalam salah satu dari katenori berikutt

(i) Liabilitas Keuangan yang Diukur pada Nilai Wajar Melalui Laba Ruqi (FVTPL)
Liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL adalah liabilitas keuangan yang

dimiliki untuk diperdagangkan atau yang pada saat pengakuan awal telah ditetapkan untuk diperdagangkan atau yang pada saat pengakuan awal telah ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi. Liabilitas keuangan diklasifikasikan dalam kelompok diperdagangkan jika diperoleh atau dimiliki terutama untuk tujuan dijual atau dibeli kembali dalam waktu dekat, atau bagian dari portfolio instrumen keuangan tertentu yang dikelola bersama dan terdapat bukti mengenai pola ambil untung dalam jangka pendek aktual saat ini, atau merupakan derivatif, kecuali derivatif yang ditetapkan dan efektif sebagai instrumen lindung nilai

instrumen lindung nilai Setelah pengakuan awal, liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL diukur pada nilai wajarnya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang timbul dari perubahan nilai wajar diakui dalam laba rugi.

(ii) Liabilitas Keuangan Lainnya

Liabilitas keuangan yang tidak diklasifikasikan sebagai liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada FVTPL dikelompokan dalam kategori ini dan diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

(i) Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are financial assets held for trading or upon initial recognition it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial asset classified as held for trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling and repurchasing it in the near term, or it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking, or it is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument.

After initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value of financial assets are recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than:

- a. those that intends to sell immediately or in the near term and upon initial recognition designated as at fair value through profit or loss;
- b. those that upon initial recognition designated as available for sale; or
- those for which the holder may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration.

After initial recognition, loans and receivable are measured at amortized cost using the

(iii) Held-to-Maturity (HTM) Invetsments Receivables

HTM investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

After initial recognition, HTM investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(iv) Available-for-Sale (AFS) Financial Assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale on initial recognition or are not classified as (a) loans and receivable, (b) held-to-maturity investment, or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, AFS financial assets are measured at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value is recognized on other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial assets is derecognized. At that time, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Investment in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Subsequent Measurement of Financial Liabilities

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification on initial recognition. The Group classifies financial liabilities into one of the following categories:

(i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are financial liabilities held for trading or upon initial recognition it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities classified as held for trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling and repurchasing it in the near term, or it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking, or it is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument.

After initial recognition, financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL are grouped in this category and are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Penghentian Pengakuan Aset dan Liabilitas Keuangan

Grup menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan, jika dan hanya jika hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan berakhir atau Grup mengalihkan hak kontraktual untuk menerima kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan atau tetap memiliki hak kontraktual untuk menerima kas tetapi juga menanggung kewajiban kontraktual untuk membayar arus kas yang diterima tersebut kepada satu atau lebih pihak penerima melalui suatu kesepakatan. Jika Grup secara substansial mengalihkan seluruh risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan, maka Grup menghentikan pengakuan aset keuangan dan mengakui secara terpisah sebagai aset atau liabilitas untuk setiap hak dan kewajiban yang timbul atau yang masih dimiliki dalam pengalihan tersebut. Jika Grup secara substansial tidak mengalihkan dan tidak memiliki seluruh risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan tersebut dan masih memiliki pengendalian, maka Grup mengakui aset keuangan sebesar keterlibatan berkelanjutan dengan aset keuangan tersebut. Jika Grup secara substansial masih memiliki seluruh risiko dan manfaat atas kepemilikan aset keuangan, maka Grup tetap mengakui aset keuangan tersebut.

Grup menghentikan pengakuan liabilitas keuangan, jika dan hanya jika, liabilitas keuangan tersebut berakhir, yaitu ketika kewajiban yang ditetapkan dalam kontrak dilepaskan atau dibatalkan atau kedaluwarsa.

Penurunan Nilai Aset Keuangan

Pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan, Grup mengevaluasi apakah terdapat bukti objektif bahwa aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan mengalami penurunan nilai. Aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan diturunkan nilainya dan kerugian penurunan nilai telah terjadi, jika dan hanya jika, terdapat bukti objektif mengenai penurunan nilai tersebut sebagai akibat dari satu atau lebih peristiwa yang terjadi setelah pengakuan awal aset tersebut (peristiwa yang merugikan), dan peristiwa yang merugikan tersebut berdampak pada estimasi arus kas masa depan dari aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan yang dapat diestimasi secara andal.

Berikut adalah bukti objektif bahwa aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan mengalami penurunan nilai:

- a. Kesulitan keuangan signifikan yang dialami penerbit atau pihak peminjam;
- Pelanggaran kontrak, seperti terjadinya gagal bayar atau tunggakan pembayaran pokok atau bunga:
- Terdapat kemungkinan bahwa pihak peminjam akan dinyatakan pailit atau melakukan reorganisasi keuangan lainnya;
- d. Terdapat data yang dapat diobservasi yang mengindikasikan adanya penurunan yang dapat diukur atas estimasi arus kas masa depan dari kelompok aset keuangan sejak pengakuan awal aset, seperti memburuknya status pembayaran pihak peminjam atau kondisi ekonomi yang berkorelasi dengan gagal bayar.

Untuk investasi pada instrumen ekuitas, penurunan yang signifikan atau penurunan jangka panjang dalam nilai wajar instrumen ekuitas di bawah biaya perolehannya merupakan bukti objektif terjadinya penurunan nilai.

Jika terdapat bukti objektif bahwa kerugian penurunan nilai telah terjadi atas pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang atau investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo yang dicatat pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi, maka jumlah kerugian tersebut diukur sebagai selisih antara jumlah tercatat aset dan nilai kini estimasi arus kas masa depan yang didiskonto menggunakan suku bunga efektif awal dari aset tersebut dan diakui pada laba rugi

Jika penurunan dalam nilai wajar atas aset keuangan tersedia untuk dijual telah diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain dan terdapat bukti objektif bahwa aset tersebut mengalami penurunan nilai, maka kerugian kumulatif yang sebelumnya diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain direklasifikasi dari ekuitas ke laba rugi sebagai penyesuaian reklasifikasi meskipun aset keuangan tersebut belum dihentikan pengakuannya. Jumlah kerugian kumulatif yang direklasifikasi adalah selisih antara biaya perolehan (setelah dikurangi pelunasan pokok dan amortisasi) dan nilai wajarkini, dikurangi kerugian penurunan nilai aset keuangan yang sebelumnya telah diakui dalam laba rugi.

Metode Suku Bunga Efektif

Metode suku bunga efektif adalah metode yang digunakan untuk menghitung biaya perolehan diamortisasi dari aset atau liabilitas keuangan (atau kelompok aset atau liabilitas keuangan) dan metode untuk mengalokasikan pendapatan bunga atau beban bunga selama periode yang relevan. Suku bunga efektif adalah suku bunga yang secara tepat mendiskontokan estimasi pembayaran atau penerimaan kas masa depan selama perkiraan umur dari instrumen keuangan, atau jika lebih tepat, digunakan periode yang lebih singkat untuk memperoleh jumlah tercatat neto dari aset keuangan atau liabilitas keuangan. Pada saat menghitung suku bunga efektif, Grup mengestimasi arus kas dengan mempertimbangkan seluruh persyaratan kontraktual dalam instrumen keuangan tersebut, seperti pelunasan dipercepat, opsi beli dan opsi serupa lain, tetapi tidak mempertimbangkan kerugian kredit masa depan. Perhitungan ini mencakup seluruh komisi dan bentuk lain yang dibayarkan atau diterima oleh pihak-pihak dalam kontrak yang merupakan bagian takterpisahkan dari suku bunga efektif, biaya transaksi, dan seluruh premium atau diskonto lain.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Group derecognize a financial asset when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the Group transfer the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement. If the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the Group derecognize the financial asset and recognize separately as asset or liabilities any rights and obligation created or retained in the transfer. If the Group neither transfer nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset and has retained control, the Group continue to recognize the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset, the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the Group continue to recognize the financial asset.

The Group remove a financial liability from its statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, ie when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Impairment Of Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assess whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is impared and impairment lossess are incurred, if and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occured after the initial recognition of the asset (loss event), and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The following are objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired:

- a. Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor
- b. A breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- d. Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition, such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or economic condition that correlate with defaults

For investment in equity instrument, a significant and prolonged decline in the fair value of the equity instrument below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on loans and receivable or held-to-maturity investments carried at amortized cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate and recognized in profit or loss.

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognized in other comprehensive income and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment even though the financial assets has not been derecognized. The amount of the cumulative loss that is reclassified are the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss.

The Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discount estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimate cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, for example, prepayment, call and similar option, but shall not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Reklasifikasi

Grup tidak mereklasifikasi derivatif dari diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi lama derivatif tersebut dimiliki atau diterbitkan dan tidak mereklasifikasi setiap instrumen keuangan dari diukur melalui laba rugi jika pada pengakuan awal instrumen keuangan tersebut ditetapkan oleh Grup sebagai diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi. Grup dapat mereklasifikasi aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi, jika aset keuangan tidak lagi dimiliki untuk tujuan penjualan atau pembelian kembali aset keuangan tersebut dalam waktu dekat. Grup tidak mereklasifikasi setiap instrumen keuangan ke diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi setelah pengakuan

Jika, karena perubahan intensi atau kemampuan Grup, instrumen tersebut tidak tepat lagi diklasifikasikan sebagai investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo, maka investasi tersebut direklasifikasi menjadi tersedia untuk dijual dan diukur kembali pada nilai wajar. Jika terjadi penjualan atau reklasifikasi atas investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo dalam jumlah yang lebih dari jumlah yang tidak signifikan, maka sisa investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo direklasifikasi menjadi tersedia untuk dijual, kecuali penjualan atau reklasifikasi tersebut dilakukan ketika aset keuangan sudah mendekati jatuh tempo atau tanggal pembelian kembali, terjadi setelah seluruh jumlah pokok telah diperoleh secara substansial sesuai jadwal pembayaran atau telah diperoleh pelunasan dipercepat; atau terkait dengan kejadian tertentu yang berada di luar kendali, tidak berulang, dan tidak dapat diantisipasi secara wajar.

Saling Hapus Aset Keuangan dan Liabilitas Keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan disalinghapuskan, jika dan hanya jika, Grup saat ini memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas jumlah yang telah diakui tersebut; dan berintensi untuk menyelesaikan secara neto atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan

Pengukuran Nilai Wajar

Nilai wajar adalah harga yang akan diterima untuk menjual suatu aset atau harga yang akan dibayar untuk mengalihkan suatu liabilitas dalam transaksi teratur antara pelaku pasar pada tanggal pengukuran.

Nilai wajar aset dan liabillitas keuangan diestimasi untuk keperluan pengakuan dan pengukuran atau untuk keperluan pengungkapan.

Nilai wajar dikategorikan dalam level yang berbeda dalam suatu hirarki nilai wajar berdasarkan pada apakah input suatu pengukuran dapat diobservasi dan signifikansi input terhadap keseluruhan pengukuran nilai wajar :

- a. Harga kuotasian (tanpa penyesuaian) di pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang
- identik yang dapat diakses pada tanggal pengukuran (Level 1)
 b. Input selain harga kuotasian yang termasuk dalam Level 1 yang dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas, baik secara langsung maupun tidak langsung (Level 2)
- c. Input yang tidak dapat diobservasi untuk aset atau liabilitas (Level 3)

Dalam mengukur nilai wajar aset atau liabilitas, Grup sebisa mungkin menggunakan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi. Apabila nilai wajar aset atau liabilitas tidak dapat diobservasi secara langsung, Grup menggunakan teknik penilaian yang sesua dengan keadaannya dan memaksimalkan penggunaan input yang dapat diobservasi yang relevan dan meminimalkan penggunaan input yang tidak dapat diobservasi.

Perpindahan antara level hirarki wajar diakui oleh Grup pada akhir periode pelaporan dimana perpindahan terjadi.

2.h. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas dan setara kas termasuk kas, kas di bank (rekening giro), dan deposito jangka pendek dengan jangka waktu jatuh tempo 3 (tiga) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatannya dan tidak digunakan sebagai jaminan dan tidak dibatasi penggunaannya.

2.i. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan berdasarkan jumlah terendah antara biaya perolehan dan nilai realisasi neto. Biaya persediaan terdiri dari seluruh biaya pembelian, biaya konversi, dan biaya lain yang timbul sampai persediaan berada dalam kondisi dan lokasi saat ini. Biaya perolehan ditentukan dengan metode rata-rata tertimbang. Nilai realisasi neto merupakan taksiran harga jual dalam kegiatan usaha biasa dikurangi estimasi biaya penyelesaian dan estimasi biaya yang diperlukan untuk membuat penjualan.

Setiap penurunan nilai persediaan di bawah biaya perolehan menjadi nilai realisasi neto dan seluruh kerugian persediaan diakui sebagai beban pada periode terjadinya penurunan atau kerugian tersebut. Setiap pemulihan kembali penurunan nilai persediaan karena peningkatan kembali nilai realisasi neto, diakui sebagai pengurangan terhadap jumlah beban persediaan pada periode terjadinya pemulihan tersebut

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Reclassification

The Group shall not reclassify a derivative out of the fair value through profit or loss category while it is held or issued and not reclassify any financial instrument out of the fair value through profit or loss category if upon initial recognition it was designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss. The Group may reclassify that financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category if a financial asset is no longer held for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term. The Group shall not reclassify any financial instrument into the fair value through profit or loss category after initial recognition.

If, as a result of a change in Group's intention or ability, it is no longer appropriate to classify an investment as held to maturity, it shall be reclassified as available for sale and remeasured at fair value. Whenever sales or reclassification of more than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments, any remaining held-to-maturity investments shall be reclassified as available for sale, other than sales or reclassification that are so close to maturity or the financial asset's call date, occur after all the financial asset's original principal has been collected substantially through scheduled payments or prepayments, or are attributable to an isolated event that is beyond control, non-recurring, and could not have been reasonably anticipated.

Offsetting a Financial Asset and a Financial Liability

A financial asset and financial liability shall be offset when and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be accessed at the measurement date (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly (Level 2)
- c. Unobservable inputs for the assets or liabilities (Level 3)

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data to the extent possible. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, the Group uses valuation techniques that appropriate in the circumstances and maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised by the Group at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

h. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, cash in banks (demand deposits) and time deposits with maturity periods of three months or less at the time of placement that are not used as collateral or are not restricted.

2.i. Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories comprise all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories shall be recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

2.j. Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi

Entitas asosiasi adalah entitas dimana Grup memiliki kekuasaan untuk berpartisipasi dalam keputusan kebijakan keuangan dan operasional investee, tetapi tidak mengendalikan atau mengendalikan bersama atas kebijakan tersebut (pengaruh signifikan)

Investasi pada entitas asosiasi dicatat dengan menggunakan metode ekuitas. Dalam metode ekuitas, pengakuan awal investasi diakui sebesar biaya perolehan, dan jumlah tercatat ditambah atau dikurang untuk mengakui bagian atas laba rugi investee setelah tanggal perolehan. Bagian atas laba rugi investee diakui dalam laba rugi. Penerimaan distribusi dari investee mengurangi nilai tercatat investasi. Penyesuaian terhadap jumlah tercatat tersebut juga mungkin dibutuhkan untuk perubahan dalam proporsi bagian investor atas investee yang timbul dari penghasilan komprehensif lain, termasuk perubahan yang timbul dari revaluasi aset tetap dan selisih penjabaran valuta asing. Bagian investor atas perubahan tersebut diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain.

Grup menghentikan penggunaan metode ekuitas sejak tanggal ketika investasinya berhenti menjadi investasi pada entitas asosiasi sebagai berikut:

- iika investasi menjadi entitas anak. jika sisa kepentingan dalam entitas asosiasi merupakan aset keuangan, maka Grup mengukur sisa kepentingan tersebut pada nilai wajar. ketika Grup menghentikan penggunaan metode ekuitas, Grup mencatat seluruh
- jumlah yang sebelumnya telah diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain yang terkait dengan investasi tersebut menggunakan dasar perlakuan yang sama dengan yang disyaratkan jika investee telah melepaskan secara langsung aset dan liabilitas terkait.

Biava dibayar di muka diamortisasi selama masa manfaatnya dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus. Bagian jangka pendek dari biaya dibayar di muka disajikan sebagai bagian dari aset lancar, sedangkan bagian jangka panjangnya disajikan sebagai bagian dari aset tidak lancar.

2.I. Properti Investasi

Properti investasi adalah properti (tanah atau bangunan atau bagian dari suatu bangunan atau kedua-duanya) yang dikuasai oleh pemilik atau penyewa melalui sewa pembiayaan untuk menghasilkan sewa atau untuk kenaikan nilai atau kedua-duanya, dan tidak untuk digunakan dalam produksi atau penyediaan barang atau jasa atau untuk tujuan administratif: atau dijual dalam kegjatan usaha sehari-hari.

Properti investasi diakui sebagai aset jika dan hanya jika besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomis masa depan yang terkait dengan properti investasi akan mengalir ke entitas; dan biaya perolehan properti investasi dapat diukur dengan andal.

Properti investasi pada awalnya diukur sebesar biaya perolehan, meliputi harga pembelian dan setiap pengeluaran yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung (biaya jasa hukum, pajak pengalihan properti, dan biaya transaksi lain). Biaya transaksi termasuk dalam pengukuran awal tersebut.

Setelah pengakuan awal, Grup memilih menggunakan modal biaya dan mengukur properti investasi sebesar biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi penyusutan dan akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai aset. Hak atas tanah tidak disusutkan dan disajikan sebesar biaya perolehan. Bangunan disusutkan dengan metode garis lurus berdasarkan taksiran masa manfaat ekonomis (20 tahun).

Biava pemeliharaan dan perbaikan dibebankan pada laba rugi pada saat terjadinya, sedangkan pemugaran dan penambahan dikapitalisasi.

Grup mengalihkan properti ke, atau dari, properti investasi jika, dan hanya jika, ketika properti memenuhi, atau berhenti memenuhi, definisi properti investasi dan terdapat bukti atas perubahan penggunaan, mencakup:

- Dimulainya penggunaan oleh pemilik, atau pengembangan untuk pemilik, untuk
- pengalihan dari properti investasi menjadi properti yang digunakan sendiri; Dimulainya pengembangan untuk dijual, untuk pengalihan dari properti investasi
- Berakhirnya pemakaian oleh pemilik, untuk pengalihan dari properti yang digunakan sendiri menjadi properti investasi; dan
- Insepsi sewa operasi kepada pihak lain, untuk pengalihan dari persediaan d. menjadi properti investasi.

Properti investasi dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau ketika tidak digunakan lagi secara permanen dan tidak memiliki manfaat ekonomi masa depan yang diperkirakan dari pelepasannya. Keuntungan atau kerugianyang timbul dari penghentian atau pelepasan dan jumlah tercatat aset, dan diakui dalam laba rugi pada periode terjadinya penghentian atau pelepasan.

Investment in Associates

Associates are entities which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies (significant

Investment in associates accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee is recognised in profit or loss. Distributions received from an investee reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the investor's proportionate interest in the investee arising from changes in the investee's other comprehensive income, including those arising from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment and from foreign exchange translation differences. The investor's share of those changes is recognized in other comprehensive income.

The Group discontinue the use of the equity method from the date when its investment ceases to be an associate as follows:

- if the investment becomes a subsidiary. If the retained interest in the former associate is a financial asset, the Group measure the b. retained interest at fair value.

 When the Group discontinue the use of the equity method, the Group account for all
- c. amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that investment on the same basis as would have been required if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Prepaid expenses are amortized over their beneficial periods by using the straight-line method. The short-term portion of prepaid expenses is shown as part of current assets, while long term portion is presented as part of non curent assets.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties (land or a building or part of a building or both) held by the owner or the lessee under a finance lease to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or supply of goods or services or for administrative putposes; or sale in the daily business activities.

Investment property is recognised as an asset when, and when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entiry; and the cost of the investment property can be measured reliably.

An investment property shall be measured initially at its cost, comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure (professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes and other transaction costs). Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement.

After initial recognition, the Group choose to use cost model and measure its investment property at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Landrights are not depreciated and are carried at costs. Buildings are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives (20 years).

Maintenance and repairment costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred, while renewals and betterments are capitalized.

The Group shall transfer a property, to, or from investment property when, and only when, there the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use, include:

- Commencement of owner-occupation, or of development with a view to owner-occupation, a. for a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property; Commencement of development with a view to sale, for a transfer from investment
- b.
- End of owner-occupation, for a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment c. property; and
- Inception of an operating lease to another party, for a transfer from inventories to d. investment property.

An investment property is derecognizes on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets, and are recognized in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Penyusutan properti investasi dimulai pada saat aset tersebut siap untuk digunakan sesuai maksud penggunaannya dan dihitung dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan estimasi masa manfaat ekonomis aset sebagai berikut :

Tahun/ Years

20

(In Full Rupiah) Depreciation of investment properties starts when its available for use and its computed by using straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of assets as follows

Presentase/Percentage Land and Building 5%

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended

2.m. Aset Tetap

Tanah dan Bangunan

Aset tetap pada awalnya diakui sebesar biaya perolehan yang meliputi harga perolehannya dan setiap biaya yang dapat diatribusikan langsung untuk membawa aset ke kondisi dan lokasi yang diinginkan agar aset siap digunakan sesuai intensi

Apabila relevan, biaya perolehan juga dapat mencakup estimasi awal biaya pembongkaran dan pemindahan aset tetap dan restorasi lokasi aset tetap, kewajiban tersebut timbul ketika aset tetap diperoleh atau sebagai konsekuensi penggunaan aset tetap selama periode tertentu untuk tujuan selain untuk memproduksi persediaan selama periode tersebut

Setelah pengakuan awal, aset tetap kecuali tanah dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi penyusutan dan akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai.

Penyusutan aset tetap dimulai pada saat aset tersebut siap untuk digunakan sesuai maksud penggunaannya dan dihitung dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus berdasarkan estimasi masa manfaat ekonomis aset sebagai berikut :

	Tahun/ Years
Bangunan	20
Prasarana dan Renovasi Bangunan	3-5
Peralatan Toko dan Kantor	4-8
Kendaraan	4-8

Aset tetap yang dikonstruksi sendiri disajikan sebagai bagian aset tetap sebagai "Aset dalam Konstruksi" dan dinyatakan sebesar biaya perolehannya. Semua biaya, termasuk biaya pinjaman, yang terjadi sehubungan dengan konstruksi aset tersebut dikapitalisasi sebagai bagian dari biaya perolehan aset tetap dalam konstruksi. Biaya perolehan aset tetap dalam konstruksi tidak termasuk setiap laba internal, jumlah tidak normal dari biaya pemborosan yang terjadi dalam pemakaian bahan baku, tenaga kerja atau sumber daya lain.

Akumulasi biaya perolehan yang akan dipindahkan ke masing-masing pos aset tetap yang sesuai pada saat aset tersebut selesai dikerjakan atau siap digunakan dan disusutkan sejak beroperasi.

Nilai tercatat dari suatu aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat pelepasan atau ketika tidak terdapat lagi manfaat ekonomik masa depan yang diharapkan dari penggunaan atau pelepasannya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang timbul dari penghentian pengakuan tersebut (yang ditentukan sebesar selisih antara jumlah hasil pelepasan neto, jika ada, dan jumlah tercatatnya) dimasukkan dalam laba rugi pada saat penghentian pengakuan tersebut dilakukan.

Pada akhir periode pelaporan, Perusahaan melakukan penelaahan berkala atas masa manfaat, nilai residu, metode penyusutan, dan sisa umur pemakaian berdasarkan kondisi teknis.

2.n. Aset Takberwujud

Aset takberwujud diukur sebesar nilai perolehan pada pegakuan awal. Setelah pengakuan awal, aset takberwujud dicatat pada biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi amortisasi dan akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai.

Umur manfaat aset takberwujud dinilai apakah terbatas atau tidak terbatas.

Aset takberwujud dengan umur manfaat terbatas

Aset takberwujud dengan umur manfaat terbatas diamortisasi selama umur manfaat ekonomi dengan metode garis lurus.

Amortisasi dihitung sebagai penghapusan biaya perolehan aset, dikurangi nilai residunya, atas umur ekonomisnya sebagai berikut :

Perangkat Lunak Komputer; 25% garis lurus

Periode amortisasi dan metode amortisasi untuk aset takberwujud dengan umur manfaat terbatas ditelaah setidaknya setiap akhir tahun buku.

Aset takberwujud dengan umur manfaat tidak terbatas Aset takberwujud dengan umur manfaat tidak terbatas tidak diamortisasi. Masa manfaat aset takberwujud dengan umur tak terbatas ditelaah setiap tahun untuk menentukan apakah peristiwa dan keadaan dapat terus mendukung penilaian bahwa umur manfaat tetap tidak terbatas. Jika tidak, perubahan masa manfaat dari tidak terbatas meniadi terbatas diterapkan secara prospektif.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises its purchase price and any cost directly attributable in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

When applicable, the cost may also comprises the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

After initial recognition, fixed assets, except land, are carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation, and any accumulated impairment losses

Depreciation of fixed assets starts when its available for use and its computed by using straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of assets as follows:

Presentase/Percentage	
5%	Building
20% - 33.33%	Building Renovation and Improvement
12.5% - 25%	Store and Office Equipment
12.5% - 25%	Vehicle

Self-constructed fixed assets are presented as part of the fixed assets under "Asset in Construction" and are stated at its cost. All costs, including borrowing costs, incurred in relation with the construction of these assets are capitalized as part of the cost of assets in construction. Cost of assets in construction shall exclude any internal profits, cost of abnormal amounts of wasted material, labour, or other resources incurred.

The accumulated costs will be transferred to the respective fixed assets items at the time the asset is completed or ready for use and are depreciated since the operation.

The carrying amount of an item of fixed assets is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arrising from derecognition (that determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss when item is derecognized.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company made regular review of the useful lives, residual values, depreciation method and residual life based on the technical conditions

Intangible Assets

Intangible asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment loss

The useful life of intangible asset is assessed to be eiter finite or indefinite.

