



Instituto Politécnico Nacional
Escuela Superior de Computo



Sistemas Distribuidos

Tarea 10

Seguridad perimetral mediante Firewall

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1 Introducción

En esta práctica de la materia de Sistemas Distribuidos implementaremos seguridad perimetral en Azure utilizando Azure Firewall. El objetivo es controlar y observar el flujo de tráfico desde y hacia una red virtual, aplicando reglas de traducción de direcciones (DNAT), reglas de red basadas en IP y reglas de aplicación basadas en FQDN. Trabajaremos en la suscripción Azure for Students, usando la región Canada Central y siguiendo estrictamente la nomenclatura requerida con la boleta 2022630278.

Para acelerar y asegurar la coherencia del desarrollo, se utilizó la IA de GitHub Copilot como apoyo para estructurar los pasos, generar comandos de Azure CLI y organizar el contenido del reporte. Copilot se empleó como asistente de referencia; todas las acciones y validaciones fueron realizadas por el alumno en el portal de Azure y/o CLI, conforme a las indicaciones del profesor y los lineamientos del curso.

La práctica comprende la creación de una red virtual con sus subredes “default”, “AzureFirewallSubnet” y “AzureFirewallManagementSubnet”, el despliegue de un Azure Firewall con su política Básica, la creación de una máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública, la configuración de reglas DNAT, de red y de aplicación, así como ajustes de seguridad en el NSG y una tabla de rutas para forzar el tráfico saliente a través del firewall. Se realizarán pruebas con ssh, dig y curl para comprobar el comportamiento esperado de las reglas.

2 Objetivos

2.1 Objetivo general

Diseñar e implementar un esquema de seguridad perimetral en Azure que canalice y filtre el tráfico de una red virtual mediante Azure Firewall (SKU Básico), demostrando control de acceso con reglas DNAT, de red y de aplicación, y validando la conectividad permitida y denegada conforme a los requisitos del profesor y los lineamientos del curso.

2.2 Objetivos específicos

- Crear una red virtual en Canada Central con las subredes “default”, “AzureFirewallSubnet” y “AzureFirewallManagementSubnet”, usando el espacio de direcciones indicado.
- Desplegar un Azure Firewall (SKU Básico) con una política de firewall de nivel Básico, asociándolo a la VNet y configurando IPs públicas requeridas.
- Implementar una máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública en la subred “default”, con autenticación por contraseña y registro de su IP privada.
- Ajustar la seguridad mediante NSG: denegar entradas y bloquear la salida hacia “Internet”, dejando el control perimetral al firewall.
- Configurar una tabla de rutas para que el tráfico saliente de la subred “default” pase por el firewall (virtual appliance).
- Crear una regla DNAT para permitir acceso SSH a la VM a través de la IP pública del firewall y verificar conectividad.
- Establecer una regla de red que permita tráfico HTTPS (443) desde la subred “default” únicamente hacia la IP de www.m4gm.com, y validar que otros destinos (ej. google.com) sean bloqueados.
- Sustituir la regla de red por una regla de aplicación que permita HTTP/HTTPS hacia los FQDNs youtube.com y www.youtube.com, y comprobar que dominios no configurados permanezcan bloqueados.

3 Requisitos y lineamientos

Para la realización del reporte de la Tarea 10 se siguieron los lineamientos del curso y se establecieron requisitos técnicos mínimos. Se accedió al portal de Azure con una suscripción Azure for Students, se seleccionó la región Canada Central y se configuró la infraestructura necesaria.

3.1 Requisitos de la práctica

Se realizó la práctica en la suscripción Azure for Students y se eligió la región Canada Central por disponibilidad y cercanía de servicios. Se instaló una máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública en la subred “default”, con autenticación por contraseña, y se creó un Azure Firewall (SKU Básico) asociado a la misma red virtual. Se accedió tanto al portal de Azure como a la CLI para validar la configuración.

- Entorno de nube: Azure for Students (suscripción activa).
- Región: Canada Central.
- Imagen de VM: Ubuntu (22.04 o equivalente).
- Autenticación: contraseña (sin claves SSH).
- Red: VNet con subredes default, AzureFirewallSubnet y AzureFirewallManagementSubnet.
- Firewall: Azure Firewall SKU Básico con política de nivel Básico.
- IP pública en la VM: no se asignó (se usó DNAT del firewall para acceso SSH).

3.2 Nomenclatura

Se aplicó la nomenclatura indicada por el profesor utilizando la boleta 2022630278 en todos los recursos, asegurando consistencia y fácil identificación. La nomenclatura se respetó de forma estricta durante las creaciones de red, firewall, política, IPs públicas y máquina virtual.

- Red virtual: T10-2022630278-vnet

- Firewall: T10-2022630278-fw
- Política de firewall: T10-2022630278-df
- IP pública del firewall: T10-2022630278-ip
- IP pública de administración del firewall: T10-2022630278-ip-admin
- Máquina virtual: T10-2022630278-mv
- Colección de reglas DNAT: T10-2022630278-c-dnat
- Regla DNAT: T10-2022630278-dnat
- Colección de reglas de red: T10-2022630278-c-red
- Regla de red: T10-2022630278-red
- Colección de reglas de aplicación: T10-2022630278-c-app
- Regla de aplicación: T10-2022630278-app

4 Desarrollo

En esta sección se describe el procedimiento completo realizado en Azure para implementar seguridad perimetral con Azure Firewall. Se accedió al portal de Azure, se creó la red virtual y subredes, se desplegó el firewall con su política, se instaló la máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública, se configuraron reglas DNAT, de red y de aplicación, y se ajustaron el NSG y la tabla de rutas para forzar el tráfico saliente a través del firewall. Después de cada paso se indica la figura correspondiente para evidenciar la configuración.

4.1 Creación de la red virtual

Se accedió al portal de Azure y se realizó la creación de la red virtual en la región Canada Central con la nomenclatura indicada. Se configuró el espacio de direcciones y las subredes requeridas para el firewall y para la carga de trabajo.

- Red virtual: T10-2022630278-vnet
- Espacio de direcciones: 10.0.0.0/16
- Subred default: 10.0.0.0/24
- Subred AzureFirewallSubnet: 10.0.1.0/26
- Subred AzureFirewallManagementSubnet: 10.0.2.0/26

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Home page. At the top, there's a search bar and a Copilot button. Below the header, the "Azure services" section features a grid of icons for creating a resource, Virtual networks, Cost Management, Recent resources, Function App, Storage accounts, Azure Database for MySQL, Container instances, Reservations, and More services. The "Resources" section displays a table of recent and favorite resources, including "Azure for Students" (Subscription) last viewed 7 minutes ago and "DefaultWorkspace-fd58a3da-fcef-47d1-ac0e-5b891faa4251-CCAN" (Log Analytics workspace) last viewed 2 weeks ago. The "Navigate" section includes links for Subscriptions, Resource groups, All resources, and Dashboard. The "Tools" section lists Microsoft Learn, Azure Monitor, Microsoft Defender for Cloud, and Cost Management. The bottom of the screen shows a taskbar with various application icons and system status indicators.

The screenshot shows the "Create virtual network" wizard in progress. The current step is "Basics". The "Project details" section asks to select a subscription and resource group. The "Subscription" dropdown is set to "Azure for Students" and the "Resource group" dropdown is set to "(New) T10-2022630278-rg". The "Instance details" section requires entering a "Virtual network name" (T10-2022630278-vnet) and selecting a "Region" (Canada Central). There's also an option to "Deploy to an Azure Extended Zone". At the bottom, there are "Previous", "Next", and "Review + create" buttons, along with a "give feedback" link. The taskbar at the bottom is identical to the one in the previous screenshot.

Edit subnet - Microsoft Azure

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Microsoft Azure

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Home > Network foundation | Virtual networks >

Create virtual network

Basics Security IP addresses Tags Review + create

Subnet purpose: Firewall Management (forced tunneling)

Name: AzureFirewallManagementSubnet

IPv4

Include an IPv4 address space:

IPv4 address range: 10.0.0.0/16
Starting address: 10.0.0.0
Size: /16 (65,536 addresses)
Subnet address range: 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.63

IPv6

Include an IPv6 address space: This virtual network has no IPv6 address ranges.

Private subnet

Private subnets enhance security by not providing default outbound access. To enable outbound connectivity for virtual machines to access the internet, it is necessary to explicitly grant outbound access. A NAT gateway is the recommended way to provide outbound access.

Add IPv4 address space

Previous Next Review + create Save Cancel Give feedback

9°C Sunny 08:51 a.m. 21/12/2025 ENG ES

Add a subnet - Microsoft Azure

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Microsoft Azure

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Home > Network foundation | Virtual networks >

Create virtual network

Basics Security IP addresses Tags Review + create

Configure your virtual network address space with the IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and subnets you need. [Learn more](#)

Define the address space of your virtual network with one or more IPv4 or IPv6 address ranges. Create subnets to segment the virtual network address space into smaller ranges for use by your applications. When you deploy resources into a subnet, Azure assigns the resource an IP address from the subnet. [Learn more](#)

Allocate using IP address pools. [Learn more](#)

+ Add a subnet

Subnet purpose: Firewall Management (forced tunneling)

Name: AzureFirewallManagementSubnet

IPv4

Include an IPv4 address space:

IPv4 address range: 10.0.0.0/16
Starting address: 10.0.2.0
Size: /16 (65,536 addresses)
Subnet address range: 10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.63

IPv6

Include an IPv6 address space: This virtual network has no IPv6 address ranges.

Private subnet

Private subnets enhance security by not providing default outbound access. To enable outbound connectivity for virtual machines to access the internet, it is necessary to explicitly grant outbound access. A NAT gateway is the recommended way to provide outbound access.

Add Previous Next Review + create Save Cancel Give feedback

9°C Sunny 08:50 a.m. 21/12/2025 ENG ES

The screenshot shows the 'Add a subnet' dialog in the Microsoft Azure portal. On the left, there's a preview of a virtual network with one subnet defined: 10.0.0.0/16, with a range of 10.0.0.0 - 10.0.255.255 and 65,536 addresses. On the right, the 'Add a subnet' configuration pane is open. It includes sections for 'Security' (with 'Enable private subnet (no default outbound access)' checked), 'Service Endpoints' (with 'Create service endpoint policies to allow traffic to specific Azure resources from your virtual network over service endpoints'), and 'Services' (with a dropdown menu). At the bottom, there are 'Add', 'Cancel', and 'Review + create' buttons.

This screenshot shows the same 'Add a subnet' dialog but with more detailed configurations. In the 'Subnet purpose' section, 'Azure Firewall' is selected. The 'IPv4' section shows a range of 10.0.0.0/16 with a starting address of 10.0.1.0 and a size of /26 (64 addresses). The 'IPv6' section has a checkbox for 'This virtual network has no IPv6 address ranges' which is unchecked. The 'Private subnet' section contains a note about enhancing security by not providing default outbound access. At the bottom, the 'Add', 'Cancel', and 'Review + create' buttons are visible.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit subnet' page in Microsoft Azure. The subnet is named 'AzureFirewallManagementSubnet'. The 'Subnet purpose' is set to 'Firewall Management (forced tunneling)'. The 'Name' is 'AzureFirewallManagementSubnet'. The 'IPv4' section includes an 'Include an IPv4 address space' checkbox (checked), an 'IPV4 address range' dropdown (set to '10.0.0.0/16'), a 'Starting address' dropdown (set to '10.0.2.0'), and a 'Size' dropdown (set to '/26 (64 addresses)'). The 'Subnet address range' is '10.0.2.0 - 10.0.2.63'. The 'IPv6' section has a checkbox 'Include an IPv6 address space' which is unchecked. A note states: 'This virtual network has no IPv6 address ranges.' The 'Private subnet' section notes that private subnets enhance security by not providing default outbound access. The 'Review + create' button is at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the 'Create virtual network' page in Microsoft Azure. The validation status is 'Validation passed'. The 'Basics' section includes: Subscription ('Azure for Students'), Resource Group ('T10-2022630278-rg'), Name ('T10-2022630278-vnet'), and Region ('Canada Central'). The 'Security' section shows: Azure Bastion ('Disabled'), Azure Firewall ('Disabled'), and Azure DDoS Network Protection ('Disabled'). The 'IP addresses' section shows an 'Address space' of '10.0.0.0/16 (65,536 addresses)'. The 'Create' button is highlighted at the bottom.

Create virtual network

Validation passed

Basics **Security** **IP addresses** **Tags** **Review + create**

Name: T10-2022630278-vnet
Region: Canada Central

Security

Azure Bastion: Disabled
Azure Firewall: Disabled
Azure DDoS Network Protection: Disabled

IP addresses

Address space: 10.0.0/16 (65,536 addresses)
Subnet: default (10.0.0/24) (256 addresses)
Subnet: AzureFirewallSubnet (10.0.1/26) (64 addresses)
Subnet: AzureFirewallManagementSubnet (10.0.2/26) (64 addresses)

Tags

Previous **Next** **Create** **Download a template for automation** **Give feedback**

T10-2022630278-vnet-1766328750939 | Overview

Your deployment is complete

Deployment name : T10-2022630278-vnet-1766328750939
Start time : 12/21/2025, 8:52:35 AM
Correlation ID : 92875c42-a0ab-432a-8ac9-72d5cd58141d

Subscription : Azure for Students
Resource group : T10-2022630278-rg

Deployment details

Next steps

Give feedback

Cost management
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Secure your apps and infrastructure
[Go to Microsoft Defender for Cloud >](#)

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Work with an expert
Azure experts are service provider partners who can help manage your assets on Azure and be your first line of support.
[Find an Azure expert >](#)

