## Milestone 4

• <a href="https://leetcode.com/problems/majority-element">https://leetcode.com/problems/majority-element</a>

```
class Solution {
  public int majorityElement(int[] nums) {
     int majority=nums[0];
     int c=1;
     for(int i=1;i<nums.length;i++)</pre>
        if(nums[i]==majority)
           C++;
        else
           C--;
        if(c==0)
           majority=nums[i];
           c=1;
        }
     }
     int count=0;
     for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++)
     {
        if(nums[i]==majority)
           count++;
     if(count>(nums.length/2))
        return majority;
     else
        return 0:
  }
}
```

https://leetcode.com/problems/non-overlapping-intervals

```
class Solution {
  public int eraseOverlapIntervals(int[][] intervals) {
     int I = intervals.length;
     if(l == 0) return 0;
     Arrays.sort(intervals, (a, b)->{
        return a[1] - b[1];
     });
     int end = intervals[0][1];
     int c = 1;
     for(int i = 1; i < 1; i++){
        if(intervals[i][0] > = end){
           end = intervals[i][1];
           C++;
        }
     return I - c;
  }
}

    https://leetcode.com/problems/kth-largest-element-in-

      an-array
class Solution {
     int[] N;
  public int findKthLargest(int[] nums, int k) {
     if(nums.length == 1)
        return nums[0];
     N = nums:
     return quickSelect(0, nums.length - 1, k - 1);
  }
  public int quickSelect(int I, int r, int k) {
     while(1 <= r)
     {
```

```
int p = partition(l, r);
     if(p == k)
        return N[k];
     else if(p > k)
        r = p - 1;
     else
        I = p + 1;
  }
   return N[k];
}
public int partition(int left, int right) {
   int R= (left + right) / 2;
   int p = right;
   int tmp = N[R];
   N[R] = N[p];
   N[p] = tmp;
   int P = left;
   for(int i=left; i<right; i++)</pre>
   {
     if(N[i] >= N[p])
     {
        tmp = N[i];
        N[i] = N[P];
        N[P] = tmp;
        P++;
     }
   }
   tmp = N[P];
   N[P] = N[p];
   N[p] = tmp;
```

```
return P;
}
}
```

https://leetcode.com/problems/sort-an-array

```
class Solution {
  public int[] sortArray(int[] nums)
  {
     mergeSort(nums, 0, nums.length - 1);
     return nums;
  }
  void merge(int a[], int beg, int mid, int end)
  {
     int i, j, k;
     int n1 = mid - beg + 1;
     int n2 = end - mid;
     int[] LeftArray= new int[n1];
     int[] RightArray= new int[n2];
     for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
     LeftArray[i] = a[beg + i];
     for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
     RightArray[j] = a[mid + 1 + j];
     i = 0:
     j = 0;
     k = beg;
     while (i < n1 && j < n2)
     {
        if(LeftArray[i] <= RightArray[j])</pre>
        {
           a[k] = LeftArray[i];
           j++;
        }
```

```
else
        {
           a[k] = RightArray[j];
          j++;
        }
        k++;
     }
     while (i<n1)
        a[k] = LeftArray[i];
        i++;
        k++;
     }
     while (j<n2)
        a[k] = RightArray[j];
        j++;
        k++;
     }
  void mergeSort(int nums[], int b, int e)
     if (b < e)
        int m = (b + e) / 2;
        mergeSort(nums, b, m);
        mergeSort(nums, m + 1, e);
        merge(nums, b, m, e);
     }
  }
}
```

https://leetcode.com/problems/hand-of-straights

```
class Solution {
  public boolean isNStraightHand(int[] hand, int groupSize) {
     if(hand.length%groupSize!=0)
       return false:
     TreeMap<Integer,Integer> card_count=new TreeMap();
     for(int card:hand)
       if(!card_count.containsKey(card))
          card_count.put(card,1);
       else
          card_count.replace(card,card_count.get(card)+1);
       }
     }
     while(card_count.size()>0)
     {
       int min=card_count.firstKey();
       for(int card=min;card<min+groupSize;card++)</pre>
          if(!card_count.containsKey(card))
            return false;
          int count=card_count.get(card);
          if(count==1)
            card_count.remove(card);
          else
            card_count.replace(card,count-1);
        }
     }
   return true;
```

• <a href="https://leetcode.com/problems/string-without-aaa-or-bbb">https://leetcode.com/problems/string-without-aaa-or-bbb</a>

```
class Solution {
  public String strWithout3a3b(int a, int b) {
     StringBuffer sb=new StringBuffer();
     while(a>0 && b>0)
        if(a>b)
        {
          sb.append("aa").append("b");
          a-=2;
          b-=1;
        }
       else
          if(a==b && a==1)
          {
             sb.append("a").append("b");
             \alpha=1;
             b-=1;
             continue;
          sb.append("a").append("bb");
          a-=1;
          b-=2;
       }
     while(a>0)
        sb.append("a");
        a--;
```

```
}
  while(b>0)
{
     sb.insert(0,"b");
     b--;
}
  return sb.toString();
}
```