KEY_Practice19B_BarCharts_Histograms

August 15, 2019

1 Bar Charts and Histograms

As always, let's begin by importing our necessary packages and reading in/previewing our data. In this practice we will continue to explore the titanic dataset.

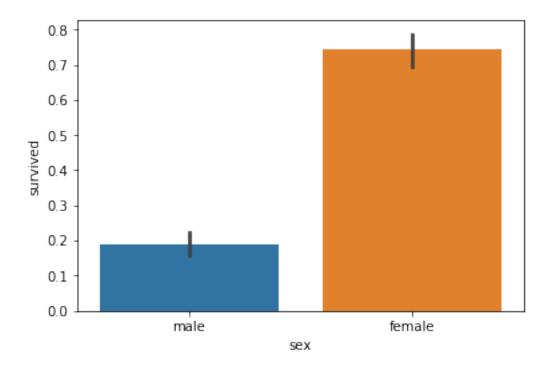
```
[1]: # import seaborn
     import seaborn as sns
[2]: # read in titanic data
     titanic = sns.load_dataset("titanic")
     # preview data
     titanic.head()
[2]:
        survived pclass
                                           sibsp
                                                  parch
                                                              fare embarked
                                                                             class
                               sex
                                     age
     0
                0
                              male
                                    22.0
                                               1
                                                           7.2500
                                                                              Third
                1
                        1
                                    38.0
                                               1
     1
                           female
                                                          71.2833
                                                                             First
     2
                1
                           female
                                    26.0
                                               0
                                                           7.9250
                                                                          S
                                                                             Third
     3
                1
                        1
                           female
                                    35.0
                                               1
                                                          53.1000
                                                                             First
                                                                          S
                                    35.0
                                                           8.0500
                0
                        3
                              male
                                               0
                                                                             Third
          who
                adult_male deck
                                  embark_town alive
                                                       alone
     0
                      True
                             NaN
                                  Southampton
          man
                                                       False
     1
        woman
                     False
                               C
                                    Cherbourg
                                                  yes
                                                       False
     2
        woman
                     False
                             {\tt NaN}
                                  Southampton
                                                        True
                                                  yes
     3
                     False
                               C
                                  Southampton
        woman
                                                      False
                                                  yes
     4
                      True
                            {\tt NaN}
                                  Southampton
                                                        True
          man
                                                  no
```

1.1 Bar Charts

Generate a barplot of survived (y-axis) across sex (x-axis).

```
[5]: # barplot of sex vs survived sns.barplot(x="sex", y = 'survived', data=titanic)
```

[5]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a162ba438>

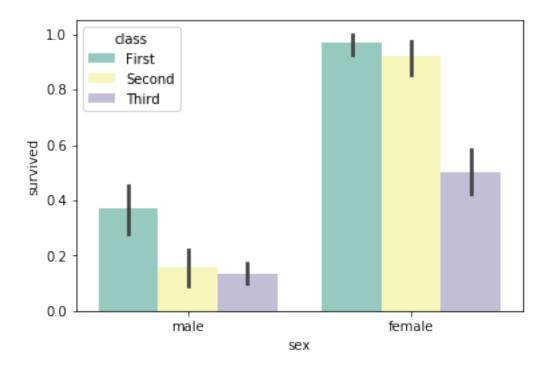


Now, generate a barplot of survived (y-axis) across sex (x-axis), stratified by class. Choose your favorite color palette.

```
[4]: # barplot of sex vs survived stratified by class
sns.barplot(x="sex", y = 'survived', hue = "class", palette =

→"Set3",data=titanic)
```

[4]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a161fac18>

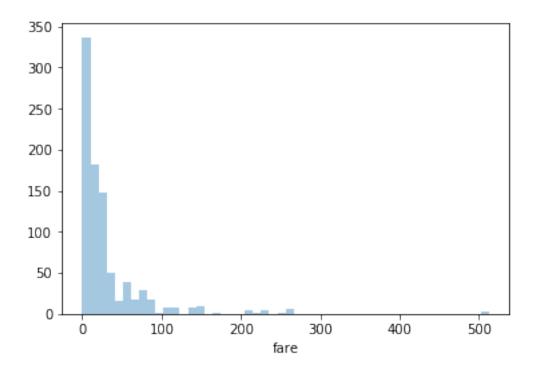


1.2 Histograms

Generate a histogram of fare

```
[6]: #histogram of fare
sns.distplot(titanic['fare'], kde=False)
```