Intangible asset with finite useful life

Intangible asset with finite useful life is amortized over the economic useful life by using a straightline method.

Amortization is calculated so as to write off the cost of the asset, less its estimated residual value, over its useful economic life as follows:

Software; 25 % straight line

The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end.

Intangible asset with indefinite useful life Intangible asset with indefinite useful life is not amortized. The useful life of an intangible with an indefinite that is not being amortized is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective hasis

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Aset takberwujud dengan umur tidak terbatas diuji untuk penurunan nilai setiap tahun dan kapanpun terdapat suatu indikasi bahwa aset takberwujud mungkin mengalami penurunan nilai

2.o. Penurunan Nilai Aset

Pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan, Grup menilai apakah terdapat indikasi aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut, Grup mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Jumlah terpulihkan ditentukan atas suatu aset individual. dan jika tidak memungkinkan, Grup menentukan jumlah terpulihkan dari unit penghasil kas dari aset tersebut.

Jumlah terpulihkan adalah jumlah yang lebih tinggi antara nilai wajar dikurangi biaya pelepasan dengan nilai pakainya. Nilai pakai adalah nilai kini dari arus kas yang diharapkan akan diterima dari aset atau unit penghasil kas. Nilai kini dihitung dengan menggunakan tingkat diskonto sebelum pajak yang mencerminkan nilai waktu yang dan risiko spesifik atas aset atau unit yang penurunan nilainya diukur.

Jika, dan hanya jika, jumlah terpulihkan aset lebih kecil dari jumlah tercatatnya, maka jumlah tercatat aset diturunkan menjadi sebesar jumlah terpulihkan. Penurunan tersebut adalah rugi penurunan nilai dan segera diakui dalam laba rugi.

Rugi penurunan nilai yang telah diakui dalam periode sebelumnya untuk aset selain goodwill dibalik jika, dan hanya jika, terdapat perubahan estimasi yang digunakan untuk menentukan jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut sejak rugi penurunan nilai terakhir diakui. Jika demikian, jumlah tercatat aset dinaikan ke jumlah terpulihkannya. Kenaikan ini merupakan suatu pembalikan rugi penurunan nilai.

2.p. Pajak Penghasilan

Beban pajak adalah jumlah gabungan pajak kini dan pajak tangguhan yang diperhitungkan dalam menentukan laba rugi pada suatu periode. Pajak kini dan pajak tangguhan diakui dalam laba rugi, kecuali pajak penghasilan yang timbul dari transaksi atau peristiwa yang diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain atau secara langsung di ekuitas. Dalam hal ini, pajak tersebut masing-masing diakui dalam penghasilan komprehensif lain atau ekuitas.

Jumlah pajak kini untuk periode berjalan dan periode sebelumnya yang belum dibayar diakui sebagai liabilitas. Jika jumlah pajak yang telah dibayar untuk periode berjalan dan periode-periode sebelumnya melebihi jumlah pajak yang terutang untuk periode tersebut, maka kelebihannya diakui sebagai aset. Liabilitas (aset) pajak kini untuk periode berjalan dan periode sebelumnya diukur sebesar jumlah yang diperkirakan akan dibayar kepada (direstitusi dari) otoritas perpajakan, yang dihitung menggunakan tarif pajak (dan undang-undang pajak) yang telah berlaku atau secara substantif telah berlaku pada akhir periode pelaporan.

Manfaat terkait dengan rugi pajak yang dapat ditarik untuk memulihkan pajak kini dari periode sebelumnya diakui sebagai aset. Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk akumulasi rugi pajak belum dikompensasi dan kredit pajak belum dimanfaatkan sepanjang kemungkinan besar laba kena pajak masa depan akan tersedia untuk dimanfaatkan dengan rugi pajak belum dikompensasi dan kredit pajak belum dimanfaatkan.

Seluruh perbedaan temporer kena pajak diakui sebagai liabilitas pajak tangguhan, kecuali perbedaan temporer kena pajak yang berasal dari:

- pengakuan awal goodwill; atau
- pengakuan awal goodwiii, atau pengakuan awal aset atau liabilitas dari transaksi yang bukan kombinasi bisnis dan pada saat transaksi tidak mempengaruhi laba akuntansi atau laba kena pajak (rugi pajak).

Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer dapat dikurangkan sepanjang kemungkinan besar laba kena pajak akan tersedia sehingga perbedaan temporer dapat dimanfaatkan untuk mengurangi laba dimaksud, kecuali jika aset pajak tangguhan timbul dari pengakuan awal aset atau pengakuan awal liabilitas dalam transaksi yang bukan kombinasi bisnis dan pada saat transaksi tidak mempengaruhi laba akuntansi atau laba kena pajak (rugi pajak).

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur dengan menggunakan tarif pajak yang diharapkan berlaku ketika aset dipulihkan atau liabilitas diselesaikan, berdasarkan tarif pajak (dan peraturan pajak) yang telah berlaku atau secara substantif telah berlaku pada akhir periode pelaporan. Pengukuran aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan mencerminkan konsekuensi pajak yang sesuai dengan cara Grup memperkirakan, pada akhir periode pelaporan, untuk memulihkan atau menyelesaikan jumlah tercatat aset dan liabilitasnya

Jumlah tercatat aset pajak tangguhan ditelaah ulang pada akhir periode pelaporan. Grup mengurangi jumlah tercatat aset pajak tangguhan jika kemungkinan besar laba kena pajak tidak lagi tersedia dalam jumlah yang memadai untuk mengkompensasikan sebagian atau seluruh aset pajak tangguhan tersebut. Setiap pengurangan tersebut dilakukan pembalikan atas aset pajak tangguhan hingga kemungkinan besar laba kena pajak yang tersedia jumlahnya memadai

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Intangible asset with indefinite life is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assess whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group shall estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, if its is not possible, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the asset's cash-generating unit.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset or cash generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or unit whose impairment is being measured.

If, and only if, the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is an impairment loss and is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

An impairment loss recognized in prior period for an asset other than goodwill is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset shall be increased to its recoverable amount. That increase is a reversal of an impairment loss

Income Tax

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except for income tax arising from transactions or events that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

Current tax for current and prior periods shall, to the extent unpaid, be recognized as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess shall be recognized as an asset. Current tax liabilities (assets) for the current and prior periods shall be measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Tax benefits relating to tax loss that can be carried back to recover current tax of a previous periods is recognized as an asset. Deferred tax asset is recognized for the carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credit to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized.

A deferred tax liability shall be recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from:

- the initial recognition of goodwill; or
- h the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised, unless the deferred tax asset arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets shall reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset reviewed at the end of each reporting period. The Group shall reduce the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilised. Any such reduction shall be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Grup melakukan saling hapus aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan jika dan hanya jika: a. Grup memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling

- hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini; dan aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan terkait dengan pajak penghasilan yang dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan yang sama atas
 - entitas kena paiak yang sama; atau
 - entitas kena pajak yang berbeda yang bermaksud untuk memulihkan aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dengan dasar neto, atau merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan, pada setiap periode masa depan dimana jumlah signifikan atas aset atau liabilitas pajak tangguhan diperkirakan untuk diselesaikan atau dipulihkan.

Grup melakukan saling hapus atas aset pajak kini dan liabilitas pajak kini jika dan hanya jika, Grup:
a. memiliki hak yang dapat dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus

- atas jumlah yang diakui; dan bermaksud untuk menyelesaikan dengan dasar neto atau merealisasikan aset dan
- menyelesaikan liabilitas secara bersamaan.

2.g. Imbalan Keria

Imbalan Keria Jangka Pendek Imbalan kerja jangka pendek diakui ketika pekerja telah memberikan jasanya dalam suatu periode akuntansi, sebesar jumlah tidak terdiskonto dari imbalan kerja jangka pendek yang diharapkan akan dibayar sebagai imbalan atas jasa tersebut.

Imbalan keria jangka pendek mencakup antara lain upah, gaji, bonus dan insentif.

Imbalan Pascakeria

Imbalan pascakerja seperti pensiun, uang pisah dan uang penghargaan masa kerja dihitung berdasarkan Undang-Undang Ketenagakerjaan No.13/2003 ("UU 13/2003").

Grup mengakui jumlah liabilitas imbalan pasti neto sebesar nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti pada akhir periode pelaporan dikurangi nilai wajar aset program yang dihitung oleh aktuaris independen dengan menggunakan metode *Projected Unit* Credit. Nilai kini kewajiban imbalan imbalan pasti ditentukan dengan mendiskontokan imbalan tersebut.

Grup mencatat tidak hanya kewajiban hukum berdasarkan persyaratan formal program imbalan pasti, tetapi juga kewajiban konstruktif yang timbul dari praktif informal entitas.

Biaya jasa kini, biaya jasa lalu dan keuntungan atau kerugian atas penyelesaian, serta bunga neto atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto diakui dalam laba rugi.

Pengukuran kembali atas liabilitas (aset) imbalan pasti neto yang terdiri dari keuntungan dan kerugian aktuarial, imbal hasil atas aset program dan setiap perubahan dampak batas atas aset diakui sebagai penghasilan komprehensif lain.

2.r. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Pendapatan diakui bila besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomi akan diperoleh oleh Grup dan jumlahnya dapat diukur secara handal. Pendapatan diukur pada nilai wajar pembayaran yang diterima, tidak termasuk diskon, rabat dan Pajak Pertambahan Nilai (PPN)

Kriteria spesifik berikut juga harus dipenuhi sebelum pendapatan diakui :

Penjualan Barang

Penjualan barang diakui pada saat terjadinya perpindahan kepemilikan atas barang kepada pelanggan, yaitu pada saat penyerahan barang, atau dalam hal barang disimpan di gudang Grup atas permintaan pelanggan, pada saat diterbitkan faktur.

Pendapatan dari penjualan konsinyasi dibukukan sebesar jumlah penjualan barang konsinyasi kepada pelanggan, sedangkan beban terkait (sebagai bagian dari pendapatan) dibukukan sebesar jumlah yang terutang kepada pemilik (consignor).

Perusahaan menyelenggarakan Program Penghargaan Poin (Point Reward Program) dengan nama "Ace Reward". Pada tahun 2011, sesuai dengan ISAK No. 10 "Program Loyalitas Pelanggan". Sebagian pendapatan Perusahaan telah diatribusikan terhadap program ini yang dieliminasi dan dihitung berdasarkan ekspektasi penggunaan penghargaan tersebut, ditangguhkan sampai penghargaan digunakan dan dicatat sebagai pendapatan ditangguhkan. Penghargaan yang tidak digunakan diakui sebagai pendapatan pada saat kadaluarsa.

Penjualan Jasa

Pendapatan jasa diakui saat jasa diberikan dengan mengacu pada tingkat penvelesaian transaksi.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

The Group offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if, and only if:

- The Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax a.
- The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the h. same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity: or
 - ii. different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

The Group offset current tax assets and current tax liabilities if, and only if, the Group:

- has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously.

2.a. Employee Benefit

Short-term Employee Benefits
Shor-term employee benefits are recognized when an employee has rendered service during accounting period, at the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service

Short term employee benefits include such as wages, salaries, bonus and incentive,

Post-employment Benefits

Post-employment benefits such as retirement, severance and service payments are calculated based on Labor Law No. 13/2003 ("Law 13/2003").

The Group recognizes the amount of the net defined benefit liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets which calculated by independent actuaries using the Projected Unit Credit method. Present value benefit obligation determine by discounting the benefit.

The Group account not only for its legal obligation under the formal terms of a defined benefit plan, but also for any constructive obligation that arises from the entity's informal practices.

Current service cost, past service cost and gain or loss on settlement, and net interets on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized in profit and loss.

The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (assets) comprises actuarial gains and losses,the return on plan assets, and any change in effect of the asset ceiling are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Revenue and Expenses Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and Value Added Tax (VAT).

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of Goods

Sales of goods are recognized upon the transfer of ownership of the goods to the customer, either upon delivery of the goods, or in the case of goods stored in the Group' warehouse at the request of the customer, when invoices issued.

Revenues from consignment sales are recorded at the amount of sales of consigned goods to customers, while the expenses (as a apart of revenues) are recorded as amounts payable to consignors.

The Company organizes Point Reward Program under the name of "Ace Rewards". In accordance with ISAK No. 10: "Customer Loyalty Program". A portion of revenues attributable to this programme, estimated based on expected utilization of these benefits, is deferred until they are utilized. This deferment of the revenue is recorded as Unearned Revenue, any remaining unutilized benefits are recognized as revenues upon expiry.

Rendering of Services

Revenue is recognized when the service is rendered by reference to the stage of completion of transaction.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Pendapatan Bunga. Royalti dan Dividen Bunga diakui dengan menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif, royalty diakui dengan dasar akrual sesuai dengan substansi perjanjian yang relevan, dan dividen diakui jika hak pemegang saham untuk menerima pembayaran ditetapkan. Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya dengan dasar akrual.

Laba per saham dasar dihitung dengan membagi laba atau rugi yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemegang saham biasa entitas induk dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa yang beredar dalam suatu periode.

Untuk tujuan penghitungan laba per saham dilusian. Grup menyesuaikan laba atau rugi yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemegang saham biasa entitas induk dan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang beredar, atas dampak dari seluruh instrument berpotensi saham biasa yang bersifat dilutif.

2.t. Segmen Operasi

Grup menyajikan segmen operasi berdasarkan informasi keuangan yang digunakan oleh pengambil keputusan operasional dalam menilai kinerja segmen dan menentukan alokasi sumber daya yang dimilikinya. Segmetasi berdasarkan aktivitas dari setiap kegiatan operasi entitas legal di dalam Grup.

Segmen operasi adalah suatu komponen dari entitas:

- yang terlihat dalam aktivitas bisnis yang memperoleh pendapatan dan menimbulkan beban (termasuk pendapatan dan beban yang terkait dengan transaksi dengan komponen lain dari entitas yang sama):
- hasil operasinya dikaji ulang secara berkala oleh kepala operasional untuk pembuatan keputusan tentang sumber daya yang dialokasikan pada segmen tersebut dan menilai kinerianya: dan
- tersedia informasi keuangan yang dapat dipisahkan.

Saham treasuri dicatat sebesar biaya perolehan dan disajikan sebagai pengurang modal saham di bagian ekuitas dalam laporan posisi keuangan. Selisih lebih penerimaan dari penjualan saham treasuri di masa yang akan datang atas biaya perolehan atau sebaliknya, akan diperhitungkan sebagai penambah atau pengurang akun tambahan modal disetor.

Sumber Estimasi Ketidakpastian dan Pertimbangan yang Penting

Penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian Grup mengharuskan manajemen untuk membuat pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi yang mempengaruhi jumlah yang dilaporkan dari pendapatan, beban, aset dan liabilitas, dan pengungkapan atas liabilitas kontinjensi, pada akhir periode pelaporan. Ketidakpastian mengenai asumsi dan estimasi tersebut dapat mengakibatkan penyesuaian material terhadap nilai tercatat pada aset dan liabilitas dalam periode pelaporan berikutnya.

Estimasi dan Asumsi Akuntansi

Asumsi utama masa depan dan sumber utama estimasi ketidakpastian lain pada tanggal pelaporan yang memiliki risiko signifikan bagi penyesuaian yang material terhadap nilai tercatat aset dan liabilitas untuk periode/tahun berikutnya diungkapkan dibawah ini. Grup mendasarkan asumsi dan estimasi pada parameter yang tersedia pada saat laporan keuangan konsolidasian disusun. Asumsi dan situasi mengenai perkembangan masa depan mungkin berubah akibat perubahan pasar atau situasi di luar kendali Grup. Perubahan tersebut dicerminkan dalam asumsi terkait pada saat teriadinya.

Estimasi Umur Manfaat Aset Tetap Grup melakukan penelahaan berkala atas masa manfaat ekonomis aset tetap berdasarkan faktor-faktor seperti kondisi teknis dan perkembangan teknologi di masa depan. Hasil operasi di masa depan akan dipengaruhi secara material atas perubahan estimasi ini yang diakibatkan oleh perubahan faktor yang telah disebutkan di atas (nilai tercatat aset tetap disaiikan dalam Catatan 9 dan 10)

Nilai kini liabilitas imbalan pasca tergantung pada beberapa faktor yang ditentukan dengan dasar aktuarial berdasarkan beberapa asumsi. Perubahan asumsi ini akan mempengaruhi jumlah tercatat imbalan pascakerja.

Grup menentukan tingkat diskonto yang sesuai pada akhir periode pelaporan, yakni tingkat suku bunga yang harus digunakan untuk menentukan nilai kini arus kas keluar masa depan estimansian yang diharapkan untuk menyelesaikan liabilitas. Dalam menentukan tingkat suku bunga yang sesuai, Perusahaan mempertimbangkan tingkat suku bunga obligasi pemerintah yang didenominasikan dalam mata uang imbalan akan dibayar dan memiliki jangka waktu yang serupa dengan jangka waktu liabilitas

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Interest, Royalties and Dividends

Interest is recognized using the effective interest method, royalty is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement, and dividend is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

Expenses are recognised as incurred on an accruals basis.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculationg diluted earnings per share, the Group shall adjust profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of shares outstanding, for the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Operating Segment

The Group presented operating segments based on the financial information used by the chief operating decision maker in assessing the performance of segments and in the allocation of resources. The segments are based on the activities of each of the operating legal entities within the

- An operating segment is a component of the entity:

 that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to the transactions with other components of the same entity):
- whose operating results are regularly reviewed by chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assesses its performance:
- for which separate financial information is available

Treasury Stock

Treasury stock is recorded at its acquisition cost and presented as a deduction from capital stock under equity section of statements of financial position. The excess of proceed from future re-sale of treasury stock over the related acquisition cost or vice-versa shall be accounted for as an addition to or deduction from additional paid-in capital.

3. Source of Estimation Uncertainy and Critical Judgements

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset and liability affected in future periods.

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions
The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period/year are disclosed below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyong the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Estimated useful lives of fixed assets
The Group reviews periodically the estimated useful lives of fixed assets based on factors such as technical specification and future technological developments. Future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned (carrying amounts of fixed assets are disclosed in Note 9 dan 10).

<u>Post Employment Benefits</u>
The present value of the post-employment benefits obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of postemployment benefits obligations.

The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each reporting period. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the obligations. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Company considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related obligation.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Asumsi kunci liabilitas imbalan paska kerja sebagian ditentukan berdasarkan kondisi pasar saat ini, informasi tambahan diungkapkan pada Catatan 20.

Nilai Wajar Instrumen Keuangan Bila nilai wajar aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan yang tercatat pada laporan posisi keuangan tidak tersedia di pasar aktif, ditentukan dengan menggunakan berbagai teknik penilaian termasuk penggunaan model matematika. Masukan (input) untuk model ini berasal dari data pasar yang bisa diamati sepanjang data tersebut tersedia. Bila data pasar yang bisa diamati tersebut tidak tersedia, pertimbangan Manajemen diperlukan untuk menentukan nilai wajar. Pertimbangan tersebut mencakup pertimbangan likuiditas dan masukan model seperti volatilitas untuk transaksi derivatif yang berjangka waktu panjang dan tingkat diskonto, tingkat pelunasan dipercepat, dan asumsi tingkat gagal bayar. Pengungkapan lebih lanjut tentang nilai wajar terdapat dalam Catatan 32.a.

Realisasi dari Aset Paiak Tangguhan Aset pajak tangguhan diakui atas seluruh rugi fiskal yang belum digunakan sepanjang besar kemungkinannya bahwa penghasilan kena pajak akan tersedia, sehingga rugi fiskal tersebut digunakan. Estimasi oleh manajemen yang disyaratkan untuk menentukan jumlah aset pajak tangguhan yang dapat diakui, berdasarkan saat penggunaan dan tingkat penghasilan kena pajak dan strategi perencanaan pajak masa depan.

Pertimbangan dalam Penentuan Kebijakan Akuntansi

Pertimbangan berikut ini dibuat oleh manajemen dalam rangka penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Grup yang memiliki pengaruh paling signifikan atas jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Klasifikasi Aset dan Liabilitas Keuangan Perusahaan menetapkan klasifikasi atas aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan mempertimbangkan bila definisi yang ditetapkan PSAK No. 55 (Revisi 2014) dipenuhi. Dengan demikian, aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diakui sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Perusahaan seperti diungkapkan pada Catatan 2.g.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Other key assumptions for post-employment benefit obligations are based in part on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in Note 20.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments
Where the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded on the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, judgment is required to establish fair values. The judgments include considerations of liquidity and model inputs such as volatility for long term derivatives and discount rates, prepaymentrates, and default rate assumptions. The other disclosure on fair value is presents in Note 32 a

Realization of Deferred Tax Assets
Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Management estimates are required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Judgments in Applying the Accounting Policies

The following judgments are made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilitas</u>
The Company determines the classifications of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and financial liabilities by judging if they meet the definition set forth in SFAS No. 55 (Revised 2014). Accordingly, the financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in accordance with Company's accounting policies disclosed in Note 2.g.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Thk

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN
KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Laniutan)
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)
Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

4.	Kas dan Setara Kas	4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Huo dan octara Huo			4. Oddir and Oddir Equivalents
	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Kas	6,399,473,932	9,325,882,318	Cash on Hand
Bank			Cash In Banks
<u>Rupiah</u>			<u>Rupiah</u>
Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia	239,894,709,277	196,517,628,477	Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero), Tbk	90,411,654,044	58,162,478,717	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero), Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk	75,692,763,875	85,961,262,739	PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero), Tbk	47,477,001,094	75,545,587,102	PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero), Tbk
PT Bank CIMB Niaga, Tbk	13,811,673,812	14,517,923,165	PT Bank CIMB Niaga, Tbk
PT Bank Permata, Tbk	8,538,056,398	3,412,097,307	PT Bank Permata, Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero), Tbk	6,536,507,938	28,369,052,302	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero), Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia, Tbk	195,264,757	18,504,168	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia, Tbk
Total	482,557,631,195	462,504,533,977	Total
Dolar Amerika Serikat			United States Dollar
PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk			PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk
(2019 : USD 3,018,441.04,	42,783,383,301	34,161,652,123	(2019 : USD 3,018,441.04,
2018 : USD 2,359,067.20)			2018 : USD 2,359,067.20)
Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia			Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia
(2019: USD 463,169.71	6,564,967,470	1,177,458,364	(2019: USD 463,169.71
2018 : USD 81,310.57)			2018 : USD 81,310.57)
Total	49,348,350,771	35,339,110,487	Total
Total Bank	531.905.981.966	497.843.644.464	Total Cash in Banks
Deposito Berjangka			Time Deposits
Rupiah			Rupiah
PT Bank Mitraniaga Tbk	90,972,803,298	117,265,868,298	PT Bank Mitraniaga Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	88,470,161,267	84,615,622,539	PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero), Tbk	32,040,984,497	31,005,550,560	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero), Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	28,738,301,192	27,484,059,149	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk	11.700.822.423	11,298,436,775	PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk
	251.923.072.677	271,669,537,321	,
	== :,(===(=:============================	=: :,;===;;==:	
<u>Euro</u>			Euro
PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk	18,423,427,508	19,683,080,473	PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk
(2019 : EUR 1,188,609.76	-, -, ,	-,,,	(2019 : EUR 1,188,609.76
2018 : EUR 1,188,609.76)			2018 : EUR 1.188.609.76)
Total Deposito Berjangka	270,346,500,185	291,352,617,794	Total Time Deposits
Total	808.651.956.083	798.522.144.576	Total
	55515511555155	10010201111010	
Deposito Berjangka :			Time Deposits :
Rupiah			Rupiah
Tingkat Bunga	5.25 - 7.75 %	5.50 - 7.75 %	Interest Rate
Periode Jatuh Tempo	1 - 3 bulan/month	1 - 3 bulan/month	Maturity
Euro			Euro
Tingkat Bunga	-	<u>-</u>	Interest Rate
Periode Jatuh Tempo	1 bulan/month	1 bulan/month	Maturity
1 onodo odian Tompo	- Data i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	. Data willong	matunty
Seluruh saldo bank dan deposito berjangka ditempatkan p	ada pihak ketiga.		All bank balance and time deposits placed on third party.
5. Piutang Usaha			5. Trade Receivables
a. Berdasarkan Pelanggan :			a. By Customers :
	30 September 2019	31 Desember 2018	
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
Pihak Berelasi (Catatan 31.)	Rp 51,458,999,514	Rp 10,106,302,455	Related Parties (Note 31.)
i max Dereiasi (Catatan 51.)	31,430,333,314	10,100,302,433	Related Farties (Note 51.)
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Piutang Kartu Kredit			Credit Card Receivables
PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk	4,863,530,138	10,005,890,662	PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	3,242,190,319	763,261,525	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank CIMB Niaga, Tbk	2,713,140,341	7,020,791,072	PT Bank CIMB Niaga, Tbk
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	2,221,436,543	3,278,659,045	PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	876,857,812	1,546,509,542	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
American Express Bank Ltd	41,670,439	37,902,929	American Express Bank Ltd
Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia	· · · · · -	241,443,243	Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia
PT Bank Tabungan Negara (Persero) Tbk	-	25,529,904	PT Bank Tabungan Negara (Persero) Tbk
PT Visionet Internasional	622,881,389	451,438,555	PT Visionet Internasional
PT Pasaraya Tosersajaya	584,816,858	237,794,501	PT Pasaraya Tosersajaya
PT Milenia Mega Mandiri	401,780,335	-	PT Milenia Mega Mandiri
Wahvu Siswanto	260,000,000	- -	Wahyu Siswanto
PT Patra Jasa	214,025,700	- -	PT Patra Jasa
PT Parama Global Inspiration	44,573,200	341,644,509	PT Parama Global Inspiration
PT Summarecon Agung, Tbk	12,973,941	219,869,129	PT Summarecon Agung, Tbk
PT Wynncor Bali	12,373,341	339,607,847	PT Wynncor Bali
Lainnya (masing-masing dibawah Rp 200 juta)	2,881,352,831	2,025,981,141	Others (each below Rp. 200 million)
Sub Total	18,981,229,846	26,536,323,604	Others (each below Rp. 200 million) Sub Total
	70.440.229.360		
Total	/ 0.440.229.360	36.642.626.059	Total

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

h Du Anima Catamaniaa .

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

b. Berdasarkan Umur :

b. Berdasarkan Umur :	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 RD	b. By Aging Categories :
Belum Jatuh Tempo Jatuh Tempo	27,771,764,284	35,232,766,820	Not Yet Due Over Due
1 - 30 hari	4,436,762,494	995,049,355	1 - 30 days
31 - 60 hari	24,063,939,450	59,457,664	31 - 60 days
Di atas 60 hari	14,167,763,132	355,352,220	Over 60 days
Total	70,440,229,360	36,642,626,059	Total

Semua piutang usaha dalam mata uang Rupiah.

All receivables are denominated in Rupiah currency.

Pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018, berdasarkan penelaahan atas status masing-masing piutang pada akhir periode dan estimasi nilai tidak terpulihkan secara individual, manajemen Grup memutuskan bahwa tidak perlu dilakukannya penurunan nilai piutang. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan.

piutang. Tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan.

Pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018, tidak terdapat piutang usaha yang dijadikan sebagai jaminan.

As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, based on the status of trade receivable at the end of the period and the estimated value of no recoverable by individual basis, the Group's management decides that the impairment of receivables was not needed.

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there is no trade receivables used as collateral.

6. Persediaan 6. Inventories

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Persediaan Barang Dagangan	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Merchandise Inventories
Produk Perbaikan Rumah	1,417,813,568,604	1,368,172,283,762	Home Improvement Products
Produk Gaya Hidup	1,252,695,307,796	1,043,980,302,209	Lifestyle Products
Produk Permainan	96,380,127,740	107,755,875,882	Toys Products
Total	2.766.889.004.140	2.519.908.461.853	Total

Pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018, persediaan telah diasuransikan kepada PT Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk dan PT Asuransi Central Asia terhadap risiko kebakaran dan risiko lainnya dengan jumlah pertanggungan masing-masing sebesar Rp2,129,830,000,000 untuk tahun 2019 dan Rp 2,037,400,000,000 untuk tahun 2018.

Manajemen berpendapat bahwa nilai pertanggungan asuransi tersebut cukup untuk menutupi kemungkinan kerugian atas persediaan yang dipertanggungkan.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada indikasi penurunan persediaan pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018.

Beberapa persediaan digunakan sebagai jaminan atas pinjaman bank (Catatan 14.).

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, inventories have been insured to PT.Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk and PT Asuransi Central Asia against risk of fire and other associated risk with a total sum insured of Rp.2,129,830,000,000 for the year of 2019 and Rp2,037,400,000,000 for the year of 2018, respectively.

Management believes that the insured amount is adequate to cover possible losses from such risk.

Management believes that there is no changes in circumtances that indicate material impairment of inventories as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Some of inventories are pledged as collateral for bank loan (Note 14.).

7.	Biaya Dibayar di Muka	7. Prepaid Expenses

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Biaya Dibayar Di Muka - Lancar :			Prepaid Expenses - Current
Pihak Berelasi (Catatan 31.)	41,107,131,021	46,335,817,820	Related Parties (Note 31.)
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Sewa	167,813,669,861	150,675,002,213	Rental
Papan Iklan	3,217,733,614	625,162,041	Billboard
Asuransi	574,569,737	2,883,036,895	Insurance
Lain-lain (masing-masing di bawah Rp 500 Juta)	4,003,763,582	2,823,215,523	Others (each below Rp 500 million)
Subtotal	175,609,736,794	157,006,416,672	Subtotal
Total Biaya Dibayar Di Muka - Lancar	216,716,867,815	203.342.234.492	Total Prepaid Expenses - Current
Biaya Dibayar Di Muka - Tidak Lancar			Prepaid Expenses - Non Current
Pihak Berelasi (Catatan 31.)	2,334,299,220	7,543,658,566	Related Parties (Note 31.)
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
Sewa	92,272,266,396	109,771,794,957	Rental
Total Biaya Dibayar Di Muka - Tidak Lancar	94.606.565.616	117.315.453.523	Total Prepaid Expenses - Non Current

8. Uang Muka 8. Advance Payments

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Uang Muka Pembelian Barang Dagang Pihak Berelasi (Catatan 31.)	-		Advance Purchase of Inventories Related Parties (Note 31.)
Pihak Ketiga	245,172,140,552	473,525,684,176	Third Parties
Lainnya (masing-masing dibawah Rp 1 Miliar)	20,957,461,495	3,131,905,045	Others (each below Rp 1 bilion)
Total	266,129,602,047	476,657,589,221	Total

Uang muka lainnya merupakan uang muka pembelian non-barang dagang dan uang muka sewa toko yang belum digunakan.

Other advances are advances for purchase of non-merchandise and advances rental store that have not been used.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Thk AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Properti Investasi 9. Investment Properties 30 September 2019 / September 30, 2019 Penambahan/ Pen

	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 Rp	Penambahan/ Additions Rp	Pengurangan/ Deductions Rp	Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification Rp	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 Rp	
Biaya Perolehan Tanah dan Bangunan	386,116,259,901		-		386,116,259,901	Acquisition Cost Land and Building
	386,116,259,901				386,116,259,901	
Aset dalam Penyelesaian		2,483,479,049	-		2,483,479,049	Construction in Progress
	386,116,259,901	2,483,479,049			388,599,738,950	
Akumulasi Penyusutan Tanah dan Bangunan	28,724,912,194	11,342,427,356	-	-	40,067,339,550	Accumulated Depre. Land and Building
	28,724,912,194	11,342,427,356			40,067,339,550	
Nilai Buku	357.391.347.707				348.532.399.400	Carrying Value
	31 Desember 2017/ December 31, 2017 Rp	31 Dese Penambahan/ Additions Rp	ember 2018 / December : Pengurangan/ Deductions	31, 2018 Reklasifikasi/ Reclassification	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 Ro	
Biaya Perolehan Tanah dan Bangunan	359,883,749,133	26,232,510,768	-	-	386,116,259,901	Acquisition Cost Land and Building
	359,883,749,133	26,232,510,768			386,116,259,901	
Aset dalam Penyelesaian	359,883,749,133	26,232,510,768	<u> </u>		386,116,259,901	Construction in Progress
Akumulasi Penyusutan Tanah dan Bangunan	13,736,374,046	14,988,538,148	-	-	28,724,912,194	Accumulated Depre. Land and Building
	13,736,374,046	14,988,538,148	-	-	28,724,912,194	
Nilai Buku	346.147.375.087				357.391.347.707	Carrying Value

Pendapatan sewa dan beban operasi langsung dari properti investasi adalah sebagai berikut:

Rental revenues earned and direct operating expenses from investment properties are as follows :

_	2019 (9 bulan/month) Rp	2018 (9 bulan/month) Rp	
Pendapatan Sewa Beban Operasi Langsung yang Timbul dari Properti	13,794,381,889	13,271,974,555	Rental Income Direct Operating Cost Arises from the Rental Generated
Investasi yang Menghasilkan Penghasilan Sewa	16,666,298,430	15,760,646,855	Investment Properties
Beban penyusutan dialokasi sebagai berikut :			Depreciation is allocated as follows:

Deban penyadatan didiokasi debagai benkat .			Depresiation is anotated as isnows.
	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
Beban Penjualan (Catatan 27.a)	-	-	Selling Expenses (Note 27.a)
Beban Umum dan Administrasi (Catatan 27.b)	11,342,427,356	10,363,941,349	General and Administrative Expenses (Note 27.b)
Total	11.342.427.356	10.363.941.349	Total

Perusahaan memiliki properti investasi berupa tanah dan bangunan di Balikpapan dan Tangerang, yaitu Living Plaza Balikpapan dan Living Plaza Bintaro.

<u>Living Plaza Bintaro</u> Berdasarkan Sertifikat Hak Guna Bangunan No. 04505 dan 04903 tanggal 16 Januari 2007 dan 27 Juli 2009, Perusahaan memiliki tanah seluas 2.647 m2 dan 2.555 m2.

<u>Living Plaza Balikpapan</u>
Berdasarkan Sertifikat Hak Guna Bangunan No. 04800 dan 04801 tanggal 22 Juni 2009, Perusahaan memiliki tanah seluas 3.487 m2 dan 10.000 m2.

Properti investasi Perusahaan telah diasuransikan kepada PT Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk terhadap risiko kebakaran dan risiko lainnya dengan nilai pertanggungan sebesar Rp.630,000,000,000 per 30 September 2019 dan Rp.630,000,000,000 per 31 Desember 2018. Manajemen berpendapat bahwa nilai pertanggungan asuransi tersebut cukup untuk menutupi kemungkinan kerugian atas properti investasi yang dipertanggungkan.

The Company owns investment properties in the form of land and buildings in Balikpapan and Tangerang, namely Living Plaza Balikpapan and Living Plaza Bintaro.

<u>Living Plaza Bintaro</u>
Based on Certificate of Building Rights No. 04505 and 04903 dated January 16, 2007 and July 27, 2009, The Company has a land area of 2,647 sqm and 2,555 sqm.

<u>Living Plaza Balikpapan</u>
Based on Certificate of Building Rights No. 04800 and 04801 dated June 22, 2009, The Company has a land area of 3,487 sqm and 10,000 sqm.

The Company's investment properties have been insured to PT Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk against risk of fire and other associated risks with a total sum insured of Rp.630,000,000,000 per September 30, 2019, and Rp.630,000,000,000 per December 31, 2018. Management believes that the insured amount is adequate to cover possible losses from such risk.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA The AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

10. Aset Tetap 10. Fixed Assets

	24 December 2049/		ember 2019 / September 3		20 Cantambar 2010/	
	31 Desember 2018/	Penambahan/ Additions	Pengurangan/	Reklasifikasi/	30 September 2019/	
	December 31, 2018 Rp	Additions Rp	Deductions Rp	Reclassification Rp	September 30, 2019 Rp	
		<u> </u>				
Biaya Perolehan Tanah	73,293,503,385		(16,693,350,704)		56.600.152.681	Acquisition Cost
Bangunan	54,120,813,396	22,479,205,580	(10,093,330,704)	-	76,600,018,976	Building
Prasarana dan Renovasi	54,120,613,396	22,479,205,580	-	-	76,600,018,976	Building Renovation and
	395,174,734,664	12 707 244 055	(1,730,871,243)	36,016,984,309	442,258,089,685	Improvement
Bangunan eralatan Toko dan Kantor	512,180,566,008	12,797,241,955 50,276,353,359	(1,730,871,243)	36,016,964,309	560,966,701,238	Store and Office Equipmen
endaraan	31,254,967,614	50,276,555,559	(1,490,216,129)		30,171,987,432	Vehicle
endaraan	1,066,024,585,067	85,552,800,894	(20,997,420,258)	36,016,984,309	1,166,596,950,012	venicie
set dalam Penyelesaian	17,429,403,717	32,180,389,754	(20,997,420,236)	(36,016,984,309)	13,592,809,162	Construction in Progress
iset dalam Ferryelesalam	1,083,453,988,784	117,733,190,648	(20.997.420.258)	(36,016,964,309)	1,180,189,759,174	Construction in Progress
	1,083,453,988,784	117,733,190,048	(20,997,420,258)		1,180,189,759,174	
kumulasi Penyusutan						Accumulated Depre
angunan	9,415,938,954	2,469,039,052		-	11,884,978,006	Building
rasarana dan Renovasi						Building Renovation and
Bangunan	318,218,483,775	29,555,835,302	(1,654,778,440)	-	346,119,540,637	Improvement
eralatan Toko dan Kantor	286,599,084,305	37,829,046,500	(1,435,241,939)	-	322,992,888,866	Store and Office Equipment
endaraan	25,325,339,334	1,589,008,622	(843,644,553)	-	26,070,703,403	Vehicle
	639,558,846,368	71,442,929,476	(3,933,664,932)	<u> </u>	707,068,110,912	
ilai Buku	443.895.142.416				473.121.648.262	Carrying Value
		31 Dese	ember 2018 / December 3	1, 2018		
	31 Desember 2017/	Penambahan/	Pengurangan/	Reklasifikasi/	31 Desember 2018/	
	December 31, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Reclassification	December 31, 2018	
	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	
iaya Perolehan						Acquisition Cost
anah	73,293,503,385	-	-	-	73,293,503,385	Land
angunan	54,120,813,396	-	-	-	54,120,813,396	Building
rasarana dan Renovasi						Building Renovation and
Bangunan	342,911,331,319	7,415,559,584	-	44,847,843,761	395,174,734,664	Improvement
eralatan Toko dan Kantor	412,795,853,751	100,430,205,925	(1,045,493,668)	<u>-</u>	512,180,566,008	Store and Office Equipmen
endaraan	42,970,513,979	-	(11,715,546,365)	-	31,254,967,614	Vehicle
	926,092,015,830	107,845,765,509	(12,761,040,033)	44,847,843,761	1,066,024,585,067	
set dalam Penyelesaian	7,740,325,593	54,536,921,885	-	(44,847,843,761)	17,429,403,717	Construction in Progress
oct dalam i cityclosalam	1,740,325,593					_
set dalam i enyelesalam	933,832,341,423	162,382,687,394	(12,761,040,033)	<u> </u>	1,083,453,988,784	
•			(12,761,040,033)	<u> </u>	1,083,453,988,784	Accumulated Depre
kumulasi Penyusutan			(12,761,040,033)		1,083,453,988,784 9,415,938,954	
kumulasi Penyusutan angunan	933,832,341,423	162,382,687,394	(12,761,040,033)	<u> </u>		Building
kumulasi Penyusutan angunan	933,832,341,423	162,382,687,394	(12,761,040,033)	<u> </u>		
kumulasi Penyusutan Bangunan Prasarana dan Renovasi Bangunan	933,832,341,423 6,831,893,359	162,382,687,394 2,584,045,595	(12,761,040,033) - (1,039,237,419)	<u> </u>	9,415,938,954	Building Building Renovation and Improvement
kumulasi Penyusutan angunan rasarana dan Renovasi Bangunan eralatan Toko dan Kantor	933,832,341,423 6,831,893,359 286,386,829,090	162,382,687,394 2,584,045,595 31,831,654,685	-		9,415,938,954	Building Building Renovation and Improvement Store and Office Equipment
kumulasi Penyusutan angunan Irasarana dan Renovasi Bangunan eralatan Toko dan Kantor	933,832,341,423 6,831,893,359 286,386,829,090 248,572,676,219	162,382,687,394 2,584,045,595 31,831,654,685 39,065,645,505	- (1,039,237,419)		9,415,938,954 318,218,483,775 286,599,084,305	Building Building Renovation and Improvement Store and Office Equipment
Akumulasi Penyusutan Bangunan Prasarana dan Renovasi	933,832,341,423 6,831,893,359 286,386,829,090 248,572,676,219 32,811,646,073	162,382,687,394 2,584,045,595 31,831,654,685 39,065,645,505 3,226,355,186	(1,039,237,419) (10,712,661,925)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,415,938,954 318,218,483,775 286,599,084,305 25,325,339,334	Building Building Renovation and Improvement Store and Office Equipmen Vehicle
Akumulasi Penyusutan Bangunan Prasarana dan Renovasi Bangunan Peralatan Toko dan Kantor Kendaraan	933.832.341.423 6,831,893,359 286,386,829,090 248,572,676,219 32,811,646,073 574,603,044,741 359,229,296,682	162,382,687,394 2,584,045,595 31,831,654,685 39,065,645,505 3,226,355,186	(1,039,237,419) (10,712,661,925)		9,415,938,954 318,218,483,775 286,599,084,305 25,325,339,334 639,558,846,368 443,895,142,416	

beban penyusulan dialokasi sebagai benkul.			Depreciation is allocated as follows:
	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
Beban Penjualan (Catatan 27.a)	64,675,264,757	48,891,784,603	Selling Expenses (Note 27.a)
Beban Umum dan Administrasi (Catatan 27.b)	6,767,664,719	6,612,148,725	General and Administrative Expenses (Note 27.b)
Total	71,442,929,476	55,503,933,328	Total
		•	

Pada tahun 2019, Perusahaan melakukan penjualan aset berupa tanah seluas 5.955 m2 yang berlokasi di daerah Kedung Badak Bogor kepada PT.Graha Makmur Lestari (GML), pihak berelasi, dengan harga jual sebesar Rp 16.078.500.000. Sesuai dengan harga pasar vang terdapat di laporan penilai independen Kantor Jasa Penilai Publik (KJPP) Felix Sutandar & Rekan No. 00910/2.0072-00/PI/05/0434/1/XI/2018 tanggal 8 November 2018.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa transaksi penjualan tersebut bukan merupakan transaksi yang memiliki benturan kepentingan sebagaimana dimaksud dalam peraturan Bapepam dan LK No. IX.E.1 tentang Transaksi Afiliasi Dan Benturan Kepentingan Transaksi Tertentu. Manajemen juga berkeyakinan bahwa transaksi ini juga merupakan transaksi afiliasi sebagaimana ditentukan dalam Peraturan Bapepam dan LK No. IX.E.1, namun dikecualikan dari kewajiban tertentu karena merupakan transaksi yang merupakan penunjang kegiatan usaha utama Perusahaan. Selain itu, transaksi ini juga bukan transaksi material sebagaimana yang dimaksud dalam peraturan Bapepam dan LK No. IX.E.2.

Perusahaan memiliki sejumlah tanah tertentu dengan HGB yang terletak di Desa Pakulonan, Kabupaten Tangerang, Propinsi Banten dan Kelurahan Pluit, Jakarta Utara yang berakhir tahun 2032. HGB tersebut dapat diperpanjang pada saat berakhirnya hak

In 2019, the Company sold its asset of lands of 5,955 sqm located in Kedung Badak Bogor to PT.Graha Makmur Lestari (GML), related party, with selling price amounted to Rp 16,078,500,000. The transaction is accordance with market price in independent appraiser report of Public Appraiser (KJPP) Felix Sutandar dan Rekan No. 00910/2.0072-00/PI/05/0434/1/XI/2018 dated November 8,

Management believes that these selling transactions are not included in the transaction that has conflict of interest as referred to regulation of Bapepam and LK No. IX.E.1 about Affiliate and Conflict of Interest Transactions. Management also believes that these transactions are affiliate transaction as referred to regulation of Bapepam dan LK No. IX.E.1, but exempted from certain obligations since these transactions are for supporting the Company's main business activities. Otherwise, these transactions were not a material transaction as referred to Bapepam regulation and LK No. IX.E.2.

The Company owned certain land with Building Right Title (HGB) located at Desa Pakulonan, district of Tangerang, province of Banten and subdistrict of Pluit, Jakarta Utara, which valid up to 2032. The HGB is renewable upon the expiration date.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Pengurangan aset tetap merupakan penghapusan dan penjualan aset tetap untuk tahuntahun yang berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 adalah sebagai berikut :

September 30, 2019 Rp
<u> </u>
16,082,175,128
(16,960,567,014)
(878,391,886)
(103,188,312)

(981.580.198)

30 September 2019

30 September 2019 September 30, 2019

Laba (Rugi) Penjualan dan Penghapusan Aset Tetap - Bersih (Catatan 28.a)

Aset tetap Perusahaan telah diasuransikan kepada PT Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk dan PT Asuransi Central Asia terhadap risiko kebakaran dan risiko lainnya dengan nilai pertanggungan sebesar Rp. 577,025,550,000 per 30 September 2019 dan Rp.527,784,300,000 per 31 Desember 2018. Manajemen berpendapat bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut cukup untuk menutupi kemungkinan kerugian atas aset tetap yang dipertanggungkan.

Total tercatat bruto dari setiap aset tetap yang telah disusutkan penuh dan masih digunakan sebesar Rp. 552,137,329,325.- sampai tahun 2019.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak ada perubahan keadaan yang mengindikasikan penurunan nilai aset tetap pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018.

AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA The

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Disposal of assets consist of written off and sales of fixed assets for the years ended September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp
Selling Transaction	4 0 4 0 0 0
1,046,660,208 Selling Price	
(144,596,373) Net Book Value	(144,596
902,063,835 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets	902,063
Loss on Written-off of Fixed Assets	

Gain (Loss) on Disposal and Written-off of Fixed Assets - Net (Note 28.a)

12. Other Non-Current Non Financial Assets

The Company's fixed assets have been insured to PT Asuransi Multi Artha Guna Tbk and PT Asuransi Central Asia against risk of fire and other associated risks with a total sum insured Rp.577,025,550,000 per September 30, 2019, and Rp.527,784,300,000 per December 31, 2018. Management believes that the insured amount is adequate to cover possible losses from such risk.

Total gross carrying amount of all fixed assets that have been fully depreciated and still in use amounting to Rp. 552,137,329,325.- untill 2019.

Management believes that there are no changes in circumtances that indicate material impairment of fixed assets as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

11. Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya

Aset Keuangan tidak lancar lainnya merupakan uang jaminan atas jaminan sewa gedung dan utilitas yang akan dikembalikan pada saat masa sewa berakhir sebesar Rp.59,162,050,676 dan Rp54,030,834,524 masing-masing pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018.

11. Other Non-Current Financial Assets

Other non-current financial assets consist of security deposits of store office rental and utilities that are refundable at termination of the rental amounting of Rp.59,162,050,676 and Rp.54,030,834,524 as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

12. Aset Non-Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp
Aset yang Belum Siap Digunakan Dalam Usaha	186,607,199,617
Perangkat Lunak Komputer	5,354,481,630
Total	191,961,681,247

Aset yang belum siap digunakan dalam usaha terdiri dari peralatan toko dan peralatan kantor yang belum siap digunakan.

Biaya perangkat lunak disajikan setelah dikurangi dengan akumulasi amortisasi dengan rincian sebagai berikut:

rincian sebagai berikut :

	September 30, 2019
	Rp
Harga Perolehan	51,238,253,216
Dikurangi : Amortisasi	(45,883,771,586)
Nilai Buku	5.354.481.630

Beban amortisasi dialokasi sebagai berikut :

	Rp	
eban Penjualan (Catatan 27.a)	64.008.46	
eban Umum dan Administrasi (Catatan 27.b)	3,020,043,48	
otal	3.084.051.95	

 December 31, 2018

 Rp
 117,059,289,703
 Assets Not Yet Available for Use in Operation 8,001,850,383

Assets not yet available for use in operation consists of store equipments and office equipments which are not yet available for use.

Software costs presented at net of their accumulated amortization as follows :

31 Desember 2018
December 31, 2018
Rp
50,801,570,016
(42,799,719,633)
8.001.850.383

125,061,140,086

Amortization is allocated as follows:

31 Desember 2018

30 September 2018 September 30, 2018 Rp		
	45 504 070	
	15,594,079 2.657.426.606	
	2.673.020.685	

Selling Expenses (Note 27.a) General and Administrative Expenses (Note 27.b)

Aqcusition Costs
Less: Amortization
Book Value

Total

13. Investasi Pada Saham 13. Investment in Share

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018	
PT Omni Digitama Internusa	Rp	Rp	PT Omni Digitama Internusa
Nominal Persentase Kepemilikan	30%	30%	Nominal Percentage of Ownership
Nilai Penyertaan Awal	(6,149,657,022)	(1,759,059,632)	Carrying Value at Beginning Balance
Bagian Laba (Rugi) Komprehensif Neto	(3,096,905,645)	(4,390,597,390)	Share in Net Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Nilai Penyertaan Akhir	(9,246,562,667)	(6,149,657,022)	Carrying Value at Ending Balance

Perusahaan mencatat nilai penyertaan akhir investasi saham di ODI sebesar negatif Rp.9,246,562,667 per 30 September 2019 dan Rp 6,149,657,022 per 31 Desember 2018 pada akun liabilitas keuangan jangka panjang lainnya.

The Company recorded negative carrying amount of investment in ODI of Rp.9,246,562,667 per September 30, 2019 and Rp 6,149,657,022 per December 31, 2018 as part of other non-current financial liabilities.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Tabel berikut ini adalah ringkasan informasi keuangan untuk entitas asosiasi dan rekonsiliasi nilai tercatat dari kepentingan Perusahaan dalam entitas asosiasi pada tanggal dan untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018:

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

The following tables are the summarized financial information of associate entity and the reconciliation to the carrying value of the Company's investments in associate as of and for the period ended. September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018	
	Rp	Rp	
Aset Lancar	5,360,212,666	3,797,458,082	Current Assets
Aset Tidak Lancar	3,404,520,946	1,740,947,685	Non-Current Assets
Liabilitas Jangka Pendek	(43,120,729,619)	29,571,382,958	Current Liabilities
Liabilitas Jangka Panjang	-	-	Non-Current Liabilities
Pendapatan - Bersih	9,097,944,209	8,427,964,601	Net Income
Laba (rugi) Tahun Berjalan	(10,323,018,816)	(14,635,324,633)	Gain (Loss) Current Year
Persentase Kepemilikan (%)	30	30	Percentage of Ownership (%)

14. Utang Bank			14. Bank Loan
	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Utang Bank Jangka Pendek PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia	11,048,192,489	10,080,973,572 105,000,000,000	Short Term Loan PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia
Total Utang Bank	11.048.192.489	115.080.973.572	Total Bank Loan

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA)

TGI (Entitas Anak)

Berdasarkan surat no. 10666/GBK/2019 tanggal 11 September 2019, BCA telah menyesuaikan tingkat bunga menjadi 9,00% per tahun terhitung sejak tanggal 18 September 2019.

Berdasarkan surat no. 10313/GBK/2019 tanggal 11 Juni 2019, BCA telah menyesuaikan tingkat bunga menjadi 9,25% per tahun terhitung sejak tanggal 17 Juni 2019.

Berdasarkan Surat Pemberitahuan Pemberian Kredit No. 10065/GBK/2019 tanggal 7 Februari 2019, BCA telah menyetujui perpanjangan kredit sampai dengan 10 Januari 2020 dengan bunga 9.50% per tahun.

