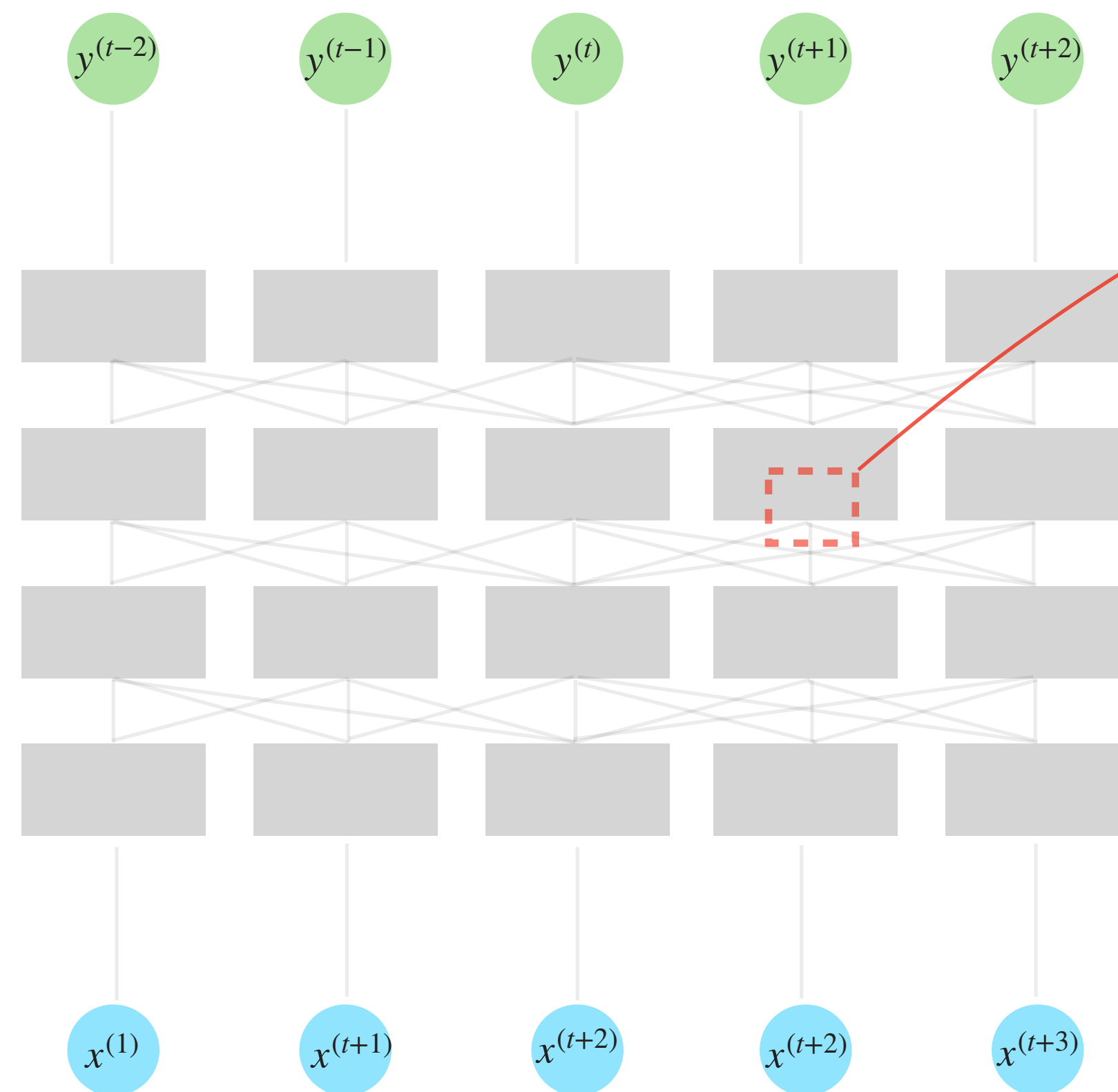
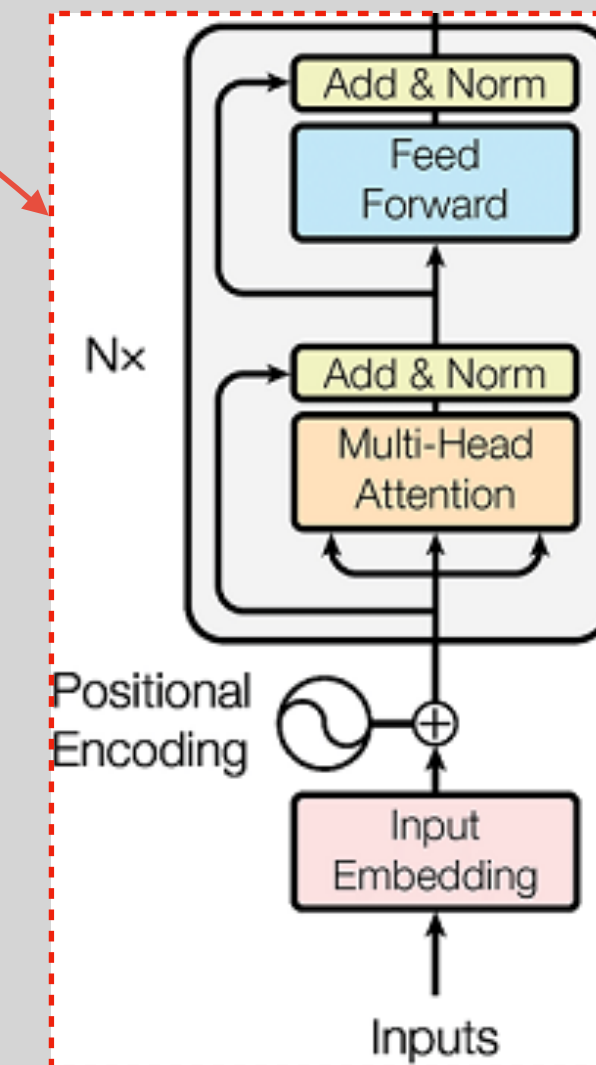


Transformer networks

- Transformer networks describe text sequences of a fully connected graph
 - The embedding at each sequence position, at each layer, is a function of the embeddings at all sequence positions from the previous layer.
 - The computation that produces the embedding at each sequence position at each layer is referred to as multi-head self attention (more on this in lecture 09).
 - This architecture is advantageous from both in terms of computational and optimization.



Multi-head self attention as presented in the 2017 NIPS paper: *"Attention is all you need!"* [1]



[1] Vaswani et al., 2017

LM evaluation using perplexity

$$\begin{aligned} PPL(\mathbf{X}^{(i)}) &= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \log P\left(\mathbf{x}^{(t)}_i \mid \mathbf{x}^{(t-n)}_i \dots \mathbf{x}^{(t-1)}_i; \boldsymbol{\theta}\right) \right\} \\ &= \exp \left\{ H(P_D, P_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}) \right\} \end{aligned}$$