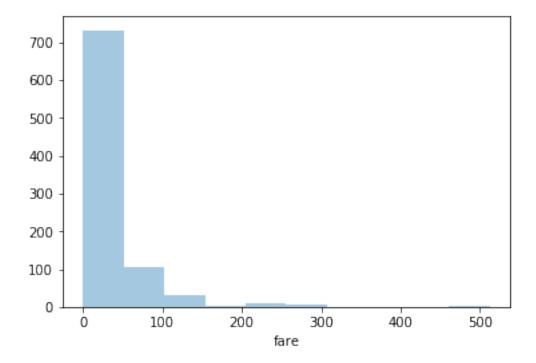
[6]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a16399048>



Now let's play with the bins parameter. First let's try a small number of bins, like 10:

```
[12]: #histogram of fare with 10 bins sns.distplot(titanic['fare'], kde=False, bins=10)
```

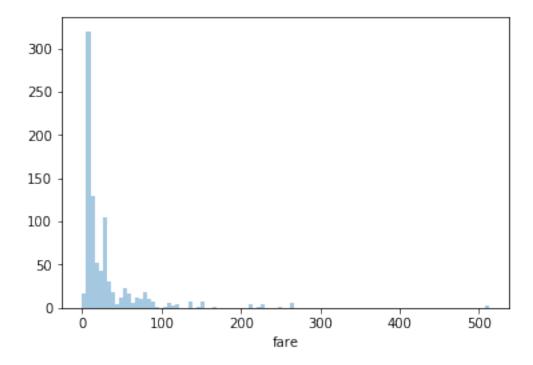
[12]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a16be4a20>



Now, let's try a larger number of bins, say 100.

```
[14]: #histogram of fare with 100 bins sns.distplot(titanic['fare'], kde=False, bins=100)
```

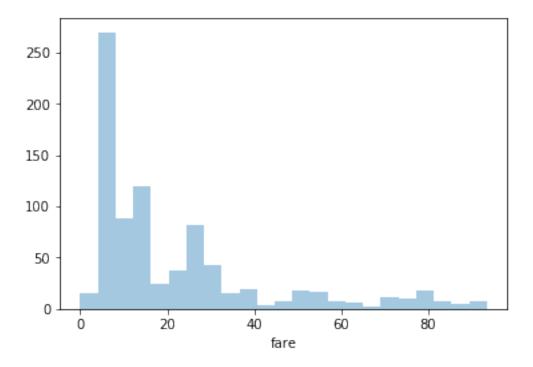
[14]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a16e180b8>



As you can see, most of the values are pretty small (< 100 dollars), and there are only a few really large values. This is called a long-tailed distribution. Can you plot a histogram of just the fares that are less than 100 dollars?

```
[15]: #histogram of fare
sns.distplot(titanic.query('fare < 100')['fare'], kde=False)</pre>
```

[15]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a16fc14e0>

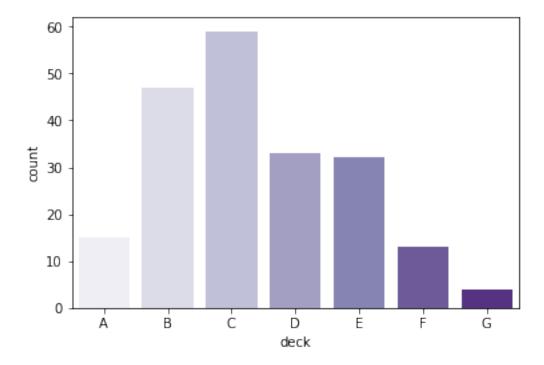


1.3 Count Plots

Generate a count plot to visualize the distribution the deck variable across all passengers in our data set. Choose a sequential color palette.

```
[16]: # count plot of deck
sns.countplot(x="deck", palette = "Purples", data=titanic)
```

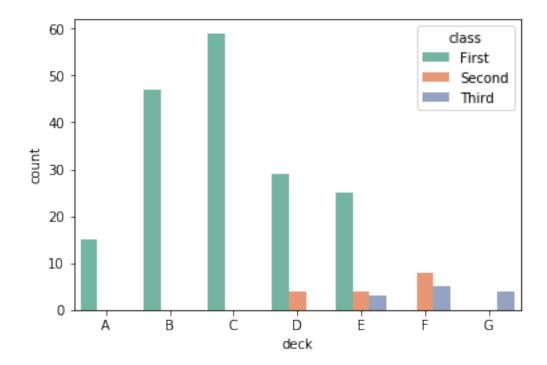
[16]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a171378d0>



Now stratify your plot using the class variable. What kind of color palette is appropriate now?

```
[17]: # count plot of deck stratified by class
sns.countplot(x="deck", hue = "class", palette = "Set2", data=titanic)
```

[17]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a17218710>



1.4 Congratulations!

You just completed all of the lessons in the GWC Data Science Summer Experience! Now it's time to put your data science skills to the test in your projects.