Randwick Medical Imaging Department

(Incorporating POWH, SCH & RHW)

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MRN:

Randwick 2031 Acc No: **2896581**Ward: **DBCCU**

CT CORONARY ANGIOGRAM performed on 14-MAR-2016

Clinical history:

? IHD

Technical parameters:

A CT Coronary Angiogram was performed using a 320 row detector cardiac CT scanner. The images have been evaluated on a 3D work station.

Heart rate: 55-63 bpm

Radiation dose (DLP): 210 mGycm Intravenous BETA-BLOCKER: No

Oral BETA-BLOCKER: Yes 100mg Metoprolol Sublingual Nitroglycerine: Yes, 600 mcg

Technical Quality & technical issues: Diagnostic.

Coronary arteries:

Dominance: Co-dominant

LM:

The left main coronary artery arises from the left coronary sinus and divides into the left anterior descending and left circumflex coronary arteries. The LMCA appears normal.

LAD:

The left anterior descending coronary artery gives rise to 4 diminutive diagonal branches and several small septal branches. There is eccentric calcified plaque in the ostial LAD, resulting in 25% stenosis. Further eccentric calcified plaque at the origin of D2/mid LAD. There is <25% narrowing at this level. There is no haemodynamically significant stenosis in the diminuitive diagnonal vessels.

Circumflex:

The left circumflex coronary artery appears normal. It gives rise to 2 obtuse marginal branch. There is focal eccentric plaque in the distal LCx resulting in <25% narrowing. There is no haemodynamically significant stenosis elsewhere in the LCx or OM branch.

RCA:

The right coronary artery arises from the right coronary sinus and gives rise to conus, sinoatrial and acute marginal branches before terminating as posterolateral and posterior descending artery branches. There is

Page 15 of 60

Printed on: 02-OCT-2019

calcified and non calcified plaque in the proximal RCA resulting in <25% stenosis. No haemodynamically significant stenosis elsewhere.

Cardiac findings:

Cardiac Chambers: Normal Cardiac Valves: Normal. Pericardium: Normal.

Aorta: Mild dilation of the aortic root at the level of the right pulmonary artery to 43 mm noted.

Pulmonary Arteries: Normal.

Other findings:

The lungs are clear. There is a small hiatus hernia. No suspicious osseous lesion identified.

Conclusion:

Multifocal non-obstructive disease in the LAD, RCA and LCX with up to 25% stenosis. Mild dilatation of the ascending aorta (43 mm).

Coread by Dr. Ant Man and Dr. Elton John.

Dictated By: Dr Ant Man

Approved By: Dr Wonder Woman at 31-MAR-2016 02:17 PM

Typist: