

## MACHINE LEARNING

1. (A)Least square Error
2. (A)Linear regression is sensitive to outliers
3. (B)Negative
4. (B)Correlation
- 5.(C)Low bias and high variance
- 6.(B)Predictive model
- 7.(D)Regularization
- 8.(D)SMOTE
- 9.(A)TPR and FPR
- 10.(B)False
- 11.(A)Construction begins with an email
- 12.(B)It becomes slow when number of features is very large
- 13.Regularization is a technique used to prevent overfitting in machine learning models by adding a penalty term to the objective function.it discourages overly complex models
- 14.Lasso and Ridge regression are algorithms used for regularization
- 15.The error in linear regression equation refers to the difference between the predicted values and the actual values of the dependent variables

## PYTHON WORKSHEET

- 1.(C)%
- 2.(B)0
- 3.(C)24
- 4.(D)0
- 5.(A)2
- 6.(C)the finally block will be executed no matter if the try block raises an error or not
- 7.(A)it is used to raise an exception
- 8.(C)in defining a generator
- 9.(A)\_abc,(C)abc2
- 10.(A)yield,(B)raise

## STATISTICS WORKSHEET

- 1.(a) True
- 2.(a) Central Limit Theorem
- 3.(b) Modelling bounded count data
- 4.(c) The square of a standard normal random variable follows what is called chi squared distribution
- 5.(c) Poisson
- 6.(b) false
- 7.(b) Hypothesis
- 8.(a) 0
- 9.(c) Outliers cannot conform to the regression relationship

### 10. Normal Distribution:

Normal distribution also known as Gaussian distribution is a symmetric probability distribution characterized by its bell shaped curve. In a normal distribution the mean, the mode, and the median, are equal and the distribution is completely defined by its mean and standard deviation

### 11. Handling Missing Data And Imputation Techniques:

Handling missing data involves either removing or imputing the missing values. Imputation techniques include mean imputation, mode imputation. And more advanced methods like k Nearest Neighbours (KNN) imputation or multiple imputation

### 12. A/B Testing:

A/B Testing is a statistical method used in marketing and product development to compare two versions (A and B) of a variable determines which performs better. It involves splitting a sample into two groups exposing each group to the different versions analyzing results to make the data driven decisions

### 13. Mean imputation of Missing Data:

Mean imputation involves replacing missing data values with the mean of the observed values for that variable. While it's a simple method, it may introduce bias, especially if missingness is not random. It should be cautiously and other imputation methods should be considered

### 14. Linear Regression in Statistics:

Linear regression is a statistical method used to model the relationship between a dependent variable and one or more independent variables. The relationship is by a linear equation, where coefficients indicate the strength and direction of relationships.

### 15. Branches of statistics:

Statistics comprises several branches, including descriptive statistics (summarizing and presenting), inferential statistics (drawing conclusions from data)

