General Report #1031095: Authorised by Dr Donald Duck () at 16/01/2019 10:18

Date Serviced: 07/01/2019 11:41

Requests: 19/RA/0000313 (Series 4; Requested by: Dr; Work Site: RA)

Services: CT Coronary Angiogram (NR) (07/01/2019 11:00 -07/01/2019 11:10)

EXAM: CT CORONARY ANGIOGRAM AND CALCIUM SCORE

CLINICAL DETAILS:

Stable symptoms consistent with coronary ischaemia at low to intermediate risk of coronary artery disease and would otherwise have been considered for invasive angiography. Exclude coronary artery disease.

TECHNICAL PARAMETERS:

Single phase CT coronary angiography was performed using prospective ECG gating at 120 kVp. The DLP for the entire study is 204 mGycm⁻¹. Medication administered in the department: 25 mg oral metoprolol. 800 mcg nitrates. Intravenous iodine contrast volume: 100 mL. Data acquisition was at an average heart rate of 48 bpm. Image quality is good.

FINDINGS:

CORONARY ARTERIES

Calcium score

The calcium score is 0. This score is consistent with no calcific coronary artery atherosclerotic plaque burden. On a population basis, this score places the patient in the lowest possible percentile rank for age and gender.

Dominance

The circulation is right dominant.

Left main coronary artery

The LMCA arises from the left coronary sinus of Valsalva in the usual position. It is a large calibre vessel. It divides into the left anterior descending, left circumflex and intermediate arteries. There is no evidence of atherosclerotic disease.

Left anterior descending artery

The LAD is a medium calibre vessel and gives rise to 1 major diagonal branch. There is no evidence of atherosclerotic disease.

Ramus intermedius artery

The ramus intermedius is a small calibre vessel. There is no evidence of atherosclerotic disease

Circumflex artery

The left circumflex artery is a medium calibre vessel and gives rise to 1 major obtuse marginal branch. There is no evidence of atherosclerotic disease.

Right coronary artery

The RCA arises from the right sinus of Valsalva in the usual position. It is a large calibre dominant vessel. It gives rise to a posterior descending artery and posterolateral branch. There is no evidence of atherosclerotic disease.

ADDITIONAL CARDIAC FINDINGS

The cardiac chambers, myocardium, pericardium and scanned segments of the thoracic aorta appear normal.

A small PFO appears to be present.

OTHER FINDINGS

The lungs appear clear.

CONCLUSION:

The epicardial arteries have a normal appearance.

There are no additional cardiac findings of relevance in the scanned segments.

Thank you for referring this patient.

Primary Read of Cardiac and Non Cardiac Findings by: Dr Wonder Woman

Co-read of Cardiac and Non-Cardiac Findings by: Dr Donald Duck