equation $\Delta \psi(x, y, z) = (E - V)\psi(x, y, z)$ could be studied as follows. Re-introduce time dependence by consider-

given equation into an equivalent one, possessing the form of a diffusion equation with possible multiplication of the particles involved. For example as suggested by Fermi, the time-independent Schrödinger

ing $u(x, y, z, t) = \psi(x, y, z)e^{-Et}$

u will obey the equation

 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \Delta u - Vu.$

$$-vu$$