2_process_mturk_results_example

March 13, 2023

1 mTurk_Results_analysis

This performs a basic analysis of mTurk results for any results file

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
    import statistics
    from collections import defaultdict
    from tqdm import tqdm, trange
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    myth_name = 'mosquitoes'
    sample_size = '146'
    date = '041822'
    file_name = f'../data/samples/{myth_name}/
     # Make sure to comment out the tested myth
    topics = ['Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Disinfectants.on',
     'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Home Remedy.on',
     'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Technology.on',
     'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Weather.on',
     'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Masks.on',
     'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Other.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Spread - Transmission.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Spread - Other.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Origins.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Testing.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Government Policy.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Humor/Sarcasm.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus Coping Strategies.on',
     'Answer.Coronavirus New Cases.on']
    if myth_name == 'disinfectants': topics.remove('Answer.Prevention/Treatment -__
     ⇔Disinfectants.on')
    elif myth_name == 'home_remedies': topics.remove('Answer.Prevention/Treatment -_
      ⇔Home Remedy.on')
```

```
elif myth_name == 'weather': topics.remove('Answer.Prevention/Treatment -u
      ⇔Weather.on')
     elif myth_name == 'origins': topics.remove('Answer.Coronavirus Origins.on')
     elif myth_name == 'masks': topics.remove('Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Masks.
      on')
     df = pd.read_csv(file_name)
     list(df)
[1]: ['HITId',
      'HITTypeId',
      'Title',
      'Description',
      'Keywords',
      'Reward',
      'CreationTime',
      'MaxAssignments',
      'RequesterAnnotation',
      'AssignmentDurationInSeconds',
      'AutoApprovalDelayInSeconds',
      'Expiration',
      'NumberOfSimilarHITs',
      'LifetimeInSeconds',
      'AssignmentId',
      'WorkerId',
      'AssignmentStatus',
      'AcceptTime',
      'SubmitTime',
      'AutoApprovalTime',
      'ApprovalTime',
      'RejectionTime',
      'RequesterFeedback',
      'WorkTimeInSeconds',
      'LifetimeApprovalRate',
      'Last30DaysApprovalRate',
      'Last7DaysApprovalRate',
      'Input.id',
      'Input.created_at',
      'Input.full_text_censored',
      'Input.myth',
      'Answer.Coronavirus Coping Strategies.on',
      'Answer.Coronavirus Government Policy.on',
      'Answer.Coronavirus Humor/Sarcasm.on',
      'Answer.Coronavirus New Cases.on',
      'Answer.Coronavirus Origins.on',
```

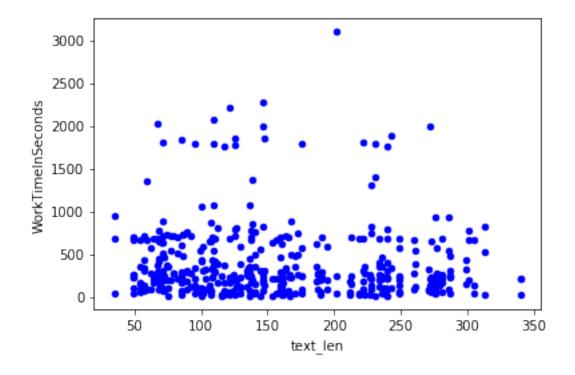
'Answer.Coronavirus Spread - Other.on',

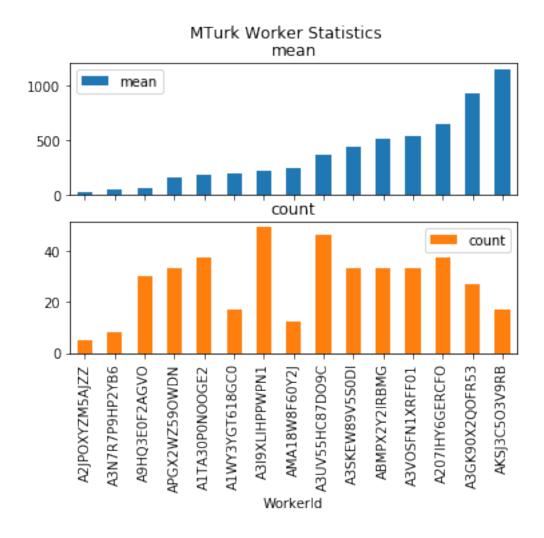
'Answer.Coronavirus Testing.on',

