Duestion 3) 5x 3.15> NO signs are not important only = 91 E - neward of histing edge

91 A -> neward for leaving box A or B.

91 B -> " Other action's Suidable ander 91E < 90 < 91A, 91B V= R+++ + yR++2 - yn-1 R++n+ Vc = Vx + C[1+y+y2+ - - yn-z] Vc = C[1+y+y2 - yn-=] 2 = c (y^n-1) = c lim y n = 0 = 1-y lim y n = 0 =

It will change the Maze grunning Because in episodic task n
finite. Ex 3.16) from equation's of 3.15 v modified = V priginal + C (yn - I So for different state's n will have different Value's.

Highest for Starting State and lowest for least visited slate.

$$V_{n}(s) = \sum_{\alpha} \pi(\alpha | s) \left(\sum_{\alpha} \sum_{s'} \rho(s', n | s, \alpha) \left[n + yV_{n}(s') \right] \right)$$

$$= \sum_{\alpha} q \sum_{\alpha} \pi(\alpha | s) q_{n}(s, \alpha)$$

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Ans 8> Yes, Rt12 depends of St, At Let ; - S, R, A be the set of state, Reward action. Si, Si Se nopresent state's ofter jumping to next state from initial state(s) by taking action A a. 92 (Rt+2 | S=s, A=a) n() + this
nepresent PMF of Rt+2 Below expression represent probability being in Si afrom state s after taking action a. $P(S_i) = \sum_{r} P(S_i, r) S_r$ State is random $E(s_i') = \sum \sum_{\tau \in \{a \mid s_i'\}} \sum_{s' \in \{s', s' \in \{s',$ $E[R_{t+2} | S_{t}=S, A_{t}=a] = \sum_{i=1}^{N} p(S_{i}^{i})E(S_{i}^{i})$ Since P(Si) depends on St and At so,
Rt+2 also depend on St and At. 'N' is total number of states =

And 9)

E [R_{t+2} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a] =

N

E [R_{t+2} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a] =

N

P (S_i) E (S_i) | Jeron Ans 8.

And 10)

T (als) of A, s & S is given

P (s', r | s, a) is also given.

V_T(s) = E (G₁| S_{t=} s)

=
$$\sum_{a}$$
 Tr (als) E (G₁| S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a)

Solving for E [G₁| S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a]

= E [R_{t+i} † Y G_{t+1} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a]

= E [R_{t+i} † S_t = s, A_{t=} a] † Y E [G_{t+1} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a]

= \sum_{a} re $p(s', r | s, a)$ † Y \sum_{a} $p(s', r | s, a)$ V_{x}

Replace E [G_{t+1} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a] G_{t+1} | S_{t=} s, A_{t=} a]

$$V_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{\alpha} \pi(\alpha|s) \left(\sum_{s' \neq 1} \sum_{p(s', p_1|s, \alpha)} \left[p_1 + y V_{\pi}(s') \right] \right)$$

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$$= 2$$
= 0.5(-1) = -0.5
= (0.5)²(10) = 2.5
= (0.5)³(-3) = -0.375

Let E (G) be x

subtract (ii) from (i)

$$\chi (1-y) = C - y^{n}C$$

$$\chi = E [C_{1}] = C(1-y^{n})$$

$$1-y$$

Since |y| < 1 and $n \to \infty$ so, $y^h \to 0$ $\lim_{h \to \infty}$

$$E[G_{\infty}] = C$$

$$1-y$$

Ans 12) We have V. (s) sES. for any state s & in S. ang max & [(s', 91 | s, a) + y V* (5')] take action 'a' which maximises above expression for a given state.

if new V*(s) is greather than old V*(s) then replace old with new one ong max \(\sum_{\sigma} \) \(\sigma \) \(

