Kode Notebook Random Forest vs Logistic Regression Raditya Alifka

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df classification = pd.read csv('Dataset UTS Gasal 2425.csv')
print(df classification)
df classification.info()
df classification.describe()
print("data null \n", df classification.isnull().sum())
print("\ndata kosong \n", df classification.empty)
print("\ndata nan\n", df classification.isna().sum())
print("\ndata duplicate \n",
df classification.duplicated().sum())
df classification2 = df classification.drop('price', axis = 1)
df classification2.head()
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x = df classification2.drop(columns=['category'], axis=1)
y = y =df classification2['category']
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x,y,
test size=0.25, random state=93)
print(x train.shape)
print(x test.shape)
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import make column transformer
kolom kategori = ['hasyard', 'haspool', 'isnewbuilt',
'hasstormprotector', 'hasstorageroom']
transform = make column transformer(
    (OneHotEncoder(drop='first'), kolom kategori),
remainder='passthrough'
x train enc = transform.fit transform(x train)
x test enc = transform.fit transform(x test)
df train enc = pd.DataFrame(x train enc,
columns=transform.get feature names out())
df test enc = pd.DataFrame(x test enc,
columns=transform.get feature names out())
df train enc.head(20)
df train enc.head(20)
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectPercentile,
SelectKBest
from sklearn.model selection import StratifiedKFold,
GridSearchCV
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import numpy as np
```

```
pipe RF = [ ('data scaling', StandardScaler()),
            ('feature select', SelectKBest()),
            ('clf', RandomForestClassifier(random state=93,
class weight='balanced'))]
params grid RF = [{
                'data scaling' : [StandardScaler()],
                'feature select k' : np.arange(2,17),
                'clf max depth' : np.arange(4,5),
                'clf n estimators' : [100,150]
                },
                'data scaling' : [StandardScaler()],
                'feature select' : [SelectPercentile()],
                'feature select percentile' :
np.arange(20,50),
                'clf max depth' : np.arange(4,5),
                'clf n estimators' : [100,150]
                },
                'data scaling' : [MinMaxScaler()],
                'feature select k' : np.arange(2,17),
                'clf max depth' : np.arange(4,5),
                'clf n estimators' : [100,150]
                },
                'data scaling' : [MinMaxScaler()],
                'feature select' : [SelectPercentile()],
                'feature select percentile':
np.arange(20,50),
                'clf__max_depth' : np.arange(4,5),
                'clf n estimators' : [100,150]
```

```
estimator RF = Pipeline(pipe RF)
SKF = StratifiedKFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True,
random state=93)
GSCV RF = GridSearchCV(estimator RF, params grid RF, cv = SKF)
GSCV RF.fit(x train enc, y train)
print("GSCV Training Finished")print("cv score:
{}".format(GSCV RF.best score ))
print("test score:
{}".format(GSCV RF.best estimator .score(x test enc, y test)))
print("Best Model: {}", GSCV RF.best estimator )
mask = GSCV RF.best estimator .named steps['feature
select'].get support()
print("Best feature: ", df train enc.columns[mask])
RF pred = GSCV RF.predict(x test enc)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
cm = confusion matrix(y test, RF pred,
labels=GSCV RF.classes )
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm,
display labels=GSCV RF.classes )
disp.plot()
plt.title("Random Forest COnfusion Matrix")
plt.show()
print("Classificaation report RF: \n",
classification report(y test, RF_pred))
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectPercentile,
SelectKBest
from sklearn.model selection import StratifiedKFold,
GridSearchCV
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import numpy as np
pipe LR = [
        ('data scaling', StandardScaler()),
        ('feature select', SelectKBest()),
        ('clf', LogisticRegression(random state=93,
class weight='balanced', solver='liblinear'))]
params grid LR = [{
                'data scaling': [StandardScaler()],
                'feature select k': np.arange(2,17),
                'clf C': [0.1, 1, 10],
                'clf max iter': [100, 200]
            },
            {
                'data scaling': [StandardScaler()],
                'feature select': [SelectPercentile()],
                'feature select percentile': np.arange(20,
50),
                'clf C': [0.1, 1, 10],
                'clf max iter': [100, 200]
            },
            {
```