Berdasarkan akta No. 21 tanggal 8 Februari 2018 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notaris di Jakarta, TGI, entitas anak memperoleh fasilitas Kredit Lokal (Rekening Koran), jumlah maksimum fasilitas sebesar Rp.27.000.000.000,- dan telah diperpanjang batas waktu penarikan dan/atau pengunaannya sampai dengan 10 Januari 2019.

Berdasarkan Perianjian Kredit No. 47 tanggal 10 Januari 2012, TGI, entitas anak. memperoleh fasilitas kredit dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) sebagai berikut :

- Fasilitas Kredit Lokal (Rekening Koran); jumlah maksimum fasilitas sebesar Rp.27.000.000.000 dengan jangka waktu 1 (satu) tahun dan dikenakan tingkat bunga
- 9,5% per tahun. Fasilitas Kredit Investasi; jumlah maksimum fasilitas sebesar Rp 25.000.000.000 dengan jangka waktu 4 (empat) tahun termasuk grace period 12 (dua belas) bulan sejak penarikan pertama dan dikenakan tingkat bunga sebesar 9,5% per tahun.

Berdasarkan Surat Pemberitahuan Pemberian Kredit No. 10943/GBK/2017 tanggal 29 Desember 2017, BCA telah menyetujui perpanjangan kredit sampai dengan 10 Januari 2019 dengan bunga 9,25% per tahun.

Provisi sebesar 0,25% per tahun atas fasilitas Kredit Lokal akan dipungut secara proporsional berdasarkan jangka waktu perpanjangan dan wajib dibayar pada tanggal 10 Januari 2019.

Jaminan atas utang bank tersebut sebagai berikut:

- Tanah dan bangunan (Mall Living World) saling mengikat untuk menjamin seluruh fasilitas PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera (KLS), PT Home Center Indonesia (HCI), pihak
- berelasi, dan TGI, entitas anak (Catatan dan); Corporate Guarantee (CG) KLS (unlimited); dan
- Persediaan atas nama TGI minimal sebesar Rp22.000.000.000 (Catatan 6)

Perjanjian pinjaman ini mengatur hal-hal yang tidak diperkenankan dilakukan oleh TGI, yaitu sebagai berikut:

- Menjual/melepas/menjaminkan merek dagang "Toys Kingdom" kepada pihak lain,
- Melakukan pembagian dividen, Membayar bunga pinjaman atas hutang pemegang saham,
- Memperoleh pinjaman uang/kredit baru dari pihak lain di luar pihak berelasi, Mengagunkan harta kekayaan TGI kepada pihak lain di luar pihak berelasi,
- Mengagunkan harta kekayaaan TGI kepada pihak lain,
- Mengikatkan diri sebagai penanggung atau penjamin dalam bentuk dan dengan nama

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA)

TGI (Subsidiary)

Based on letter no. 10666/GBK/2019 dated September 11, 2019, the BCA has been adjusted interest rate become 9.00% per annum start on September 18, 2019.

Based on letter no. 10313/GBK/2019 dated June 11, 2019, the BCA has been adjusted interest rate become 9.25% per annum start on June 17, 2019.

Based on Notification Letter of Credit No. 10065/GBK/2019 dated February 7, 2019, the BCA has agreed to extend the loan until January 10, 2020 with an interest of 9.50% per annum.

Based on credit deed No. 21 dated February 8, 2018 of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notary in Jakarta, TGI, a subsidiary, obtained credit Local Credit facility (Overdraft), maximum facility amounted Rp.27,000,000,000.- and has extended the deadline of withdrawal and / or its use up to January 10,

Based on Loan Credit Agreement No. 47 dated January 10, 2012, TGI, a subsidiary, obtained credit facilities from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk (BCA) as follows :

- Local Credit Facility (Overdraft); maximum facility amounted Rp.27,000,000,000 for 1 (one) year and bears interest rate of 9.5% per annum.
- Investment Credit Facility; maximum facility amounted Rp 25,000,000,000 for 4 (four) b. years including grace period of 12 (twelve) months since first withdrawal and bears interest rate of 9.5% per annum.

Based on Notification Letter of Credit No. 10943/GBK/2017 dated December 29, 2017, the BCA has agreed to extend the loan until January 10, 2019 with an interest of 9.25% per annum.

Provision of 0.25% per annum on Local Credit facility will be charged in proportion based on the period of extension and shall be paid on the date of January 10, 2019.

Collateral for bank loans is as follows:

- Land and building (Mall Living World) bind to each other to secured all facilities of PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera (KLS), shareholders, PT Home Center Indonesia (HCI), related parties, and TGI, subsidiary (Note and):

 Corporate Guarantee (CG) KLS (unlimited); and
- Inventories on behalf of TGI minimum amounting to Rp22,000,000,000 (Note 6);

The loan agreement regulates restriction points for TGI as follows:

- Sell/release/ pledging "Toys Kingdom" trademark to others,
- Distributing dividend, Paying interest on shareholder loan,
- Getting a loan/credit from the new other than related parties
- TGI collateralize assets to other parties outside of related parties, TGI mortgaging property wealth to others,
- Binds itself as the insurer or guarantor in any form and by any name.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Saldo pinjaman per 30 September 2019 sebesar Rp.11,048,192,489 dan 31 Desember 2018 sebesar Rp 10,080,973,572.

Perusahaan

Berdasarkan akta No. 91 tanggal 16 Oktober 2013 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notaris di Jakarta, yang telah mengalami beberapa perubahan, terakhir melalui Surat Pemberitahuan Pemberian Kredit (SPPK) No. 10411/GBK/2019 tanggal 17 Juli 2019, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas kredit dari BCA berupa :

- (i) Fasilitas Bank Garansi dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi Rp10.000.000.000.
- Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Oktober 2019; Fasilitas Letter of Credit Line (terdiri dari Sight dan Usance L/C) dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi USD 2,500,000. Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Oktober 2019;
- (iii) Fasilitas Forex Forward Line (Tod, Tom, Spot, Forward and Swap) dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi USD2,500,000. Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Oktober

Berdasarkan Surat Pemberitahuan Pemberian Kredit (SPPK) No. 10467/GBK/2018 tanggal 16 Juli 2018, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas kredit dari BCA berupa :

- (i) Fasilitas Bank Garansi dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi Rp10.000.000.000.
- Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Juli 2019 dengan komisi 1% per tahun; (ii) Fasilitas *Letter of Credit Line* (terdiri dari *Sight* dan *Usance L/C*) dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi USD 2,500,000. Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Juli 2019 dengan komisi 0.125%; dan
- (iii) Fasilitas Forex Forward Line (Tod, Tom, Spot, Forward and Swap) dengan jumlah pokok tidak melebihi USD2,500,000. Fasilitas terhitung hingga 19 Juli

Jaminan atas utang bank ini adalah persediaan atas nama Perusahaan minimal sebesar Rp.35.000.000.000.

Pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 , jumlah fasilitas Bank Garansi dan L/C Line yang digunakan adalah sebesar Rp 124,837,000,- dan nihil.

Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia (SCB)

Pada tanggal 17 Oktober 2017 Grup bersama dengan para debitur lainnya ; PT Home Center Indonesia, PT Foods Beverages Indonesia, PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera dan PT Krisbow Indonesia secara bersama-sama memperoleh kredit dalam fasilitas limit gabungan dari SCB dengan total jumlah penggunaan tidak melebihi dari USD20.000.000. Berdasarkan Surat Fasilitas No. JKT/MGA/0361 tanggal 8 Agustus 2019 jangka waktu fasilitas-fasilitas ini hingga tanggal 30 Juni 2020.

Berdasarkan Surat Perubahan atas Surat Fasilitas No. JKT/MFK/5115 tanggal 14 Agustus 2018 jangka waktu fasilitas kredit ini hingga tanggal 30 Juni 2019.

Grup memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman bank dari SCB adalah sebagai berikut :

- Letter of Credit Impor dijamin, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum USD20,000,000 (Perusahaan) dan USD3.000.000 (TGI) dengan komisi 0.125%;
- Pinjaman Impor, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum USD20,000,000 (Perusahaan) dan USD3,000,000 (TGI), jangka waktu maksimum 6 bulan dengan tingkat suku bunga USD 2% per tahun dan Rupiah 1,5% per tahun;
- Letter of Credit Impor tidak dijamin, dengan jumlah maksimum USD20,000,000 C. (Perusahaan) dan USD3,000,000 (TGI) dengan komisi 0,125%;
- Pembiayaan Tagihan Ekspor, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum USD20,000,000 А (Perusahaan) dengan tingkat suku bunga USD 2% per tahun dan Rupiah 1,5% per
- Obligasi dan Jaminan, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum masing-masing sebesar USD2,000,000 untuk Perusahaan dan TGI dengan komisi 1%;
- Jaminan/Surat Kredit Berdokumen Siaga Komersial, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum USD3,000,000 (Perusahaan) dan USD500,000 (TGI) dengan komisi 1%;
- Pinjaman Jangka Pendek, dengan jumlah pinjaman maksimum USD10,000,000 (Perusahaan) dan USD3,000,000 (TGI) dengan tingkat suku bunga 2,5% per tahun.

Saldo pinjaman per 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 sebesar nihil dan Rp.105,000,000,000

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA The AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

The outstanding balance of this loan is as of September 30, 2019 amounting to Rp.11,048,192,489 and December 31, 2018 amounting to Rp 10,080,973,572.

The Company

Based on credit deed No. 91 dated October 16, 2013 of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notary in Jakarta, which has been amended for several times and most recently through Notice of Credit (SPPK) No. 10411/GBK/2019 on July 17, 2019, the Company obtained credit facility from BCA as follows:

- (i) Bank Guarantee with maximum limit of Rp10,000,000,000. Term of credit facilities is until October 19, 2019; Letter of Credit Line (consist of Sight dan Usance L/C) with maximum limit of
- USD2.500.000. Term of credit facilities is until October 19, 2019; and
- (iii Forex Forward Line (Tod, Tom, Spot, Forward and Swap) with maximum limit of USD2,500,000. Term of credit facilities is until October 19, 2019.

Based on Notice of Credit (SPPK) No. 10467/GBK/2018 dated July 16, 2018, the Company obtained credit facility from BCA as follows

- (i) Bank Guarantee with maximum limit of Rp10,000,000,000. Term of credit facilities is
- until July 19, 2019 with commission 1% per annum; (ii Letter of Credit Line (consist of Sight dan Usance L/C) with maximum limit of USD2,500,000. Term of credit facilities is until July 19, 2019 with commission 0.125%; and
- (iii Forex Forward Line (Tod, Tom, Spot, Forward and Swap) with maximum limit of USD2.500.000. Term of credit facilities is until July 19, 2019.

Collateral for this bank loan is inventories on behalf of the Company minimum amounted to Rp.35.000.000.000.-

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the Bank Guarantee and L/C Line facility amounting to Rp 124,837,000.- and nil.

Standard Chartered Bank - Indonesia (SCB)

On October 17,2017, the Group together with other debtors; PT Foods Beverages Indonesia, PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera and PT Krisbow Indonesia jointly obtained a credit facility in the combined limit facility of SCB with total amount of use does not exceed from USD20,000,000. Based on Facility Letter No. JKT/MGA/0361 dated August 8, 2019, the period of this facilities is until June 30, 2020

Based on Amendment of Facility Letter No. JKT/MFK/5115 dated August 14, 2018, the period of this facilities is until June 30, 2019.

The Group obtained a bank loan facility from SCB as follows:

- Letter of Credit Import is guaranteed, with maximum loan amount of USD20,000,000 (the a. Company) and USD3,000,000 (TGI) with commission 0.125%;
- b. Import Loans, with maximum loan amount of USD20,000,000 (the Company) and USD3,000,000 (TGI), a maximum period of 6 months with an interest rate of USD 2% per annum and Rupiah 1.5% per annum;
- Letter of Credit is not guaranteed, with a maximum amount of USD20,000,000 (the C. Company) and USD3,000,000 (TGI) with commission 0.125%
- Export Charge Billing, with a maximum loan amount of USD20,000,000 (the Company) d. with an interest rate of USD 2% per annum and Rupiah 1.5% per annum;
- Bonds and Guarantees, with a maximum loan amount of USD2,000,000 for the Company е and TGI, respectively, with commission 1%;
- Warranty/Letter of Credit Documented Commercial Standby, with maximum loan amount of USD3,000,000 (the Company) and USD500,000 (TGI) with commission 1%; and
- Short-Term Loans, with maximum loan amount of USD10,000,000 (the Company) and g. USD3,000,000 (TGI) with an interest rate of 2.5% per annum.

The loan balance at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 amounting to nil and Rp105,000,000,000.

Sub Total

Berdasarkan Mata Uang

Total

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA The AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sub Total

b. By Currencies

Total

Others (each below Rp 2 Billion)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

15. Utang Usaha			15. Trade Payables
a. Berdasarkan Pemasok	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	a. By Supplier :
Pihak Berelasi (Catatan 31.)	43,723,715,727	85,301,484,253	Related Parties (Note 31.)
Pihak Ketiga			Third Parties
PT. Subur Anugerah Sentosa	10,258,087,836	13,314,316,128	PT. Subur Anugerah Sentosa
PT. Emway Globalindo	6,862,669,833	14,939,245,012	PT. Emway Globalindo
PT. Sharp Electronics Indonesia	5,153,041,966	861,190,004	PT. Sharp Electronics Indonesia
PT. Milenia Mega Mandiri	2,688,352,800	813,176,372	PT. Milenia Mega Mandiri
Lai Kong Lighting, Ltd.	2,171,512,646	501,439,379	Lai Kong Lighting, Ltd.
PT. Tigaraksa Satria Tbk	2,112,078,576	812,653,899	PT. Tigaraksa Satria Tbk
PT. Sugih Makmur Eka Industri	1,877,793,827	2,092,114,142	PT. Sugih Makmur Eka Industri
PT. Kinerja Selaras Utama	1,789,800,741	2,478,267,585	PT. Kinerja Selaras Utama
PT. Agata Promar	1,572,400,229	2,143,653,222	PT. Agata Promar
PT. Leo Pump Indonesia	108,210,411	2,606,554,612	PT. Leo Pump Indonesia
PT. MAP Aktif Adiperkasa	-	4,411,759,006	PT. MAP Aktif Adiperkasa

68,865,457,938

103,459,406,803

147.183.122.530

Persentase utang usaha konsinyasi pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 masing-masing sebesar 35.63% dan 27.94% dari total utang usaha.

The percentage of trade payable of consignment as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are 35.63% and 27.94% from total trade payable, respectively.

Perusahaan memiliki utang usaha dalam mata uang asing sebagai berikut:

Lain-lain (masing-masing dibawah Rp 2 Milliar)

The Company has trade payable denominated in foreign currencies as follows :

67,660,268,294

112,634,637,655

197.936.121.908

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp	
Rupiah	137,459,169,033	193,814,645,329	Rupiah
US Dolar (30 September 2019 : USD 686,041.59 ; 31 Desember 2018 : USD 224,631.16)	9,723,953,497	3,252,883,828	US Dolar (September 30, 2019 : USD 686,041.59 ; December 31, 2018 : USD 224,631.16)
Euro (30 September 2019 : EUR 0.00 ; 31 Desember 2018 : EUR 51,477.52)	-	852,454,862	Euro (September 30, 2019 : EUR 0.00 ; December 31, 2018 : EUR 51,477.52)
CNY (30 September 2019 : CNY 0.00 ; 31 Desember 2018 : CNY 7,648.47)	-	16,137,889	CNY (September 30, 2019 : CNY 0.00 ; December 31, 2018 : CNY 7,648.47)
Total	147,183,122,530	197.936.121.908	Total

Uang Muka Pelanggan 16. Advances from Customer

Merupakan uang muka yang diterima dari pelanggan untuk pembelian barang dagangan masing-masing sebesar Rp 63,406,748,305 dan Rp 71,429,231,328 pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018.

Represents advances received from customer for purchase of merchandise amounting to Rp63,406,748,305 and Rp 71,429,231,328 as of September 30, 2019 dan December 31, 2018 respectively.

17. Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya
Merupakan utang atas biaya angkut persediaan dan biaya sewa ruangan kepada pihak ketiga masing-masing sebesar Rp 56,302,894,095,- dan Rp 44,067,132,551,- pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018.

Represents payables of freight cost and space rental to third parties amounting to Rp56,302,894,095,- and Rp44,067,132,551,- as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018

18. Beban Akrual 18. Accrued Expenses 30 September 2019 31 Desember 2018 September 30, 2019 December 31, 2018 Rn Rρ Royalty (Notes 34.a and 34.b) Electricity, Water and Telephone Royalti (Catatan 34.a dan 34.b) 8.798.666.012 9.361.089.538 Listrik, Air dan Telepon 10,097,730,195 10,376,936,581 Rent and Service Charge Expedition Sewa dan Jasa Pelayanan 6.467.899.826 9 866 278 566 Ekspedisi 11,473,883,199 Professional Fee Jasa Profesional 5.383.950.362 4.994.931.569 Others (each below Rp 500 million) Lainnya (masing-masing dibawah Rp. 500 juta) 2,851,350,699 9,138,174,472 33,599,597,094 55,211,293,925 Total

Damaiakan

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

40 Tavatiana

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

19. Perpajakan			19. Taxations
a. Pajak Dibayar di Muka			a. Prepaid Taxes
a. Talan Dibayar ar mana	30 September 2019	31 Desember 2018	ui i i opaia i axoo
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
	Rp	Rp	
Perusahaan			The Company
Pajak Penghasilan			Income Tax
Pasal 4(2)	721,956,049	894,932,333	Article 4(2)
Pasal 28 A - 2018	<u>35,553,902,436</u>	35,553,902,436 36,448,834,769	Article 28 A - 2018
	36,275,858,485	36,448,834,769	
Entitas Anak			Subsidiary
Pajak Penghasilan			Income Ta
Pasal 21	100,000	-	Article 21
Pasal 28 A - 2017	-	5,470,561,167	Article 28 A - 2017
Pasal 28 A - 2018	13,056,392,763	13,056,392,763	Article 28 A - 2018
Pasal 28 A - 2019	4,630,390,396	-	Article 28 A - 2018
Pasal 4 (2)		6,662,470	Article 4 (2)
	17,686,883,159	18,533,616,400	
otal	53.962.741.644	54.982.451.169	Tota
. Utang Pajak			b. Taxes Payables
·-	30 September 2019	31 Desember 2018	
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
	Rp	Rp	
Perusahaan			The Company
ajak Penghasilan			Income Ta
Pasal 21	3,279,898,023	3,074,290,208	Article 21
Pasal 22	20,796,028	37,169,487	Article 22
Pasal 23	650,095,168	723,366,674	Article 23
Pasal 26 Pasal 29 - 2019	533,853,048	297,692	Article 26 Article 29 - 2017
Pasal 29 - 2019 Pasal 4 (2)	533,853,048 5,549,138,684	5,084,851,883	Article 29 - 2017 Article 4 (2)
Pasal 15	1,836,000	5,064,651,665	Article 4 (2) Article 15
ajak Pertambahan Nilai	24,593,134,203	42,220,204,946	Value Added Tax
ajak Pembangunan 1	10.224.971	15,283,605	Development Tax 1
ub Total	34,638,976,125	51,155,464,495	Sub Tota
ntitas Anak			Subsidiary
ajak Penghasilan	205.040.000	007.440.444	Income Ta
Pasal 21 Pasal 22	335,840,989	307,118,414 261,188	Article 21 Article 22
Pasal 22 Pasal 23	108,612,609	32,243,097	Article 22 Article 23
Pasal 26	100,012,003	8,646,530	Article 26
Pasal 4 (2)	564,094,004	373,643,400	Article 4 (2)
ajak Pertambahan Nilai	1,156,530,749	50,220,042	Value Added Tax
ub Total	2,165,078,351	772,132,671	Sub Tota
otal	36.804.054.476	51.927.597.166	Total
. Manfaat (Beban) Pajak Penghasilan			c. Income Tax Benefit (Expenses)
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	
ajak Kini :	Rp	Rp	Current Tax :
Perusahaan			The Company
Tahun Berjalan	(187,813,640,200)	(166,639,287,700)	Current Year
Penyesuaian Pajak (Catatan 19.e.)	(101,010,010,200)	(100,000,201,100)	Tax Adjustment (Note 19.e.)
Entitas Anak			Subsidiary
Tahun Berjalan	(2,542,959,500)	-	Current Year
Penyesuaian Pajak (Catatan 19.e.)	(21,567,001)	<u> </u>	Tax Adjustment (Note 19.e.)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(190,378,166,701)	(166,639,287,700)	
ajak Tangguhan			Deferred Tax :
Perusahaan	17,679,748,639	(213,274,553)	The Company
Entitas Anak	838,586,374	1,423,960,159	Subsidiary
	18,518,335,013	1,210,685,606	_
l Total	(171.859.831.688)	(165.428.602.094)	Total

Berdasarkan Peraturan Pemerintah No. 81 tahun 2007 (PP 81/2007), tanggal 28 Desember 2007, tentang Penurunan Tarif Pajak Penghasilan bagi Wajib Pajak Badan Dalam Negeri yang Berbentuk Perseroan Terbuka yang berlaku efektif tanggal 1 Januari 2008 dan Peraturan Menteri Keuangan No.238/PMK.03/2008 tanggal 30 Desember 2008 tentang Tata Cara Pelaksanaan dan Pengawasan Pemberian Penurunan Tarif Bagi Wajib Pajak Badan Dalam Negeri yang berbentuk Perseroaan Terbuka, perseroan terbuka dalam negeri di Indonesia dapat memperoleh penurunan tarif 5% lebih rendah dari tarif tertinggi Pajak Penghasilan sebagaimana diatur dalam Pasal 17 ayat 1b Undang-undang Pajak Penghasilan, dengan memenuhi kriteria-kriteria yang ditentukan, yaitu perseroan yang saham atau efek bersifat ekuitas lainnya tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia yang jumlah kepemilikan saham publiknya 40% atau lebih dari keseluruhan saham yang disetor dan saham tersebut dimiliki paling sedikit oleh 300 pihak, masing-masing pihak hanya boleh memiliki saham kurang dari 5% dari keseluruhan saham yang disetor.

Based on Government Regulation No. 81 year 2007 (Gov. Reg. 81/2007), dated December 28, 2007, regarding Reduction of the Rate of Income Tax on Resident Corporate Tax Payers in the Form of Publicly-listed January 1, 2008 and Ministry of Finance Rule No. 238/PMK.03/2008 dated December 30, 2008 regarding the Guidelines on the Implementation and Supervision of the Tariff of Publicly-listed Companies, that resident publicly-listed companies in Indonesia can obtain the reduced income tax rate of 5% lower than the highest income tax rate under Article 17 paragraph 1b of the Income Tax Law, provided if they meet the prescribed criterias, which are companies whose shares or other equity instruments are listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange, whose shares owned by the public is 40% or more of the total paid shares and such shares are owned by at least 300 parties, each party owning less than 5% of the total paid up shares.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAK CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN

Pajak Kini - Entitas Anak

Penyesuaian Tahun Lalu - Entitas Anak Pajak Tangguhan - Entitas Anak Beban Pajak Penghasilan - Entitas Anak

Beban Pajak Penghasilan Konsolidasian

CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Laniutan) Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Rekonsiliasi antara laba sebelum pajak penghasilan menurut laporan laba rugi komersial dengan taksiran laba fiskal adalah sebagai berikut :

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk

Current Tax - Subsidiary

Prior Year Adjustment - Subsidiary
Deferred Tax - Subsidiary
Income Tax Expenses - Subsidiary

Consolidated Income Tax Expenses

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

A reconciliation between income before income taxes as shown in the statements of income and estimated taxable income is as follows:

_	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	30 September 2018 September 30, 2018 Rp	
Laba sebelum Pajak Penghasilan menurut Laporan Laba Rugi dan Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain	904,578,159,441	869,450,372,237	Income before Tax according to Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income :
Ditambah :			Addition:
Keuntungan pada Entitas Anak Kerugian pada Entitas Asosiasi	(15,611,278,407) 3,096,905,645	(15,248,219,055) 3,680,471,139	Gain on Investment in Subsidiary Loss on Investment in Associate
Laba Sebelum Beban Pajak Penghasilan Perusahaan	892,063,786,679	857,882,624,321	Income before income tax expense - the Company
Beda Waktu			Timing Differences
Penyusutan dan Amortisasi	(15,530,044,017)	(11,450,146,810)	Depreciation and Amortization
Imbalan Pascakerja	64,575,541,273	56,051,591,099	Post-Employment Benefits
Pendapatan Ditangguhkan	21,673,497,300	(45,454,542,500)	Deferred Income
Total	70,718,994,556	(853,098,211)	Total
Beda Tetap			Permanent Differences
Biaya dan Denda Pajak	200,000	11,107,590	Tax Expenses and Penalty
Jamuan dan Sumbangan	743,257,959	989,856,150	Entertainment and Donation
Telepon Selular	89,276,820	60,718,536	Cellular Phone
Penghasilan Dikenakan Pajak Final - Net	(45,554,193,252)	(43,668,834,912)	Income Which Already Subjected to Final Tax
Kerugian Penjualan Aset Tetap	1,016,813,204	- 40.774.004.040	Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets
Lainnya Total	19,990,065,255 (23,714,580,014)	18,774,064,942 (23,833,087,694)	Others Total
		(23,033,007,034)	Total
Taksiran Laba Kena Pajak	939,068,201,221	833,196,438,416	Estimated Taxable Income
Laba Kena Pajak (Pembulatan)	939,068,201,000	833,196,438,416	Taxable Income (Rounding)
Beban Pajak Kini Tarif Pajak 20%	187,813,640,200	166,639,287,700	Current Tax Expense Tax Rate 20%
Pajak Penghasilan Dibayar di Muka			Prepayment of Income Taxes
Pasal 22	172,672,860,881	147,088,395,222	Article 22
Pasal 23	1,009,552,031	525,250,898	Article 23
Pasal 25	13,597,374,240	40,227,211,102	Article 25
Total	187,279,787,152	187,840,857,222	Total
Taksiran Kurang / (Lebih) Bayar Pajak Penghasilan Pajak Perusahaan	533.853.048	(21.201.569.522)	Underpayment / Overpayment of Corporate Income Tax
Taksiran Lebih Bayar Pajak Penghasilan Pajak - Entitas Anak (Catatan 19.a)	(4.630,390,396)	(7,889,776,330)	Estimate Over Payment Tax Income - Subsidiary (Note 19.a)
Rekonsiliasi antara laba sebelum taksiran pajak penghas komersial dengan taksiran laba fiskal adalah sebagai beriku	30 September 2019	30 September 2018	e income tax and income tax expenses is as follows :
_	September 30, 2019 Rp	September 30, 2018 Rp	
Laba sebelum Pajak Penghasilan menurut Laporan Laba Rugi dan Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain	904,578,159,441	869,450,372,237	Income before Tax according to Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income :
Ditambah :			Addition:
Keuntungan pada Entitas Anak	(15,611,278,407)	(15,248,219,055)	Gain on Investment in Subsidiary
Kerugian pada Entitas Asosiasi	3,096,905,645	3,680,471,139	Loss on Investment in Associate
Laba Sebelum Beban Pajak Penghasilan Perusahaan	892,063,786,679	857,882,624,321	Income Before Income Tax Expense - The Company
Tarif Pajak 20%	(178,412,757,336)	(171,576,524,864)	Tax Rate 20%
Koreksi Fiskal	(9,400,883,114)	4.937.237.164	Tax Corrections
Pajak Kini - Perusahaan	(187,813,640,450)	(166,639,287,700)	Current Tax - The Company
·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Pajak Tangguhan : Berasal dari Beda Waktu	17,679,748,639	(213,274,553)	Deferred Tax : From Timing Differences
Berasal dari Perubahan Tarif Pajak Beban Pajak Penghasilan - Perusahaan	(170,133,891,811)	(166,852,562,253)	From the Changes in Tax Rate Income Tax Expenses - The Company
Deban Fajak Fenghashan - Penusahaan	(170,133,081,011)	(100,002,302,253)	income rax expenses - the company