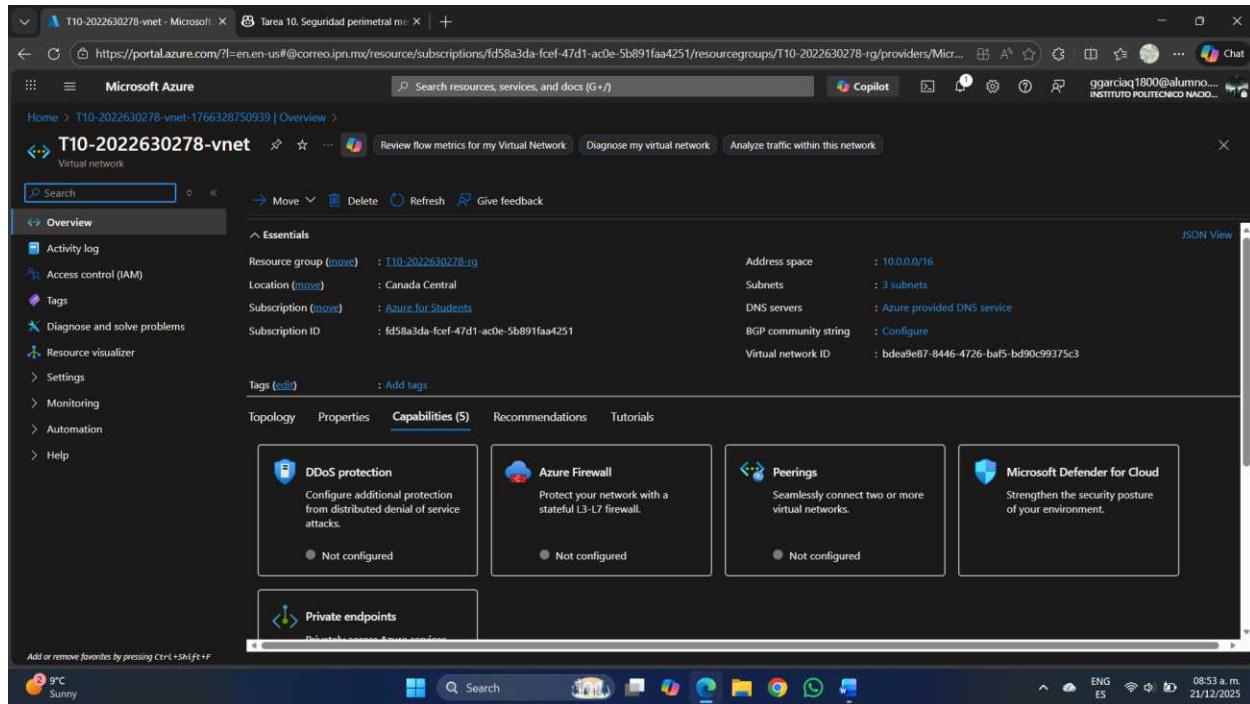
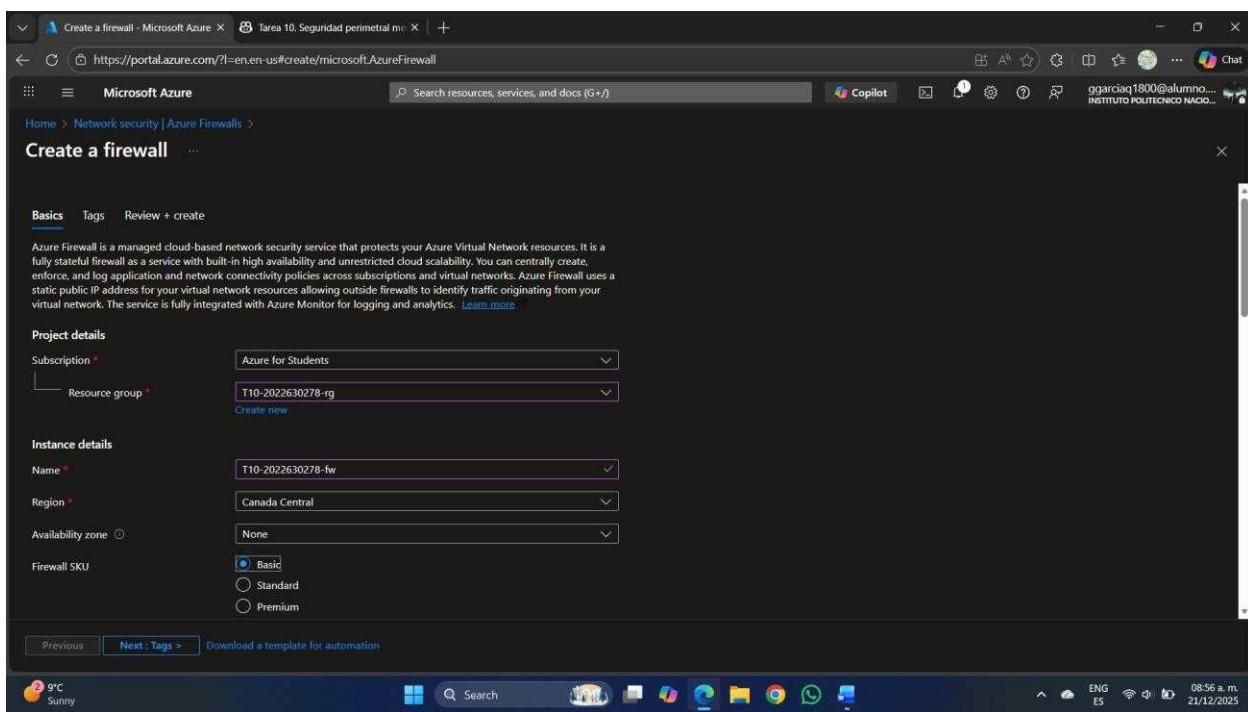
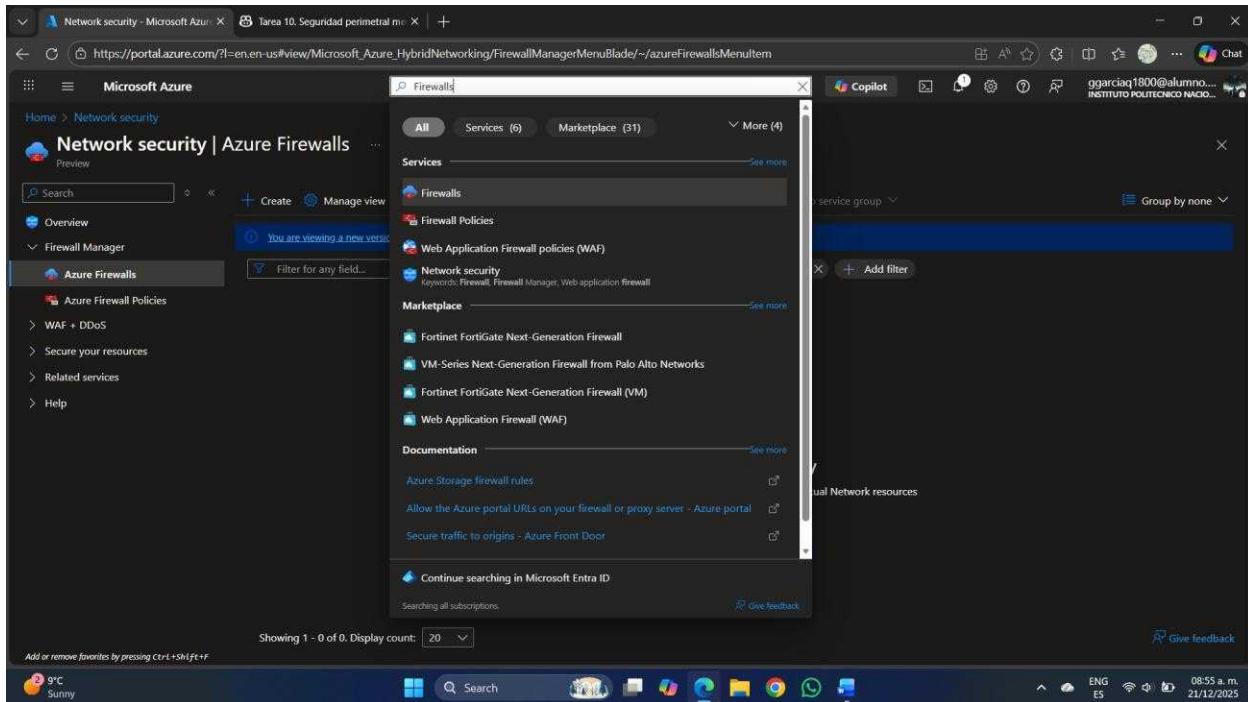


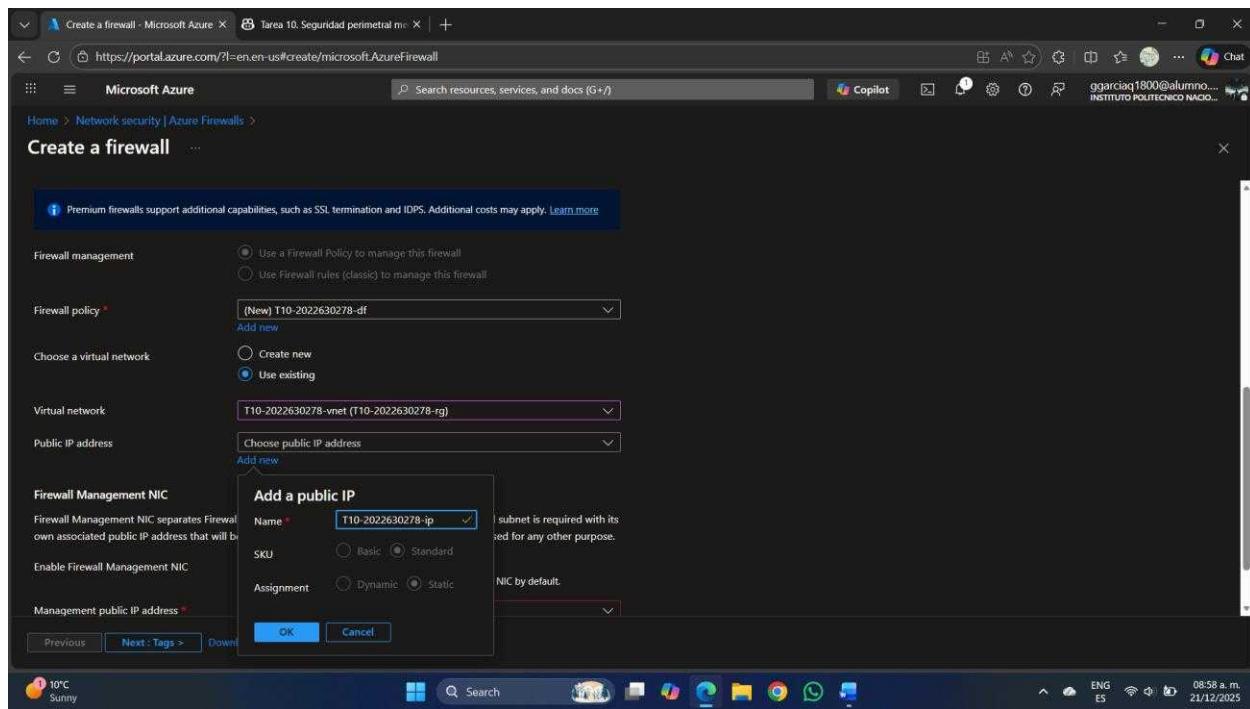
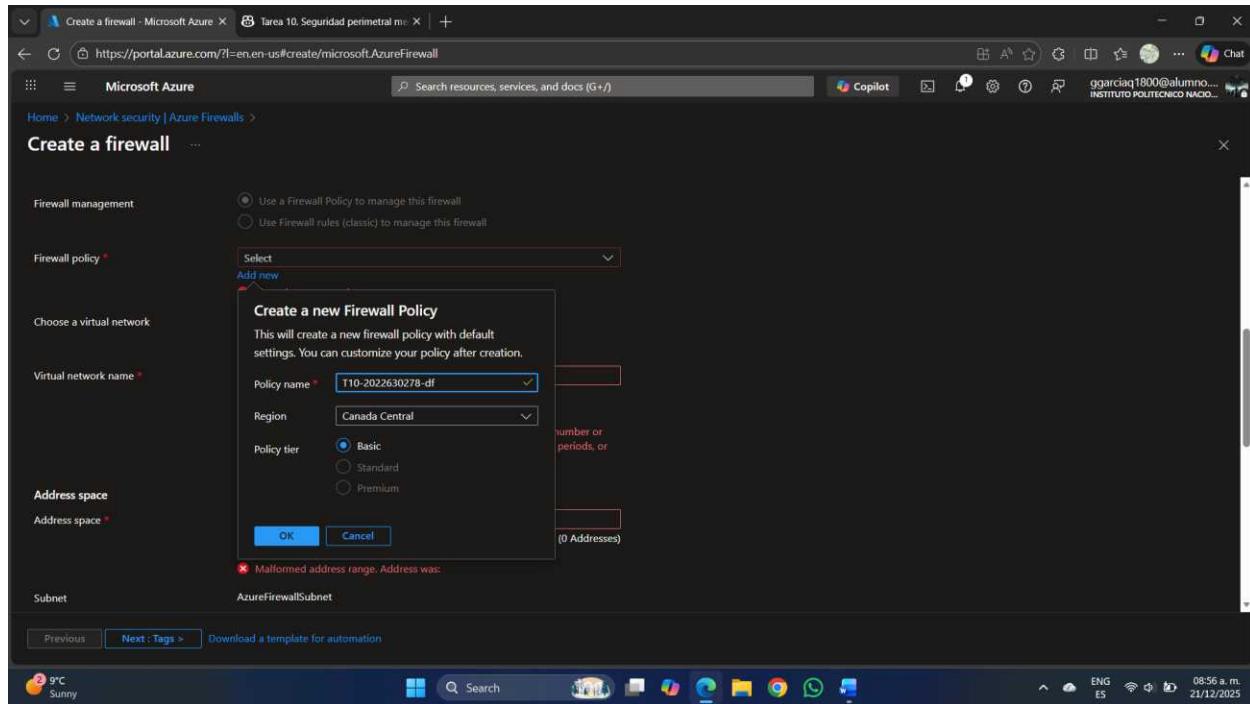
Figura 7. Creación de la red virtual y subredes en Canada Central (T10-2022630278-vnet).

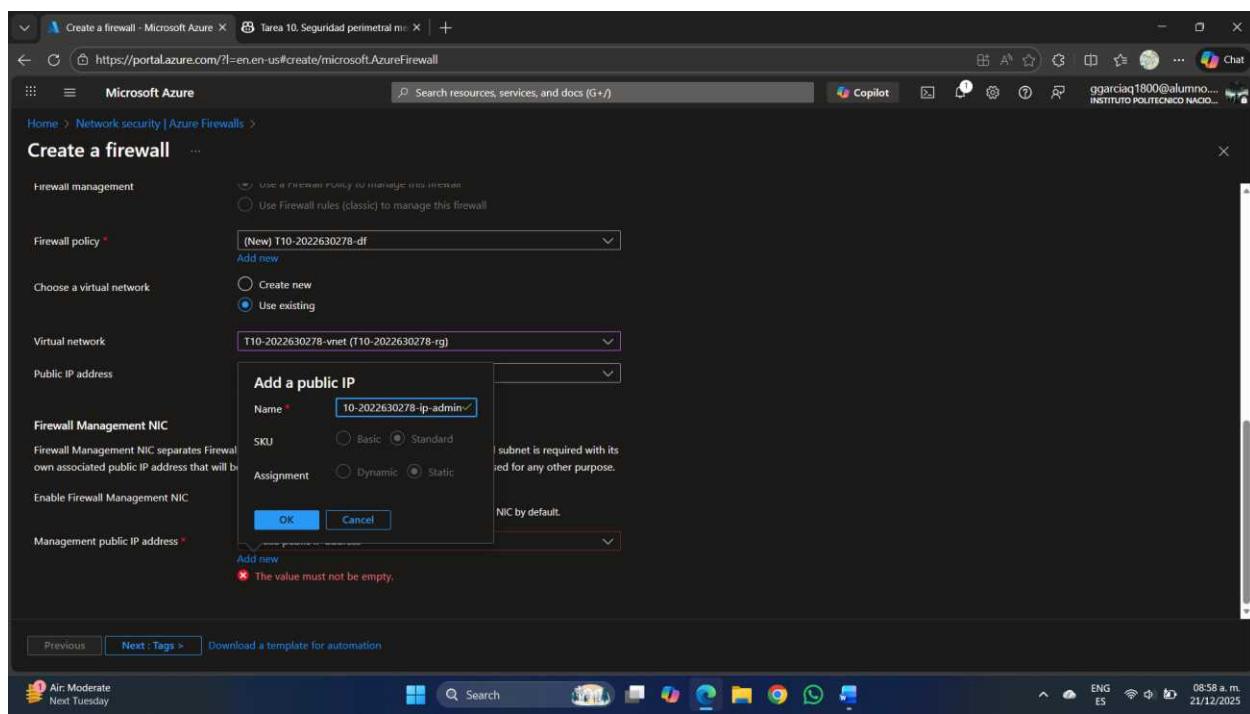
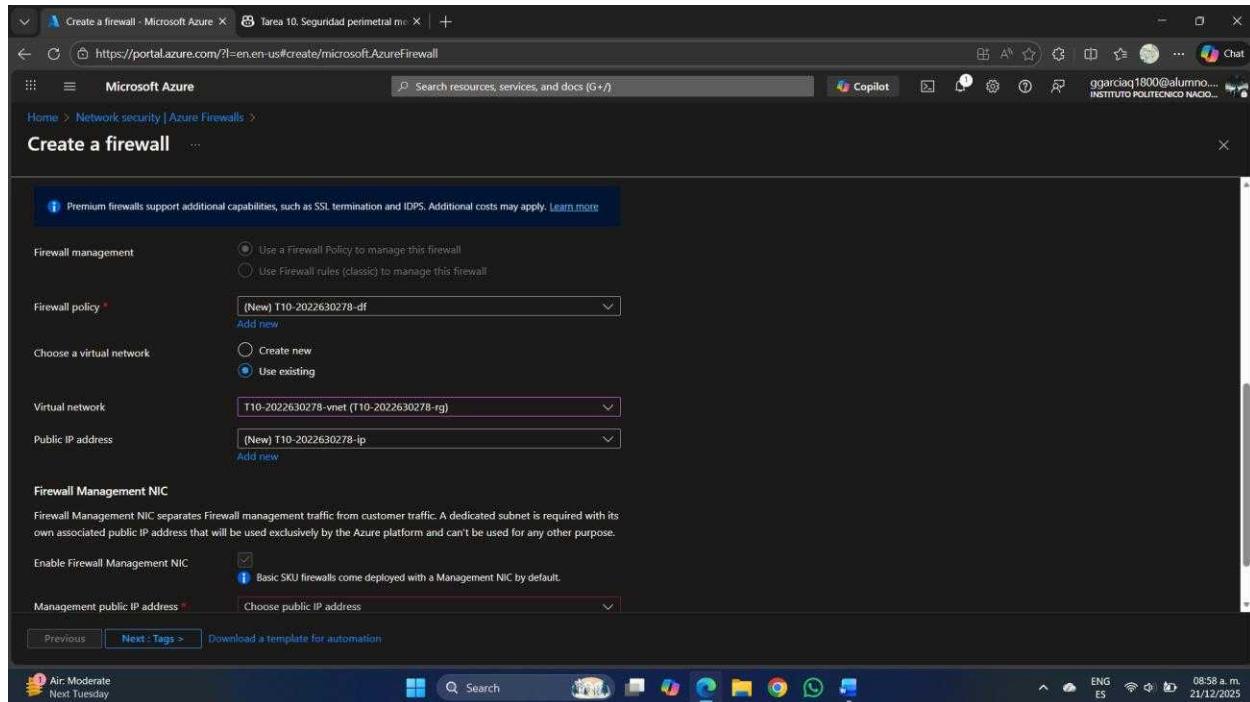
4.2 Creación del Azure Firewall y su política

Se creó el recurso Azure Firewall con SKU Básico y se asoció a la red virtual previamente creada. Se realizó la creación de la política de firewall de nivel Básico, y se configuraron las IP públicas requeridas para operación y administración. Se registraron las direcciones IP pública y privada del firewall para uso posterior.