```
'data scaling': [MinMaxScaler()],
                'feature select k': np.arange(2,17),
                'clf C': [0.1, 1, 10],
                'clf max iter': [100, 200]
            },
            {
                'data scaling': [MinMaxScaler()],
                'feature select': [SelectPercentile()],
                'feature select percentile': np.arange(20,
50),
                'clf C': [0.1, 1, 10],
                'clf max iter': [100, 200]}]
estimator LR = Pipeline(pipe LR)
GSCV LR = GridSearchCV(estimator LR, params grid LR, cv=SKF)
GSCV LR.fit(x train enc, y train)
print("GSCV Training Finished for Logistic Regression")
print("cv score: {}".format(GSCV LR.best score ))
print("test score:
{}".format(GSCV LR.best estimator .score(x test enc, y test)))
print("Best Model: {}", GSCV_LR.best_estimator_)
mask = GSCV LR.best estimator .named steps['feature
select'].get support()
print("Best feature: ", df train enc.columns[mask])
LR pred = GSCV LR.predict(x test enc)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, LR_pred,
labels=GSCV_LR.classes_)

disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm,
display_labels=GSCV_LR.classes_)
disp.plot()

plt.title("Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

print("Classification report LR: \n",
classification_report(y_test, LR_pred))

import pickle

with open('RF_Classification_model.pkl','wb') as r:
    pickle.dump((GSCV_RF),r)

print("Model RF berhasil disimpan")
```

Kode Notebook SVM vs GBT Gabriel Mario Binsar

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df_klasifikasi=pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Lenovo\Documents\ML\uts\Dataset UTS_Gasal 2425.csv')

df_klasifikasi.head(20)

df_klasifikasi2=df_klasifikasi.drop('price', axis=1)

df klasifikasi.head(50)
```

```
df klasifikasi2['category'].value counts()
print("data null \n", df klasifikasi2.isnull().sum())
print("\ndata kosong \n", df klasifikasi2.empty)
print("\ndata nan \n", df klasifikasi2.isna().sum())
print("Sebelum drop missing value ", df klasifikasi2.shape)
df klasifikasi2 =
df klasifikasi2.dropna(how="any",inplace=False)
print("Sesudah drop missing value ", df klasifikasi2.shape)
print ("Sebelum pengecekan data duplikat,
", df klasifikasi2.shape)
df klasifikasi3 = df klasifikasi2.drop duplicates(keep =
'last')
print ("Setelah Pemgecekan data duplikat,
", df klasifikasi3.shape)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x = df klasifikasi3.drop(columns=['category'],axis=1)
y= y=df klasifikasi3['category']
x train, x test, y train, y test=train test split(x, y, test size
= 0.25, random state=93)
print(x train.shape)
print(x test.shape)
df klasifikasi3.info()
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import make column transformer
kolom kategori = ['hasyard', 'haspool', 'isnewbuilt',
'hasstormprotector', 'hasstorageroom']
transform = make column transformer(
```

```
(OneHotEncoder(drop='first'), kolom_kategori), remainder =
'passthrough'
)
x train enc= transform.fit transform(x train)
x test enc=transform.fit transform(x test)
df train enc = pd.DataFrame(x train enc,
columns=transform.get feature names out())
df test enc =
pd.DataFrame(x test enc,columns=transform.get feature names ou
t())
df train enc.head(10)
df test enc.head(10)
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectPercentile,
SelectKBest
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV,
StratifiedKFold
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import classification report,
confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import numpy as np
pipe svm = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('scale', MinMaxScaler()),
    ('feat select', SelectKBest()),
    ('clf', SVC(class weight = 'balanced'))
])
params grid svm = [{
```

```
'scale' : [MinMaxScaler()],
    'feat select k': np.arange(2,6),
    'clf kernel': ['poly', 'rbf'],
    'clf C':[0.1,1],
    'clf gamma' : [0.1,1],
},
{
    'scale': [MinMaxScaler()],
    'feat select':[SelectPercentile()],
    'feat select percentile':np.arange(20,50),
    'clf kernel': ['poly','rbf'],
    'clf C':[0.1, 1],
    'clf gamma':[0.1, 1]
},
{
    'scale': [StandardScaler()],
    'feat select k':np.arange(2,6),
    'clf kernel': ['poly','rbf'],
    'clf C':[0.1, 1],
    'clf gamma':[0.1, 1]
},
{
    'scale': [StandardScaler()],
    'feat select': [SelectPercentile()],
    'feat select percentile':np.arange(20,50),
    'clf kernel': ['poly','rbf'],
    'clf C':[0.1, 1],
    'clf gamma': [0.1, 1]
}
]
```

```
estimator svm = Pipeline(pipe svm)
SKF = StratifiedKFold(n splits=5, shuffle=True,
random state=15)
GSCV SVM= GridSearchCV(pipe svm,params grid svm,cv=SKF)
GSCV SVM.fit(x train enc, y train)
print("GSCV training finished")
print("CV Score : {}".format(GSCV SVM.best score ))
print("Test Score
{}".format(GSCV SVM.best estimator .score(x test enc, y test)))
print("Best Model: ", GSCV SVM.best estimator )
mask =
GSCV SVM.best estimator .named steps['feat select'].get suppor
t()
print("Best Features: ", df test enc.columns[mask])
SVM pred = GSCV SVM.predict(x test enc)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
cm = confusion matrix(y test, SVM pred, labels =
GSCV SVM.classes )
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm,
display labels=GSCV SVM.classes )
disp.plot()
plt.title("SVM Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
```

```
print("Classification report SVM:
\n",classification report(y test, SVM pred))
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectFromModel
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
pipe GBT = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('feat select', SelectKBest()),
    ('clf', GradientBoostingClassifier(random state=15))
])
params grid GBT = [{
    'feat select k': np.arange(2,6),
    'clf max depth':[*np.arange(4,5)],
    'clf n estimators':[100,150],
    'clf learning rate':[0.01,0.1,1]
},
{
    'feat select': [SelectPercentile()],
   'feat select percentile': np.arange(20,50),
    'clf max depth':[*np.arange(4,5)],
    'clf n estimators':[100,150],
    'clf learning rate':[0.01,0.1,1]
},
{
    'feat select k': np.arange(2,6),
    'clf max depth':[*np.arange(4,5)],
    'clf n estimators':[100,150],
    'clf learning rate':[0.01,0.1,1]
},
{
```

```
'feat select': [SelectPercentile()],
   'feat select percentile': np.arange(20,50),
    'clf max depth':[*np.arange(4,5)],
    'clf n estimators':[100,150],
    'clf learning rate': [0.01, 0.1, 1]
}
1
GSCV GBT =
GridSearchCV(pipe GBT, params grid GBT, cv=StratifiedKFold(n spl
its=5))
GSCV GBT.fit(x train enc, y train)
print("GSCV finished")
print("CV Score : {}".format(GSCV GBT.best score ))
print("Test Score :
{}".format(GSCV GBT.best estimator .score(x test enc, y test)))
print("Best Model:",GSCV GBT.best estimator )
mask=GSCV GBT.best estimator .named steps['feat select'].get s
upport()
print("Best Features:", df train enc.columns[mask])
RF pred= GSCV GBT.predict(x_test_enc)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
cm=confusion matrix(y test,RF pred,labels=GSCV GBT.classes )
disp =
ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm, display labels=GSCV
GBT.classes )
disp.plot()
plt.title("GBT Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
```

```
print("Classification report GBT:
\n",classification_report(y_test, RF_pred))

import pickle

with open('klasifikasi_model1.pkl', 'wb') as r:
    pickle.dump(GSCV_GBT, r)

print("Model GBT berhasil disimpan")
```

Kode Notebook Ridge vs Support Vector Regressor Mukti Laksono

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df_price=pd.read_csv('Dataset UTS_Gasal 2425.csv')

df_price.head(10)

df_price2 = df_price.drop(['category'], axis=1)

df_price2.head()

df_price2.info()

df_price2.info()

print(df_price2['price'].value_counts())

print("data null \n",df_price.isnull().sum())

print("data kosong \n", df_price.empty)

print("data nan \n",df price.isna().sum())
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df price2.price.plot(kind='box')
plt.gca().invert yaxis()
plt.show()
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
df price2['hasyard'] =
label encoder.fit transform(df price2['hasyard'])
df price2['haspool'] =
label encoder.fit transform(df price2['haspool'])
df price2['isnewbuilt'] =
label encoder.fit transform(df price2['isnewbuilt'])
df price2['hasstormprotector'] =
label encoder.fit transform(df price2['hasstormprotector'])
df price2['hasstorageroom'] =
label encoder.fit transform(df price2['hasstorageroom'])
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X regress = df price2.drop('price', axis=1)
y regress = df price2.price
X_train_price, X_test_price, y_train_price, y_test_price =
train test split(X regress, y regress, test size=0.3,
random state=93)
print("Jumlah data train:", len(X train price))
print("Jumlah data test:", len(X test price))
```