1,423,960,159

1,423,960,159

(165.428.602.094)

(2,542,959,500)

(1,725,940,127)

(171,859,831,938)

(21,567,001) 838,586,374

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

d. Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)

Aset (Liabilitas) Pajak Tangguhan Dikreditkan 31 Desember 2017 30 September 2018 December 31, 2017 (Dibebankan) pada September 30, 2018 Laporan Laba Rugi / Credited (Charged) to Statements of Profit or Loss Aset (Liabilitas) Pajak Tangguhan Perusahaan Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities) The Company Penyusutan dan Amortisasi (10,530,086,103) (2,862,536,703) (13,392,622,806) Depreciation and Amortization Imbalan Pascakeria 98.154.282.750 14 012 897 775 112.167.180.525 Post-Employment Benefits 29,819,731,875 (11,363,635,625) 18,456,096,250 Deferred Income Pendapatan Ditangguhkan Sub Total 117 443 928 522 (213 274 553) 117 230 653 969 Sub Total Subsidiary **Entitas Anak** Imbalan Pascakerja 6,741,191,750 1.129.351.471 7,870,543,221 Post-Employment Benefits Pendapatan Ditangguhkan 862,529,750 294,608,688 1,157,138,438 Deferred Income Sub Total Sub Total 1,423,960,159 7,603,721,500 9,027,681,659 Total 125.047.650.022 1.210.685.606 126.258.335.628 Total Dikreditkan 30 September 2018 31 Desember 2018 (Dibebankan) pada Laporan Laba Rugi / September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 Credited (Charged) to Statements of Profit or Loss Aset (Liabilitas) Pajak Tangguhan Perusahaan Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities) The Company Penyusutan dan Amortisasi Imbalan Pascakerja (13,392,622,806) 2,070,440,254 (15,463,063,060) Depreciation and Amortization 112,167,180,525 11.778,455,525 100.388.725.000 Post-Employment Benefits Pendapatan Ditangguhkan 18,456,096,250 (839,448,750) Deferred Income 19,295,545,000 Sub Total 117.230.653.969 13.009.447.029 104.221.206.940 Sub Total **Entitas Anak** Subsidiary Imbalan Pascakerja Post-Employment Benefits 7,870,543,221 (15,676,932,971) 7,806,389,750 Pendapatan Ditangguhkan 1.157.138.438 (2.418.006.438) ,260,868,000 Deferred Income Sub Total 9,027,681,659 (18,094,939,409) 9,067,257,750 Sub Total Total (5.085.492.380) Total 31 Desember 2018 Dikreditkan 30 September 2019 December 31, 2018 (Dibebankan) pada September 30, 2019 Laporan Laba Rugi / Credited (Charged) to Statements of Profit or Loss Aset (Liabilitas) Pajak Tangguhan Perusahaan Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities) The Company Penyusutan dan Amortisasi Imbalan Pascakerja (19,345,574,064) 116,532,610,318 Depreciation and Amortization Post-Employment Benefits (15,463,063,060) (3 882 511 004) 16,143,885,318 100,388,725,000 Pendapatan Ditangguhkan 5,418,374,325 24,713,919,325 Deferred Income 19,295,545,000 Sub Total 104.221.206.940 17.679.748.639 121.900.955.579 Sub Total **Entitas Anak** Subsidiary Imbalan Pascakerja 7,806,389,750 1,054,897,999 8,861,287,749 Post-Employment Benefits Pendapatan Ditangguhkan 1,260,868,000 (216.311.625) 1.044.556.375 Deferred Income Sub Total 838,586,374 9,905,844,124 Sub Total 9,067,257,750 Total 13.288.464.690 18.518.335.013 131.806.799.703 Total

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa aset pajak tangguhan dapat terpulihkan di masa yang akan datang.

Management believes that deferred tax assets will be recovered in the future

Surat Ketetanan Pajak

Pada tanggal 24 April 2019, TGI, entitas anak, menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar Pajak Penghasilan (SKPLB) No. 00015/406/17/086/19, dimana dalam surat tersebut, TGI memiliki kelebihan pembayaran Pajak Penghasilan Pasal 25/29 Badan Tahun Pajak 2017 sebesar Rp.5.470.561.167,- dan disetujui Rp.5.448.994.166,- Selisih Rp 21.567.001,- dicatat sebagai penyesuaian beban pajak penghasilan tahun 2019 di tahun berjalan. Pada tanggal 29 Mei 2019, telah menerima pembayaran sebesar Rp.5.275.596.629,- setelah reinigan 25 mil 2015, ican interemina peninsyanan secesari Np.3.210.300.25, secesari Np.3.210.25, secesari Np.3.

Pada tanggal 19 April 2018, TGI, entitas anak, menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar Pajak Penghasilan (SKPLB) No. 00020/406/16/086/18, dimana dalam surat tersebut, TGI memiliki kelebihan pembayaran Pajak Penghasilan Pasal 25/29 Badan Tahun Pajak 2016 sebesar Rp.3.837.687.648,- dan disetujui Rp.3.837.514.012,-. Selisih Rp 173.636 dicatat sebagai penyesuaian beban pajak pernghasilan tahun 2017 di tahun berjalan. Pada tanggal 30 Mei 2018, telah menerima pembayaran sebesar Rp.3.721.125.614,- setelah dikurangi dengan kompensasi utang pajak berupa Surat Tagihan Pajak sebesar Rp.116.388.398,-. TGI telah menerima seluruh pembayaran atas restitusi tersebut di tahun berjalan.

Tax Assessment Letter

On April 24, 2019, TGI, a subsidiary, received an Income Tax Assessment Letter (SKPLB) No.00015/406/17/086/19, which in the letter, TGI has an overpayment of Income Tax Article 25/29 in the fiscal year of 2017 amounting to Rp5,470,561,167 and approved amounting to Rp5,448,994,166. The difference of Rp 21,567,001 is recorded as an adjustment to the income tax expense for 2019 in the current year. On May 29, 2019, TGI has received a payment of Rp5,275,596,629 after deducting the tax debt compensation in the form of a Tax Collection Letter amounting to Rp 173,397,537, TGI has received all payments for the restitution in the current year.

On April 19, 2018, TGI, a subsidiary, received an Income Tax Assessment Letter (SKPLB) No.00020/406/16/086/18, which in the letter, TGI has an overpayment of Income Tax Article 25/29 in the fiscal year of 2016 amounting to Rp3,837,687,648 and approved amounting to Rp3,837,514,012. The difference of Rp173,636 is recorded as an adjustment to the income tax expense for 2017 in the current year. On May 30, 2018, TGI has received a payment of Rp3,721,125,614 after deducting the tax debt compensation in the form of a Tax Collection Letter amounting to Rp 116,388,398, TGI has received all payments for the restitution in the current year.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Pada tahun 2018 TGI, entitas anak, menerima STP PPh 21, 23, 4(2) sebesar Rp116.588.398 dan SKPKB atas pemeriksaan Pajak TGI 2016 sebesar Rp36.954.206,-.

Pada tahun 2018, Perusahaan menerima STP PPh 21, 23 dan 4 (2) sebesar Rp 118.715,-.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

In 2018 TGI, a subsidiary, received STP PPh 21, 23, 4(2) in the amount of Rp116,588,398 and SKPKB for TGI 2016 Tax revenues of Rp36,954,206.-.

In 2018, the Company received STP PPh 21, 23 and 4 (2) amounting to Rp 118,715.-.

f. Pengampunan Pajak

Sehubungan dengan diberlakukannya Peraturan Menteri Keuangan Nomor 118/PMK.03/2016 tentang Pelaksanaan Undang-Undang Nomor 11 Tahun 2016 tentang Pengampunan Pajak sebagaimana telah diubah dengan Peraturan Menteri Keuangan Nomor 141/PMK.03/2016 dan Peraturan Direktorat Jenderal Pajak Nomor PER-18/PJ/2016 tentang Pengembalian Kelebihan Pembayaran Uang Tebusan Dalam Rangka Pengampunan Pajak, Perusahaan melaksanakan pengampunan pajak ini.

Berdasarkan Surat Keterangan Pengampunan Pajak (SKPP) yang diterbitkan oleh Menteri Keuangan Republik Indonesia No. KET-455/PP/WPJ.07/2017 tanggal 15 Maret 2017, perincian aset Perusahaan sehubungan pengampunan pajak berupa uang tunai sebesar Rb.1.025.000.000.-

Perusahaan mengakui selisih antara aset pengampunan pajak dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sebagai bagian dari tambahan modal disetor (Catatan 22).

f. Tax Amnesty

In connection with the implementation of Regulation of the Minister of Finance No. 118/PMK.03/2016 on the Implementation of Law No. 11 of 2016 on Tax Amnesty, as amended by Regulation of the Minister of Finance No. 141/PMK.03/2016 and Directorate General of Tax Regulation No. PER-18/PJ/2016 on Redemption Payment of Excess Refund in the Framework of Tax Amnesty, the Company participated this tax amnesty.

Based on Tax Amnesty Approval by the Ministry of Finance of Republic of Indonesia No. KET-455/PP/WPJ.07/2017 dated March 15, 2017, details of the Company's assets in connection of tax amnesty are cash amounting to Rp 1,025,000,000.

The Company recognizes the difference between asset and liability of tax amnesty as part of additional paid-in capital (Note 22).

20. Liabilitas Imbalan Pascakerja Jangka Panjang

Grup menghitung dan membukukan imbalan pasca kerja berdasarkan Undang-Undang Ketenagakerjaan No. 13 Tahun 2003 tanggal 25 Maret 2003. Liabilitas Diestimasi atas Imbalan Pasca Kerja dihitung oleh PT Dayamandiri Dharmakonsilindo dengan laporan No.0788-01/ST-GG-PSAK24-ACE/III/2019 tanggal 8 Maret 2019.

Asumsi aktuaria yang digunakan dalam menentukan beban dan liabilitas imbalan pasca kerja pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 adalah sebagai berikut :

20. Long Term Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities

The Group computed and recorded the post employment benefits expenses based on Labor Law No.13 year 2003 dated March 25,2003. The estimated liabilities on post employment benefits are calculated by PT Dayamandiri Dharmakonsilindo, with its report No. 0788-01/ST-GG-PSAK24-ACE/III/2019 dated March 8, 2019, respectively.

The actuarial assumptions used in measuring expenses and employee benefits liabilities as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Usia Pensiun Normal Tingkat Diskonto Estimasi Kenaikan Gaji di masa Datang Tabel Mortalita Tingkat Cacat

konsolidasian adalah sebagai berikut :

Tingkat Pensiun

Singkat Pensiun

Singkat Pengunduran Diri

Singkat Pensiun normal

Sing

Tabel Mortalita Indonesia III (2011)

Mortalita 10% of Mortality Table
Issiun normal 100% at Normal Pension Age
Projected Unit Credit
25 tahun, 10% to participant reach age of 25
oporsional years old, proportionally decline to
lap tahun 0.5% for each year up to 0% for age
lia 45 tahun 45 years old and after.

31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Rp

432.780.459.000

55 Tahun/ Years

8.75%

10%

10% dari Tingkat Mortalita

Normal Pension Age
Discount Rate
Estimated Future Salary Increase
Mortality Table
Disability Rate
Pension Rate
Method
Resignation Rate

Present Value of Obligation

Jumlah yang diakui di laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian adalah sebagai berikut :

Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp
Nilai Kini Liabilitas Nilai Wajar Aset Program	501,575,592,270 -
Γotal	501.575.592.270

Nilai Wajar Aset Program
Total

Sol1.575.592.270

Mutasi liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang bersih di laporan posisi keuangan

Fair Value of Plan Assets

432.780.459.000

A movement of long term employee benefit net liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position are as follows:

 Saldo Awal Tahun
 30 September 2019 September 30, 2019

 Saldo Awal Tahun
 Rp

 Saldo Awal Tahun
 432,780,459,000

 Ditambah :
 70,607,180,250

 Pendapatan Komprehensif Lain

 Dikurangi :

 Pembayaran Manfaat Aktual Kelebihan Pembayaran
 (1,812,046,980)

 Saldo Akhir Tahun / Periode
 501,575,592,270

Komponen beban imbalan kerja jangka panjang yang diakui di laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lainnya adalah sebagai berikut :

 Beban Jasa Kini
 70,607,180,250

 Beban Bunga

 Kelebihan Pembayaran

 Beban Tahun Berialan Diakui di Laba Ruqi
 70.607,180.250

	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018
	Rp
Balance at The Beginning of The Year Add:	419,581,898,000
Current Year Employee Benefit	104,806,088,000
Other Comprehensive Income	(90,949,172,000)
Less:	
Actual Benefit Payment	(362,814,000)
Excess Payment	(295,541,000)
Balance at The End of The Year / Period	432.780.459.000

Component of long term employee benefit liabilities expense recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018			
Rp			
73,924,920,000			
30,585,627,000			
295,541,000			
104.806.088.000			

Current Service Cost Interest Cost Excess Payment Expense for the Year Recognized in Profit Loss

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Program imbalan pasti memberikan eksposur Grup terhadap risiko tingkat bunga.

Risiko Tingkat Bunga Nilai kini kewajiban pensiun imbalan pasti dihitung menggunakan tingkat diskonto yang ditetapkan dengan mengacu pada imbalan hasil obligasi korporasi berkualitas tinggi. Penurunan suku bunga obligasi akan meningkatkan liabilitas program.

Nilai kini kewajihan imbalan pasti dihitung dengan mengacu pada gaji masa denan peserta program. Dengan demikian, kenaikan gaji peserta program akan meningkatkan liabilitas program itu.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

A defined benefit plan provides the Group's exposure to interest rate risk.

Interest Rate Risk
The present value of the defined benefit pension obligation is calculated using a discount rate determined by referring to yields on high quality corporate bonds. Lower interest rates would increase the liability bond program.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by referring to the salary of the future program participants. Thus, the salary increase program participants will increase the program's liabilities.

Modal Saham 21. Capital Stocks

	30 Septembe	r 2019 / September 3	30. 2019	
	Total Saham	Persentase	Total Modal Saham/	
	Ditempatkan dan	Kepemilikan/	Paid-in Capital	
	Disetor Penuh/	Percentage		
	Issued and Fully	of Ownership		
	Paid Capital	or o miloromp		
Pemegang Saham	r ara dapitar	%	Rp	Stockholders
Non-Manaiemen		70	110	Non-Management
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	10,284,900,000	59.97%	102,849,000,000	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera
Kuncoro Wibowo (Presiden Komisaris)	100.000	0.00%	1.000.000	Kuncoro Wibowo (President Commisioner)
Masyarakat	6.832.248.100	39.84%	49.183.657.600	Public
Masyarakat	17.117.248.100	99.81%	152.033.657.600	1 ubito
Saham Treasuri	32.751.900	0.19%	19.466.342.400	Treasury Stock
Total	17.150.000.000	100.00%	171.500.000.000	Total
10141	17.100.000.000	100:00 /0	17 1.000.000.000	Total
	31 Desembe	r 2018 / December 3	31, 2018	
	31 Desembe Total Saham	r 2018 / December 3 Persentase	31. 2018 Total Modal Saham/	
	Total Saham	Persentase	Total Modal Saham/	
	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan	Persentase Kepemilikan/	Total Modal Saham/	
	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage	Total Modal Saham/	
Pemeαanα Saham	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage	Total Modal Saham/	Stockholders
Pemegang Saham Non-Manajemen	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital	Stockholders Non-Management
Non-Manajemen	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital	
Non-Manaiemen PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Capital	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership %	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital Rp	Non-Management PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera
Non-Manajemen PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (Presiden Komisaris)	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Capital	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership % 59.97%	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital Rp 102,849,000,000	Non-Management
Non-Manaiemen PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Capital 10,284,900,000 100,000 6.832,248,100	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership % 59.97% 0.00% 39.84%	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital	Non-Management PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (President Commisioner)
Non-Manajemen PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (Presiden Komisaris)	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Capital 10,284,900,000 100,000	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership % 59.97% 0.00%	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital Rp 102,849,000,000 1,000,000 49,183,657,600	Non-Management PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (President Commisioner) Public
Non-Manaiemen PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (Presiden Komisaris) Masyarakat	Total Saham Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh/ Issued and Fully Paid Capital 10,284,900,000 100,000 6.832,248,100 17,117,248,100	Persentase Kepemilikan/ Percentage of Ownership % 59.97% 0.00% 39.84% 99.81%	Total Modal Saham/ Paid-in Capital Rp 102,849,000,000 1,000,000 49,183,657,600 152,033,657,600	Non-Management PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Kuncoro Wibowo (President Commisioner)

2013. Pada tahun 2013, Perusahaan melakukan permohonan dengan surat No.169/FINC/ACE/08/13 tanggal 29 Agustus 2013 kepada OJK terkait keterbukaan informasi pembelian saham Perusahaan sesuai dengan ketentuan dalam pasal 37 Undang-Undang Perseroan Terbatas dan peraturan dan perundang-undangan yang berlaku di pasar modal, sesuai dengan Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan No.2/POJK.04/2013 tentang Pembelian Kembali Saham yang dikeluarkan oleh Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik dalam Kondisi Pasar yang berfluktuasi secara signifikan, Perusahaan dapat membeli kembali sahamnya sampai batas maksimal 20% dari modal disetor tanpa persetujuan RUPS. Pembelian kembali saham dilakukan secara bertahap dalam waktu 3 (tiga) bulan sejak 29 Agustus 2013, Perseroan telah berpartisipasi melakukan pembelian kembali saham di tahun 2013 sejumlah 48.257.000 lembar atau senilai Rp34.619.340.000,-

In 2013, the Company made application letters No. 169/FINC/ACE/08/13 dated August 29, 2013, for repurchase of the Company's shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 37 of the Limited Liability Company Act and the regulations and legislation in force in capital market, according to Financial Services Authority (OJK) Regulation No. 2/POJK.04/2013 concerning Share Buyback issued by Issuers or Public Companies in Significant Fluctuating Market Conditions, The Company can buyback its shares at 20% maximum of paid in capital without approval of General meeting of Sharehoders, The share buy back of shares is done step by step in 3 (three) months from August 29, 2013. The Company has participated in the repurchase of shares in 2013 totaling 48,257,000 shares or worth Rp34.619.340.000.-

Pada tahun 2015, berdasarkan surat Perusahaan No. 105/FINC/ACE/08/15 tanggal 27 Agustus 2015 kepada OJK terkait keterbukaan informasi, Perusahaan melakukan permohonan pembelian kembali saham Perusahaan sesuai dengan ketentuan dalam pasal 37 Undang-Undang Perseroan Terbatas dan peraturan dan perundang-undangan yang berlaku di bidang pasar modal. Pembelian kembali saham dilakukan secara bertahap dalam waktu 4 (empat) bulan sejak 28 Agustus 2015.

Realisasi pembelian kembali saham telah mencapai 32.751.900 saham atau 57.25% dari vang direncanakan (rencana pembelian kembali adalah 20% dari jumlah nilai nominal saham beredar atau senilai Rp 34.300.000.000,-).

Pada tahun 2017, berdasarkan surat Perusahaan No.130/FINC/ACE/10/17 tanggal 30 Oktober 2017 kepada O.IK terkait keterbukaan informasi Perusahaan berencana melakukan penjualan kembali saham treasuri sebanyak 48.257.000 lembar saham

Pada tahun 2018, penjualan kembali saham treasuri dilakukan secara bertahap dalam waktu 3 (tiga) bulan sejak 1 Oktober 2018 sejumlah 48.257.000 lembar saham.

In 2015, according to the Company's letters, No. 105/FINC/ACE/08/15 dated August 27, 2015 to OJK related information disclosure, the Company made application for repurchase of the Company's shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 37 of the Limited Liability Company Act and the regulations and legislation in force in capital market. The share buy back of shares is done step by step in 4 (four) months from August 28, 2015.

The actual repurchase of shares each reached 32,751,900 shares or 57,25% of the planned (the plan of redemption is 20% of the total amount outstanding shares or Rp34.300.000.000)

In 2017, based on the Company's letter No.130/FINC/ACE/10/17 dated October 30, 2017 to OJK regarding information disclosure, the Company plans to re-sale 48,257,000 shares of treasury

In 2018, the re-sale of treasury shares is done step by step in 3 (three) months from October 1, 2018, totalling 48,257,000 shares

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. Additional Paid in Capital - Net

23. Appropriated Retained Earnings

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Tanggal/ Date	Lot/ Lot	Lembar/ Share	Harga/Lembar/ Cost/Share Rp	Nilai/ Value Rp
Pembelian Kembali Saham/Re-Purchases of Shares : September 2013/September 2013 Oktober 2013/October 2013 Saldo per 31 Desember 2013/Balances per December 31, 2013	357,570 125,000 482,570	35,757,000 12,500,000 48.257.000	730 680	26,120,260,000 8,499,080,000 34,619,340,000
Agustus 2015/August 2015 September 2015/September 2015 Oktober 2015/October 2015 November 2015/November 2015	24,000 188,158 91,885 23,476 327,519	2,400,000 18,815,800 9,188,500 2,347,600 32,751,900	597 555 651 682	1,432,000,000 10,450,604,400 5,982,716,000 1,601,022,000 19,466,342,400
Saldo per 31 Desember 2015/Balances per December 31, 2015	810.089	81.008.900		54.085.682.400
Saldo per 31 Desember 2017/Balances per December 31, 2017 Penjualan Kembali Saham Treasuri/Re-Sale of Treasury Stocks:	<u>810,089</u>	81.008.900		54,085,682,400
Oktober 2018/October 2018	(44,274)	(4,427,400)	708	(3,135,550,000)
November 2018/November 2018	(368,296)	(36,829,600)	728	(26,803,790,000)
Desember 2018/December 2018	(70,000)	(7,000,000)	669	(4,680,000,000)
	(482,570)	(48,257,000)		(34,619,340,000)
Saldo per 31 Desember 2018/Balances per December 31, 2018	327,519	32.751.900		19,466,342,400
Saldo per 30 September 2019/Balances per September 30, 2019	327,519	32.751.900		19,466,342,400

22. Tambahan Modal Disetor - Bersih

Akun ini merupakan selisih antara aset pengampunan pajak dan liabilitas pengampunan pajak sebesar Rp 1.025.000.000 dan kelebihan harga jual saham atas nilai nominal saham dari penawaran perdana Perusahaan dan selisih lebih penerimaan dari penjualan modal saham diperoleh kembali atas biaya perolehan.

This account represents the difference between asset and liability of tax amnesty amounting to Rp.1,025,000,000 and excess of par value shares at the time of initial public hearing and the excess of proceed from re-sale of treasury stock over the related acquisition cost.

	30 September 2019 September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018 Ro	
Agio Sebagai Hasil Penawaran Umum Perdana Saham tahun 2007 Beban Emisi Saham Bersih	370,800,000,000 (16,895,778,052) 353,904,221,948	370,800,000,000 (16,895,778,052) 353,904,221,948	Premiun on Stock from Initial Public Offering in 2007 Stock Issuance Cost Net
Selisih Modal dari Transaksi Saham Treasuri tahun 2009 Aset Pengampunan Pajak (Catatan 19.f) Selisih Modal dari Transaksi Saham Treasuri tahun 2018	14,218,275,000 1,025,000,000 35,288,309,533 50,531,584,533	14,218,275,000 1,025,000,000 35,288,309,533 50,531,584,533	The Excess of Proceed from Re-Sale of Treasury Stock in 2009 Tax Amnesty Assets (Note 19.f) The Excess of Proceed from Re-Sale of Treasury Stock in 2018
Total - Bersih	404.435.806.481	404.435.806.481	Total - Net

23. Saldo Laba Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya

- a. Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tanggal 15 Mei 2019 dituangkan dalam akta No. 45 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notaris di Jakarta, para pemegang saham memutuskan untuk membentuk cadangan umum dari saldo laba sebesar Rp.48.000.000.000, dan membagikan dividen kas sebesar Rp. 28,25 per saham. Pada tanggal 17 Juni 2019, Perusahaan telah membagikan dividen dengan nilai seluruhnya sebesar Rp.483.562.258.825,-.
- b. Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan tanggal 18 Mei 2018 dituangkan dalam akta No. 94 dari Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, notaris di Jakarta, para pemegang saham memutuskan untuk membentuk cadangan umum dari saldo laba sebesar Rp.78.000.000.000, dan membagikan dividen kas sebesar Rp. 22,81 per saham. Pada tanggal 28 Juni 2018, Perusahaan telah membagikan dividen dengan nilai seluruhnya sebesar Rp.389.343.686.991,-.
- a. According to Annual Stockholder's General Meeting dated May 15, 2019 which was covered by deed No. 45 of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, a notary in Jakarta, the stockholders have approved the appropriation of retained earnings for general reserves amounting to Rp.48,000,000,000.- and the distribution of cash dividend amounting to Rp. 28.25 per share. On June 17, 2019, the Company has distributed dividend with total amount Rp.483,562,258,825.-
- b. According to Annual Stockholder's General Meeting dated May 18, 2018 which was covered by deed No. 94 of Eliwaty Tjitra, SH, a notary in Jakarta, the stockholders have approved the appropriation of retained earnings for general reserves amounting to Rp.78,000,000,000.- and the distribution of cash dividend amounting to Rp. 22.81 per share. On June 28, 2018, the Company has distributed dividend with total amount Rp.389,343,686,991.-.

