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Deep dive into Raspberry Pi with Python

Prof. Kartik Bulusu, MAE Dept.

From LED Madness to Ultrasound Cacophony



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Photo: Kartik Bulusu

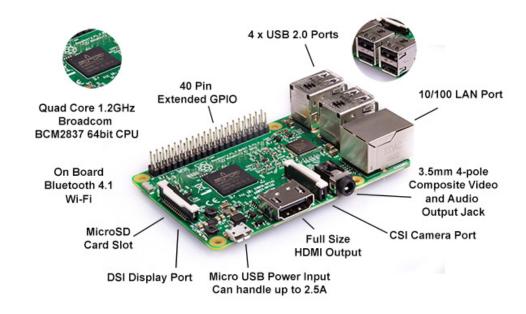
Raspberry Pi Hardware and Connections



Source: https://www.raspberrypi.org/help/

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Source: https://opensensorhub.org/2019/05/19/kinect-support-on-raspberrypi-3b/

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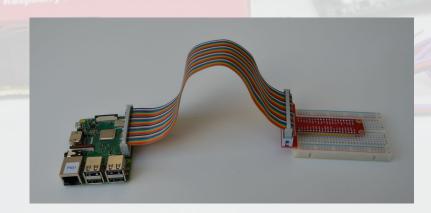
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Connect the Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPi) to a bread board









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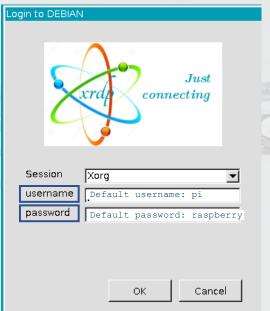


Access to the RPi in the laboratory



Each RPi is assigned a unique

- IP address <161.253.xx.xx>
- username & password



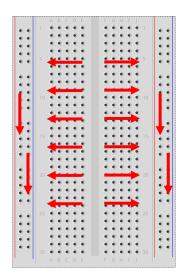
Source: https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/f/f1/XRDP Screenshot.png

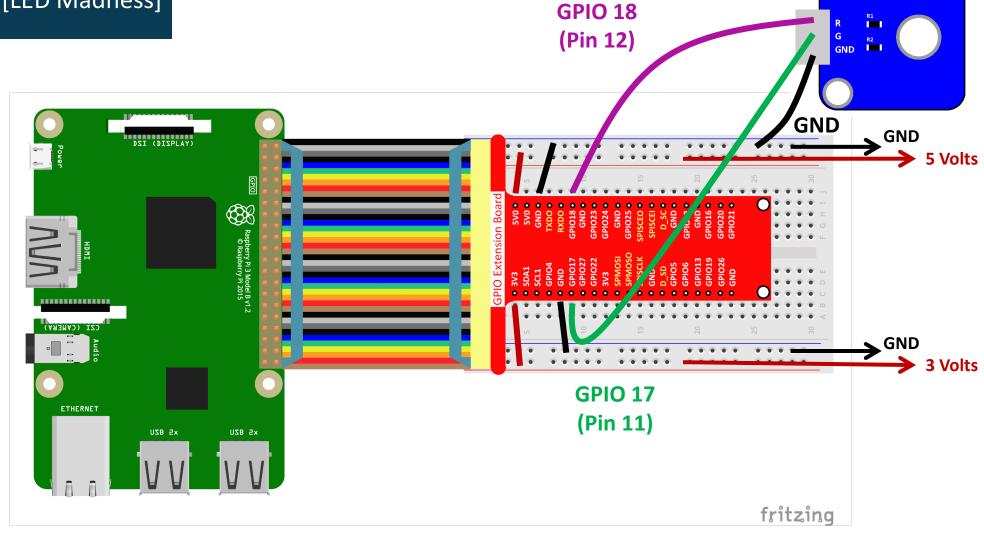
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Recap from last week [LED Madness]





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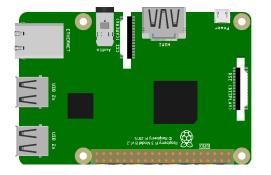
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Dual-Color LED

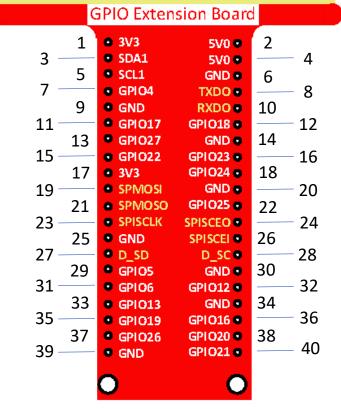
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How a python code lit up your LED with Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPi)



import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time

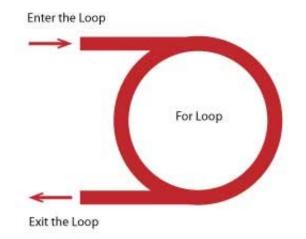
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)