```
print(df price2.columns)
print(X regress.head())
print(df price2.head())
from sklearn.model selection import train test split,
GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest,
f regression
from sklearn.linear model import Ridge
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
num features = df price2.shape[1]
k = min(16, num features)
selector = SelectKBest(score func=f regression, k=k)
X_new = selector.fit_transform(X_regress, y regress)
pipe Ridge = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('scale', StandardScaler()),
    ('feature selection',
SelectKBest(score func=f regression)),
    ('reg', Ridge())
])
param grid Ridge = {
    'feature selection k': np.arange(1, k+1),
```

```
'reg alpha': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100]
}
GSCV RR = GridSearchCV(pipe Ridge, param grid Ridge, cv=5,
                       scoring='neg mean squared error',
error score='raise')
GSCV RR.fit(X train price, y train price)
print("Best model: {}".format(GSCV RR.best estimator ))
print("Ridge best parameters:
{}".format(GSCV RR.best params ))
print("Koefisien/bobot:
{}".format(GSCV RR.best estimator .named steps['reg'].coef ))
print("Intercept/bias:
{}".format(GSCV RR.best estimator .named steps['reg'].intercep
t ))
Ridge predict = GSCV RR.predict(X test price)
mse Ridge = mean squared error(y test price, Ridge predict)
mae Ridge = mean absolute error(y test price, Ridge predict)
print("Ridge Mean Squared Error (MSE): {}".format(mse Ridge))
print("Ridge Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {}".format(mae Ridge))
print("Ridge Root Mean Squared Error:
{}".format(np.sqrt(mse Ridge)))
df results = pd.DataFrame(y test price, columns=['price'])
df results = pd.DataFrame(y test price)
df results['Ridge Prediction'] = Ridge predict
```

```
df results['Selisih price RR'] = df results['Ridge
Prediction'] - df results['price']
df results.head()
df results.describe()
from sklearn.svm import SVR
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest,
f regression
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
import numpy as np
pipe SVR = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('scale', StandardScaler()),
    ('feature selection',
SelectKBest(score func=f regression)),
    ('reg', SVR(kernel='linear'))
])
param grid SVR = {
    'reg C': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
    'reg epsilon': [0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1],
    'feature selection k': np.arange(1, k+1)
}
GSCV SVR = GridSearchCV(pipe SVR, param grid SVR, cv=5,
scoring='neg mean squared error', n jobs=-1)
```

```
GSCV SVR.fit(X train price, y train price)
print("Best model: {}".format(GSCV_SVR.best_estimator_))
print("SVR best parameters: {}".format(GSCV SVR.best params ))
print("Koefisien/bobot:
{}".format(GSCV SVR.best estimator .named steps['reg'].coef ))
print("Intercept/bias:
{}".format(GSCV SVR.best estimator .named steps['reg'].interce
pt ))
SVR predict = GSCV SVR.predict(X test price)
mse SVR = mean squared error(y test price, SVR predict)
mae SVR = mean absolute error(y test price, SVR predict)
print("SVR Mean Squared Error (MSE): {}".format(mse SVR))
print("SVR Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {}".format(mae SVR))
print("SVR Root Mean Squared Error:
{}".format(np.sqrt(mse SVR)))
df results['SVR Prediction'] = SVR predict
df results = pd.DataFrame(y test price)
df results["SVR Prediction"] = SVR predict
df results['Selisih price SVR'] = df results["SVR Prediction"]
- df results['price']
df results.head()
df results.describe()
df results = pd.DataFrame({'price' : y test price})
```