- Firewall: T10-2022630278-fw (SKU: Básico, Zona de disponibilidad: Ninguno)
- Política de firewall: T10-2022630278-df (Tier: Básico)
- IP pública del firewall: T10-2022630278-ip (SKU Standard, estática)
- IP pública de administración: T10-2022630278-ip-admin (SKU Standard, estática)
- Asociación a VNet: T10-2022630278-vnet







Premium firewalls support additional capabilities, such as SSL termination and IDPS. Additional costs may apply. [Learn more](#)

Firewall management

Use a Firewall Policy to manage this firewall
 Use Firewall rules (classic) to manage this firewall

Firewall policy * [Add new](#)

Choose a virtual network

Create new
 Use existing

Virtual network

Public IP address [Add new](#)

Firewall Management NIC

Firewall Management NIC separates Firewall management traffic from customer traffic. A dedicated subnet is required with its own associated public IP address that will be used exclusively by the Azure platform and can't be used for any other purpose.

Enable Firewall Management NIC
Basic SKU firewalls come deployed with a Management NIC by default.

Management public IP address * [Add new](#)

[Previous](#) [Next : Tags >](#) [Download a template for automation](#)

Validation passed

Basics

Subscription: Azure for Students
Resource group: T10-2022630278-rg
Region: Canada Central
Azure Firewall Sku: Basic
Firewall Policy Name: T10-2022630278-df
Firewall Policy Sku: Basic
Virtual network: T10-2022630278-vnet
Address space: 10.0.0/16
Firewall public IP address: T10-2022630278-ip
Management subnet address space: None
Management public IP address: T10-2022630278-ip-admin
Availability zone: None

[Create](#) [Previous](#) [Next](#) [Download a template for automation](#)

The image displays two screenshots of the Microsoft Azure portal interface, illustrating the deployment and configuration of an Azure Firewall.

Screenshot 1: Microsoft.AzureFirewall-20251221085937 | Overview

- Deployment:** Your deployment is complete.
- Deployment name:** Microsoft.AzureFirewall-20251221085937
- Subscription:** Azure for Students
- Resource group:** T10-2022630278-rg
- Start time:** 12/21/2025, 8:59:58 AM
- Correlation ID:** df3950cd-aff8-491a-9636-98ce4c5aa2b6

Next steps: Go to resource, Give feedback.

Screenshot 2: T10-2022630278-fw - Microsoft Azure

- Overview:**
 - Resource group:** T10-2022630278-rg
 - SKU:** Basic (change)
 - Location:** Canada Central
 - Subscription:** Azure for Students
 - Subscription ID:** fd58a3da-fcef-47d1-ac0e-5b891faa4251
 - Virtual network:** T10-2022630278-vnet
 - Firewall policy:** T10-2022630278-df (change)
 - Provisioning state:** Succeeded
 - Tags:** Add tags
- Firewall policy:**
 - Policy: T10-2022630278-df (change)
 - Auto-learn IP Prefixes: Disabled
- Rules:**
 - DNAT rules: 0 rules in 0 collections
 - Network rules: 0 rules in 0 collections
 - Application rules: 0 rules in 0 collections

Figura 8. Despliegue del Azure Firewall y asociación de la política e IPs públicas.

4.3 Creación de la máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública

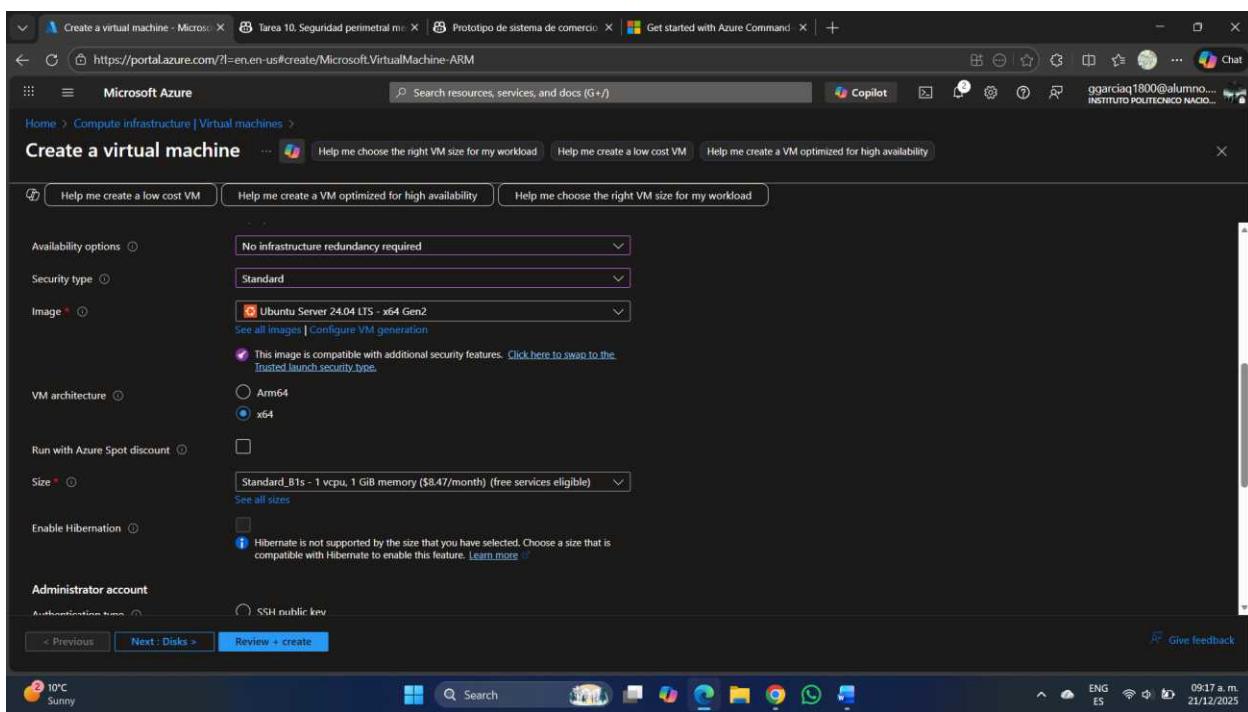
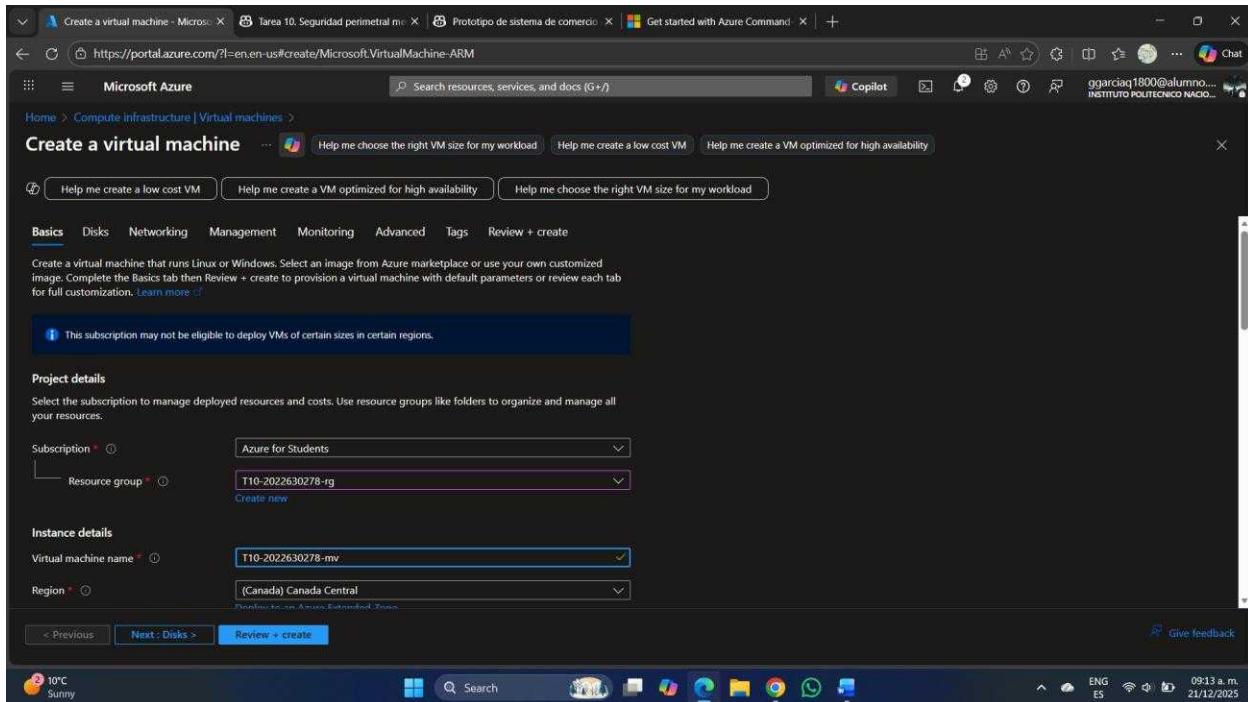
Se realizó la creación de la máquina virtual Ubuntu en la subred default de la red virtual.

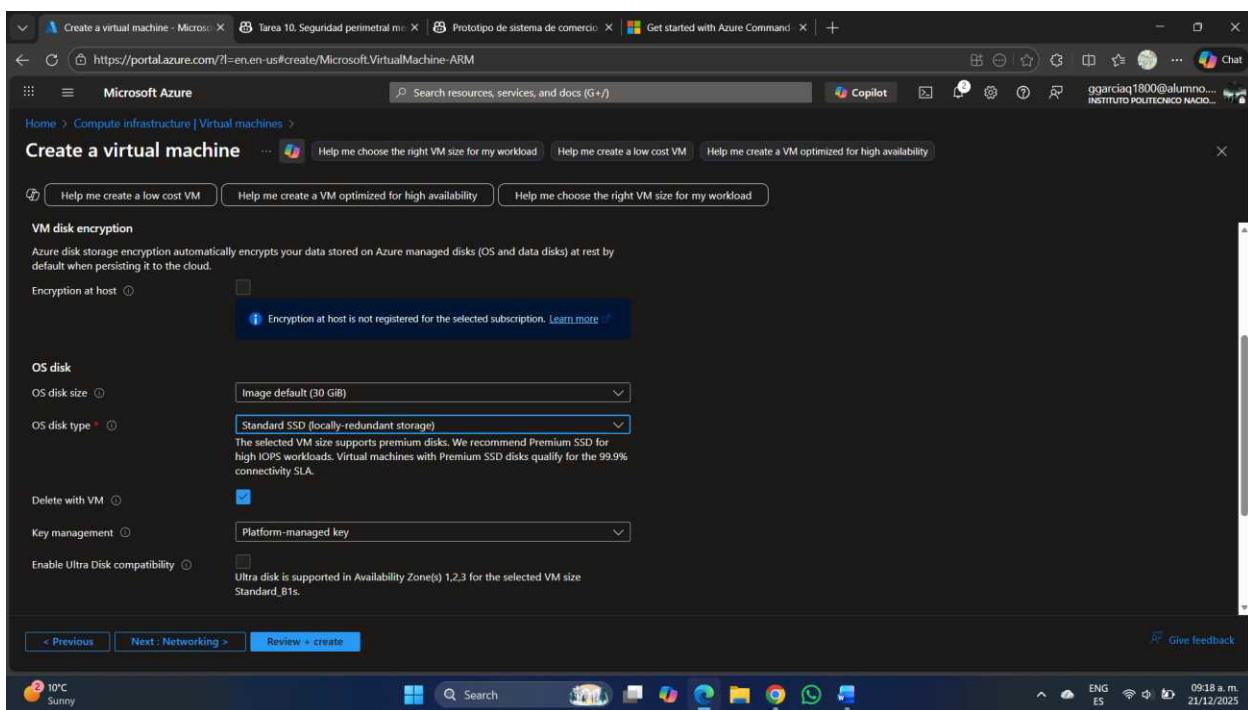
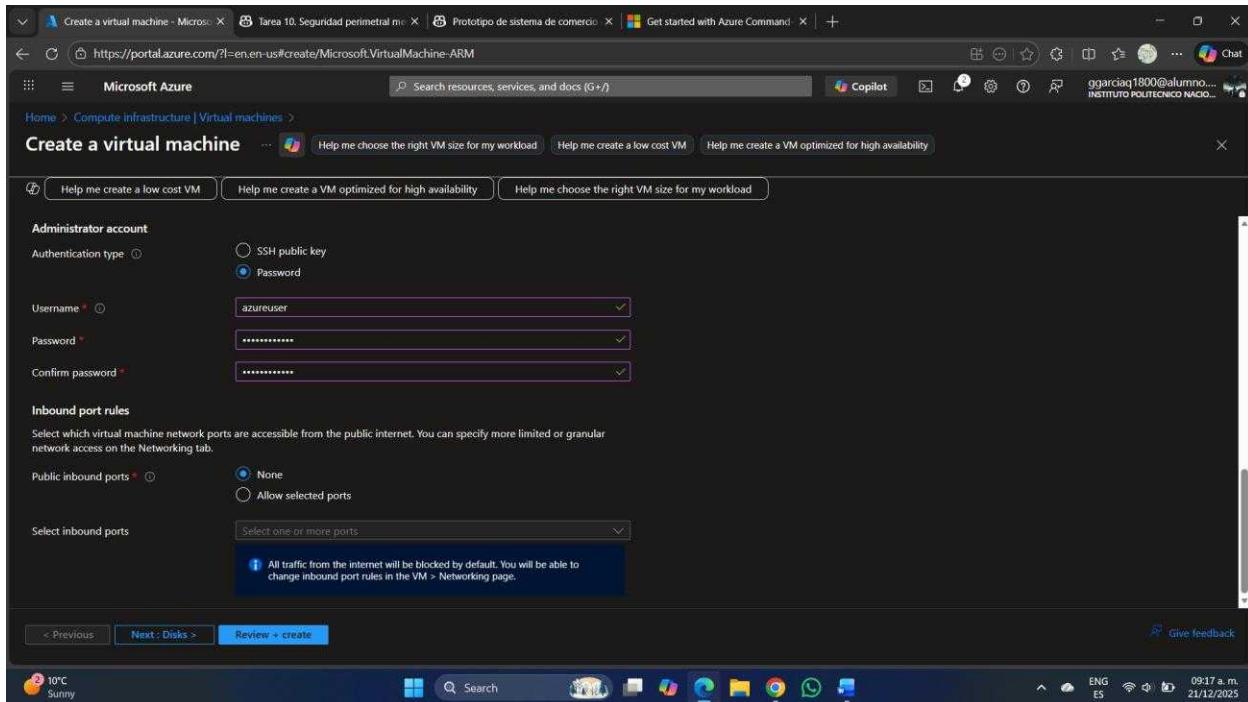
Se seleccionó autenticación por contraseña y se evitó asignar IP pública para que el acceso se requiera únicamente a través del firewall mediante DNAT.

- Máquina virtual: T10-2022630278-mv
- Imagen: Ubuntu (22.04)
- Autenticación: contraseña
- Red virtual: T10-2022630278-vnet
- Subred: default
- IP pública: ninguna
- Puertos de entrada públicos: ninguno
- Se registró la IP privada de la VM

This screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Compute infrastructure Virtual machines blade. The left sidebar is expanded to show the 'Virtual machines' section. The main area displays a message: 'No virtual machines to display'. Below this, there is a callout: 'Create a virtual machine that runs Linux or Windows. Select an image from the marketplace or use your own customized image.' A prominent blue '+ Create' button is centered at the bottom of the main content area.

This screenshot shows the same Microsoft Azure Compute infrastructure Virtual machines blade, but with a different view. The 'Virtual machines' section is highlighted in the sidebar. The main content area now lists several options: 'Virtual machine', 'Virtual machine scale set (VMSS)', 'Presets', and 'Hybrid, preconfigured, and high volume solutions'. Each option has a brief description and a small icon next to it. The overall layout is identical to the first screenshot, with the '+ Create' button at the bottom.





Create a virtual machine - Microsoft Azure | Tarea 10. Seguridad perimetral m... | Prototipo de sistema de comercio | Get started with Azure Command Line Tools | +

https://portal.azure.com/?l=en-en-us#create/Microsoft.VirtualMachine-ARM

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Home > Compute infrastructure | Virtual machines > Create a virtual machine

Help me choose the right VM size for my workload | Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability

Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability | Help me choose the right VM size for my workload

Basics Disks **Networking** Management Monitoring Advanced Tags Review + create

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution.

Learn more ↗

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network* Create new

Subnet* Manage subnet configuration

Public IP Create new

NIC network security group None Basic Advanced

Public inbound ports* None

< Previous | Next : Management > | Review + create | Give feedback

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Create a virtual machine - Microsoft Azure | Tarea 10. Seguridad perimetral m... | Prototipo de sistema de comercio | Get started with Azure Command Line Tools | +

https://portal.azure.com/?l=en-en-us#create/Microsoft.VirtualMachine-ARM

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Home > Compute infrastructure | Virtual machines > Create a virtual machine

Help me choose the right VM size for my workload | Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability

Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability | Help me choose the right VM size for my workload

Public inbound ports* None Allow selected ports

Select inbound ports All traffic from the internet will be blocked by default. You will be able to change inbound port rules in the VM > Networking page.

Delete NIC when VM is deleted

Enable accelerated networking The selected VM size does not support accelerated networking.

Load balancing

You can place this virtual machine in the backend pool of an existing Azure load balancing solution. [Learn more ↗](#)

Load balancing options None Azure load balancer Supports all TCP/UDP network traffic, port-forwarding, and outbound flows. Application gateway Web traffic load balancer for HTTP/HTTPS with URL-based routing, SSL termination, session persistence, and web application firewall.

< Previous | Next : Management > | Review + create | Give feedback

10°C Sunny 09:19 a.m. 21/12/2025

Create a virtual machine

Help me choose the right VM size for my workload | Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability

Basics Disks Networking Management **Monitoring** Advanced Tags Review + create

Configure monitoring options for your VM.

Alerts
Enable recommended alert rules

Diagnostics
Boot diagnostics Enable with managed storage account (recommended) Enable with custom storage account Disable
Enable OS guest diagnostics

Health
Enable application health monitoring

< Previous Next: Advanced > Review + create Give feedback

Create a virtual machine

Validation passed

Help me create a low cost VM | Help me create a VM optimized for high availability | Help me choose the right VM size for my workload

Basics Disks Networking Management **Monitoring** Advanced Tags Review + create

Price
1 X Standard B1s by Microsoft Subscription credits apply 0.0116 USD/hr Pricing for other VM sizes
[Terms of use](#) [Privacy policy](#)

TERMS
By clicking "Create", I (a) agree to the legal terms and privacy statement(s) associated with the Marketplace offering(s) listed above; (b) authorize Microsoft to bill my current payment method for the fees associated with the offering(s), with the same billing frequency as my Azure subscription; and (c) agree that Microsoft may share my contact, usage and transactional information with the provider(s) of the offering(s) for support, billing and other transactional activities. Microsoft does not provide rights for third-party offerings. See the [Azure Marketplace Terms](#) for additional details.

Name: GUSTAVO IVAN GARCIA QUIROZ
Preferred e-mail address: ggarciaq1800@alumno.ipn.mx

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Basics

Subscription	Azure for Students
Resource group	T10-2022630278-rg
Virtual machine name	T10-2022630278-mv
Region	Canada Central
Availability options	No infrastructure redundancy required
Zone options	Self-selected zone
Security type	Standard
Image	Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS - Gen2
VM architecture	x64
Size	Standard B1s (1 vcpu, 1 GiB memory)
Enable hibernation	No
Authentication type	Password
Username	azureuser
Public inbound ports	None
Azure Spot	No

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Disks

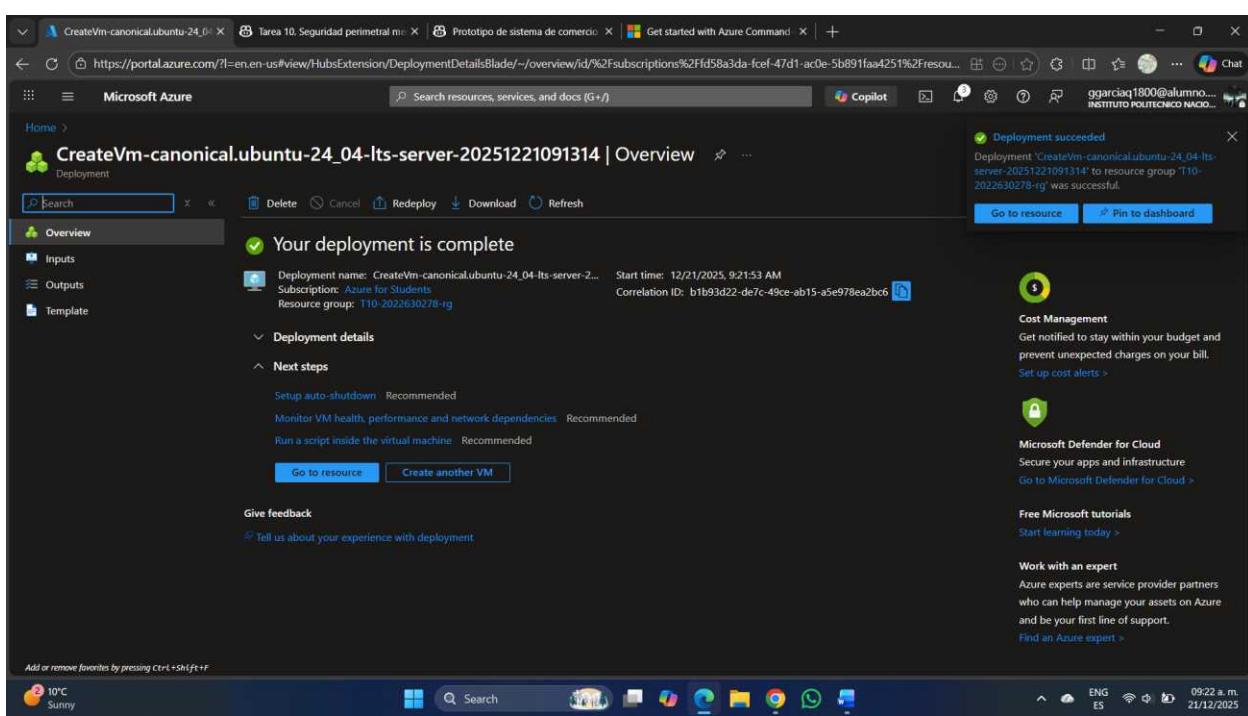
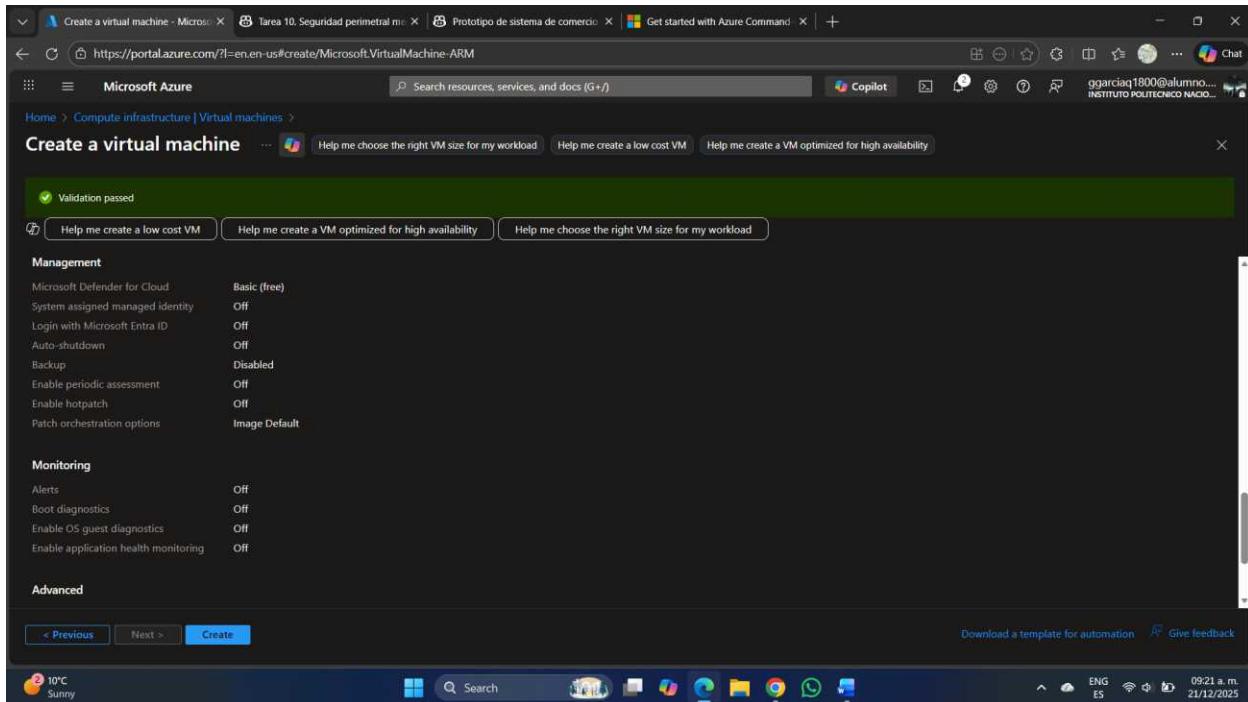
OS disk size	Image default
OS disk type	Standard SSD LRS
Use managed disks	Yes
Delete OS disk with VM	Enabled
Ephemeral OS disk	No

Networking

Virtual network	T10-2022630278-vnet
Subnet	default (10.0.0.0/24)
Public IP	None
Accelerated networking	Off
Place this virtual machine behind an existing load balancing solution?	No
Delete NIC when VM is deleted	Disabled

Management

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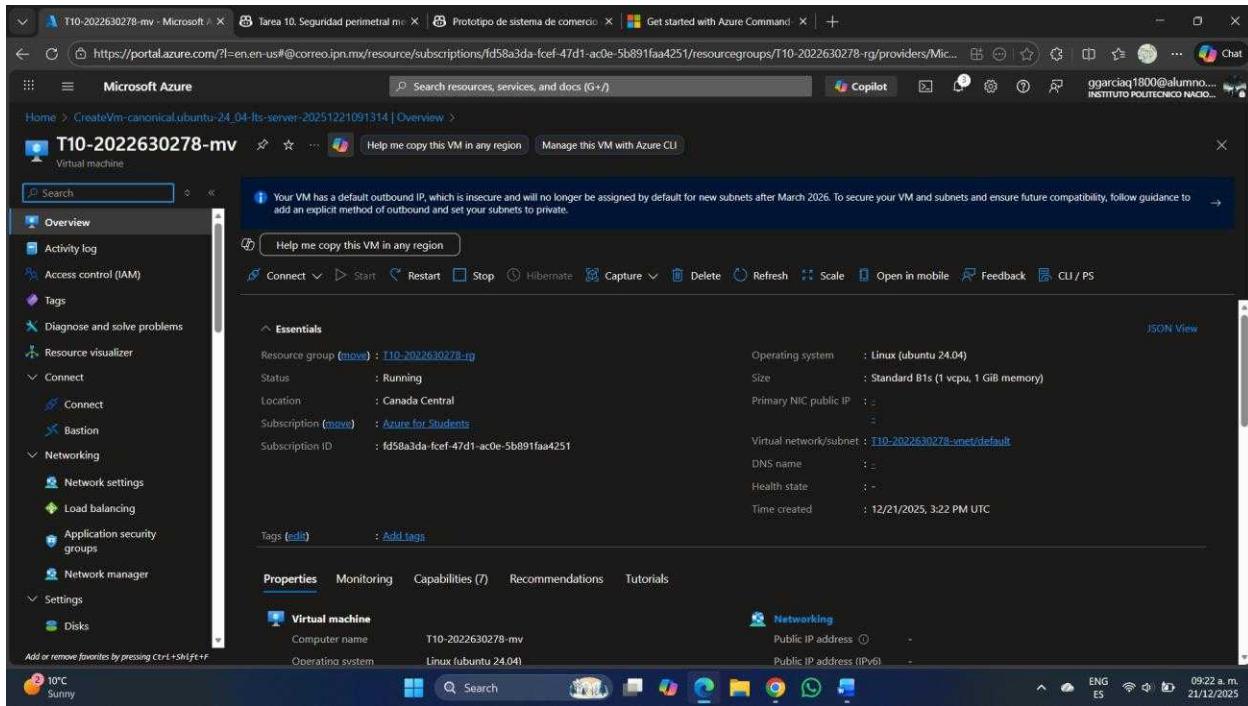


Figura 9. Creación de la máquina virtual Ubuntu sin IP pública en la subred default.

4.4 Configuración del NSG en la NIC de la VM

Se configuró el NSG de la NIC de la máquina virtual para reforzar la seguridad en el perímetro de la subred. Se realizó la creación de regla que bloquean la salida directa a Internet, delegando el control al firewall.

- Regla de salida: Deny Internet (service tag Internet, prioridad 100)

Add outbound security rule

T10-2022630278-mv-nsg

Source: Any

Source port ranges: *

Destination: Service Tag

Destination service tag: Internet

Service: Custom

Destination port ranges: *

Protocol: Any

TCP

UDP

ICMPv4

ICMPv6

Add Cancel Give feedback

Add outbound security rule

T10-2022630278-mv-nsg

Destination port ranges: *

Protocol: Any

TCP

UDP

ICMPv4

ICMPv6

Action: Allow

Priority: 100

Name: Deny-Internet-Outbound

Description:

Add Cancel Give feedback

Created security rule
Successfully created security rule 'Deny-Internet-Outbound'.

Priority ↑	Name ↑	Port ↑	Protocol ↑	Source ↑	Destination ↑	Action ↑
100	Deny-Internet-Outbound	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65000	AllowVnetOutBound	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	AllowInternetOutBound	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65500	DenyAllOutBound	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

Figura 10. Regla del NSG en la NIC de la VM (Deny Internet Outbound).

Nota: La regla de seguridad de salida “Deny-Internet-Outbound” activo impidió la conexión a cualquier enlace de internet como YouTube, Google y m4gm, por lo que solo añadimos una excepción y quitamos la regla para poder continuar con el desarrollo de la tarea exitosamente.

Priority ↑	Name ↑↓	Port ↑↓	Protocol ↑↓	Source ↑	Destination ↑	Action ↑↓
65000	AllowVnetOutBound	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	AllowInternetOutBound	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65500	DenyAllOutBound	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

Figura 10.1. Reglas del NSG.

4.5 Tabla de rutas (UDR) para salida a través del firewall

Se realizó la creación de una tabla de rutas y se agregó una ruta por defecto (0.0.0.0/0) apuntando a la IP privada del firewall como Virtual appliance. Se asoció la UDR a la subred default para asegurar que el tráfico saliente pase por el firewall y las reglas de red/aplicación se apliquen correctamente.

- Tabla de rutas: T10-2022630278-vnet-rt (o equivalente)
- Ruta: 0.0.0.0/0 → Next hop: Virtual appliance (IP privada del firewall)
- Asociación: subred default

Network foundation | Route tables

Route tables

Services (9)

Documentation (99+)

Route tables

Route filters

ExpressRoute circuits

ExpressRoute Direct

What is Azure Virtual Network?

Azure Virtual WAN Overview

Tutorial: Create site-to-site connections using Virtual WAN - Azure Virtual WAN

Azure virtual network service endpoints

Continue searching in Microsoft Entra ID...

+ Create

Give feedback

No route tables to display

Create a route table when you need to override Azure's default routing. For example, you can route traffic to a network virtual appliance or to your on-premises network for inspection. A route table contains routes and is associated to one or more subjects.

+ Create

Give feedback

Crear la tabla de rutas (UDR) y asociarla a la subred default Esto es lo que hace que TODO el tráfico de salida de la subred default se encamine al firewall, para que tus reglas de red/aplicación realmente controlen la salida.

1. Crear la tabla de rutas:

- Portal → Buscar “Tablas de rutas” (Route tables) → Crear.
- Grupo de recursos: T10-2022630278-rg.
- Nombre: T10-2022630278-rt (por ejemplo).
- Región: Canada Central.
- Crear.

Create Route table

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription: Azure for Students

Resource group: T10-2022630278-rg

Region: Canada Central

Name: T10-2022630278-rt

Propagate gateway routes: Yes

Basics Tags Review + create

Previous Next Review + create Give feedback

Create Route table

Basics

Subscription	Azure for Students
Resource group	T10-2022630278-rg
Region	Canada Central
Name	T10-2022630278-rt
Propagate gateway routes	Yes

Basics Tags Review + create

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Name	Resource Group	Location	Subscription
T10-2022630278-rg	T10-2022630278-rg	Canada Central	Azure for Students

2. Se agrego la ruta por defecto:

- Se abrio la tabla de rutas, luego Rutas, y Agregar.
- Nombre: default-to-fw.
- Prefijo de dirección: 0.0.0.0/0.
- Tipo de siguiente salto: Virtual appliance.
- Dirección IP del siguiente salto: la IP privada del firewall T10-2022630278-fw en AzureFirewallSubnet (no la pública).
- Guardar.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The left sidebar is titled "T10-2022630278-rt | Routes" and includes options like Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Diagnose and solve problems, Resource visualizer, Settings, Configuration, Subnets, Properties, Locks, Monitoring, Automation, and Help. The main content area is titled "T10-2022630278-rt | Routes" and has tabs for Overview, Activity log, and Routes. A search bar at the top right says "Search resources, services, and docs (G+)" and includes "Copilot", "Give feedback", and a user profile for "ggarciaq1800@alumno... INSTITUTO POLITÉCNICO NACIONAL". Below the tabs is a table header with columns: Name ↑, Address prefix ↑, Next hop type ↑, and Next hop IP address ↑. The table body below says "No results.".

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface with the "Add route" dialog box open. The dialog box is titled "Add route" and is associated with "T10-2022630278-rt". It contains fields for "Route name" (set to "default-to-fw"), "Destination type" (set to "IP Addresses"), "Destination IP addresses/CIDR ranges" (set to "0.0.0.0/0"), "Next hop type" (set to "Virtual appliance"), and "Next hop address" (set to "10.0.1.4"). A note at the bottom of the dialog box says: "Ensure you have IP forwarding enabled on your virtual appliance. You can enable this by navigating to the respective network interface's IP address settings." At the bottom right of the dialog box are "Add" and "Give feedback" buttons. The left sidebar and top navigation bar are identical to the first screenshot.

The screenshot shows the Azure portal interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Microsoft AI, Tarea 10, Seguridad perimetral, Prototipo de sistema de comercio, and Get started with Azure Command. The main content area is titled "T10-2022630278-rt | Routes". The left sidebar has sections for Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Diagnose and solve problems, Resource visualizer, Settings (Configuration, Routes, Subnets, Properties, Locks), Monitoring, Automation, and Help. The "Routes" section is currently selected. The main table displays one route entry:

Name	Address prefix	Next hop type	Next hop IP address
default-to-fw	0.0.0.0/0	VirtualAppliance	10.0.1.4

3. Asociar la tabla a la subred “default”:

- En la tabla de rutas → Subnets → Associate.
- VNet: T10-2022630278-vnet.
- Subnet: default.
- Guardar. Efecto: Todo tráfico de salida de la subred default irá al firewall como “siguiente salto”. Como tu regla NSG “Deny Internet Outbound” niega solo el service tag Internet, la comunicación hacia el firewall (IP privada dentro de la VNet) no se ve afectada. Desde el firewall, las reglas que configures (red/app) gobernarán qué destinos externos están permitidos.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The left sidebar navigation bar is visible, showing options like Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Diagnose and solve problems, Resource visualizer, Settings, Configuration, Routes, Subnets (which is currently selected), Properties, and Locks. The main content area displays a table with columns: Name, Address range, Virtual network, and Security group. A search bar at the top of the content area is labeled "Search subnets". The status bar at the bottom shows the date and time as 21/12/2025, 09:53 a.m., and the temperature as 11°C.

This screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal with the "Associate subnet" dialog box open. The dialog box has fields for "Virtual network" (set to "T10-2022630278-vnet (T10-2022630278-rg)") and "Subnet" (set to "default"). The background shows the same Azure portal interface as the previous screenshot, with the Subnets page for the route table.

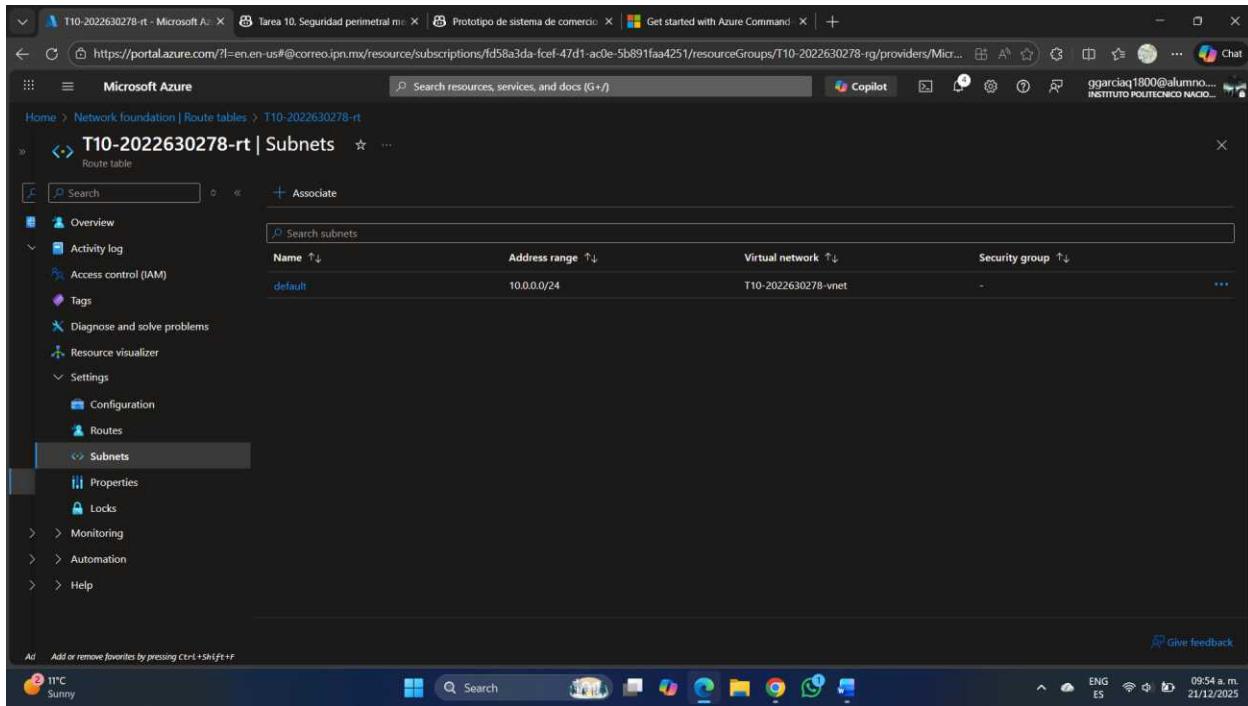


Figura 11. Asociación de la tabla de rutas a la subred default y ruta 0.0.0.0/0 al firewall.

4.6 Regla DNAT para acceso SSH a la VM

Se realizó la configuración de la regla DNAT en la política del firewall para permitir acceso SSH a la VM a través de la IP pública del firewall. Se definió la colección y la regla con prioridad 200, apuntando al puerto 22 y traduciendo el destino a la IP privada de la VM.

- Colección DNAT: T10-2022630278-c-dnat (prioridad 200, grupo DefaultDnatRuleCollectionGroup)
- Regla DNAT: T10-2022630278-dnat
 - Origen: “*” (tipo Dirección IP)
 - Protocolo: TCP
 - Puerto de destino: 22
 - Destino: IP pública del firewall
 - Traducido: IP privada de la VM, puerto 22

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Network security | Azure Firewalls page. The main content area displays a table with one row of data:

Name	Type	Resource Group	Location	Subscription
T10-2022630278-fw	Firewall	T10-2022630278-rg	Canada Central	Azure for Students

On the left sidebar, under the Firewall Manager section, the "Azure Firewalls" option is selected. The navigation bar at the top includes links for "Find firewalls impacted by a signature", "Analyze traffic across firewalls", and "Check health of firewalls". The status bar at the bottom indicates "Showing 1 - 1 of 1. Display count: 20".

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure T10-2022630278-fw - Microsoft Azure page. The main content area displays the following details for the firewall:

Resource group	: T10-2022630278-rg	SKU	: Basic(change)
Location	: Canada Central	Subnet	: AzureFirewallSubnet
Subscription	: Azure for Students	Public IP	: T10-2022630278-ip
Subscription ID	: fd58a3da-1cef-47d1-ac0e-5b891faa4251	Private IP	: 10.0.1.4
Virtual network	: T10-2022630278-vnet	Management subnet	: AzureFirewallManagementSubnet
Firewall policy	: T10-2022630278-df	Management public IP	: T10-2022630278-ip-admin
Provisioning state	: Succeeded	Private IP Ranges	: Managed by Firewall Policy
Tags	: Add tags	Route Server (preview)	: Add

The left sidebar shows the navigation menu for the firewall, including Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Diagnose and solve problems, Resource visualizer, Settings (selected), Public IP configuration, Learned SNAT IP Prefixes (preview), Scaling options, Firewall Manager (disabled), Maintenance, Properties, Locks, Monitoring, and Automation.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The left sidebar is titled "T10-2022630278-df | Firewall Policy" and includes sections for Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Resource visualizer, Management, Rules, Rule collections, DNAT rules, Network rules, Application rules, Settings, Monitoring, Automation, and Help. The main content area is titled "T10-2022630278-df | DNAT rules". It displays a table with columns: Rule Collection P., Rule collection n..., Rule name, Source, Port, Protocol, Destination, Translated Address, and Translate. A search bar at the top says "Search resources, services, and docs (G+)" and there are buttons for "Add a rule collection", "Add rule", "Edit", and "Delete". A message states: "Rules are shown in the order of execution below. Network rules take precedence over application rules regardless of priority. Within the same rule collection type, inherited rules take precedence over rule collection group priority and rule collection priority." Below the table, it says "No DNAT rule collections found".

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The left sidebar is identical to the previous one. The main content area is titled "Add a rule collection". It has fields for Name (T10-2022630278-df-c-dnat), Rule collection type (DNAT), Priority (200), Rule collection action (Destination Network Address Translation (DNAT)), and Rule collection group (DefaultDnatRuleCollectionGroup). Below these, a table lists rules with columns: Name, Source type, Source, Protocol, Destination Ports, Destination (Firewall IP), and Translated type. Two rows are present: one for port 22 (TCP) and another for port 8080 (0 selected). At the bottom, there is an "Add" button and a note: "Add or remove favorites by pressing Ctrl+Shift+F".

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for managing network security. The user is in the 'Add a rule collection' section for a specific firewall policy. The rule collection type is set to 'DNAT'. A single rule is defined with the following parameters:

Protocol	Destination Ports	Destination (Firewall IP)	Translated type	Translated address or	Translated port
TCP	22	20.63.14.254	IP Address	10.0.0.4	22
8080	8080	192.168.10.1	IP Address	192.168.10.0	8080

Figura 12. Colección y regla DNAT configurada para SSH hacia la VM.

Se realizó la prueba de conectividad desde el equipo local utilizando el comando SSH, validando que la sesión se establece por medio del firewall:

```
ssh azureuser@20.63.14.254
```

```

azureuser@T10-2022630278-r: ~ + 
C:\Users\ivan->ssh azureuser@20.63.14.254
The authenticity of host '20.63.14.254' (20.63.14.254) can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:JRGJXrTP4HZX8Kp287ObM0YaldoI43gb3uewBDi3uPH0.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '20.63.14.254' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
azureuser@20.63.14.254's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-1017-azure x86_64)

 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support: https://ubuntu.com/pro

System information as of Sun Dec 21 16:16:26 UTC 2025

System load: 0.32      Processes:           110
Usage of /: 5.6% of 28.02GB   Users logged in:     0
Memory usage: 26%        IPv4 address for eth0: 10.0.0.4
Swap usage:  0%

* Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s
just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment.

https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

13°C
Sunny
10:16 a.m.
ENG
ES
21/12/2025

```

Figura 13. Prueba de acceso SSH a la VM mediante DNAT (sesión establecida).

4.7 Regla de red para permitir solo www.m4gm.com

Se realizó la obtención de la dirección IP del FQDN www.m4gm.com y de www.m4gm.com/moodle de desde la VM, y se creó una regla de red que permite tráfico TCP 443 desde la subred default únicamente hacia esa IP. Se probó conectividad con curl para confirmar que m4gm responde y que otros destinos como google.com quedan bloqueados.

- Obtención de IP:

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt install -y dnsutils curl
```

```
dig www.m4gm.com +short
```

```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ sudo apt update && sudo apt install -y dnsutils curl
Ign:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Ign:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Ign:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Ign:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Ign:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Ign:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Ign:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Ign:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Ign:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Ign:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Ign:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Ign:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Err:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
  Could not connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:80 (20.39.140.162), connection timed out
Err:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
All packages are up to date.
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble/InRelease  Could not connect to azure.archive.u
buntu.com:80 (20.39.140.162), connection timed out
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-updates/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure.a
rchive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-backports/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure
 13°C Sunny 10:20 a.m. 21/12/2025
```

```
Err:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
All packages are up to date.
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble/InRelease  Could not connect to azure.archive.u
buntu.com:80 (20.39.140.162), connection timed out
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-updates/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure.a
rchive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-backports/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure
.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-security/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure.
archive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Some index files failed to download. They have been ignored, or old ones used instead.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
Note, selecting 'bind9-dnsutils' instead of 'dnsutils'
bind9-dnsutils is already the newest version (1:9.18.39-0ubuntu0.24.04.2).
bind9-dnsutils set to manually installed.
curl is already the newest version (8.5.0-2ubuntu10.6).
curl set to manually installed.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short
20.169.245.53
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
 13°C Sunny 10:20 a.m. 21/12/2025
```

- Colección de reglas de red: T10-2022630278-c-red (tipo Red, prioridad 200, acción Permitir, grupo DefaultNetworkRuleCollectionGroup)
- Regla de red: T10-2022630278-red
 - Origen: 10.0.0.0/24 (tipo Dirección IP)

- Protocolo: TCP
- Puerto destino: 443
- Destino: IP obtenida de www.m4gm.com (tipo Dirección IP)

The screenshot shows the 'Network rules' section of the Azure Firewall interface. The left sidebar has 'Network rules' selected under 'Rules'. The main area displays a table header for 'Network rules' with columns: Rule Collection P..., Rule collection n..., Rule name, Source, Port, Protocol, Destination, Action, and Inherit. Below the header, it says 'No network rule collections found'.

The screenshot shows the 'Add a rule collection' dialog box. It includes fields for Name (T10-2022630278-c-red), Rule collection type (Network), Priority (200), Rule collection action (Allow), and Rule collection group (DefaultNetworkRuleCollectionGroup). Below the dialog is a table for defining rules, with one row added:

Name *	Source type	Source	Protocol *	Destination Ports *	Destination Type *	Destination *
T10-2022630278-c-red	IP Address	10.0.0/24	TCP	443	IP Address	20.169.245.53
	IP Address	*.192.168.10.1, 192...	0 selected	80,8000-9000	IP Address	*.10.0.0.1,10.1.0.0/1...

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Firewall Policy interface. The left sidebar navigation includes: Overview, Activity log, Access control (IAM), Tags, Resource visualizer, Management, Rules (selected), Rule collections, DNAT rules, Network rules (selected), Application rules, Settings, Monitoring, Automation, and Help. The main content area displays a table titled 'Network rules' with the following columns: Rule Collection P..., Rule collection n..., Rule name, Source, Port, Protocol, Destination, Action, and Inherit. A single row is present in the table:

Rule Collection P...	Rule collection n...	Rule name	Source	Port	Protocol	Destination	Action	Inherit
200	T10-2022630278-c-red	T10-2022630278-red	10.0.0.0/24	443	TCP	20.169.245.53	Allow	

At the bottom of the interface, there is a status bar with the text 'Add or remove favorites by pressing Ctrl+Shift+F'. The system tray at the bottom right shows the date and time as '10:31 a.m. 21/12/2025'.

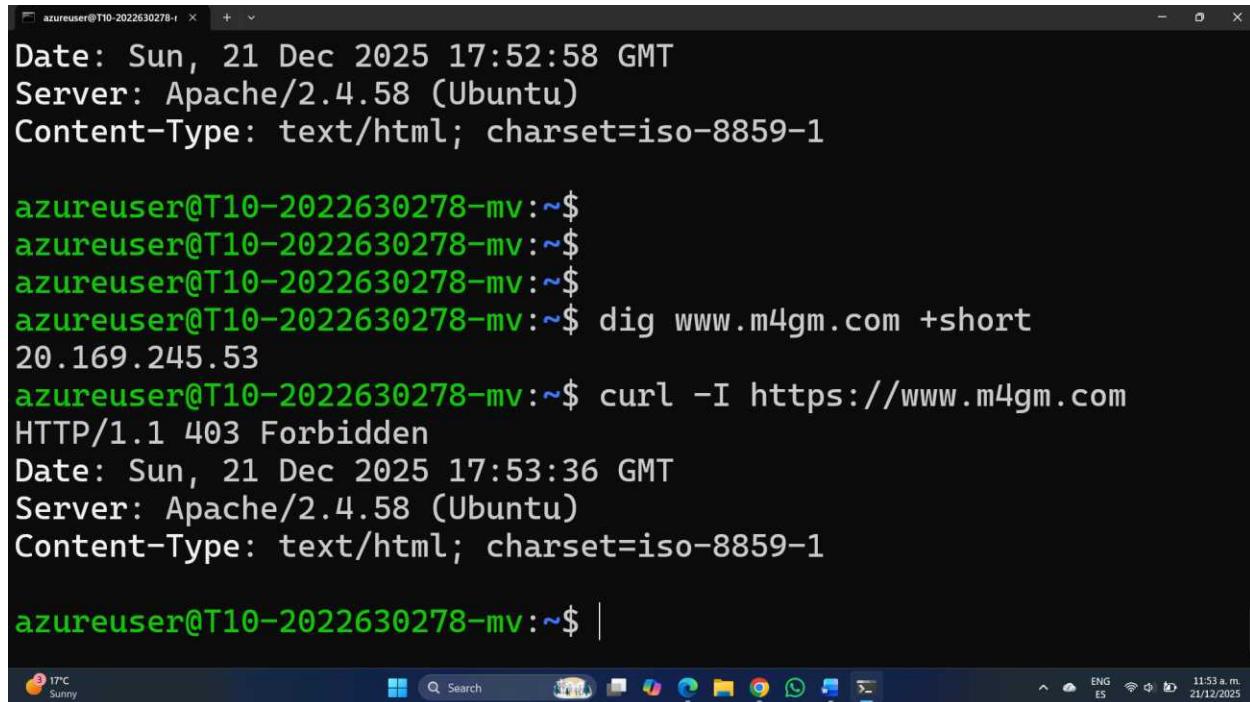
Figura 14. Colección y regla de red que permiten HTTPS solo hacia la IP de www.m4gm.com.

Pruebas de conectividad desde la VM:

```
curl -I https://www.m4gm.com # Debe estar permitido
```

```
curl -I https://www.m4gm.com/moodle # Debe responder 200 o 300
```

```
curl -I https://www.google.com # Debe fallar (bloqueado)
```

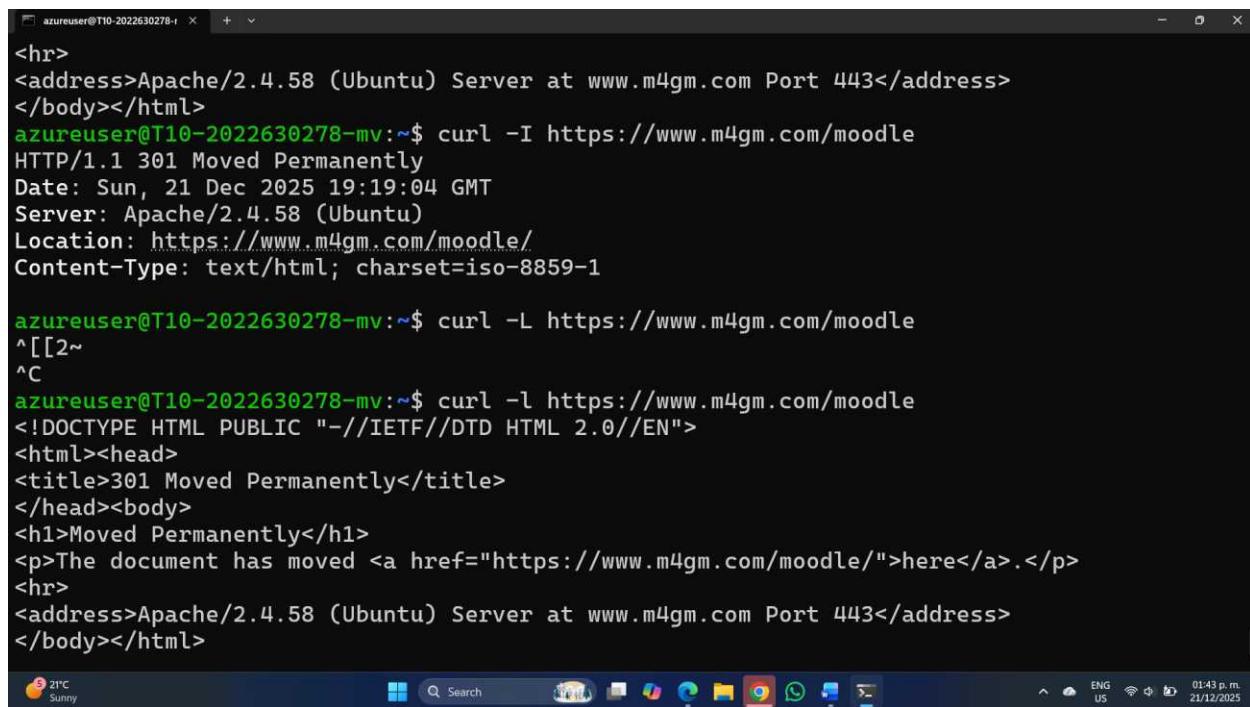


```
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 17:52:58 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1

azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ 
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ 
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short
20.169.245.53
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.m4gm.com
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 17:53:36 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1

azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
```

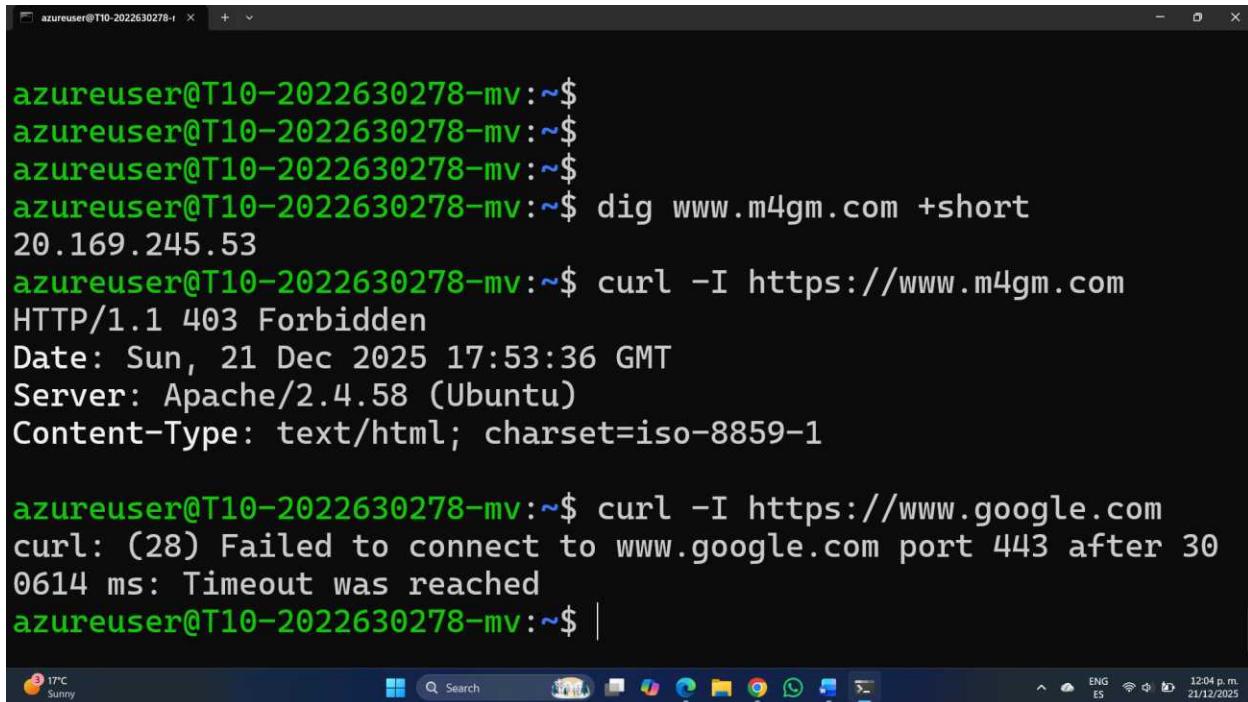
Figura 15. Resultado de curl hacia www.m4gm.com.



```
<hr>
<address>Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu) Server at www.m4gm.com Port 443</address>
</body></html>
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.m4gm.com/moodle
HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 19:19:04 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)
Location: https://www.m4gm.com/moodle/
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1

azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -L https://www.m4gm.com/moodle
^[[2~
^C
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -l https://www.m4gm.com/moodle
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">
<html><head>
<title>301 Moved Permanently</title>
</head><body>
<h1>Moved Permanently</h1>
<p>The document has moved <a href="https://www.m4gm.com/moodle/">here</a>.</p>
<hr>
<address>Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu) Server at www.m4gm.com Port 443</address>
</body></html>
```

Figura 15. Resultado de curl hacia www.m4gm.com/moodle.



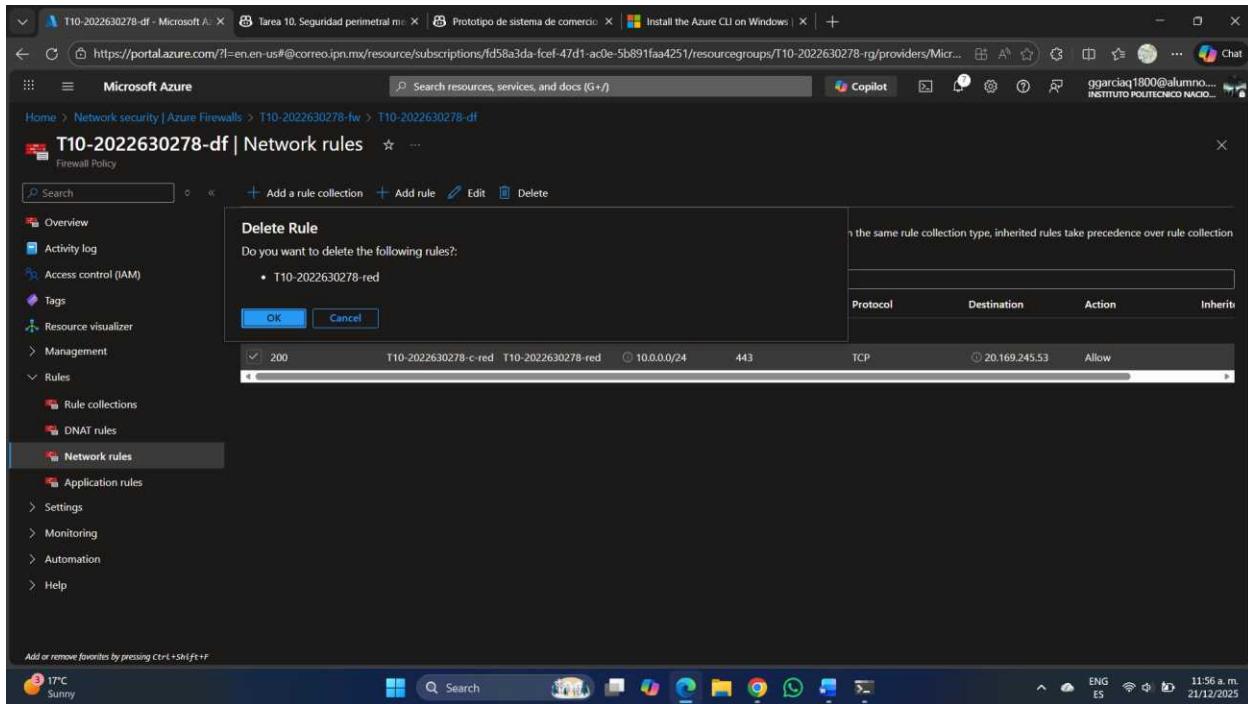
```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short  
20.169.245.53  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.m4gm.com  
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden  
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 17:53:36 GMT  
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)  
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1  
  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com  
curl: (28) Failed to connect to www.google.com port 443 after 30  
0614 ms: Timeout was reached  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
```

Figura 16. Resultado de curl hacia www.google.com (bloqueado).

4.8 Regla de aplicación para YouTube (tras eliminar la regla de red)

Se realizó la eliminación de la colección de reglas de red y posteriormente se creó la colección de reglas de aplicación que permite HTTP/HTTPS hacia los FQDNs youtube.com y www.youtube.com, con origen en el rango de la subred default. Se validó conectividad con curl a los dominios permitidos y bloqueo a destinos no configurados.

- Eliminación de colección de red: T10-2022630278-c-red



- Colección de reglas de aplicación: T10-2022630278-c-app (prioridad 200, acción Permitir, grupo DefaultApplicationRuleCollectionGroup)
- Regla de aplicación: T10-2022630278-app
 - Origen: 10.0.0.0/24 (tipo Dirección IP)
 - Protocolos: http, https
 - Tipo de destino: FQDN
 - FQDNs: youtube.com, www.youtube.com

Figura 17. Eliminación de la colección de reglas de red (T10-2022630278-c-red).

Name	Source type	Source	Protocol	TLS inspection	Destination Type	Destination
T10-2022630278-c-red	IP Address	10.0.0.0/24	http,https	TLS inspection	FQDN	www.youtube.com

Rule Collection P...	Rule collection n...	Rule name	Source	Protocol	Destination	Action	Inherited from
200	T10-2022630278-c-red	T10-2022630278-c-app	10.0.0.0/24	Http:80,Https:443	www.youtube.com	Allow	

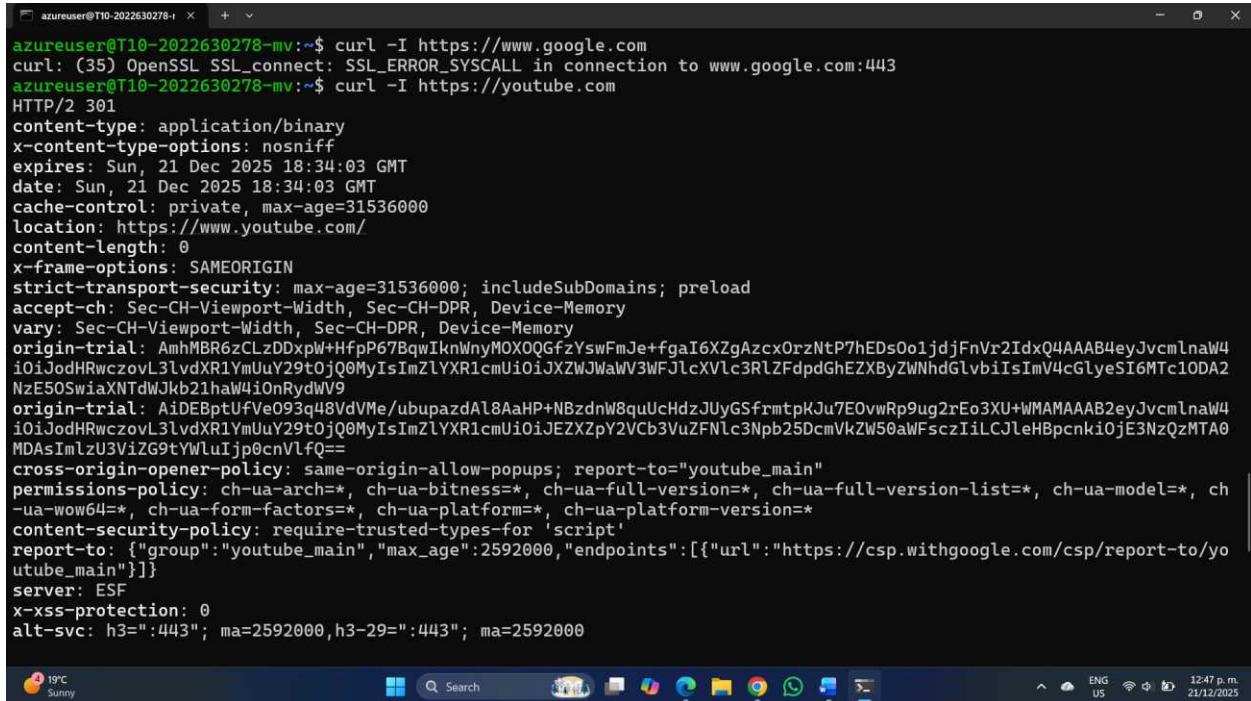
Figura 18. Colección y regla de aplicación que permiten HTTP/HTTPS a youtube.com y www.youtube.com.

Pruebas de conectividad desde la VM:

```
curl -I https://youtube.com      # Debe responder (permitido)
```

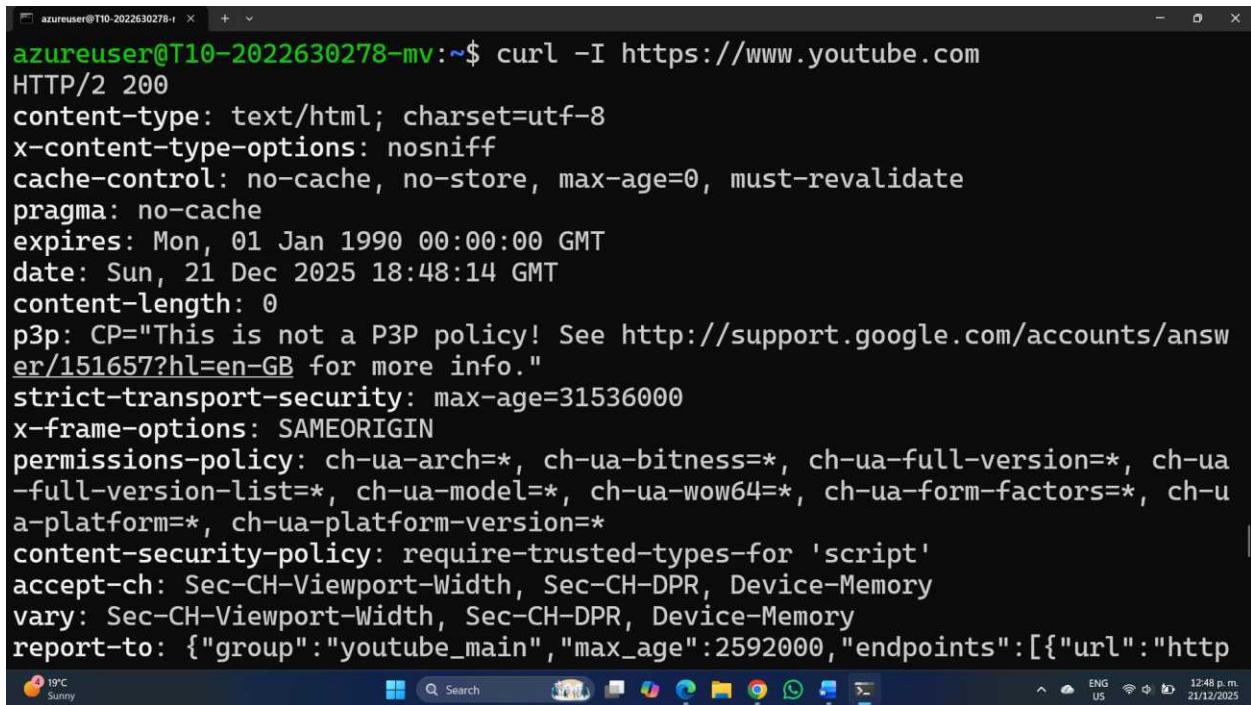
```
curl -I https://www.youtube.com   # Debe responder (permitido)
```

```
curl -I https://www.google.com    # Debe fallar (bloqueado)
```



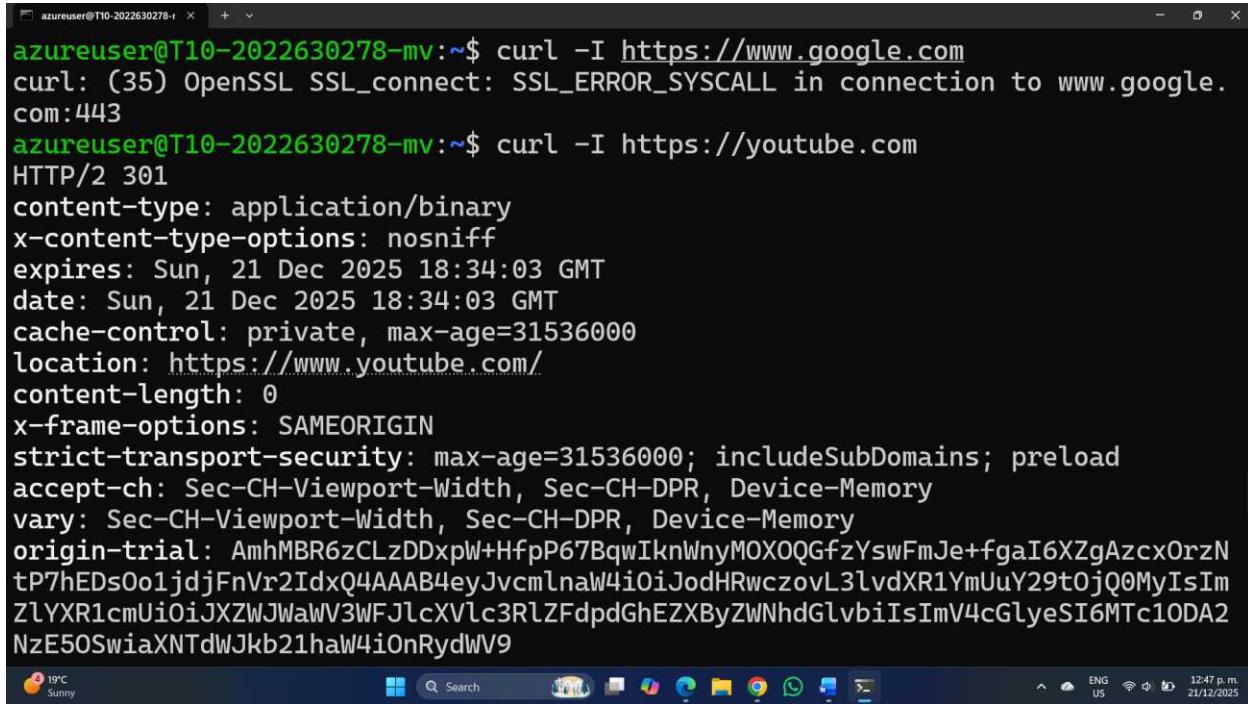
```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com
curl: (35) OpenSSL SSL_connect: SSL_ERROR_SYSCALL in connection to www.google.com:443
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://youtube.com
HTTP/2 301
content-type: application/binary
x-content-type-options: nosniff
expires: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
cache-control: private, max-age=31536000
location: https://www.youtube.com/
content-length: 0
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains; preload
accept-ch: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
vary: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
origin-trial: AmhMBR6zClzDDxpw+HfpP67BqwIknlWnyMOXOQGfzYswFmJe+fgaI6XZgAzcx0rzNtP7hEDs0o1jdjFnVr2IdxQ4AAAB4eyJvcmlnaW4
i0iJodHRwczovL3lvdXR1YmUuY29t0jQ0MyIsImZlYXR1cmUi0iJXZWJWaW3WFJlcXVl3R1ZFdpdGhEZXByZWNhGlvbiIsImV4cGlyeSI6MTc10DA2
NzE50SwiaXNTdwJkb21haw4iOnRydW9
origin-trial: AiDEBptUFVeo93q48VdvMe/ubupazdAl8AaHP+NBzdnW8quUcHdzJuYGSfrmtpkJu7E0vwRp9ug2rEo3XU+WMAMAAB2eyJvcmlnaW4
i0iJodHRwczovL3lvdXR1YmUuY29t0jQ0MyIsImZlYXR1cmUi0iJEZXZpY2Vcb3VuZFNlc3Npb25DcmVkZW50aWFsczIiLCJleHBpcnki0jE3NzQzMta0
MDAsImLzU3ViZG9tYWluIjp0cnVlfQ==
cross-origin-opener-policy: same-origin-allow-popups; report-to="youtube_main"
permissions-policy: ch-ua-arch=*, ch-ua-bitness=*, ch-ua-full-version=*, ch-ua-full-version-list=*, ch-ua-model=*, ch-ua-wow64=*, ch-ua-form-factors=*, ch-ua-platform=*, ch-ua-platform-version=*
content-security-policy: require-trusted-types-for 'script'
report-to: {"group":"youtube_main","max_age":2592000,"endpoints":[{"url":"https://csp.withgoogle.com/csp/report-to/youtube_main"}]}
server: ESF
x-xss-protection: 0
alt-svc: h3=":443"; ma=2592000,h3-29=":443"; ma=2592000
```

Figura 19. Resultado de curl hacia youtube.com (permitido).



```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.youtube.com
HTTP/2 200
content-type: text/html; charset=utf-8
x-content-type-options: nosniff
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
pragma: no-cache
expires: Mon, 01 Jan 1990 00:00:00 GMT
date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:48:14 GMT
content-length: 0
p3p: CP="This is not a P3P policy! See http://support.google.com/accounts/answer/151657?hl=en-GB for more info."
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
permissions-policy: ch-ua-arch=*, ch-ua-bitness=*, ch-ua-full-version=*, ch-ua-full-version-list=*, ch-ua-model=*, ch-ua-wow64=*, ch-ua-form-factors=*, ch-ua-platform=*, ch-ua-platform-version=*
content-security-policy: require-trusted-types-for 'script'
accept-ch: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
vary: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
report-to: {"group":"youtube_main","max_age":2592000,"endpoints":[{"url":"http
```

Figura 20. Resultado de curl hacia www.youtube.com (permitido).



```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com
curl: (35) OpenSSL SSL_connect: SSL_ERROR_SYSCALL in connection to www.google.
com:443
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://youtube.com
HTTP/2 301
content-type: application/binary
x-content-type-options: nosniff
expires: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
cache-control: private, max-age=31536000
location: https://www.youtube.com/
content-length: 0
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains; preload
accept-ch: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
vary: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
origin-trial: AmhMBR6zCLzDDxpW+HfpP67BqwIklnWnyMOXOQGfzYswFmJe+fgaI6XZgAzcxOrzN
tP7hEDsOo1jdjFnVr2IdxQ4AAAB4eyJvcmlnaW4i0iJodHRwczovL3lvdXR1YmUuY29tOjQ0MyIsIm
ZLYXR1cmUi0iJXZWJWaWV3WFJlcXVlc3RlZFdpdGhEZXByZWNhGlvbiIsImV4cGlyeSI6MTc1ODA2
NzE5OSwiaXNTdWJkb21haW4iOnRydWV9
19°C
Sunny
Search
12:47 p.m.
21/12/2025
```

Figura 21. Resultado de curl hacia www.google.com (bloqueado).

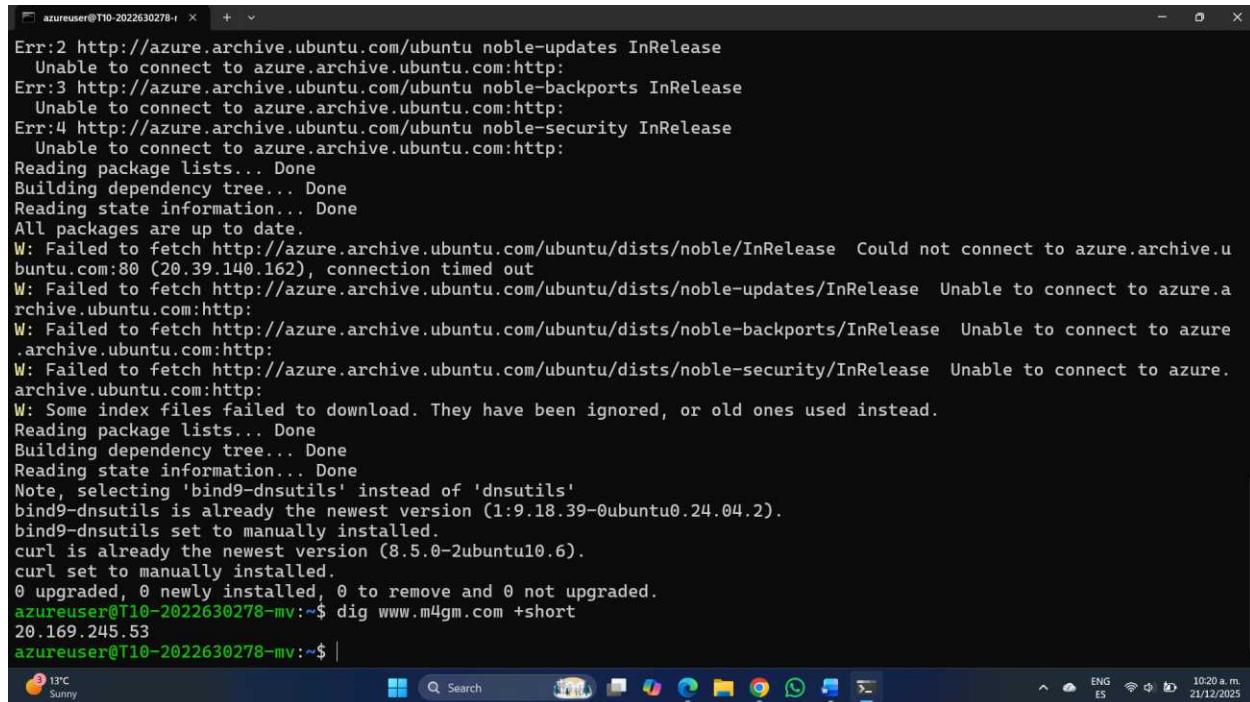
5 Resultados

Se realizó la validación completa del entorno de seguridad perimetral en Azure. Se accedió a la máquina virtual únicamente a través del Azure Firewall mediante DNAT, se comprobó la aplicación de reglas de red para limitar el tráfico HTTPS a un destino específico y se verificó la regla de aplicación para permitir acceso HTTP/HTTPS solo a dominios definidos. Se instaló y configuró correctamente el NSG y la tabla de rutas (UDR) para forzar el tráfico saliente a través del firewall, consolidando el control perimetral.

5.1 Conectividad por DNAT (SSH)

Se accedió a la máquina virtual T10-2022630278-mv mediante SSH usando la IP pública del firewall, confirmando que la traducción DNAT funcionó según lo establecido. La autenticación por contraseña se realizó correctamente y la sesión se estableció sin exponer una IP pública en la VM.

- La conexión SSH se estableció a través de la IP pública del firewall, traduciendo al puerto 22 de la IP privada de la VM.
- No se asignó IP pública a la VM, cumpliendo el requisito de acceso perimetral controlado.



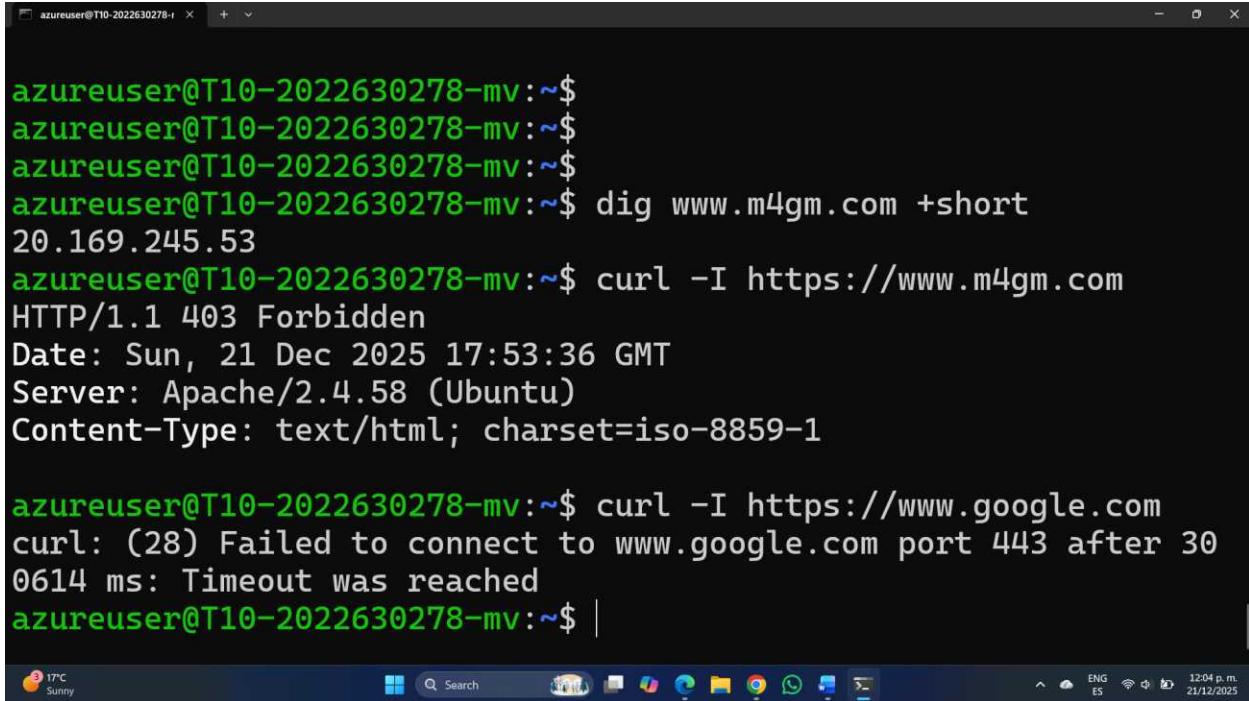
```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-r:~$ apt update
Err:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Err:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
  Unable to connect to azure.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
All packages are up to date.
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble/InRelease  Could not connect to azure.archive.u
buntu.com:80 (20.39.140.162), connection timed out
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-updates/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure.a
rchive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-backports/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure
.archive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Failed to fetch http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/dists/noble-security/InRelease  Unable to connect to azure.
archive.ubuntu.com:http:
W: Some index files failed to download. They have been ignored, or old ones used instead.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
Note, selecting 'bind9-dnsutils' instead of 'dnsutils'
bind9-dnsutils is already the newest version (1:9.18.39-0ubuntu0.24.04.2).
bind9-dnsutils set to manually installed.
curl is already the newest version (8.5.0-2ubuntu10.6).
curl set to manually installed.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short
20.169.245.53
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
```

Figura 22. Sesión SSH establecida vía DNAT hacia T10-2022630278-mv.

5.2 Conectividad por regla de red (m4gm.com)

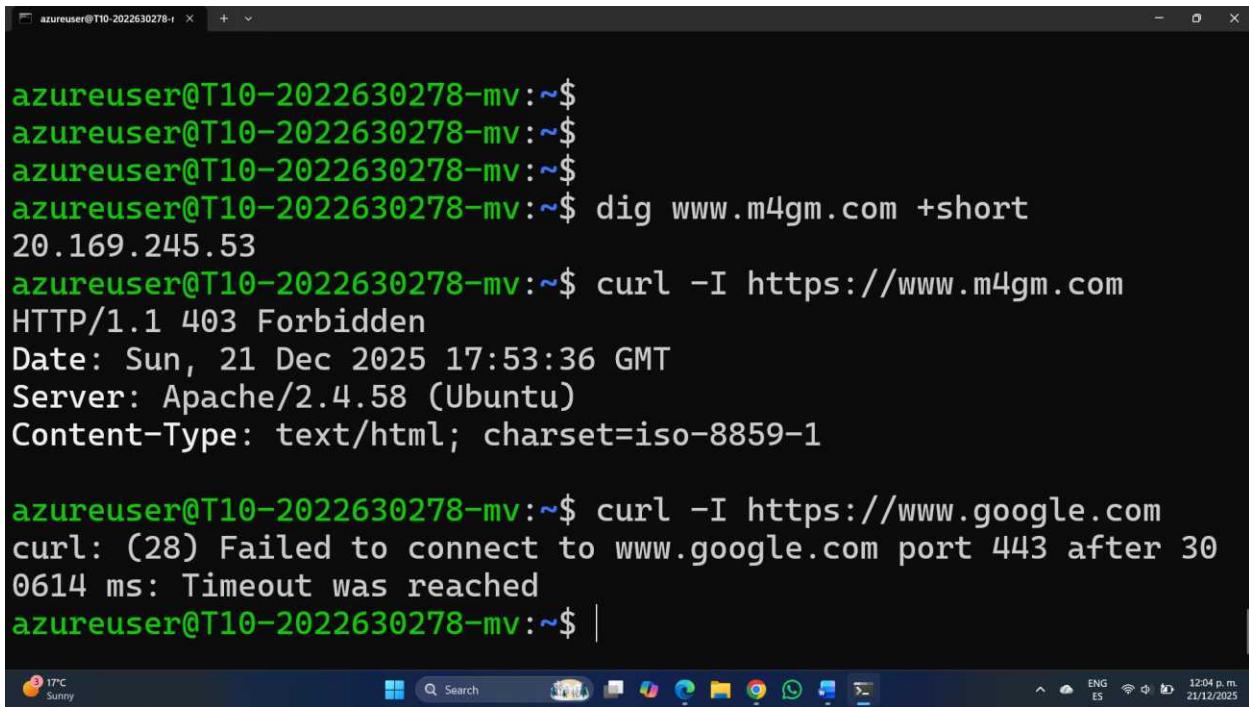
Se realizó la obtención de la dirección IP de www.m4gm.com y se verificó la conectividad permitida exclusivamente hacia ese destino por el puerto 443 desde la subred default. Se accedió con curl y se obtuvo respuesta exitosa (código 200). Se intentó acceder a un destino no autorizado (www.google.com) y se observó bloqueo, validando la aplicación de la regla de red.

- Se permitió HTTPS (443) desde 10.0.0.0/24 únicamente a la IP de www.m4gm.com.
- Se denegó la conexión a www.google.com por no estar definida en las reglas del firewall.



```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short  
20.169.245.53  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.m4gm.com  
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden  
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 17:53:36 GMT  
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)  
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1  
  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com  
curl: (28) Failed to connect to www.google.com port 443 after 30  
0614 ms: Timeout was reached  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
```

Figura 23. Resultado de curl hacia www.m4gm.com (código 200, permitido).



```
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ dig www.m4gm.com +short  
20.169.245.53  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.m4gm.com  
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden  
Date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 17:53:36 GMT  
Server: Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu)  
Content-Type: text/html; charset=iso-8859-1  
  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com  
curl: (28) Failed to connect to www.google.com port 443 after 30  
0614 ms: Timeout was reached  
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ |
```

Figura 24. Resultado de curl hacia www.google.com (bloqueado por regla de red).

5.3 Conectividad por regla de aplicación (YouTube)

Se eliminó la colección de reglas de red y se creó la colección de reglas de aplicación para permitir HTTP/HTTPS hacia youtube.com y www.youtube.com desde la subred default. Se accedió con curl y se observó respuesta exitosa en ambos FQDNs; se probó un dominio no configurado (www.google.com) y se observó bloqueo.

- Se permitió http,https a FQDNs youtube.com y www.youtube.com.
- Se denegó el acceso a dominios no incluidos en la regla de aplicación (ej. google.com).

```

azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.google.com
curl: (35) OpenSSL SSL_connect: SSL_ERROR_SYSCALL in connection to www.google.com:443
azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://youtube.com
HTTP/2 301
content-type: application/binary
x-content-type-options: nosniff
expires: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:34:03 GMT
cache-control: private, max-age=31536000
location: https://www.youtube.com/
content-length: 0
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains; preload
accept-ch: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
vary: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
origin-trial: AmhMBR6zCLzDDxpW+HfpP67BqwIkknWnyMOX0QGfzYswFmJe+fgaI6XZgAzcxOrzNtP7hEDsOo1jdgFnVr2IdxQ4AAAB4eyJvcmlnaW4
i0iJodHRwczovL3lvdXR1yM0MyIsImZlYXR1cmUi0iJXZWJwaW3WFJlcXVlc3RLZFdpdGhEZXBByZNhdGlvbIIsImV4cGlyeSI6MTc10DA2
NzE50SwiaXNTdWJkb21haW4iOnRydWV9
origin-trial: AiDEBptUfVe093q48VdVMe/ubupazdAl8AaHP+NBzdnW8quUcHdzJu7E0vwRp9ug2rEo3XU+WMAMAAAB2eyJvcmlnaW4
i0iJodHRwczovL3lvdXR1yM0MyIsImZlYXR1cmUi0iJEZXZpY2VCb3VuZFNlc3Npb25DcmVkJleHBpcnki0jE3NzQzMTA0
MDAsImlzU3VizG9tYWluIjp0cnVlfQ==
cross-origin-opener-policy: same-origin-allow-popups; report-to="youtube_main"
permissions-policy: ch-ua-arch=*, ch-ua-bitness=*, ch-ua-full-version=*, ch-ua-full-version-list=*, ch-ua-model=*, ch
-ua-wow64=*, ch-ua-form-factors=*, ch-ua-platform=*, ch-ua-platform-version=*
content-security-policy: require-trusted-types-for 'script'
report-to: [{"group": "youtube_main", "max_age": 2592000, "endpoints": [{"url": "https://csp.withgoogle.com/csp/report-to/youtube_main"}]}
server: ESF
x-xss-protection: 0
alt-svc: h3=":443"; ma=2592000, h3-29=:443; ma=2592000

```



```

azureuser@T10-2022630278-mv:~$ curl -I https://www.youtube.com
HTTP/2 200
content-type: text/html; charset=utf-8
x-content-type-options: nosniff
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
pragma: no-cache
expires: Mon, 01 Jan 1990 00:00:00 GMT
date: Sun, 21 Dec 2025 18:48:14 GMT
content-length: 0
p3p: CP="This is not a P3P policy! See http://support.google.com/accounts/answer/151657?hl=en-GB for more info."
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
permissions-policy: ch-ua-arch=*, ch-ua-bitness=*, ch-ua-full-version=*, ch-ua
-full-version-list=*, ch-ua-model=*, ch-ua-wow64=*, ch-ua-form-factors=*, ch-u
a-platform=*, ch-ua-platform-version=*
content-security-policy: require-trusted-types-for 'script'
accept-ch: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
vary: Sec-CH-Viewport-Width, Sec-CH-DPR, Device-Memory
report-to: [{"group": "youtube_main", "max_age": 2592000, "endpoints": [{"url": "http

```

Figura 25. Resultado de curl hacia youtube.com (permitido por regla de aplicación).

6 Conclusiones

Se realizó la implementación de seguridad perimetral en Azure utilizando Azure Firewall (SKU Básico), cumpliendo la nomenclatura requerida y restringiendo la exposición de la máquina virtual al eliminar la IP pública y habilitar el acceso únicamente vía DNAT. Se accedió a los servicios permitidos mediante reglas de red y de aplicación, y se instaló una tabla de rutas (UDR) junto con reglas NSG para forzar y controlar el tráfico saliente a través del firewall. Con ello, se validó el funcionamiento de cada tipo de regla y la precedencia entre ellas.

El objetivo general se cumplió al diseñar y probar un esquema donde el firewall concentra el control del tráfico, demostrando que:

- Las reglas DNAT permitieron acceso SSH seguro a la VM usando la IP pública del firewall, sin exponer la VM a Internet.
- Las reglas de red habilitaron de forma precisa la salida HTTPS hacia un destino IP específico; destinos no configurados se bloquearon según lo esperado.
- Las reglas de aplicación permitieron tráfico HTTP/HTTPS únicamente a FQDNs definidos, bloqueando dominios no autorizados.
- La UDR y el NSG se configuraron para que el flujo de salida dependa del firewall, reforzando el perímetro y evitando rutas directas fuera del control.

Se concluye que la combinación de DNAT, reglas de red y reglas de aplicación, con ruteo forzado por UDR y políticas NSG restrictivas, ofrece un control granular y verificable del tráfico en la VNet. Se recomienda considerar la naturaleza dinámica de las IPs públicas de ciertos dominios (por ejemplo, www.m4gm.com) al usar reglas de red basadas en IP, y priorizar reglas de aplicación por FQDN cuando se requiera resiliencia ante cambios de resolución. Asimismo, se sugiere habilitar registros y diagnósticos del firewall para auditoría y mejora continua.

Las ventajas pueden ser tener menor superficie de ataque, control centralizado, cumplimiento de lineamientos y evidencia clara de permisos/bloqueos. Algunas limitaciones son el SKU Básico que carece de funcionalidades avanzadas (p. ej.,

inspección TLS profunda) y puede requerir actualizaciones a Standard/Premium para escenarios más exigentes. Las buenas prácticas pueden ser mantener la política centralizada, documentar cambios, revisar logs periódicamente y validar la efectividad tras cualquier ajuste de DNS o ruteo.

Enlace del chat de la IA generativa

Enlace: <https://github.com/copilot/share/48755286-4364-8485-8010-b00700b209c0>

7 Referencias (Formato IEEE)

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- [3] Microsoft, “Reglas DNAT en Azure Firewall,” Microsoft Learn. Disponible en: Filter network traffic with Azure Firewall DNAT. Accedido: 21-dic-2025.
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