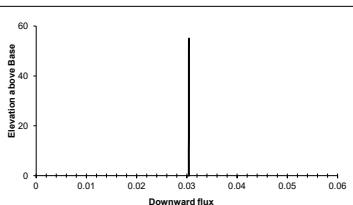
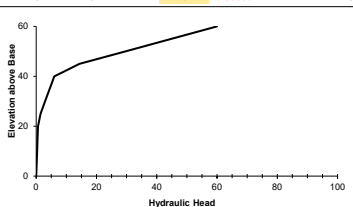


Direct solution for flux		
	K	num cells
zone 1	0.01	4
zone 2	0.1	4
zone 3	1	5
Keq	0.02921	
q	0.02921	

z	K zone cell	K cell	H	q	zone 1	zone 2	zone 3
60	1	0.01	60		1	0	0
55	1	0.01	44.7903	0.03042	1	0	0
50	1	0.01	29.5807	0.03042	1	0	0
45	1	0.01	14.3712	0.03042	1	0	0
40	2	0.1	6.00616	0.03042	0	1	0
35	2	0.1	4.4854	0.03042	0	1	0
30	2	0.1	2.96474	0.03041	0	1	0
25	2	0.1	1.44417	0.03041	0	1	0
20	3	1	0.60791	0.03041	0	0	1
15	3	1	0.4559	0.0304	0	0	1
10	3	1	0.30392	0.0304	0	0	1
5	3	1	0.15196	0.03039	0	0	1
0	3	1	0	0.03039	0	0	1



Map of node and cell numbers		
node	cell	
1	-	1
2	-	2
3	-	3
4	-	4
5	-	5
6	-	6
7	-	7
8	-	8
9	-	9
10	-	10
11	-	11
12	-	12
13	-	13

The Challenge:

Create a 1D, vertical steady state model with constant head top and bottom boundaries.

Show, based on the flux with depth, that the model is steady state.  
Repeat this for a homogeneous and for a heterogeneous column.

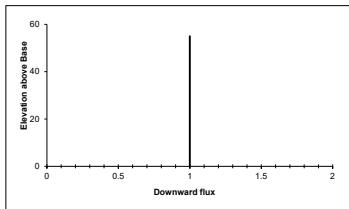
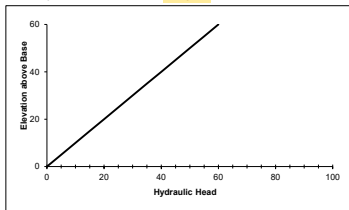
Show that the steady state flux agrees with the direct calculation based on the harmonic mean average K.

Show the steady state head profile for a column with approximately equal-thickness layers with different K values.  
Use this profile to explain why the equivalent hydraulic conductivity,  $K_{eq}$ , is closer to the lower of the K values.

Direct solution for flux		
	K	num cells
zone 1	1	12
zone 2	1	0
zone 3	1	0
Keq	1	
q	1	

z	K zone cell	K cell	H	q	zone 1	zone 2	zone 3
60	1	1	60		1	0	0
55	1	1	55	1	1	0	0
50	1	1	50	1	1	0	0
45	1	1	45	1	1	0	0
40	1	1	40	1	1	0	0
35	1	1	35	1	1	0	0
30	1	1	30	1	1	0	0
25	1	1	25	1	1	0	0
20	1	1	20	1	1	0	0
15	1	1	15	1	1	0	0
10	1	1	10	1	1	0	0
5	1	1	5	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0

Map of node and cell numbers		
	node	cell
1	-	1
2	-	2
3	-	3
4	-	4
5	-	5
6	-	6
7	-	7
8	-	8
9	-	9
10	-	10
11	-	11
12	-	12
13	-	13



The Challenge:

Create a 1D, vertical steady state model with constant head top and bottom boundaries.

Show, based on the flux with depth, that the model is steady state.

Repeat this for a **homogeneous** and for a heterogeneous column.

Show that the steady state flux agrees with the direct calculation based on the harmonic mean average K.

Show the steady state head profile for a column with approximately equal-thickness layers with different K values.

Use this profile to explain why the equivalent hydraulic conductivity,  $K_{eq}$ , is closer to the lower of the K values.