```
df results['Rigde Prediction'] = Ridge predict
df results['Selisih price RR'] = df results['Rigde
Prediction'] - df results['price']
df results["SVR Prediction"] = SVR predict
df results['Selisih price SVR'] = df results["SVR Prediction"]
- df results['price']
df results.head()
df results.describe()
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
data len = range(len(y test price))
plt.scatter(data len, df results.price, label="actual", color
= "Blue")
plt.plot(data len, df results["Rigde Prediction"], label = "
Ridge Prediction", color= "green", linewidth = 4,
linestyle="dashed")
plt.plot(data len, df results["SVR Prediction"], label = " SVR
Prediction", color= "yellow", linewidth = 2, linestyle="-.")
plt.legend()
plt.show
print(df results.columns)
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
import numpy as np
```

```
mae ridge = mean absolute error(df results['price'],
df results['Rigde Prediction'])
rmse ridge = np.sqrt(mean squared error(df results['price'],
df results['Rigde Prediction']))
ridge feature count =
GSCV_RR.best_params_['feature_selection__k']
mae SVR = mean absolute error(df results['price'],
df results['SVR Prediction'])
rmse SVR = np.sqrt(mean squared error(df results['price'],
df results['SVR Prediction']))
SVR feature count =
GSCV SVR.best params ['feature selection k']
print(f"RidgeMAE: {mae ridge}, Ridge RMSE: {rmse ridge}, Ridge
Feature Count: {ridge feature count}")
print(f"SVRMAE: {mae SVR}, SVR RMSE: {rmse SVR}, SVR Feature
Count: {SVR feature count}")
X regress.head()
import pickle
best model = GSCV RR.best estimator
with open('BestModel REG RR CatBoost.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(best model, f)
print ("Model terbaik berhasil disimpan ke
'BestModel REG RR CatBoost.pkl")
```

Kode Notebook Lasso vs Random Forest Regressor Eirine Mamesah

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df price =
pd.read csv(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Downloads\BestModel Lasso RF CatBo
ost\Dataset
UTS Gasal 2425.csv')
df price.head(10)
df price2 = df price.drop(['squaremeters'], axis=1)
df price2.head()
df price2.info()
df price2.describe()
print(df price2['price'].value counts())
print("data null \n", df price2.isnull().sum())
print("data kosong \n", df price2.empty)
print("data nan\n", df price2.isna().sum())
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df price2.price.plot(kind='box')
plt.gca().invert yaxis()
plt.show()
from pandas.api.types import is numeric dtype
def remove outlier(df in):
df out = df in.copy()
for col name in df in.columns:
if is numeric dtype(df in[col name]):
q1 = df in[col name].quantile(0.25)
q3 = df in[col name].quantile(0.75)
iqr = q3 - q1
batas atas = q3 + (1.5 * iqr)
batas bawah = q1 - (1.5 * iqr)
df out = df out.loc[(df out[col name] >= batas bawah) &
(df out[col name]
<= batas atas)]
```

```
return df out
df price clean = remove outlier(df price2)
print("Jumlah baris DataFrame sebelum dibuang outlier",
df price2.shape[0])
print ("Jumlah baris DataFrame setelah dibuang outlier",
df price clean.shape[0])
df price clean.price.plot(kind='box', vert=True)
plt.gca().invert yaxis()
plt.show()
print("data null \n", df price clean.isnull().sum())
print("data kosong \n", df price clean.empty)
print("data nan \n", df price clean.isna().sum())
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X regress = df price clean.drop('price', axis=1)
y regress = df price clean.price
X train price, X test price, y train price, y test price
= train test split(X regress, y regress, test size=0.25,
random state=93)
from sklearn.linear model import Lasso
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest,
f regression
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
X train price = pd.get dummies(X train price, drop first=True)
X test price = pd.get dummies(X test price, drop first=True)
X test price =
X test price.reindex(columns=X train price.columns,
fill value=0)
```

```
pipe Lasso = Pipeline(steps=[
('scale', StandardScaler()),
('feature selection', SelectKBest(score func=f regression)),
('reg', Lasso(max iter=1000))
1)
param grid Lasso = {
'reg alpha': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100],