Penjualan 24. Sales 2018 2019 (9 bulan/month) (9 bulan/month) Rρ Rρ Produk Perhaikan Rumah 3.166.241.446.085 2 798 073 068 016 Home Improvement Products Produk Gaya Hidup 2,479,058,433,099 Lifestyle Products 162,287,799,857 **5.084.980.373.025** Produk Permainan 215,954,964,085 Toys Products Total Total 5.861.254.843.269

Sub Total

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Penjualan kepada pihak berelasi untuk periode yang berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 30 September 2018 masing-masing sebesar Rp 91,864,432,764,- dan Rp 65,761,790,620,- atau setara dengan 1.47% dan 1.23 % dari jumlah penjualan termasuk penjualan barang konsinyasi. (Catatan 31.)

Pada tahun 2019 dan 2018, tidak terdapat penjualan yang melebihi 10% dari total penjualan.

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

> Sub Total Total

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Sales to the related parties for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 are amounting to Rp 91,864,432,764,- and Rp 65,761,790,620,- or equivalent to 1.47% and 1.23% from total sales include consignment sales, respectively (Note 31.).

In 2019 and 2018, there were no sales that excedee 10% of the total sales.

25. Penjualan Konsinyasi - Bersih			25. Consignment Sales - Net
-	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
Penjualan Konsinyasi	389,221,519,131	267,074,134,929	Consignment Sales
Biaya Konsinyasi	276,262,675,462	188,724,149,033	Cost of Consignment
Penjualan Konsinyasi - Bersih	112.958.843.669	78.349.985.896	Consignment Sales - Net
26. Beban Pokok Penjualan			26. Cost of Goods Sold
	2019 (9 bulan/month) 	2018 (9 bulan/month) Rp	
Persediaan Awal Barang Dagangan	2,519,908,461,853	1,849,188,643,329	Merchandise Inventories, Beginning Balance
Pembelian - Bersih	3,386,325,190,831	3,175,359,305,932	Purchases - net
Barang Dagang Tersedia untuk Dijual	5,906,233,652,684	5,024,547,949,261	Merchandise Inventories Available for Sale
Persediaan Akhir Barang Dagangan	(2,766,889,004,140)	(2,339,089,881,845)	Merchandise Inventories, Ending Balance
Beban Pokok Penjualan	3,139,344,648,544	2,685,458,067,416	Cost of Goods Sold

Pembelian kepada pihak berelasi untuk periode yang berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 30 September 2018 masing-masing sebesar Rp 299,536,331,836,- dan Rp306,712,586,393,- atau setara dengan 8.18% dan 9.12 % dari jumlah pembelian termasuk pembelian barang konsinyasi (Catatan 31.).

Persentase pembelian import untuk periode yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 September 2019 dan 30 September 2018 masing-masing sebesar 79.22% dan 84.33 % dari jumlah pembelian

The purchases from related parties for nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 are amounted to Rp 299,536,331,836,- and Rp 306,712,586,393,- or equivalent to 8.18% and 9.12% of the total purchases include consignment purchases respectively (Note 31.).

The percentage of imported purchases for periods September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 are 79.22% and 84.33 % from total purchases, respectively.

Beban Usaha 27. Operating Expenses 2019 2018 (9 bulan/month) (9 bulan/month) Rp Rp Beban Penjualan a. Selling Expenses Gaji, Bonus, Tunjangan dan Kesejahteraan 754,989,677,733 633,679,348,320 Salary, Bonus and Employee's Allowances Karvawan 251,982,180,040 146,943,594,010 216,843,347,013 126,975,000,238 Rental (Note 31) Maintenance Sewa (Catatan 31) Pemeliharaan Ongkos Kirim dan Bongkar Muat Penyusutan dan Amortisasi (Catatan 10 dan 12) 80,194,242,881 64,739,273,224 56,238,873,401 48,907,378,682 Freight Out Depreciation and Amortization (Note 10 and 12) 43,605,319,240 36,106,569,391 43,675,461,734 30,408,787,199 Iklan dan Promosi Advertising and Promotion Konsumsi Consumption Royalti 34,814,482,878 30,917,854,566 17,463,545,458 Royalty Peralatan Toko Store Supplies 15.651.286.253 Renovasi 4,276,274,496 8,773,720,595 Renovation Asuransi 4,017,247,213 3.302.001.185 Insurance 3,622,785,135 2,114,409,052 Seragam Delivery Pengiriman 2.428.017.918 1.945.117.456 Transportasi 2,226,054,196 1,926,564,221 Transportation Others (each below Rp. 500 million) Lainnya (masing-masing dibawah Rp. 500 juta) 506.568.298 915,196,776 1,224,086,605,896 Sub Total 1,446,103,572,906 b. General and Administrative Expenses Beban Umum dan Administrasi Gaji, Bonus, Tunjangan dan Kesejahteraan 256,899,140,602 80,154,313,353 226,176,527,359 71,184,906,095 Karyawan Salary, Bonus and Employee's Allowances Utilitas Imbalan Pascakerja (Catatan 20) 70,607,180,250 41,091,387,142 61.146.943.506 Post-Employment Benefits Expense (Note 20) 36,769,134,886 Sewa Office Rent Jasa Professional Penyusutan dan Amortisasi (Catatan 9, 10 dan 12) 33,649,728,646 21,130,135,561 17,168,951,829 19,633,516,680 Professional Fee Depreciation and Amortization (Note 9, 10 and 12) 17,253,896,229 14,378,800,485 12,906,281,062 13,983,742,503 Perjalanan Dinas Travelling Maintenance Pemeliharaan Internet dan Komunikasi Data 6,822,327,952 5,955,009,348 Internet and Data Communication 6.134.677.547 8.215.649.867 Peralatan Kantor Office Supplies Ongkos Kirim dan Bongkar Muat 4,702,610,464 4,352,506,432 3,151,739,989 3,755,320,732 Freight Out Consumption Konsumsi 2,395,613,544 2,519,160,346 Legal Permit Pajak Bumi dan Bangunan Tax Land and Building 1.635.091.866 1.126.172.293 Training and Seminar Pelatihan dan Seminar 1,236,213,367 849,579,963 Transportasi 819.781.669 826.691.309 Tranportation 743,269,800 930,750,277 . Jamuan Entertainment Renovasi 424.010.816 1 091 593 953 Renovation Lainnya (masing-masing dibawah Rp. 500 juta) Others (each below Rp. 500 million) 1,686,249,472 1,670,173,942

489,061,845,939 **1.713.148.451.835**

566,116,935,197 .012.220.508.103

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN
KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Laniutan)
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)
Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

(Balam Rapian Folian)			(III all Rapiali
28. Pendapatan (Beban) Lain-lain			28. Others Income (Expenses)
	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
a. Pendapatan Lain-lain			a. Other Income
Pendapatan Kartu Member	47,063,159,701	37,482,150,683	Membership Registration Fee
Pendapatan Servis	7,125,934,442	5,690,035,096	Service Income
Pendapatan Sewa dan Pemeliharaan	19,413,165,951	17,382,722,836	Rent Income and Maintenance
Pendapatan Komisi Pembelian Laba (Rugi) Selisih Kurs - Bersih	19,733,982,566 (14,816,200,988)	13,068,050,831 19,503,781,666	Commission Fee Gain on Foreign Exchange - Net
Laba (Rugi) Penjualan dan Penghapusan	(14,610,200,966)	19,503,761,000	Gain (Loss) on Disposal - Written off of
Aset Tetap-Bersih (Catatan 10)	(981,580,198)	2,502,242,081	Fixed Assets - Net (Note 10)
Pendapatan Klaim Asuransi	4,246,503,544	3,780,814,512	Insurance Claim Income
Pendapatan Sponsor	14,385,411,338	17,063,202,914	Bounty Income
Pendapatan Lain-Lain	10,213,340,669	5,149,214,124	Other Income
Total	106.383.717.025	121.622.214.743	Tota
b. Beban Lain-lain			b. Other Expenses
Perbaikan Barang Dagangan	(89,444,989)	(64,959,543)	Repair Expense
Denda Pajak	(905,616,756)	(892,576,371)	Tax Penalty
Beban Lain-Lain	(55,319,578)	(48,274,122)	Other Expenses
Total	(1,050,381,323)	(1,005,810,036)	Tota
29. Beban Keuangan - Bersih			29. Financial Charges - Ne
	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
Penghasilan Bunga	44 404 004 054	0.744.057.044	Other Income
Jasa Giro	11,101,391,951	9,711,957,611	Current Account Time Deposit
Deposito Berjangka	11,505,333,788	14,120,542,402	Time Deposit
Beban Keuangan			Financial Charge
Bunga Pinjaman	(1,295,880,689)	(163,398,693)	Loan Expenses
Administrasi Bank	(38,253,618,908)	(32,865,084,234)	Bank Charges
Total	(16,942,773,858)	(9,195,982,914)	Tota
30. Laba per Saham Dasar			30. Basic Earning per Share
Perhitungan laba per saham dalam Rupiah penuh adala	ah sebagai berikut :	Earnings per share is calculated in full Rup	iah amount are as follows :
	30 September 2019	30 September 2018	
	(9 bulan/month) Rp	(9 bulan/month)	
_aba Bersih yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada			Net Income Attribute to the
Pemilik Entitas Induk (Rupiah Penuh)	727,164,030,984	697,372,025,957	Owner of Parent Entity (Full Rupiah)
Total Saham Biasa Beredar (Lembar)	17,150,000,000	17,150,000,000	Number of Ordinary Shares Outstanding (Share
Total	17,150,000,000	17,150,000,000	Tot
Pembelian Kembeli Medal Seham			Treasury Stoc
Pembelian Kembali Modal Saham September 2013	(35,757,000)	(35,757,000)	September 2013
Oktober 2013	(12,500,000)	(12,500,000)	October 2013
Agustus 2015	(2,400,000)	(2,400,000)	August 2015
September 2015	(18,815,800)	(18,815,800)	September 2015
Oktober 2015	(9,188,500)	(9,188,500)	October 2015
November 2015	(2,347,600) (81,008,900)	(2,347,600) (81,008,900)	November 2015
Penjualan Kembali Modal Saham Oktober 2018	4,427,400	_	October 2018
November 2018	36,829,600	-	November 2018
Desember 2018	7,000,000		December 2018
	48,257,000		
Total	17,117,248,100	17,068,991,100	Tota
Rata-rata Tertimbang	17,074,836,037	17,046,278,164	Weighted Averag

Pada setiap tanggal pelaporan, tidak ada efek berpotensi saham yang dapat menimbulkan pengaruh dilusi pada laba bersih per saham Perusahaan.

Laba Per Saham Dasar (Rp)

As of each reporting date, there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares that would give rise to a dilution of net income per share of the Company

Basic Earnings per Share (Rp)

40.91

42.59

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN
KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Lanjutan)
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)
Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Rincian akun-akun dan transaksi dengan pihak be	reiasi adalah sebagai berikut:	The details accounts and transactions with the related parties are a Persentase Terhadap Total Aset/		as tollows :	
	30 September 2019/	31 Desember 2018/	Percentage to T 2019		
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	%	%	
Piutang Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia	29,463,208,306	8,193,869,084	0.54	0.15	Trade Receivable PT Krisbow Indonesia
PT Omni Digitama Internusa	17,736,619,258	37,475,567	0.32	-	PT Omni Digitama Internus
PT Home Center Indonesia	1,756,775,566	576,295,959	0.03	0.01	PT Home Center Indonesi
PT Tiga Dua Delapan	1,284,843,149	-	0.02	-	PT Tiga Dua Delapa
PT Foods Beverages Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	970,734,676 152,625,000	867,855,665 27,044,069	0.02	0.02	PT Foods Beverages Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Sejahter
PT Dana Kini Indonesia	88,861,067	403,762,111	-	0.01	PT Dana Kini Indonesi
PT Graha Satwa Paramita	5,332,492 51,458,999,514	10,106,302,455	0.94	0.19	PT Graha Satwa Paramit
iutang Pihak Berelasi					Due from Related Partie
Karyawan	323,103,151	607,951,404	0.01	0.01	Employe
PT Kawan Lama Internusa	206,519,200	128,349,690	-	-	PT Kawan Lama Internus
PT Home Center Indonesia PT Foods Beverages Indonesia	194,923,674 151,270,004	2,567,973,719 484,976,131	-	0.05 0.01	PT Home Center Indones PT Foods Beverages Indones
PT Kawan Lama Inovasi	43,193,000	72,745,509	-	-	PT Kawan Lama Inova
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	15,325,911	120,246,187	-	-	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei
PT Krisbow Indonesia	6,245,373	649,748	-	-	PT Krisbow Indones
PT Emaro Online Indonesia	1,350,000	-	-	-	PT Emaro Online Indones
PT Dana Kini Indonesia PT Golden Dacron	71,500	1 356 013	-	-	PT Dana Kini Indones
PT Golden Dacton PT Omni Digitama Internusa	-	1,256,013 9,933,848,811		0.19	PT Golden Dacro PT Omni Digitama Internus
1 1 Ohiii Digitama internusa	942.001.813	13.917.997.212	0.01	0.13	1 1 Onini Digitama internas
Biaya Dibayar Di Muka - Lancar					Prepaid Expenses - Currer
PT Tiga Dua Delapan	23,715,902,489	25,344,024,570	0.43	0.48	PT Tiga Dua Delapa
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Retail Estate Solution	15,184,252,947 2,062,576,865	19,015,775,842 1,945,595,653	0.28 0.04	0.36 0.04	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Retail Estate Solution
PT Home Center Indonesia	139,983,520	30,421,755	-	-	PT Home Center Indones
PT Anumana Graha Cantika	4,415,200	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	PT Anumana Graha Cantik
	41,107,131,021	46,335,817,820	0.75	0.87	
iaya Dibayar Di Muka - Tidak Lancar	4 400 007 4 40	0.000.000.070	0.00		Prepaid Expenses - Non-Currer
PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	1,490,097,143 <u>844,202,077</u>	3,890,382,079 3,653,276,487	0.03 0.02	0.07 0.07	PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Kawan Lama Sejahter
FT Nawan Lama Sejamera	2,334,299,220	7,543,658,566	0.02	0.07	FT Nawali Lailla Sejaillei
	43.441.430.241		0.79	1.01	
	10.111100.211	53.879.476.386	0.79	1.01	
		53.879.476.386	Persentase Terhad	ap Total Aset/	
			Persentase Terhad Percentage to T	ap Total Aset/ otal Assets	
Jang Muka	30 September 2019/	31 Desember 2018/	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018	Advance Payment
l ang Muka PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera			Persentase Terhad Percentage to T	ap Total Aset/ otal Assets	
	30 September 2019/	31 Desember 2018/	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 %	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	Advance Payment PT Kawan Lama Sejahter
Jang Muka PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 -	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 %	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 % - D Total Kewajiban/ tal Liabiliities	
	30 September 2019/	31 Desember 2018/	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % Persentase Terhada	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 % D Total Kewajiban/	
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Jang Usaha	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 - - - 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tot 2019 %	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 % D Total Kewajiban/ tal Liabiliities 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % Persentase Terhadag Percentage to Tot 2019	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl PT Krisbow Indonesi
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Jitang Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tol 2019 % 2.62 0.36	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 % D Total Kewajiban/ tal Liabilliities 2018 % 5.98 0.63 0.18	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl PT Krisbow Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Inova: PT Golden Dacro
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Jtano Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl PT Krisbow Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Inova: PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indonesi
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Jitang Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tol 2019 % 2.62 0.36	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl PT Krisbow Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Inova: PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Sejahter
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Jitang Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabi PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indones
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Itanu Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacrc PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 % - Persentase Terhadar Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabl PT Krisbow Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Inova- PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indonesi PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indonesi PT Kawan lama Internus
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera tand Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia tang Pihak Berelasi	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 %	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacrc PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Ptano Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 %	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indoness PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 % Persentase Terhadag Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30 0.13 4.36 2.00 0.38	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahter Trade Payabi PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Multi Rentalino
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera tand Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia tand Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512	Persentase Terhad Percentage to T 2019 %	tap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacre PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Multi Rentaling PT Tiga Dua Delapa
tana Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan Iama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia tana Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 % Persentase Terhada Percentage to Tot 2019 % 2.62 - 0.36 0.30 0.13 4.36 2.00 0.38 0.09	lap Total Aset/ otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Multi Rentalino PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones
tana Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia tana Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1	Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacre PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Multi Rentalind PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus
tana Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan Iama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia tana Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1	PT Kawan Lama Sejahte Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inove PT Golden Dacre PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Multi Rentaline PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutic
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176 364,259,890	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1ap Total Aset/ 1otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahte Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Multi Rentalino PT Iga Dua Delapz PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutio PT Anumana Graha Cantil
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Itano Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Global Tools Indonesia Itano Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Sensor Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176 364,259,890 265,506,985	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449 1,611,457,703	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1	Trade Payabi PT Krisbow Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan Iama Internus PT Global Tools Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Multi Rentalino PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Morisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutic PT Anumana Graha Cantik PT Sensor Indonesia
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Hawan Lama Sejahtera PT Hawan Lama Sejahtera PT Mutir Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Sensor Indonesia PT Emaro Online Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176 364,259,890 265,506,985 161,312,666	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,1444,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449 1,611,457,703 26,725,995	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	Sap Total Aset/ Sotal Assets	Trade Payabi PT Krisbow Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacrc PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahter PT Multi Rentalinc PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutic PT Anumana Graha Cantik PT Sensor Indonesi PT Emaro Online Indonesi
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera Itano Usaha PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Global Tools Indonesia Itano Pihak Berelasi PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Multi Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Sensor Indonesia	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176 364,259,890 265,506,985	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449 1,611,457,703	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1ap Total Aset/ 1otal Assets 2018 %	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indoness PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacro PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahte PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Multi Rentalino PT Multi Rentalino PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omni Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutic PT Anumana Graha Cantil PT Sensor Indonesi PT Emaro Online Indones PT Emaro Online Indones PT Foods Beverages Indones
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan lama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Mutir Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Momin Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Sensor Indonesia PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Foods Beverages Indonesia PT Golden Dacron PT Kawan lama Internusa	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 26,261,607,803 9,505,688,146 3,640,522,050 2,960,075,000 1,342,184,428 10,012,300 3,626,000 43,723,715,727 20,035,801,708 3,767,060,194 943,266,114 831,936,709 802,755,190 664,167,980 502,713,176 364,259,890 265,506,985 161,312,666 37,270,038 15,600,004 1,134,942	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449 1,611,457,703 26,725,995 80,842,150 6,369,840	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei Trade Payab PT Krisbow Indones PT Kawan Lama Inova PT Golden Dacrc PT Everlight Indones PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei PT Emaro Online Indones PT Kawan lama Internus PT Global Tools Indones Due to Related Partie PT Kawan Lama Sejahtei PT Multi Rentalinc PT Tiga Dua Delapa PT Home Center Indones PT Krisbow Indones PT Omi Digitama Internus PT Retail Estate Solutic PT Anumana Graha Cantil PT Sensor Indonesi PT Emaro Online Indones PT Foods Beverages Indones PT Foods Beverages Indones PT Golden Dacrc PT Kawan lama Internus
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Inovasi PT Golden Dacron PT Everlight Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Kawan Iama Internusa PT Global Tools Indonesia PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera PT Hulti Rentalindo PT Tiga Dua Delapan PT Home Center Indonesia PT Krisbow Indonesia PT Omni Digitama Internusa PT Retail Estate Solution PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Sensor Indonesia PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Emaro Online Indonesia PT Foods Beverages Indonesia PT Golden Dacron	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 64,944,626,844 6,789,329,591 1,913,561,650 2,461,882,500 8,135,047,586 5,339,432 3,626,000 1,048,070,650 85,301,484,253 499,207,333 3,406,144,373 3,849,538,512 1,375,188,127 58,172,585 1,035,992,784 113,681,449 1,611,457,703 26,725,995 80,842,150	Persentase Terhada Percentage to T 2019 %	1ap Total Aset/ 1otal Assets 2018 %	

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
DAN ENTITAS ANAK
CATATAN ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN
KONSOLIDASIAN INTERIM (Lanjutan)
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)
Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

			Persentase Terhadap 1 Percentage to To		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Dentestan	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	%	%	0-1
Penjualan PT Krisbow Indonesia	49.110.403.272	21.561.552.639	0.79	0.40	Sales PT Krisbow Indonesia
PT Home Center Indonesia	21,844,018,572	15,463,736,429	0.75	0.40	PT Home Center Indonesia
PT Tiga Dua Delapan	10,257,527,228	7,918,692,132	0.16	0.15	PT Tiga Dua Delapan
PT Foods Beverages Indonesia	4,966,475,556	3,535,324,093	0.08	0.07	PT Foods Beverages Indonesia
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	4,305,687,676	2,946,713,430	0.07	0.06	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera
PT Graha Satwa Paramita	471,598,452	552,770,213	0.01	0.01	PT Graha Satwa Paramita
PT Retail Estate Solution	408,308,584	646,510,690	0.01	0.01	PT Retail Estate Solution
PT Kawan Lama Inovasi	124,522,038	12,158,739,561	0.00	0.23	PT Kawan Lama Inovasi
PT Depoteknik Duta Perkakas	115,072,474	278,519,736	0.00	0.01	PT Depoteknik Duta Perkakas
PT Omni Digitama Internusa	100,302,954	529,977,977	0.00	0.01	PT Omni Digitama Internusa
PT Multi Rentalindo	59,869,559	25,611,927	0.00	0.00	PT Multi Rentalindo
PT Golden Dacron	32,610,729	17,964,182	0.00	0.00	PT Golden Dacron
PT Cupbop Indonesia Abadi	31,503,777	8,247,583	0.00	0.00	PT Cupbop Indonesia Abadi
PT Inti Graha Makmur	21,328,455	12,456,457	0.00	0.00	PT Inti Graha Makmur
PT Indo Kompresigma	9,607,182	71,259,971	0.00	0.00	PT Indo Kompresigma
PT Sensor Indonesia	3,441,893	-	0.00	-	PT Sensor Indonesia
PT Permata Griya Bumi	1,851,818	14,099,564	0.00	0.00	PT Permata Griya Bumi
PT Anumana Graha Cantika PT Kawan Lama Internusa	302,545	46 477 679	0.00	0.00	PT Anumana Graha Cantika
PT Kawan Lama Internusa PT Everlight Indonesia	-	16,477,672 1,889,455	-	0.00	PT Kawan Lama Internusa PT Everlight Indonesia
PT Everlight Indonesia PT Solusi Layanan Terpadu	-	768,364	-	0.00	PT Solusi Layanan Terpadu
PT Kawan Lama Multiweldindo	-	478.545	-	0.00	PT Kawan Lama Multiweldindo
F I Nawan Lama Mulliwelullido	91.864.432.764	65.761.790.620	1.47	1.23	F I Nawaii Lama Mulliwelumuo
			Persentase Terhadap To Percentage to Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	%	%	
Pembelian					Purchase
PT Krisbow Indonesia	183,037,761,238	166,621,974,295	5.00	4.95	PT Krisbow Indonesia
PT Kawan Lama Inovasi	48,986,923,614	43,181,181,097	1.34	1.28	PT Kawan Lama Inovasi
PT Golden Dacron	29,448,474,600	31,232,015,500	0.80	0.93	PT Golden Dacron
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	21,970,213,166	47,369,606,831	0.60	1.41	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera
PT Everlight Indonesia	15,651,968,000	12,854,118,200	0.43	0.38	PT Everlight Indonesia
PT Emaro Online Indonesia	345,361,010	-	0.01	-	PT Emaro Online Indonesia
PT Sensor Indonesia	72,202,080		-	-	PT Sensor Indonesia
PT Home Center Indonesia	23,428,128	1,363,777,170	-	0.04	PT Home Center Indonesia
PT Global Tools Indonesia	-	3,808,004,500	-	0.11	PT Global Tools Indonesia
PT Kawan Lama Internusa	299.536.331.836	281,908,800 306,712,586,393	8.18	0.01 9.12	PT Kawan Lama Internusa
	200,000,00	000111210001000	Persentase Terhadap Tot		
			Percentage to Total Oper		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	(9 bulan/month)	(9 bulan/month)	%	%	
Beban Sewa					Rental Expenses
PT Tiga Dua Delapan	69,228,160,126	55,748,938,132	3.44	3.25	PT Tiga Dua Delapan
PT Multi Rentalindo	28,573,162,500	24,033,372,955	1.42	1.40	PT Multi Rentalindo
PT Retail Estate Solution	19,385,187,139	19,079,379,320	0.96	1.11	PT Retail Estate Solution
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	17,973,156,992	18,535,672,843	0.89	1.08	PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera
PT Home Center Indonesia	852,647,185	522,805,991	0.04	0.03	PT Home Center Indonesia
	136,012,313,942	117,920,169,241	6.76	6.88	

Pihak Hubungan Istimewa/ Related Parties	Sifat Hubungan/ Nature of Relationship	Transaksi/ Transaction
PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera	Perusahaan Induk/ Company	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses
PT Foods Beverages Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Operating Expenses
PT Home Center Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses
PT Office Solutions	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	-
PT Tiga Dua Delapan	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses
PT Everlight Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Pembelian/Purchase
PT Golden Dacron	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

/		
PT Kawan Lama Internusa	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses
PT Multi Rentalindo	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses
PT Retail Estate Solution	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses
PT Krisbow Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses
PT Inti Graha Makmur Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control		Penjualan/Sales
PT Sensor Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses
PT Omni Digitama Internusa	Entitas Asosiasi/ Associate	Penjualan, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Operating Expenses
PT Cupbop Indonesia Abadi	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Kawan Lama Multiweldindo	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Graha Satwa Paramita	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Emaro Online Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Purchase, Operating Expenses
PT Depoteknik Duta Perkakas	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Indo Kompresigma	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Permata Griya Bumi	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Kawan Lama Inovasi	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Pembelian, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Purchase, Operating Expenses
PT Global Tools Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Pembelian/Purchase
PT Solusi Layanan Terpadu	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan/Sales
PT Dana Kini Indonesia	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional/ Sales, Operating Expenses
PT Anumana Graha Cantika	Perusahaan Dalam Pengendalian yang Sama/ Entity Under Same Control	Penjualan, Beban Operasional, Beban Sewa/ Sales, Operating Expenses, Rental Expenses

Uang muka pembelian barang dagang merupakan uang muka kepada vendor atau pemasok sehubungan dengan pembelian barang dagang

Pada tanggal 18 Desember 2007, Grup mengadakan perjanjian sewa menyewa gerai di Alam Sutera, Banten dengan PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera, pemegang saham, yang kemudian diubah dengan addendum tanggal 28 Juli 2009. Sampai dengan tanggal 31 Desember 2010, Perusahaan telah membayar uang muka sebesar Rp.90,000,000,000, Perjanjian sewa menyewa ini telah mendapat persetujuan dari para pemegang saham dalam Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa (RUPSLB) berdasarkan akta No, 25 tanggal 15 April 2009. Pada tanggal 18 Februari 2011 Perusahaan telah mulai mengoperasikan gerainya di Alam Sutra.

