

KEY_Lesson16_Basic_Stats_II_Percents

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1 Basic Statistics I: Percents

A **percentage** is a number or ratio expressed as a fraction of 100. We'll do some examples together to learn how to calculate percentages.

Example 1: For a basket of 18 fruits, there are 5 apples, 3 bananas, 6 peaches, and 4 oranges.

What percentage of fruits are apples?

```
[0]: # Calculate percentage for apples
      5/18*100
```

What percentage of fruits are oranges **and** peaches?

```
[0]: # Calculate percentage for oranges and peaches
      (4+6)/18*100
```

Example 2: Let's learn to calculate percentages by using real world data. We will work with a dataset of Boston housing prices.

```
[0]: # Import the load_boston method
      from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
```

```
[0]: # Import pandas, so that we can work with the data frame version of the Boston_
      ↪housing data
      import pandas as pd
```

```
[0]: # Load the dataset of housing prices in Boston, and convert to
      # a data frame format so it's easier to view and process
      boston = load_boston()
      boston_df = pd.DataFrame(boston['data'], columns = boston['feature_names'])
      boston_df['PRICE'] = boston.target
      boston_df
```

CHAS is the indicator variable we used last week, where 1 indicates that the property (tract) is on the Charles River and 0 means otherwise.

What percentage of the tracts bound the Charles River? We'll see how to do this using the query method AND using boolean indexing.

```
[0]: # Determine number of tracts that bound the Charles River two ways:  
# (1) with the query function  
num_bound_river = len(boston_df.query("CHAS == 1"))  
num_bound_river
```

```
[0]: # (2) using boolean indexing  
num_bound_river = sum(boston_df["CHAS"] == 1)  
num_bound_river
```

How do these two methods give the same answer?

```
[0]: # Determine the total number of tracts in the dataset  
total_num = len(boston_df)  
  
# Now calculate the percentage of tracts that bounds the Charles River.  
num_bound_river/total_num*100
```

```
[0]: import numpy as np
```

What percentage of tracts have a median price less than \$10,000?

```
[0]: # Determine number of tracts that cost less than $10,000  
num_cost_less_10k = sum(boston_df["PRICE"] < 10)  
  
# Calculate the percentage of tracts that cost less than $10k.  
num_cost_less_10k/total_num*100
```

What percentage of tracts have a median price **between** \$10,000 and \$30,000?

```
[0]: # Make an array of booleans with cost greater than $10,000 AND less than $30,000  
between_10k_and_30k = (boston_df["PRICE"] > 10) & (boston_df["PRICE"] < 30)  
  
# Determine number of tracts that cost between $10,000 and $30,000  
num_between_10k_and_30k = sum(between_10k_and_30k)  
  
# Calculate the percentage of tracts between $10,000 and $30,000  
num_between_10k_and_30k/total_num*100
```

Good work! You just learned about how to calculate percentages in Python!