```
'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Home Remedy.on',
      'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Other.on',
      'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Technology.on',
      'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Weather.on',
      'Answer.feedback',
      'Answer.myth_no.on',
      'Answer.myth_supports_no.on',
      'Answer.myth_supports_unsure.on',
      'Answer.myth_supports_yes.on',
      'Answer.myth_unsure.on',
      'Answer.myth_yes.on',
      'Answer.topic',
      'Approve',
      'Reject']
[2]: # Declare rater number
     rater_num = 3
[3]: for col in list(df):
         if col.startswith('Input.full_text'):
             full_text_col_name = col
             break
     df['text_len'] = df[full_text_col_name].apply(len)
     df.plot(kind='scatter',x='text_len',y='WorkTimeInSeconds',color='blue')
```

[3]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fb49304c990>

'Answer.Prevention/Treatment - Disinfectants.on',





[5]: # The radio buttons from the MTurk form store their boolean result in a # single column; we will combine these into their respective questions.

```
null_task_ids = set()
def merge_radios(row, topic):
    To be used in an `apply` method to combine boolean radio buttons into a
    single column
    nnn
   if row['Answer.{}_yes.on'.format(topic)]:
       return 'yes'
    elif row['Answer.{}_no.on'.format(topic)]:
       return 'no'
   elif row['Answer.{}_unsure.on'.format(topic)]:
       return 'unsure'
   elif 'Answer.{}_broken_links.on'.format(topic) in list(df) and row['Answer.
 →{}_broken_links.on'.format(topic)]:
       return 'broken_links'
   else:
        if topic == 'myth_supports':
            # Because this question is conditional, some tasks might not have
 ⇔this field
            # Assume they are NO
           return 'no'
       raise ValueError("The chosen choice is not defined.") # If the worker
 ⇔didn't choose any choices
        # print(row.AssignmentId)
        # null_task_ids.add(row.HITId)
        # return None
df['is_myth'] = df.apply (lambda row: merge_radios(row, 'myth'), axis=1)
df['is_myth_supports'] = df.apply (lambda row: merge_radios(row,__
 print('There are {} tasks ids with null values'.format(len(null_task_ids)))
```

There are 0 tasks ids with null values

```
[6]: # Drop tasks with null
df = df[~df['HITId'].isin(list(null_task_ids))]
```

```
[7]: # Drop all tasks performed by rejected workers
rejected_workers = ["AAXYYH9MI3PJM"]

df = df[~df['WorkerId'].isin(rejected_workers)]

df.shape
```

```
[7]: (417, 56)
 [8]: # is_myth Answer Statistics
      def check_agree_on(col):
          # Group the results by Task ID and their answer to the qun_violence_
       ⇒question, then
          # count the number of records in those groups. This determines how many_
       \rightarrowanswers
          # there were per choice, per task. Rename the count column.
          df_gun_violence_counts = df.groupby(['HITId', col]).size().to_frame().
       →reset_index()
          df_gun_violence_counts.rename(columns={0: 'count'}, inplace=True)
          # All three workers answered 'unsure'
          unsure = df_gun_violence_counts[col] == 'unsure'
          three = df_gun_violence_counts['count'] >= 2
          num_all_unsure = len(df_gun_violence_counts[unsure & three])
          # All three workers answered 'yes'
          yes = df_gun_violence_counts[col] == 'yes'
          num_all_yes = len(df_gun_violence_counts[yes & three])
          # All three workers answered 'no'
          no = df gun violence counts[col] == 'no'
          num_all_no = len(df_gun_violence_counts[no & three])
          print('Agreed on "yes": {}\nAgreed on "No": {}\nAgreed on "Unsure": {}'.
       format(num_all_yes, num_all_no, num_all_unsure))
          # There was no majority, answers were 'yes', 'no', and 'unsure'
          df_gun_violence_count_size = df_gun_violence_counts.groupby('HITId').size().
       →to_frame().rename(columns={0: 'count'})
          # df_gun_violence_count_size[df_gun_violence_count_size['count'] == 3]
 [9]: check_agree_on(col="is_myth")
     Agreed on "yes": 88
     Agreed on "No": 51
     Agreed on "Unsure": 0
[10]: check_agree_on(col="is_myth_supports")
     Agreed on "yes": 15
     Agreed on "No": 88
     Agreed on "Unsure": 32
```

1.1 Check data validity

