## **CS 3313: Foundations of Computing**

Lab 2: JFLAP

http://gw-cs3313.github.io

#### CS 3313 Lab 2

- Using JFLAP
- Exercises/Examples

#### **Recall Definitions**

- DFA M= (Q,  $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , q<sub>0</sub>,F)
- Language accepted by DFA:

$$L(M) = \{ w \mid \delta(q_0, w) \in F \}$$

In terms of transition graph, there is a path labeled w from start state to a final state.

State: summarizes properties of input processed thus far

#### Next: Using JFLAP to build and test your automata

- JFLAP is a simulation tool
  - Specify your automaton
  - Test behavior of automaton on test input
  - Visualization of automaton
- Why use JFLAP
  - To test/debug your design
  - This means you need to come up with interesting test cases (including edge cases)
- JFLAP is not a substitute for proving your automaton is correct!!

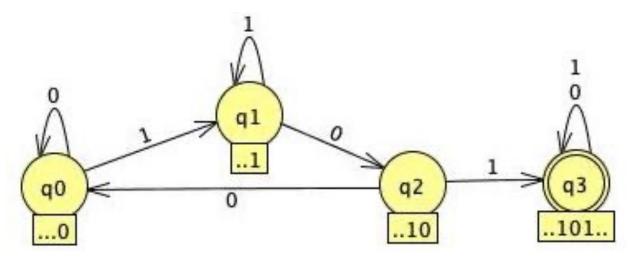
#### **JFLAP Example**

Provide a DFA for L = { w | w is a string in {0,1}\* and w contains (a) the substring 101 or (b) substring 010 }

- We did the first part of this in lecture
  - Let's start with the DFA for property (a) only
  - Then property (b) only
  - Then, we will try to merge them
  - First, we do it incorrectly and identify test cases that reveal the error
  - Finally, the correct solution

JFLAP Example: DFA that recognizes Substring

101



Note: you can label the states with what they summarize!

q0: not read first 1 in substring 101

q1: last input read was a 1, could be start of substring 101

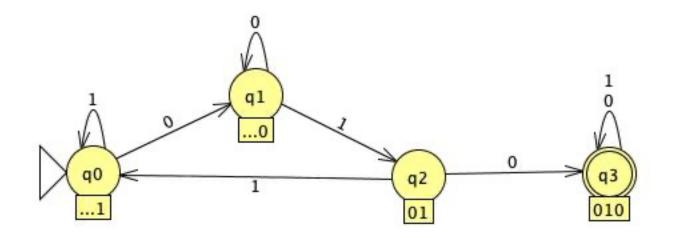
q2: last two inputs read were 10 which is part of substring 101

q3: last three inputs read were 101 which means substring 101 is in input

#### Test:

- 1. Run test case 0100: step through states
- Run test case 011011

### JFLAP Example: DFA that recognizes 010



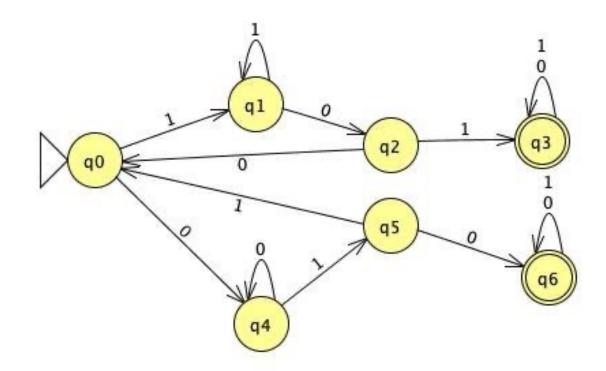
Q: What do the states summarize?

#### Test:

- 1. Run test case 0100: step through states
- 2. Run test case 011011

#### JFLAP Example – combining the two

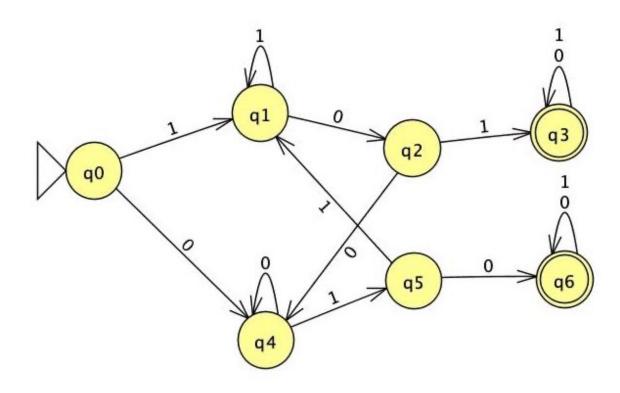
- Provide a DFA for L = { w | w is a string in {0,1}\* and w contains (a) the substring 101 or (b) substring 010 }
- A first attempt just combine the DFA
- Run tests:
- 1. Input = 1011
- 2. Input = 011011
- 3. Input = 10010



Does this accept L?

#### **JFLAP Example**

- L = { w | w is a string in {0,1}\* and w contains (a) the substring 101 or (b) substring 010 }
- The correct answer...
- Run tests:
- 1. Input = 1011
- 2. Input = 011011
- 3. Input = 10010
- 4. Input = 111000



What do the states summarize?

## **Questions?**

# JFLAP Exercise: Work in breakout groups and submit one submission (JFLAP files) with all names at the table

- Ques 1: Provide a DFA for L = { w | w is a string in {0,1}\* and w contains (a) the substring 101 or (b) substring 100 }
- Ques 2a: Provide a DFA in JFLAP for L = { w | w is a string in {0,1}\* and w contains the substring 101 with at most 1-bit of mis-match. }
  - Hint: If we allow one bit of mis-match then what are the substrings you need to match?
- Ques 2b (bonus): Provide an NFA for the same L as in 2a