Advance for purchase of merchandise inventories represents advance payment to vendors or suppliers in relation to the purchases of merchandise

On December 18,2007, the Group has entered into space rental agreement of outlet in Alam Sutera, Banten with PT Kawan Lama Sejahtera, a stockholder, that subsequently changed based on addendum dated July 28,2009. Up to December 31,2010, the Company has been paid a rental advance amounting to Rp.90,000,000,000. This rental agreemently has been approved by stockholder in the Extraordinary Shareholder's General Meeting (ESGM) based on notarial deed No.25 dated April 15,2009. On February 18, 2011, the Company has started operating their outlet in Alam Sutra.

Instrumen Keuangan

Kebijakan Manajemen Risiko Dalam menjalankan aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan, Grup menghadapi risiko keuangan yaitu risiko kredit, risiko likuiditas dan risiko pasar dan mendefinisikan risiko-risiko sebagai berikut:

- Risiko kredit: kemungkinan bahwa pelanggan tidak membayar semua atau sebagian piutang atau tidak membayar secara tepat waktu dan akan menyebabkan kerugian Grup.
- Risiko likuiditas: Grup menetapkan risiko likuiditas atas kolektibilitas dari piutang usaha seperti yang dijelaskan di atas, sehingga Grup mengalami kesulitan dalam
- memenuhi liabilitas yang terkait dengan liabilitas keuangan. Risiko pasar: pada saat ini tidak terdapat risiko pasar, selain risiko suku bunga dan risiko nilai tukar karena Grup tidak berinvestasi di instrumen keuangan dalam aktivitas normal

Risk Management Policies
In its operating, investing and financing activities, the Group is exposed to the following financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk and define those risks as follows:

32. Financial Instruments

- Credit risk: possibility that a customer will not pay the whole or part of a receivable or will not pay in timely manner and hence, the Group will incur loss.
- Liquidity risk: the Group defines liquidity risk from the collectibility of the trade receivable as mentioned above, therefore, the Company will encounter difficulty to
- meet obligations related to with financial liabilities.

 Market risk: currently there are no market risk other than interest rate risk and currency risk as the Company does not invest in any financial instruments in its normal activities.

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Dalam rangka untuk mengelola risiko tersebut secara efektif, Direksi telah menyetujui beberapa strategi untuk pengelolaan risiko keuangan, yang sejalan dengan tujuan perusahaan. Pedoman ini menetapkan tujuan dan tindakan yang harus diambil dalam rangka mengelola risiko keuangan yang dihadapi Grup.

Pedoman utama Grup dari kebijakan ini adalah semua kegiatan manajemen risiko keuangan dilakukan dan dipantau di kantor pusat.

Grup tidak memiliki instrumen derivatif untuk mengantisipasi risiko yang terjadi.

Risiko Kredi

Grup mengendalikan eksposur risiko kredit dengan menetapkan kebijakan risiko yang berhubungan dengan bank, Grup menempatkan hanya pada bank-bank dengan predikat baik. Selain itu, kebijakan Grup adalah untuk tidak membatasi penempatan dana hanya di satu bank tertentu, sehingga Grup memiliki kas dan setara kas di berbagai institusi keuangan. Piutang usaha dilakukan dengan pihak ketiga terpercaya dan berelasi.

Kualitas Kredit Aset Keuangan

Setara Kas

Grup mengelola risiko kredit yang terkait dengan simpanan di Bank dan piutang dengan memonitor reputasi, peringkat kredit, dan membatasi risiko agregat dari masing-masing pihak dalam kontrak. Untuk bank, hanya pihak-pihak independen dengan predikat baik yang diterima

Kualitas kredit dari aset keuangan baik yang belum jatuh tempo atau tidak mengalami penurunan nilai dapat dinilai dengan mengacu pada peringkat kredit eksternal (jika tersedia) atau mengacu pada informasi historis mengenai tingkat gagal bayar debitur:

AAA 224,157,630,313 285,446,305,219

Dengan Pihak yang Tidak Memiliki Peringkat Kredit Eksternal 246,459,676,747 531,905,981,966

Deposito Berjangka - Pihak Ketiga Dengan Pihak yang Memiliki Peringkat Kredit Eksternal

802.252.482.151

Piutang Usaha

2019
Rp

Dengan Pihak yang Tidak Memiliki Peringkat Kredit Eksternal Grup 1 Grup 2

Grup 1- Pelanggan yang sudah ada dan pelanggan baru (kurang dari 6 bulan) tanpa

70.440.229.360

adanya kasus gagal bayar di masa terdahulu. Grup 2- Pelanggan yang sudah ada (lebih dari enam bulan) dengan beberapa kejadian gagal bayar pada masa terdahulu.

Pada tanggal pelaporan, eksposur maksimum Grup terhadap risiko kredit adalah sebesar nilai tercatat masing-masing kategori aset keuangan yang disajikan pada laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

 Kas dan Setara Kas
 808,651,956,083

 Piutang Usaha
 70,440,229,360

 Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya
 4,608,819,437

 Piutang Pihak Berelasi
 942,001,813

 Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya
 59,162,050,676

 Total
 943,805,057,369

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

In order to effectively manage those risks, the Board of Directors has approved some strategies for the management of financial risks, which are in line with corporate objectives. These guidelines set up objectives and action to be taken in order to manage the financial risks that the Group faces.

The Group's major guideline of this policy is all financial risk management's activities are carried out and monitored at head office.

The Group does not have derivative instruments to anticipate possible risks.

Credit Risks

The Group controls its exposure to credit risk by setting a risk policy related to bank, the Group only put on good predicate bank. Otherwise, the Group's policy is to not restrict the cast placement in one particular bank, the Group own cash and cash equivalent in various financial institution. Trade receivables are carried out by trusted third and related parties.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets

The Group manages credit risk exposed from its deposits with banks and receivables by monitoring reputation, credit ratings and limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. For banks, only independent parties with a good rating are accepted.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assesed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty defaults rates:

i. Cash Equivale	2018 Rp
Cash in Banks - Third Partie	
Counterparties with External Cred	
Rating	
Fitch	
AA+	90,063,510,267
AAA	210,085,047,356
	300,148,557,623
Counterparties without External Credit Ratir	
	197,695,086,841
	497,843,644,464
Time Deposit - Third Partie	
Counterparties with External Cred	
Rating Bank	
Fitch	
AA+	84,615,622,539
AAA	89,471,126,957
	174,086,749,496
Counterparties without External Credit Ratir	
	117,265,868,298
	291,352,617,794
	789.196.262.258
II Toods Bookship	
ii. Trade Receivable	2018
	2018 Rp
Counterparties Without Extern	Kp
Counterparties Without Extern	
Group 1	36,642,626,059
Group 1 Group 2	30,042,020,039
Group 2	36.642.626.059

- Group 1 Existing customers and new customers (less than six months) with no default in the past.
- Group 2 Existing customers (more than six months) with some default in the past.

At the reporting date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets presented in the consolidated statements of financial position.

2018 	
798,522,144,576	Cash and Cash Equivalent
36,642,626,059	Trade Receivable
6,224,968,013	Other Current Financial Assets
13,917,997,212	Due from Related parties
54,030,834,524	Other Non-Current Financial Assets
909.338.570.384	Total

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Thk AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

Tabel berikut menganalisa aset keuangan berdasarkan sisa umur jatuh temponya :

The following table analyse financial assets based on maturity:

		30 September 2019 /	September 30, 2019		
	0-30 hari/days	31-60 hari/days	>60 hari/ days	Total/Total	
	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan Piutang					Loans and Receivables :
Kas dan Setara Kas	808,651,956,083	-	-	808,651,956,083	Cash and Cash Equivalent
Piutang Usaha	32,208,526,778	24,063,939,450	14,167,763,132	70,440,229,360	Trade Receivables
Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	3,833,548,318	626,907,719	148,363,400	4,608,819,437	Other Current Financial Assets
Piutang Pihak Berelasi	942,001,813	-	-	942,001,813	Due from Related Parties
Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya			59,162,050,676	59,162,050,676	Other Non-Current Financial Assets
Total	845.636.032.992	24,690,847,169	73.478.177.208	943.805.057.369	Total
		31 Desember 2018/			
	0-30 hari/days	31-60 hari/days	>60 hari/ days	Total/Total	
Division of the discount of the Division	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	
Pinjaman yang diberikan dan Piutang Kas dan Setara Kas	700 500 444 570			700 500 444 570	Loans and Receivables :
	798,522,144,576	-	-	798,522,144,576	Cash and Cash Equivalent Trade Receivables
Piutang Usaha	36,227,816,175	59,457,664	355,352,220	36,642,626,059	
Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	5,529,943,597	53,766,325	641,258,091	6,224,968,013	Other Current Financial Assets
Piutang Pihak Berelasi	9,313,645,200	2,771,133,277	1,833,218,735	13,917,997,212	Due from Related Parties
Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya			54,030,834,524	54,030,834,524	Other Non-Current Financial Assets
Total	849.593.549.548	2.884.357.266	56.860.663.570	909.338.570.384	Total
		2100 11001 1200	00.000.000.010	505.000.010.004	Total

Risiko Likuiditas

Pada saat ini Grup berharap dapat membayar semua liabilitas pada saat jatuh tempo. Untuk memenuhi komitmen kas, Perusahaan mengelola risiko likuiditas dengan menjaga kas dan simpanan untuk operasi normal Perusahaan.

Tabel berikut memperlihatkan liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi berdasarkan sisa umur jatuh temponya :

Liquidity Risks

Currently the Group expects to pay all liabilities at the maturity. In order to meet the cash commitment, the Company manage the liquidity risks by maintaining cash and deposits for normal operation of the Company.

The following table shows financial liabilities measured at amortized cost based on outstanding aging schedule :

	30 September 2019 / September 30, 2019				
	Tidak Ditentukan/	Belum Jatuh Tempo/ Not Yet Due		Total	
	Undetermined	0-1 Tahun/ Year	> 1 Tahun/ Year		
	Rp.	Rp.	Rp.	Rp.	=
Liabilitas Keuangan					Financial Liabilities
Utang Bank	-	11,048,192,489	-	11,048,192,489	Bank Loan
Utang Usaha	-	147,183,122,530	-	147,183,122,530	Trade Payables
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	-	56,302,894,095	-	56,302,894,095	Other Current Financial Liabilities
Utang Pihak Berelasi	-	28,393,866,806	-	28,393,866,806	Due to Related Parties
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek	-	2,964,546,216	-	2,964,546,216	Short-Term Employee Benefit Liabilities
Beban Akrual	-	33,599,597,094	-	33,599,597,094	Accrued Expenses
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Panjang Lainnya	-	<u>-</u>	18,592,735,305	18,592,735,305	Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities
Total		279.492.219.230	18.592.735.305	298.084.954.535	Total
		31 Desember 2018/ [December 31, 2018		
	Tidak Ditentukan/	Belum Jatuh Tem	no/ Not Vet Due	Total	
	Undetermined	0-1 Tahun/ Year			
		0-1 Tanun/ Tear	> 1 Tahun/ Year	rotar	
	Rp.	Rp.		Rp.	
Liabilitas Keuangan	Rp.		> 1 Tahun/ Year		Financial Liabilities
	<u>Rp.</u> -		> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp.	- Financial Liabilities Bank Loan
Utang Bank	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572	
Utang Bank Utang Usaha	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908	Bank Loan
Utang Bank Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551	Bank Loan Trade Payables
Utang Bank Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya Utang Pihak Berelasi	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126	Bank Loan Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities Due to Related Parties
Utang Bank Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya Utang Pihak Berelasi Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126 1,058,431,811	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126 1,058,431,811	Bank Loan Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities
Utang Bank Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya Utang Pihak Berelasi Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek Beban Akrual	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126	> 1 Tahun/ Year Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126 1,058,431,811 55,211,293,925	Bank Loan Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities Due to Related Parties Short-Term Employee Benefit Liabilities
Utang Bank Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya Utang Pihak Berelasi Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek	Rp	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126 1,058,431,811	> 1 Tahun/ Year	Rp. 115,080,973,572 197,936,121,908 44,067,132,551 12,119,025,126 1,058,431,811	Bank Loan Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities Due to Related Parties Short-Term Employee Benefit Liabilities Accrued Expenses

Risiko Suku Bunga Grup memiliki risiko suku bunga terutama terhadap dampak perubahan suku bunga deposito bank. Perusahaan memonitor pergerakan suku bunga untuk meminimalisasi dampak negatif terhadap Grup.

Adapun liabilitas keuangan yang dimiliki Grup pada 30 September 2019 dan 31 Desember 2018 memiliki tingkat suku bunga mengambang.

Tabel berikut ini menunjukkan sensitivitas kemungkinan perubahan tingkat suku bunga pinjaman , dengan asumsi variabel lain konstan, dampak terhadap laba sebelum beban pajak penghasilan sebagai berikut:

	2019 Rp
Dampak Terhadap Laba Sebelum Pajak Penghasilan	
Kenaikan (1%)	(9,943,373)
Penurunan (1%)	9,943,373

Interest Rate Risks

The Group has interest rate risks mainly for the impact of changes in bank deposit rates. The Group monitors interest rate movement to minimize the negative impact for the Group.

The financial liabilities which owned by the Group as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 have floating interest rate.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably changes of interest rate on loans, with all other variable held constant, with the effect to the consolidated income before corporate tax expense:

2018	
Rp	
	Effect on Income Before Income Tax
(93,324,901)	Increase (1%)
93,324,901	Decrease (-1%)

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Risiko Nilai Tukar

Grup melakukan transaksi dengan menggunakan mata uang asing untuk belanja sebagian barang dagang dan penempatan dana pada bank yang terpercaya. Grup tidak terekspos terhadap pengaruh fluktuasi nilai tukar mata uang asing dikarenakan transaksi pembelian barang dagangan sudah menggunakan uang muka terlebih dahulu dalam mata uang Rupiah.

Grup mengelola risiko mata uang dengan memonitor terhadap fluktuasi nilai tukar mata uang secara terus menerus sehingga apabila diperlukan dapat menggunakan transaksi lindung nilai untuk mengurangi risiko mata uang asing.

Tabel berikut ini menunjukkan sensitivitas kemungkinan perubahan tingkat pertukaran mata uang asing terhadap Rupiah, dengan asumsi veriabel lain konstan, dampak terhadap laba sebelum beban pajak penghasilan sebagai berikut :

Tabel di bawah ini menggambarkan nilai tercatat dan nilai wajar dan liabilitas keuangan :

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

Foreign Currency Risks

2018

The Group has transactions using foreign currency to buy some inventory and placement of funds in a trusted bank. The Goup is not exposed to the impact of fluctuations of foreign currency since the purchase transaction already using advance in Rupiah.

The Group manages foreign currency risk by monitoring the fluctuation of foreign currency continuously, so when required, could use hedging transactions to minimize the foreign risks.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably changes of foreign currencies against Rupiah, with all other variable held constant, with the effect to the consolidated income before corporate tax expense:

Rp	
	Effect on Income Before Income Tax
511,245,963	Increase (1%)
(511,245,963)	Decrease (-1%)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts are as follows:

30	, 2019		2018	3	
	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	Nilai Tercatat/	Nilai Wajar/	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Aset Keuangan					Financial Assets
Kas dan Setara Kas	808,651,956,083	808,651,956,083	798,522,144,576	798,522,144,576	Cash and Cash Equivalent
Piutang Usaha	70,440,229,360	70,440,229,360	36,642,626,059	36,642,626,059	Trade Receivables
Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	4,608,819,437	4,608,819,437	6,224,968,013	6,224,968,013	Other Current Financial Assets
Piutang Pihak Berelasi	942,001,813	942,001,813	13,917,997,212	13,917,997,212	Due from Related Parties
Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya	59,162,050,676	59,162,050,676	54,030,834,524	54,030,834,524	Other Non-Current Financial Assets
Total	943,805,057,369	943,805,057,369	909,338,570,384	909,338,570,384	Total
Liabilitas Keuangan					Financial Liabilities
Utang Bank	11.048.192.489	11.048.192.489	115.080.973.572	115.080.973.572	Bank Loan
Utang Usaha	147.183.122.530	147.183.122.530	197.936.121.908	197.936.121.908	Trade Payables
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	56,302,894,095	56,302,894,095	44,067,132,551	44,067,132,551	Other Current Financial Liabilities
Utang Pihak Berelasi	28,393,866,806	28,393,866,806	12,119,025,126	12,119,025,126	Due to Related Parties
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek	2,964,546,216	2,964,546,216	1.058.431.811	1.058.431.811	Short Term Employee Benefit Liabilities
Beban Akrual	33,599,597,094	33,599,597,094	55,211,293,925	55.211.293.925	Accrued Expenses
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Panjang Lainnya	18,592,735,305	18,592,735,305	21,873,891,225	21,873,891,225	Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities
Total	298.084.954.535	298.084.954.535	447.346.870.118	447.346.870.118	Total
iotai	290.004.934.333	290,064,934,333	447.340.670.116	447.340.670.116	i Olai

b. Manajemen Permodalan

Tujuan Grup dalam mengelola permodalan adalah untuk menjaga kelangsungan usaha sehingga dapat memberikan hasil kepada pemegang saham dan manfaat kepada pemegang kepentingan lainnya, dan memelihara struktur permodalan yang optimum.

Dalam rangka memelihara atau menyesuaikan struktur permodalan, Perusahaan dapat menyesuaikan jumlah dividen yang dibayarkan kepada pemegang saham, imbal hasil modal kepada pemegang saham atau menerbitkan saham baru untuk mengurangi pinjaman.

Grup secara aktif dan rutin menelaah dan mengelola permodalannya untuk memastikan struktur modal dan pengembalian yang optimal bagi pemegang saham, dengan mempertimbangkan efisiensi penggunaan modal berdasarkan arus kas operasi dan belanja modal, serta mempertimbangkan kebutuhan modal di masa yang aken detaga.

Manajemen mengelola risiko permodalan dengan memonitor rasio utang terhadap ekuitas (*debt to equity ratio*) dan rasio laba sebelum pajak terhadap laba sebelum bunga dan pajak (*financial cost ratio*).

2019

Rasio Utang terhadap Ekuitas Rasio Biaya Keuangan

b. Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return of capital to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debt.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital to ensure the optimal capital structure and return to the shareholders, taking into the consideration the efficiency of capital use based on operating cash flow and capital expenditures and also consideration of future capital needs.

Management manages capital risk by monitoring the debt-to-equity ratio and the ratio of income before taxes to earnings before interest and taxes.

	2018	
0.22	0.26	Debt to Equity Ratio
	0.20	
-0.02	-0.01	Financial Cost Ratio

33. Aset dan Liabilitas Keuangan Dalam Mata Uang Asing

33. Financial Assets and Liabilities in Foreign Currencies

_	30 Sept	tember 2019 / September	30, 2019		
	USD	EUR	CNY	Setara Rupiah/ Equivalent Rupiah	
Kas dan Setara kas	3,481,610.75	1,188,609.76	-	67,771,778,278	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	25,082.55			355,520,064	Other Current Financial Assets
	3,506,693.30	1,188,609.76	<u> </u>	68,127,298,342	
Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	686,041.59	-	-	9,723,953,497	Trade Payable Other Current Financial Liabilities
Ziaziniao riodangan bangia riondok Zainnya	686,041.59		-	9,723,953,497	
Aset Bersih	2,820,651.71	1,188,609.76	-	58,403,344,845	Net Asset

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018				
	USD	EUR	CNY	Setara Rupiah/ Equivalent Rupiah	
Kas dan Setara kas Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	2,440,377.77 15,400.00	1,188,609.76	-	55,022,190,960 223,881,920	Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Current Financial Assets
	2,455,777.77	1,188,609.76	-	55,246,072,880	
Utang Usaha Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	224,631.16	51,477.52 -	7,648.47	4,121,476,579 -	Trade Payable Other Current Financial Liabilities
,	224,631.16	51,477.52	7,648.47	4,121,476,579	
Aset Bersih	2.231.146.61	1.137.132.24	(7.648.47)	51.124.596.301	Net Asset

34. Komitmen dan Perianjian Penting

- a. Pada tanggal 1 Juli 2013, Perusahaan menandatangani Perjanjian Lisensi dengan Fun Characters International Pte. Ltd (FCI)/ The Walt Disney Company. Perjanjian tersebut berlaku dari tanggal 1 July 2013 sampai dengan 30 Juni 2015. Perjanjian ini diperpanjang sampai dengan 30 September 2017. Dalam perjanjian disebutkan liabilitas Perusahaan untuk membayar royalti kepada FCI berdasarkan pendapatan yang diperoleh dari gerai ritel. Atas pembayaran royalti, Perusahaan berhak menggunakan merek Disney. Pada periode yang berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 2018 beban royalti yang telah diakui adalah sebesar nihili dan Rp143.092.846, -.
- b. Pada tanggal 21 Mei 1996, Perusahaan menandatangani Perjanjian Lisensi dengan Ace Hardware Corporation (AHC). Perjanjian tersebut berlaku selama 15 (lima belas) tahun dan dapat diperpanjang lagi sesuai kesepakatan kedua belah pihak. Dalam perjanjian disebutkan kewajiban Perusahaan untuk membayar royalti kepada AHC berdasarkan pendapatan yang diperoleh dari gerai ritel. Atas pembayaran royalti, Perusahaan berhak menggunakan merek Ace untuk seluruh toko dan secara memiliki hak eklusif untuk membeli produk Ace dari AHC.

Pada tanggal 19 Januari 2010, Perusahaan memperpanjang jangka waktu lisensi sampai dengan 31 Desember 2024. Setiap tahun selama masa perpanjangan, Perusahaan harus melakukan pembelian sesuai dengan jumlah minimum pembelian (dalam USD) yang telah disepakati dalam perjanjian. Selain itu Perusahaan juga menyetujui untuk membuka minimal 2 gerai baru setiap tahun selama masa perpanjangan.

Pada periode yang berakhir pada 30 September 2019 dan 2018 , beban royalti yang diakui adalah sebesar Rp 34,767,857,820,- dan Rp30,728,136,662,-.

- c. Grup menandatangani Perjanjian Merchant dengan beberapa bank. Perusahaan bertindak sebagai merchant dari bank-bank yang mengeluarkan kartu kredit dan debit.
- e. Berdasarkan perjanjian tanggal 1 Agustus 2007, Ijek Widyakrisnadi, selaku pemegang Merek Kris dan Krisbow telah memberikan ijin kepada Perusahaan untuk menggunakan Merek Kris dan Krisbow di semua lokasi gerai Perusahaan. Perjanjian ini akan berakhir pada tanggal 31 Juli 2011. Perjanjian ini diperpanjang sampai dengan 31 Juli 2021.

- 34. Commitments and Significant Agreements
- a. On July 1, 2013, the Company has entered into license agreement with Fun Characters International Pte. Ltd (FCI)/ The Walt Disney Company. The Agreement is valid from July 1, 2013 until June 30, 2015. This agreement was renewed up to September 30, 2017. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company shall pay royalty to FCI based on retail revenues derived from retails outlets. In return for the royalty fee, the Company is entitled to use the Disney trademark Royalty expenses for the period/year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, amounted to nil and Rp143,092,846.-.
- b. On May 21, 1996, the Company has entered into license agreement with Ace Hardware Corporation (AHC), third party. The Agreement is valid for 15 (fifteen) years and might be extended upon mutual agreement of both parties. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company shall pay royalty to AHC based on retail revenues derived from retails outlets. In return for the royalty fee, the Company is entitled to use the Ace brand for its stores and exclusively purchase Ace products from AHC.

On January 19, 2010, the Company agree to extend the license period until December 31, 2024. Each year during renewal term, the Company shall purchase a mutually agreed upon minimum volume (in USD) of merchandise. The Company also agrees to open at the rate of at least 2 new store during each calendar year of the renewal term.

Royalty expenses for the period ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are amounting to Rp.34,767,857,820,- and Rp 30,728,136,662,- respectively

- c. The Group has entered into Merchant Agreement with several banks. The Company acts as a merchant from the banks for credit card or debit card issued by the banks.
- e. According to the agreement dated August 1, 2007, Ijek Widyakrisnadi, as a holder of brand "Kris" and "Krisbow" has given permission to the Company to use the brand names of Kris and Krisbow at all Company's retail outlets. This agreement is valid up to July 31, 2011. This agreement was renewed up to July 31, 2021.

35. Informasi Segmen 35. Segment Information

Pembuat keputusan dalam operasional adalah para Direksi Perusahaan. Para direksi melakukan penelaahan terhadap pelaporan internal Perusahaan dan entitas anak untuk menilai kinerja dan mengalokasikan sumber daya. Manajemen manentukan operasi segmen herdasarkan informasi ini

The chief operating decision-maker of the company are the directors. Directors review the Company's and subsidiaries' internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate recources. Management has determined the operating segment based on this information.

		30 September 2019/S	eptember 30, 2019		
	Produk Perbaikan Rumah/ Home Improvement/ Products Rp	Produk Gaya Hidup/ Life Style Products Rp	Produk Permainan/ Tovs Products Ro	Total Rp	
Penjualan	3,386,730,702,253	2,538,185,621,735	332,720,889,102	6,257,637,213,090	Sales
Aset Segmen	1,405,938,465,776	1,252,695,307,796	96,380,127,740	2,755,013,901,312	Segment Assets
		30 September 2018/S	september 30, 2018		
	Produk Perbaikan Rumah/ Home Improvement/ Products Rp	Produk Gaya Hidup/ Life Style Products Rp	Produk Permainan/ Toys Products Rp	Total	
Penjualan	2,915,352,724,861	2,181,520,838,961	259,870,925,340	5,356,744,489,162	Sales
Aset Segmen	1,272,126,231,097	981,568,476,636	85,395,174,112	2,339,089,881,845	Segment Assets

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

		ut : 30 September 201 September 30, 20 ¹ Rp	9	iation of segment revenue and 30 September 2018 September 30, 2018 Rp	d asset as follows :			
Penjualan Total Penjualan untuk Laporan Segmen Biaya Konsinyasi Eliminasi Penjualan antar Segmen Penjualan Konsolidasi - Bersih		6,257,637,213,090 (276,262,675,462) (7,160,850,690) 5,974,213,686,938		5,356,744,489,162 (188,724,149,033) (4,689,981,208) 5,163,330,358,921	Sales Total Sales for Segmen Report Cost of Consignment Inter Segmen Sales Elimination Consolidated Sales - Net		nment nation	
Aset Aset Segmen Dilaporkan Total yang Tidak Dapat Dialokasikan Eliminasi Aset Antar Segmen Aset Konsolidasian		2,755,013,901,312 2,733,078,293,937 (559,828,006) 5,487,532,367,243		2,339,089,881,845 2,982,765,743,710 (674,770,014) 5,321,180,855,541	As: Reported Segmen As Total Unloc Inter Segmen Assets Elimina Consolidated As		ocated nation	
36. Tambahan Informasi Ar						ional Information of Cash		
Additional Information of Cash	Flow Aktivitas Pendanaan 31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018	Arus Kas/O Penambahan/Additional	Cash Flow Pembayaran/Payment		/Non-Cash Changes Perubahan Nilai Wajar/	s Arising from Financing Ac 30 September 2019 September 30, 2019	tivities	
Utang Bank/Bank Loans	115,080,973,572	34,725,528,882	(138,758,309,965)			11,048,192,489		
Utang Pihak Berelasi/ Due to Related Parties Piutang Pihak Berelasi/	12,119,025,126	47,948,924,903	(31,674,083,223)			28,393,866,806		
Due from Related Parties	13,917,997,212	66,247,708,360	(53,271,712,961)			942,001,813		
Total Liabilitas dari Aktivitas Pend Total Liabilities from Financing		148,922,162,145	(223.704.106.149)			40,384,061,108		
Total Liabilities Iron Tillanoine	31 Desember 2017 December 31, 2017	Arus Kas/C Penambahan/Additional		Perubahan Non-Kas Pergerakan Valuta Asing/ Foreign Exchange Movemen	Perubahan Nilai Wajar/	31 Desember 2018 December 31, 2018		
Utang Bank/Bank Loans	-	115,080,973,572	-			115,080,973,572		
Utang Pihak Berelasi/ Due to Related Parties Piutang Pihak Berelasi/	2,868,752,126	18,635,838,055	(9,385,565,055)			12,119,025,126		
Due from Related Parties	10,435,264,373	67,165,258,193	(70,647,991,032)			13,917,997,212		
Total Liabilitas dari Aktivitas Pend Total Liabilities from Financing		200,882,069,820	(80,033,556,087)			141,117,995,910		
37. Reklasifikasi Akun					3	7. Reclassification of Acc	ounts	

Pada 30 September 2018, Grup mencatat pendapatan sewa bersih termasuk beban pajak final pada akun pendapatan lain-lain. Pada 30 September 2018, Grup melakukan pencatatan terpisah untuk pendapatan sewa dan beban pajak final terkait. Beban pajak final dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian untuk periode sembilan bulan yang berakhir pada 30 September 2018 telah direklasifikasiikan sesuai dengan penyajian laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian untuk

periode 30 September 2018. Akun-akun dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 30 September 2018 yang telah direklasifikasi adalah sebagai berikut:

In September 30, 2018, the Group recorded net rental income including the final tax expense in other income account. In September 30, 2018, the Group recorded separately for rental income and related final tax expenses. Final tax expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the nine month ended on September 30, 2018 has been reclassified in accordance with the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for September 30, 2018.

The accounts in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2018 which have been reclassified are as follows:

Sebagai berikut .	30 September 2018 / 9		
	Sebelum Direklasifikasi/ Before Reclassification Rp	Setelah Direklasifikasi/ After Reclassification Rp	
Laporan Laba Rugi Dan Penghasilan Komprehensif Konsolidasian	- ND	N.S.	Consolidated Statements Of Profit Or Loss And Other Comprehensive Income
PENJUALAN	5,084,980,373,025	5,084,980,373,025	SALES
PENJUALAN KONSINYASI - BERSIH	78,349,985,896	78,349,985,896	CONSIGNMENT SALES - NET
PENJUALAN BERSIH	5,163,330,358,921	5,163,330,358,921	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	2,685,458,067,416	2,685,458,067,416	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA KOTOR	2,477,872,291,505	2,477,872,291,505	GROSS PROFIT
Beban Usaha	(1,713,148,451,835)	(1,713,148,451,835)	Operating Expenses
Pendapatan Lain-lain	121,622,214,743	121,622,214,743	Other Income
Beban lain-lain	(1,005,810,036)	(1,005,810,036)	Other Expenses
LABA USAHA	885,340,244,377	885,340,244,377	OPERATING INCOME
Beban Pajak Final	-	(3,013,418,087)	Final Expense Tax
Bagian atas Rugi Entitas Asosiasi	(3,680,471,139)	(3,680,471,139)	Share in Net Loss of Associates
Beban Keuangan - Bersih	(9,195,982,914)	(9,195,982,914)	Financial Charges - Net
LABA SEBELUM PAJAK PENGHASILAN	872.463.790.324	869,450,372,237	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX
LABA SEBELUM PAJAK PENGHASILAN			INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSES)
Pajak Kini	(169,652,705,787)	(166,639,287,700)	Current Tax
Pajak Tangguhan	1,210,685,606	1,210,685,606	Deferred Tax
Total Beban Pajak Penghasilan - Bersih	(168,442,020,181)	(165,428,602,094)	Total Income Tax Expenses - Net
LABA PERIODE BERJALAN	704.021.770.143	704.021.770.143	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) Serta Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir 30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA THE AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
And For the Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

38. Informasi Tambahan 38. Supplementary Information

Informasi keuangan Perusahaan (entitas induk) terlampir, yang terdiri dari laporan posisi keuangan tanggal 30 September 2019, serta laporan laba rugi komprehensif, laporan perubahan ekuitas, dan laporan arus kas untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal tersebut, dan suatu ikhtisar kebijakan akuntansi signifikan dan informasi penjelasan lainnya (secara kolektif disebut sebagai "Informasi euangan Entitas Induk") yang disajikan sebagai informasi tambahan terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian, disajikan untuk tujuan analisis tambahan dan bukan merupakan bagian dari laporan keuangan konsolidasian yang diharuskan menurut Standar Akuntasi Keuangan di Indonesia. Informasi Keuangan Entitas Induk merupakan tanggung jawab manajemen serta dihasilkan dari dan berkaitan secara langsung dengan catatan akuntansi dan catatan lainnya yang mendasarinya yang digunakan untuk menyusun laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

The accompanying financial information of the Company (parent), which comprises the statements of financial position as of September 30, 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income, statements of changes equity, and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (collectively referred to as the "Parent Financial Information"), which is presented as a supplementary information to the consolidated financial statements, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements under Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards. The Parent Financial Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements

Standar dan Penvesuaian Standar vang Berlaku Efektif Setelah Akhir Periode

Standar baru dan amandemen standar berikut efektif untuk periode yang dimulai pada atau setelah tanggal 1 Januari 2020, dengan penerapan dini diperkenankan :
- PSAK No. 71 : "Instrumen Keuangan"
- PSAK No. 72 : "Pendapatan dari Kontrak dengan Pelanggan"

- PSAK No. 73 : "Sewa"
- PSAK 62 (Amandemen 2017): "Kontrak Asuransi"-Menerapkan PSAK 71: Instrument keuangan dengan PSAK 62: "Kontrak Asuransi"
- PSAK 15 (Amandemen 2017): "Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura Bersama tentang Kepentingan Jangka Panjang pada Entitas Asosiasi dan Ventura Bersama"

Sampai dengan tanggal penerbitan laporan keuangan, Perusahaan masih melakukan evaluasi atas dampak potensial dari standar dan interpretasi tersebut terhadap laporan keuangan

39. Standard and Improvement to Standards Effective After Ending Period

The following are new standard and amendment to standards effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with early adoption is permitted :
- PSAK No. 71 : "Financial Instrument"
- PSAK No. 72 : "Revenue from Contract with Customer"

- PSAK No. 73 : "Lease"
- PSAK 62 (Amendment 2017): "Insurance Contract" Applying PSAK 71: Financial Instruments with PSAK 62: Insurance Contracts
- PSAK 15 (Amendment 2017): "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Long Term Interest in Associate and Joint Ventures"

Until the date of the financial statements is authorized, the Company is still evaluating the potential impact of the standards and the interpretations to the financial statement.

Tanggung Jawab Manajemen atas Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Manajemen Perusahaan bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan dan penyajian laporan keuangan konsolidasian yang diotorisasi oleh Direksi untuk diterbitkan pada tanggal 30 Oktober 2019.

40. Management Responsibility on the Consolidated Financial Statement

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements which were authorized for issue by Directors on October 30, 2019.

Lampiran I
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk

Attachment I
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk (Parent Company)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)

(Entitas Induk)
LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN
Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

(In Full Rupiah)

	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 Rp	
ASET			ASSETS
ASET LANCAR			CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan Setara Kas Piutang Usaha Pihak Berelasi	794,748,564,136 53,196,921,378	777,964,253,123 10,347,753,103	Cash and Cash Equivalents Trade Receivables Related Parties
Pihak Ketiga Aset Keuangan Lancar Lainnya	18,401,638,052 4,556,894,039	25,001,673,673 5,266,812,091	Third Parties Other Current Financial Assets
Persediaan Pajak Dibayar di Muka Beban Dibayar di Muka Uang Muka	2,670,508,876,400 36,275,858,485 202,750,537,462 252,167,345,504	2,412,152,585,971 36,448,834,769 193,134,645,899 448,842,453,191	Inventories Prepaid Taxes Prepaid Expenses Advance Payments
Total Aset Lancar	4,032,606,635,456	3,909,159,011,820	Total Current Assets
ASET TIDAK LANCAR			NON-CURRENT ASSETS
Investasi pada Entitas Anak Investasi pada Entitas Asosiasi Piutang Pihak Berelasi Beban Dibayar di Muka Jangka Panjang Properti Investasi Aset Tetap Aset Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya Aset Non-Keuangan Tidak Lancar Lainnya Aset Pajak Tangguhan Total Aset Tidak Lancar	51,599,000,000 4,500,000,000 62,563,795,648 93,428,600,513 348,532,399,400 452,991,330,387 55,030,525,824 186,913,782,478 121,900,955,579 1,377,460,389,829	51,599,000,000 4,500,000,000 19,811,142,729 113,386,091,511 357,391,347,707 429,672,149,691 50,374,622,585 122,391,800,344 104,221,206,940 1,253,347,361,507	Investment in Subsidiary Investment in Associate Due From Related Parties Long Term Prepaid Expenses Investment Properties Fixed Assets Other Non-Current Financial Assets Other Non-Current Non-Financial Assets Deferred Tax Assets Total Non-Currents Assets
TOTAL ASET	5,410,067,025,285	5,162,506,373,327	TOTAL ASSETS

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk (Entitas Induk) LAPORAN POSISI KEUANGAN Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)

(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk (Parent Company)
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
(In Full Rupiah)

	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 Rp	31 Desember 2018/ December 31, 2018 Rp	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS	<u></u>		LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK			SHORT TERM LIABILITIES
Utang Usaha			Trade Payables
Pihak Berelasi	44,242,357,093	85,884,363,225	Related Parties
Pihak Ketiga	85,526,760,752	81,103,920,441	Third Parties
Uang Muka Pelanggan	63,483,219,002	71,045,765,554	Advances From Customer
Utang Pihak Berelasi	8,134,748,130	11,620,221,708	Due to Related Parties
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Pendek Lainnya	52,527,999,621	40,858,180,639	Other Current Financial Liabilities
Beban Akrual	32,094,184,753	52,538,584,971	Accrued Expenses
Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Pendek	2,861,882,601	1,031,194,039	Short Term Employee Benefit Liabilities
Pendapatan Ditangguhkan	98,855,677,300	77,182,180,000	Deferred Income
Utang Pajak	34,638,976,125	51,155,464,495	Taxes Payable
Total Liabilitas Jangka Pendek	422,365,805,377	472,419,875,072	Total Current Liabilities
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG			NON CURRENT-LIABILITIES
Liabilitas Keuangan Jangka Panjang Lainnya	10,615,155,870	15,943,611,783	Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities
Liabilitas Imbalan Pasca-Kerja Jangka Panjang	466,130,441,273	401,554,900,000	Long Term Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities
Total Liabilitas Jangka Panjang	476,745,597,143	417,498,511,783	Total Non-Current Liabilities
TOTAL LIABILITAS	899,111,402,520	889,918,386,855	TOTAL LIABILITIES
EKUITAS			EQUITY
Modal Dasar -nilai nominal Rp 10 per saham			Capital Stock - Par value of Rp 10 per share
Modal Dasar - 48,000,000,000 Saham Modal Ditempatkan dan Disetor Penuh			Authorized Capital - 48,000,000,000 Shares
17,150,000,000 saham	171 500 000 000	171 500 000 000	Issued and Fully Paid
Tambahan Modal Disetor - Bersih	171,500,000,000 404,435,806,481	171,500,000,000 404,435,806,481	17,150,000,000 Shares Additional Paid In Capital - Net
Saham Treasuri	(19,466,342,400)	(19,466,342,400)	Treasury Stocks
Selisih Transaksi Perubahan Ekuitas	(19,460,342,400)	(19,466,342,460)	Effect of Changes In
Entitas Anak	239,797,199	239,797,199	Equity of Subsidiary
		, , ,	,
Saldo Laba			Retained Earnings
Telah ditentukan penggunaannya	482,594,713,034	434,594,713,034	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya	3,471,651,648,451	3,281,284,012,158	Unappropriated
TOTAL EKUITAS	4,510,955,622,765	4,272,587,986,472	TOTAL EQUITY
TOTAL LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS	5,410,067,025,285	5,162,506,373,327	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Lampiran II PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk (Entitas Induk Saja) LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN PENDAPATAN KOMPREHENSIF LAINNYA

LAPORAN LABA RUGI DAN
PENDAPATAN KOMPREHENSIF LAINNYA
Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Attachment II
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
(Parent Company)
STATEMENTS OF PROFIT AND LOSS
AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For the Nine Month Ended

For the Nine Month Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In Full Rupiah)

	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 (9 bulan/month)	30 September 2018/ September 30, 2018 (9 bulan/month)	
	Rp	Rp	
PENJUALAN	5,652,460,729,874	4,927,382,554,376	SALES
PENJUALAN KONSINYASI - BERSIH	76,725,506,299	47,962,386,532	CONSIGNMENT SALES - NET
PENJUALAN BERSIH	5,729,186,236,173	4,975,344,940,908	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	3,023,309,415,961	2,602,152,613,973	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA KOTOR	2,705,876,820,212	2,373,192,326,935	GROSS PROFIT
Beban Usaha Pendapatan Lain-lain Beban lain-lain	(1,903,167,937,039) 105,469,613,057 (867,257,617)	(1,622,000,849,382) 117,953,727,656 (848,361,587)	Operating Expenses Other Income Other Expenses
LABA USAHA	907,311,238,613	868,296,843,622	OPERATING INCOME
Beban Pajak Final Beban Keuangan - Bersih	(3,323,766,825) (11,923,685,109)	(2,965,116,087) (7,400,801,214)	Final Expense Tax Financial Expenses - Net
LABA SEBELUM PAJAK PENGHASILAN	892,063,786,679	857,930,926,321	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX
MANFAAT (BEBAN) PAJAK PENGHASILAN Pajak Kini Pajak Tangguhan Total Beban Pajak Penghasilan - Bersih	(187,813,640,200) 17,679,748,639 (170,133,891,561)	(166,639,287,700) (213,274,553) (166,852,562,253)	INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSES) Current Tax Deferred Tax Total Income Tax Benefit (Expenses) - Net
LABA PERIODE BERJALAN	721,929,895,118	691,078,364,068	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD
Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain Pos yang Tidak Akan Direklasifikasikan ke Laba Rugi Pengukuran Kembali atas Program Imbalan Kerja Pajak Penghasilan atas Pengukuran Kembali atas Program Imbalan Kerja Penghasilan Komprehensif Lain Setelah Pajak	- - -	- - -	Other Comprehensive Income Item that will not be Reclassified to Profit and Loss Remeasurement on Employee Benefits Program Income Tax on Remeasurement on Employee Benefits Program Other Comprehensive Income After Tax
TOTAL LABA KOMPREHENSIF PERIODE BERJALAN	721,929,895,118	691,078,364,068	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD

Lampiran III PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk

(Entitas Induk Saja)

LAPORAN PERUBAHAN EKUITAS

Untuk Periode yang Berakhir pada 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit)

(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Attachment III
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
(Parent Company Only)
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the periods ended September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited)
(In Full Rupiah)

	Modal Saham/	Tambahan	Selisih Transaksi		Saldo Laba/ Retained Earning			Saham Treasuri/ Total Ekuitas/		
	Capital Stock	Modal Disetor/ Additional Paid In Capital	Perubahan Ekuitas Entitas Anak/ Effect of Changes In Equity of Subsidiary	Telah Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Belum Ditentukan Penggunaannya/ Unapproriated	Pengukuran Kembali Program Imbalan Pasti/Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan	Total	Treasury Stocks	Equity	
	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	Rp	
SALDO PER 31 DESEMBER 2017	171,500,000,000	369,147,496,948	239,797,199	356,594,713,034	2,819,744,212,919	(88,973,696,250)	3,087,365,229,703	(54,085,682,400)	3,574,166,841,450	BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017
Laba Periode Berjalan	-	-	-	-	691,078,364,068		691,078,364,068	-	691,078,364,068	Profit for the Period
Dividen Kas					(389,343,686,991)		(389,343,686,991)		(389,343,686,991)	Cash Dividend
Penyisihan Saldo Laba untuk Cadangan Umum				78,000,000,000	(78,000,000,000)		-		-	Appropriation for General Reverse
SALDO PER 30 SEPTEMBER 2018 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)	171,500,000,000	369,147,496,948	239,797,199	434,594,713,034	3,043,478,889,996	(88,973,696,250)	3,389,099,906,780	(54,085,682,400)	3,875,901,518,527	BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)
SALDO PER 31 DESEMBER 2018	171,500,000,000	404,435,806,481	239,797,199	434,594,713,034	3,303,767,006,658	(22,482,994,500)	3,715,878,725,192	(19,466,342,400)	4,272,587,986,472	BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31,2018
Laba Periode Berjalan	-	-	-	-	721,929,895,118		721,929,895,118	-	721,929,895,118	Profit for the Period
Dividen Kas					(483,562,258,825)		(483,562,258,825)		(483,562,258,825)	Cash Dividend
Penyisihan Saldo Laba untuk Cadangan Umum				48,000,000,000	(48,000,000,000)		-		-	Appropriation for General Reverse
SALDO PER 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 (TIDAK DIAUDIT)	171,500,000,000	404,435,806,481	239,797,199	482,594,713,034	3,494,134,642,951	(22,482,994,500)	3,954,246,361,485	(19,466,342,400)	4,510,955,622,765	BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Lampiran IV
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk

LAPORAN ARUS KAS
Untuk Periode Sembilan Bulan yang Berakhir pada
30 September 2019 dan 2018 (Tidak Diaudit)
(Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Attachment IV
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
(Parent Company Only)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW
For the Nine Month Ended
September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)
(In Full Rupiah)

	30 September 2019/ September 30, 2019 (9 bulan/month)	30 September 2018/ September 30, 2018 (9 bulan/month)	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI			CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Penerimaan dari Pelanggan	6,517,408,968,252	5,672,240,325,477	Cash Received from Customers
Pembayaran kepada Pemasok dan Lainnya	(4,582,741,101,419)	(4,454,075,721,275)	Cash Paid to Suppliers and Others
Pembayaran kepada Karyawan	(953,938,719,885)	(811,987,490,737)	Cash Paid to Employees
Pembayaran Pajak	(366,077,299,079)	(326,824,569,190)	Payment for Tax
Penerimaan Bunga	24,188,594,385	23,583,437,980	Interest Received
Arus Kas Bersih Diperoleh dari Aktivitas Operasi	638,840,442,254	102,935,982,255	Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI			CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Perolehan Properti Investasi	(2,483,479,049)	(9,404,318,955)	Acquisitions of Investment Properties
Perolehan Aset Tetap	(107,844,346,291)	(91,985,414,059)	Acquisitions of Fixed Assets
Hasil Penjualan Aset Tetap	16,082,175,128	2,997,677,052	Proceed from Disposal of Fixed Assets
Arus Kas Bersih Digunakan Untuk Aktivitas Investasi	(94,245,650,212)	(98,392,055,962)	Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN			CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING
Pembayaran Dividen Tunai	(483,562,258,825)	(389,343,686,991)	Payment of Cash Dividend
Pembayaran biyiden runar Pembayaran ke Pihak Berelasi	(198,214,746,425)	(59,302,517,249)	Cash Payment to Related Parties
Penerimaan dari Pihak Berelasi	151,976,619,928	73,346,817,310	Cash Received from Related Parties
Arus Kas Bersih Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan	(529,800,385,322)	(375,299,386,930)	Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities
KENAIKAN BERSIH			NET INCREASE
KAS DAN SETARA KAS	14,794,406,720	(370,755,460,637)	IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT
Pengaruh Perubahan Kurs Mata Uang Asing	1,989,904,293	(3,325,013,185)	Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes
			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT
KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AWAL PERIODE	777,964,253,123	875,561,647,746	BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AKHIR PERIODE	794,748,564,136	501,481,173,924	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD
KAS DAN SETARA KAS PADA AKHIR PERIODE TERDIRI DARI :			CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE OF THE PERIOD CONSIST OF :
Kas	5,817,593,583	30,934,844,999	Cash on Hand
Bank	518,584,470,368	126,994,553,708	Cash in Banks
Deposito Berjangka	270,346,500,185	343,551,775,217	Time Deposits
Total	794,748,564,136	501,481,173,924	Total
·			

Lampiran V PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk (Entitas Induk Saja) PENGUNGKAPAN LAINNYA

Per 30 September 2019 (Tidak Diaudit) dan 31 Desember 2018 (Diaudit) (Dalam Rupiah Penuh)

Attachment V
PT ACE HARDWARE INDONESIA Tbk
(Parent Company)
OTHER DISCLOSURES

As of September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) (In Full Rupiah)

1. Laporan Keuangan Tersendiri

1. Separate Financial Statements

Laporan posisi keuangan, laporan laba rugi, laporan perubahan ekuitas dan laporan arus kas Entitas Induk adalah laporan keuangan tersendiri yang merupakan informasi tambahan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Statements of financial position, statement of profit or loss, changes in equity and cash flows of the parent are a separate financial statements which represents additional information to the consolidated financial statements.

2. Daftar Investasi pada Entitas Anak Dan Entitas Asosiasi

2. Schedule of Investment in Subsidiary and Associate

Laporan posisi keuangan, laporan laba rugi, laporan perubahan ekuitas dan laporan arus kas Entitas Induk adalah laporan keuangan tersendiri yang merupakan informasi tambahan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Statements of financial position, statement of profit or loss, changes in equity and cash flows of the parent are a separate financial statements which represents additional information to the consolidated financial statements.

Entitas Anak dan Entitas Asosiasi/ Domisili/		Persentase	Kepemilikan/	Biaya Pe	Biaya Perolehan/		
Name of Subsidiary and Associate	Domicile	Percentage	of Ownership	Acquisition Cost			
		2019	2018	2019	2018		
		%	%	Rp	Rp		
PT Toys Games Indonesia (TGI)	Jakarta, Indonesia	59.9988	59.9988	51,599,000,000	51,599,000,000		
PT Omni Digitama Internusa (ODI)	Jakarta, Indonesia	30.00	30.00	4,500,000,000	4,500,000,000		

3. Metode Pencatatan Investasi

3. Method of Investment Recording

Investasi pada entitas anak sebagaimana disebutkan dalam laporan keuangan entitas induk dicatat menggunakan metode biaya perolehan.

Investment in subsidiaries mentioned in the financial statement of parent entity is recorded using cost method.