```
[11]: # These columns must not be None
answer_cols = [ e for e in list(df) if e.startswith("Answers.") ]
for col in answer_cols:
    for v in df[col]:
        if v is None:
            raise ValueError('None exists in {}'.format(col))
```

Every task has 3 workers for each

2 Agreement Computation

2.1 1. Task-based agreement

```
[13]: def get_task_based_rating(df, answer_col, rater_num=5):
          Task-based rating score computation
          Args:
              df:
                  A dataFrame with columns ['WorkerId', 'HITId', 'is_parenting']_{\sqcup}
       ⇔ordered by ['HITId', 'WorkerId']
              answer_col:
                  Column name to compute rating scores
              rater_num:
                  Number of raters for each task
          Return:
              A list of task-based rating scores
          rating_scores = []
          for i in range(0, df.shape[0], rater_num):
              if len(set(df.iloc[i:i + rater_num]['HITId'])) != 1:
                  raise ValueError('Each task must contains {} rates, wrong at {}'.

¬format(rater_num, i))
              answers = df.iloc[i:i + rater_num][answer_col].tolist()
```

```
# Get number of majority
majority_num = max(df.iloc[i:i + rater_num].groupby(answer_col).size())
# Store rating score
rating_scores.append(round(float(majority_num / rater_num), 2))
return rating_scores
```

```
[14]: # Gun_violence
      def check_task_based_score(col):
          df_task_based = df[['WorkerId', 'HITId', col]].sort_values(by=['HITId', __
       # DataFrame for rating scores
         df_task_based_rates = df_task_based.drop_duplicates(subset=['HITId'])
         df_task_based_rates.drop(['WorkerId', col], axis=1, inplace=True)
         # Compute scores
         rating_scores = get_task_based_rating(df_task_based, answer_col=col,_
       →rater_num=rater_num)
         df_task_based_rates = df_task_based_rates.
       ⇒assign(rating_scores=rating_scores)
          # Sort and check statistics
         df_task_based_rates.sort_values(by=['rating_scores'], inplace=True)
          # Check stats
         stats_task_based_gun_violence = df_task_based_rates.
       Groupby('rating_scores').size().to_frame().reset_index().rename(columns={0:⊔
       ax = stats_task_based_gun_violence.plot(kind='bar', x='rating_scores',__

    y='count', color='blue', \

                        title='{}: stats of task-based agreement'.format(col))
         for i, v in enumerate(stats_task_based_gun_violence['count']):
              ax.text(i-0.05, v+5, str(v), va='center', fontsize=10, u

→fontweight='bold')
         df_gun_violence_task_based_rates = df_task_based_rates.

¬sort_values(by=['rating_scores'], ascending=False)
         print(df_gun_violence_task_based_rates.head(10))
         only_high_task_based_tweet_ids =_
       df_gun_violence_task_based_rates[df_gun_violence_task_based_rates['rating_scores']
       ⇒>= 0.8]['HITId'].values
         print("There are {} tweets with high task-based scores".

