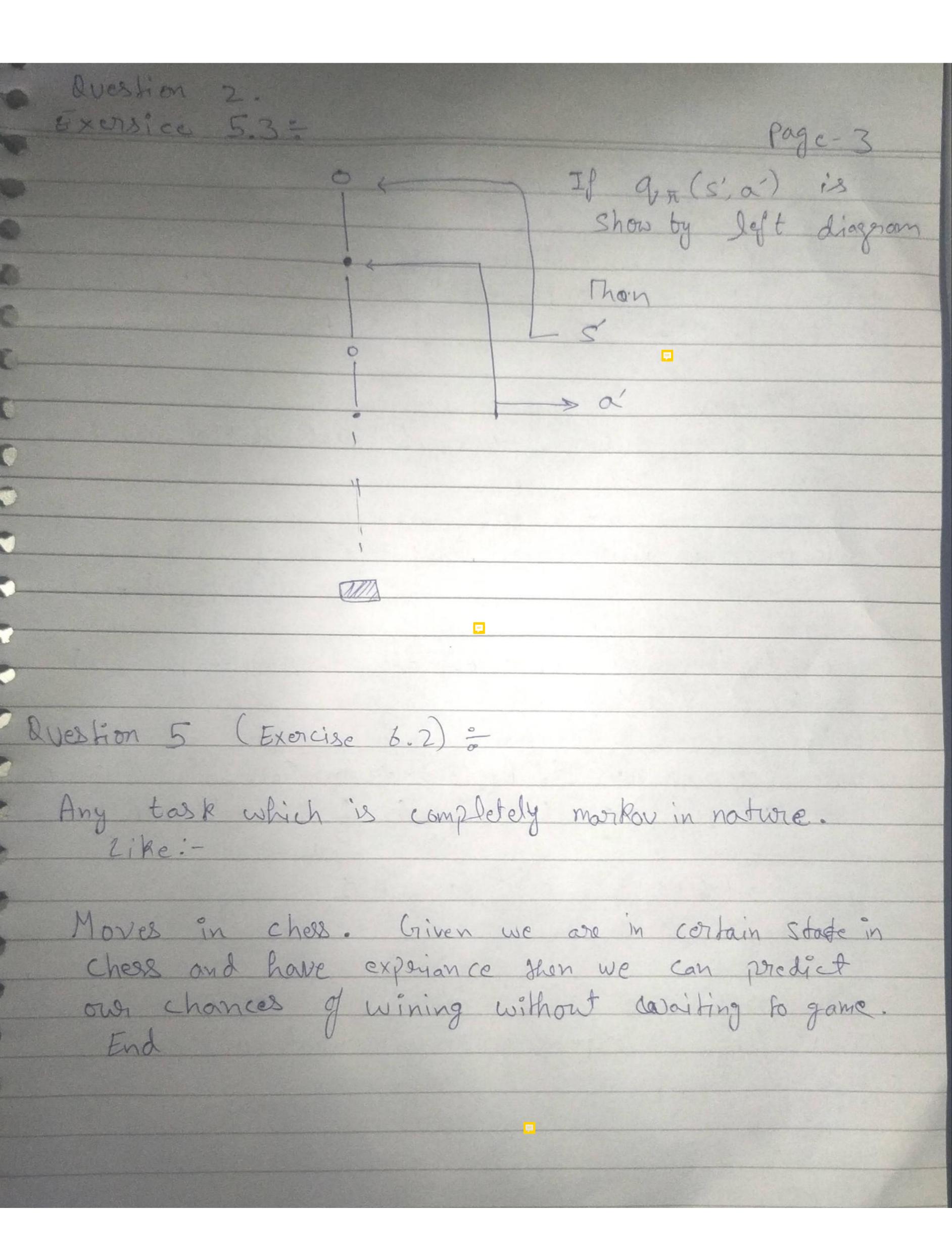
Question 1 (Exercise 5.4) page-1 Q+(9,a) = (By + 6,2 -+ G12)/t Q+ (9,a) = (6,+ - - 6,+ + 6,+) / t +9 = 6,+ +6,+ + 6,+a t=10, (q, a) + = Qt (q, a) - (Gt- Qt (q, a)) Cit => R It represent netwin when state-action pair is visit first in and then discounted average return ferom there. Q (9,a) -> Action - State value ofter T'h update of State - action pain (q,a) It is number of times current State - action pain has been updated. Execuling current update

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pagez Initializa TT(S) & A(S) & (sa) ER Returns (s, a) = empty list, for all -65, at A(s) $M(S,a) = R \perp$ s, ES, atA(s) 1000 Loop Forever Charge So ES A, EA(So) mandomly such that all pain have probability >0 Generale an episode from So, Ao Pollowing TI. So, Ao, R. Loop for each Skp of episode, t=T-1, T-2, -- 0 Cr < y Gr + R t+1 $n(s_t,a_t) = n(s_t,a_t) + 1$ It is single visit & Incommendal approach



Obestion 3 (Exercise 5.6) Page 4 Single visit MC:-Assume at time t we are in states St and taking action At. Now, probability of subsequent trajectory trajectory {(Str. Atm). (ST., AT.), \$ = FT p(Sk) Sk-1, Ak = TP P(SK+1) SK, AR) TT (AR+3 | SK+1) P(ST | ST-1, AT-1 Sampling Importance Ratio $= T(A_{k+1})S_{k+1}$ R=t B(ARTISKH) Replace this Ratio in Eq of off-line state value $V(s,a) = \sum_{t \in T(s,a)} p_t : T(t-1) Gt$ T(s,a) mean in pour (s,a) = tet(sa) Pt:T(t)-1 6 (A; 150) only often pass taking action in State 5

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