'feature selection k': np.arange(1, 20)
GSCV Lasso = GridSearchCV(pipe Lasso, param grid Lasso, cv=5,
scoring='neg mean squared error')
GSCV Lasso.fit(X train price, y train price)
print("Best model: {}".format(GSCV Lasso.best estimator ))
print("Lasso best parameters:
{}".format(GSCV Lasso.best params ))
print("Koefisien/bobot:
{}".format(GSCV Lasso.best estimator .named steps['reg'].coef
print("Intercept/bias:
{}".format(GSCV Lasso.best_estimator_.named_steps['reg'].inter
cept ))
Lasso predict = GSCV Lasso.predict(X test price)
mse Lasso = mean squared_error(y_test_price, Lasso_predict)
mae Lasso = mean absolute error(y test price, Lasso predict)
print("Lasso Mean Squared Error (MSE): {}".format(mse Lasso))
print("Lasso Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {}".format(mae Lasso))
print("Lasso Root Mean Squared Error:
{}".format(np.sqrt(mse Lasso)))
import pandas as pd
df results = pd.DataFrame({'price': y test price})
df results['Lasso Prediction'] = Lasso predict
df results['Selisih price LR'] = df results['Lasso
Prediction'] - df results['price']
```

```
print(df results.head())
df results.describe()
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
X train price = pd.get dummies(X train price, drop first=True)
X test price = pd.get dummies(X test price, drop first=True)
X test price =
X test price.reindex(columns=X train price.columns,
fill value=0)
pipe RF = Pipeline(steps=[
('scale', StandardScaler()),
('reg', RandomForestRegressor())
1)
param grid RF = {
'reg n estimators': [100, 200, 300],
'reg max features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],
'reg max depth': [None, 10, 20, 30],
'reg min samples split': [2, 5, 10],
GSCV RF = GridSearchCV(pipe RF, param grid RF, cv=5,
scoring='neg mean squared error')
GSCV RF.fit(X train price, y train price)
print("Best model: {}".format(GSCV RF.best estimator ))
print("Random Forest best parameters:
{}".format(GSCV RF.best params ))
RF predict = GSCV RF.predict(X test price)
mse RF = mean squared error(y test price, RF predict)
```

```
mae RF = mean absolute error(y test price, RF predict)
print("Random Forest Mean Squared Error (MSE):
{}".format(mse RF))
print("Random Forest Mean Absolute Error (MAE):
{}".format(mae RF))
print ("Random Forest Root Mean Squared Error:
{}".format(np.sqrt(mse RF)))
df results = pd.DataFrame({'price': y test price})
df results['RF Prediction'] = RF predict
df results['Selisih price RF'] = df results['RF Prediction'] -
df results['price']
df results.head()
df results.describe()
df results = pd.DataFrame({'price': y test price})
df results['Lasso Prediction'] = Lasso predict
df results['Selisih price LR'] = df results['price'] -
df results['Lasso Prediction']
df results['RF Prediction'] = RF predict
df results['Selisih price RF'] = df results['price'] -
df results['RF Prediction']
df results.head()
df results.describe()
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
data len = range(len(y test price))
plt.scatter(data len, df results.price, label="Actual",
color="blue")
plt.plot(data len, df results['Lasso Prediction'],
label="Lasso Prediction",
color="black", linewidth=3, linestyle="--")
plt.plot(data len, df results['RF Prediction'], label="RF
Prediction", color="red",
linewidth=2, linestyle="-")
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error,
mean squared error
import numpy as np
mae Lasso = mean absolute error(df results['price'],
df results['Lasso Prediction'])
rmse Lasso = np.sqrt(mean squared error(df results['price'],
df results['Lasso
Prediction']))
lasso feature count =
GSCV_Lasso.best_params_['feature selection k']
mae RF = mean absolute error(df results['price'],
df results['RF Prediction'])
rmse RF = np.sqrt(mean squared error(df results['price'],
df results['RF
Prediction']))
print(f"Lasso MAE: {mae Lasso}, Lasso RMSE: {rmse Lasso},
Lasso Feature Count:
{lasso feature count}")
print(f"Random Forest MAE: {mae RF}, Random Forest RMSE:
{rmse RF}")
X regress.head()
import pickle
best model = GSCV Lasso.best estimator
open ('Notebook REGRESI A CatBoost Lasso VS RFR EIRINE.pkl',
'wb') as f:
pickle.dump(best model, f)
print("Model terbaik berhasil disimpan
ke 'Notebook REGRESI A CatBoost Lasso VS RFR EIRINE.pkl'")
```