¬format(only_high_task_based_tweet_ids.shape[0]))
```

```
avg_score = statistics.

mean(df_gun_violence_task_based_rates['rating_scores'].values)
print("Avg task-based score for {} = {}".format(col, avg_score))
```

[15]: check_task_based_score(col='is_myth')

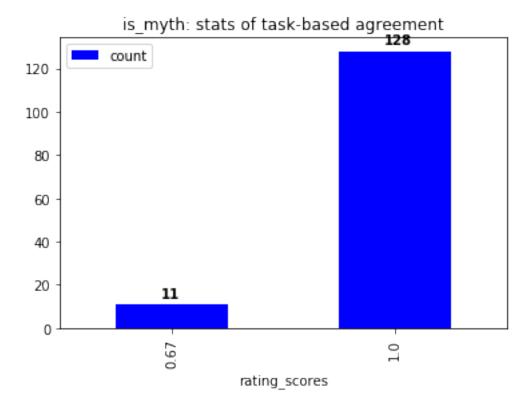
/home/app59/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4315: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy errors=errors,

	HITId	rating_scores		
324	3VLL1PIENS87UPL3RGSPKVX5MZ60Z9	1.0		
96	32LAQ1JNTB96LIW1HAFGXD0DJP8TUB	1.0		
222	33QQ60S6AU2559ZAJ8R6D2M8MEBU00	1.0		
84	33CLA8OOMKV4MLMJIWFMBYMSLHWRFX	1.0		
363	338431Z1FNZYSYZCHZYCYSV6DINROJ	1.0		
168	335VBRURDLK6C7Q1T4VU2V1Y3UBE9F	1.0		
69	334ZEL5JX8ZATDZPWOYHO202ZK6OS4	1.0		
183	32W3UF2EZQ5QI3OBGIT8VZQFWQKC40	1.0		
390	31SIZS5W5BZ1DACSWCQGNXQ6SJ5RQR	1.0		
225	3H1C3QRA0338A5X4505L4L269FEECW	1.0		
There are 128 tweets with high task-based scores				

Avg task-based score for is_myth = 0.9738848920863309



[16]: check_task_based_score(col='is_myth_supports')

/home/app59/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4315: SettingWithCopyWarning:

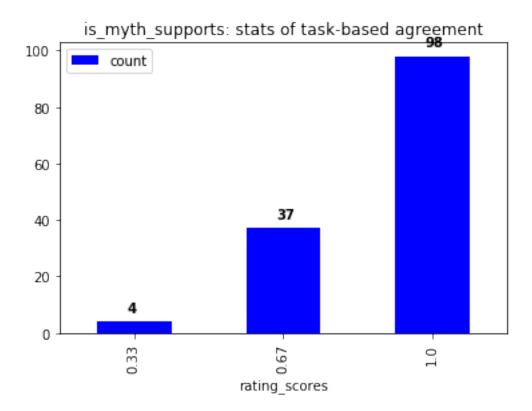
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy errors=errors,

	HITId	rating_scores
117	3UZUVSO3P9FLJR9VIDZZ7H7I3TIMEM	1.0
21	34039PNDK8SE94A3DUTQS8V76J4RBF	1.0
204	35UOMRQMULRQL5GTQJ3MZPK9YOOOV9	1.0
351	35JDMRECC6TLRHD97A14UCNL776EG6	1.0
258	359AP8GAGI4N1QIUIGRFYBAPNSAC78	1.0
276	3511RHPADXYQMDWF47IK6BRCIDIRL2	1.0
306	38LRF35D5NG1M1Y72V9PF0KFPQVU3V	1.0
312	34XASH8KLS6PGIYLRRFA1T6MH0KMP7	1.0
210	33W1NHWFYJ5N7HQBNXEOE53SL7NTZO	1.0
57	30Y6N4AHYRG7018NRQKWNYJ794GRDM	1.0

There are 98 tweets with high task-based scores

Avg task-based score for is_myth_supports = 0.8928776978417267



2.2 2. Worker-based agreement

Compute the score by comparing each task of each worker to the other. If an answer of a worker is equal to its majority of the corresponding task, then the number of correct answers of the work increases by one. The avg_score of each worker is computed by dividing the number of correct answers by total number of tasks that the worker have done.

```
# Variables for rating score computation
  current_woker_id = ""
  total_task_num = 0
  correct_answer_num = 0
  rating_scores = []
  total_task_nums = []
  for idx, row in df.iterrows():
      worker_id = row['WorkerId']
      task_id = row['HITId']
      answer = row[answer_col]
      # Get next worker ID
      if worker_id != current_woker_id:
          current_woker_id = worker_id
          if idx > 0:
              # Compute rating scores
              rating_scores.append(correct_answer_num / total_task_num)
              total_task_nums.append(total_task_num)
              # Reset variables
              total_task_num = 0
              correct_answer_num = 0
       # Check whether the answer is the same as majority answer
      df_answer_counts = df[df['HITId'] == task_id].groupby(answer_col).
size().to_frame().rename(columns={0: 'count'}).sort_values(by=['count'],__
→ascending=False).reset_index()
      majority_count = df_answer_counts.iloc[0]['count']
      try:
          answer_count = df_answer_counts[df_answer_counts[answer_col] ==_
⇔answer].iloc[0]['count']
      except Exception as e:
          print(e)
          print(df[df['HITId'] == task_id])
      if answer_count == majority_count and majority_count > 1:
          is_majority = True
      else:
           is_majority = False
      # Counting if the answer is the same as the majority vote
      if is_majority:
          correct_answer_num += 1
      total_task_num += 1
```

```
# Last task
if idx + 1 > max(df.index):
    # Compute rating scores
    rating_scores.append(correct_answer_num / total_task_num)
    total_task_nums.append(total_task_num)

# print(len(set(df['WorkerId'].values)))
# print("Rating score: " + str(len(rating_scores)))
# print("Total task number: " + str(len(total_task_nums)))

return rating_scores, total_task_nums
```

```
[18]: # Gun violence
      def check_worker_based_score(col):
          df_worker_based = df[['WorkerId', 'HITId', col]].
       ⇔sort_values(by=['WorkerId', 'HITId'])
          df worker_based_rates = df_worker_based.drop_duplicates(subset=['WorkerId'])
          df_worker_based_rates.drop(['HITId', col], axis=1, inplace=True)
          # # Compute scores
          rating_scores, total_task_nums = get_worker_based_rating(df_worker_based,_
       →answer_col=col)
          df worker based rates = df worker based rates.
       →assign(rating_scores=rating_scores)
          df_worker_based_rates = df_worker_based_rates.
       →assign(total_task_nums=total_task_nums)
          # Filter workers that have done only one task
          df_worker_based_rates =_
       df_worker_based_rates[df_worker_based_rates['total_task_nums'] > 1]
          # Check stats
          stats_worker_based_gun_violence = pd.

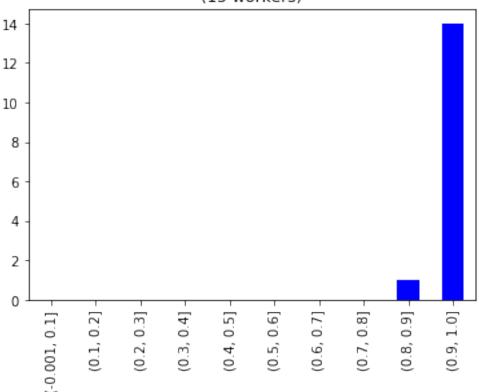
cut(df_worker_based_rates['rating_scores'].values, \

                             bins=[0.0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, __
       →1.0], \
                             include_lowest=True).value_counts()
          stats_worker_based_gun_violence.plot(kind='bar', x='rating_scores', __
       ⇔y='count', color='blue', \
                         title='{}: stats of worker-based agreement\n({} workers)'.
       →format(col, df_worker_based_rates.shape[0]))
          df_gun_violence_worker_based_rates = df_worker_based_rates.
       ⇔sort_values(by=['rating_scores'], ascending=False)
```

