Problem 1

References:

None

1.

In the *k*-th iteration of the while loop, $sum = 1 + 2 + \cdots + k = \frac{k(k+1)}{2}$

 \Rightarrow total iteration time x satisfies $\frac{x(x-1)}{2} < n \leq \frac{x(x+1)}{2} \Rightarrow$ time complexity $x = \Theta(\sqrt{n})$

2.

In the k-th iteration, $m=2^{2^{k-1}}$

 \Rightarrow total iteration time x satisfies $2^{2^{x-2}} < n \leq 2^{2^{x-1}} \Rightarrow$ time complexity $x = \Theta(\sqrt{n})$

3.

For n > 87506055, total operation $x = 1 + 4 + \dots + 4^{n-k} + 4^{n-k} \cdot 3 + \dots + 4^{n-k} \cdot 3^k$, where k = 87506055

 \Rightarrow time complexity $x = \Theta(4^n)$

4.

 $\therefore f(n), g(n)$ are both positive $\therefore max(f(n), g(n)) \leq f(n) + g(n) \leq 2 \cdot max(f(n), g(n))$

$$\Rightarrow f(n) + g(n) = \Theta(max(f(n), g(n)))$$

5.

$$f(n) = O(i(n)) \Rightarrow \exists \ c_1 > 0, \ n_1 > 0 \ s. \ t. \ \forall \ n > n_1, \ f(n) \le c_1 \cdot i(n)$$

$$g(n)=O(j(n))\Rightarrow\exists\ c_2>0,\ n_2>0\ s.\ t.\ orall\ n>n_2,\ g(n)\leq c_2\cdot j(n)$$

Let
$$n' = max(n_1, n_2), c' = c_1 \cdot c_2$$

Multiplying the first two lines we have

$$\forall n > n', f(n) \cdot g(n) < c' \cdot i(n) \cdot j(n) \Rightarrow f(n) \cdot g(n) = O(i(n) \cdot j(n))$$

6.

$$f(n) = O(g(n)) \Rightarrow \exists \ c_1 > 0, \ n_1 > 0 \ s. \ t. \ \forall \ n > n_1, \ f(n) \leq c_1 \cdot g(n)$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall \ n > n_1, \ 2^{f(n)} < 2^{c_1 \cdot g(n)} = 2^{c_1} \cdot 2^{g(n)}$$

choose $n' = n_1, \ c' = 2^{c_1}$

$$\Rightarrow \forall \ n > n', \ 2^{f(n)} < c' \cdot 2^{g(n)} \Rightarrow 2^{f(n)} = O(2^{g(n)})$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k} = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k} \ge \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k} \ge \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k} \le \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k} \ge \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k}$$

8.

$$\frac{1}{g(n!)} = \frac{1}{g(n \cdot (n-1) \cdot x)} = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{gk} \le \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{gn} = n \cdot \frac{1}{gn} - 0$$

$$\frac{1}{g(n!)} = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{gk} = \left(\sum_{k=2}^{n} \frac{1}{gk}\right) + \frac{1}{g!} = \sum_{k=2}^{n} \frac{1}{g'k} \Rightarrow \int_{1}^{n} \frac{1}{gn} dx - 0$$

$$\int_{1}^{n} \frac{1}{gn} dx = \ln 2 \cdot \int_{1}^{n} \ln x dx = \ln 2 \cdot \left(\ln \ln n - n + 1\right)$$

$$\forall n \ge e^{2}, \ \ge \cdot \left(\ln \ln n - n\right) = \ln \ln n + \ln \left(\ln n - 2\right) \ge \ln \ln n > \ln \log n$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{1}^{n} \frac{1}{gn} dx = \Omega \cdot \left(\ln \log n\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{2}^{n} \frac{1}{gn} dx = \Omega \cdot \left(\ln \log n\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{2}^{n} \frac{1}{g(n!)} = \Omega \cdot \left(\ln \log n\right)$$

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let
$$a_1 = n$$
, $a_{k+1} = \frac{a_k}{2}$, then $a_{m+1} = 1$

let $b_k = a_{m+2}k$, then $b_1 = 1$, $b_{m+1} = n$, $b_k = \frac{b_{m+1}}{2}$

and $also = \sum_{k=2}^{k+1} b_k \le 2$

let $f_k = f(b_k)$, then $f_1 = f(1) = 1$
 $f_{m+1} = 2f_m + b_{m+1} | g(b_{m+1})$
 $f_m = 4f_{m+1} + b_m | g(b_m) \cdot 2$
 $f_m = 4f_{m+1} + b_m | g(b_m) \cdot 2$
 $f_{m+1} = 2^m f_1 + \sum_{k=2}^{m+1} b_k | g(b_k) \cdot 2^m$
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