```
avg_score = statistics.
                    →mean(df_gun_violence_worker_based_rates['rating_scores'].values)
                           print("Avg worker-based score for {} = {}".format(col, avg_score))
                           done_enough_gun_violence_worker_ids =_
                    odf_gun_violence_worker_based_rates[(df_gun_violence_worker_based_rates['rating_scores']_
                    \Rightarrow = 0.5)]
                 ['WorkerId'].values
                           print("There are {} good workers".

¬format(len(done_enough_gun_violence_worker_ids)))
                           bad_gun_violence_worker_ids =_
                    df_gun_violence_worker_based_rates[(df_gun_violence_worker_based_rates['rating_scores'] المارة والمارة المارة الم
                    < 0.5)]\</pre>
                 ['WorkerId'].values
                           print("There are {} bad workers".format(len(bad_gun_violence_worker_ids)))
                           print(bad_gun_violence_worker_ids)
[19]: check_worker_based_score("is_myth")
              /home/app59/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4315:
              SettingWithCopyWarning:
              A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
              See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
              docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
                    errors=errors,
              Avg worker-based score for is_myth = 0.9731528685255393
              There are 15 good workers
              There are 0 bad workers
               Π
```





[20]: check_worker_based_score("is_myth_supports")

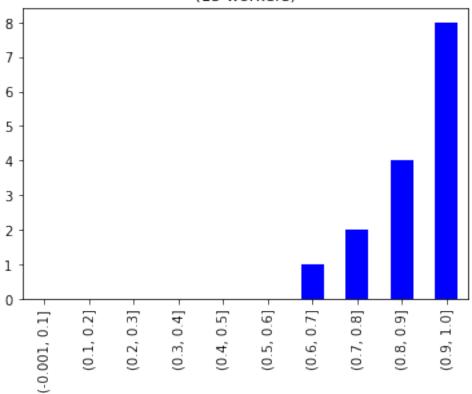
/home/app59/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4315: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy errors=errors,

Avg worker-based score for is_myth_supports = 0.8822651441930458
There are 15 good workers
There are 0 bad workers
[]

is_myth_supports: stats of worker-based agreement (15 workers)



2.3 3 Alpha agreement score

```
[21]: from nltk.metrics import agreement

data = df[['WorkerId', 'HITId', 'is_myth']].values

data = [ e for e in data if e[2] != 'unsure' ]

rating = agreement.AnnotationTask(data=data)

#print("kappa " + str(rating.kappa()))
#print("fleiss " + str(rating.multi_kappa()))
print("alpha " + str(rating.alpha()))
#print("scotts " + str(rating.pi()))
```

alpha 0.9275012569130217

```
[22]: data = df[['WorkerId', 'HITId', 'is_myth_supports']].values
```

```
data = [ e for e in data if e[2] != 'unsure' ]
      rating = agreement.AnnotationTask(data=data)
      \#print("kappa" + str(rating.kappa()))
      #print("fleiss " + str(rating.multi_kappa()))
      print("alpha " + str(rating.alpha()))
      #print("scotts " + str(rating.pi()))
     alpha 0.7145038167938931
[23]: worker_ids = list(set(df['WorkerId']))
      print('There are {} raters'.format(len(worker_ids)))
      task_ids = list(set(df['HITId']))
      print('There are {} tweets'.format(len(task_ids)))
     There are 15 raters
     There are 139 tweets
[24]: df[['is_myth']].groupby('is_myth').size()
[24]: is_myth
     no
                153
      unsure
                  4
                260
      ves
      dtype: int64
[25]: df[['is_myth_supports']].groupby('is_myth_supports').size()
[25]: is_myth_supports
     no
                263
                 90
      unsure
                 64
      yes
```

dtype: int64