GPIO.setup(12, GPIO.OUT)

(For) How many times do you want to execute a piece of code ?



```
for i in range(0,15):

   GPIO.output(12, GPIO.HIGH)
   time.sleep(0.5)
   GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
   time.sleep(0.5)
   print(i)
GPIO.cleanup()
```

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Introduction to Engineering for Undeclared Majors Computer Science Orientation

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Ultrasound Signals and its Applications



Sender/ Receiver distance r

Returning sound waves

Source: https://youtu.be/Rr9RaisO11E

 $Distance\ traversed = (Speed\ of\ sound) \times (Time\ elapsed/2)$

Image Credit:

http://www.robaid.com/bionics/bat-biosonar-biomimicry-for-improved-sonar-technology.htm

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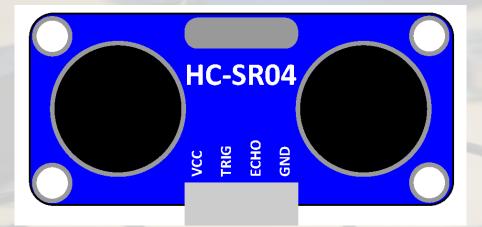


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Know your Ultrasonic Sensor





The Ultrasonic sensor sends out ultrasonic waves to detect objects and measure distances.

Connector:

4-pin anti-reverse cable

Goal of the lab segment:

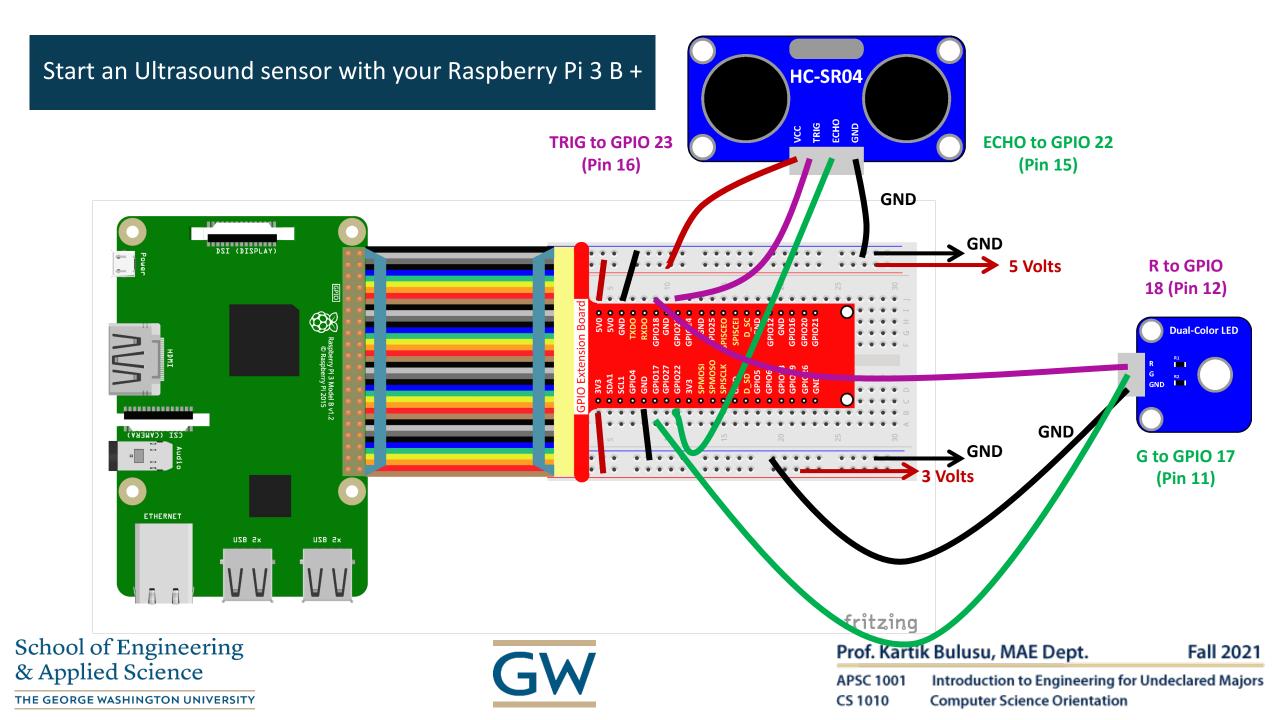
- Co-work
 - Observe, ask and try in groups
- Make
 - Build-a-hack
 - Ultrasound sensors and Raspberry Pi 3B + boards
- Analyze data using Python
- Think about
 - Challenges, Opportunities, Gaps and Surprises

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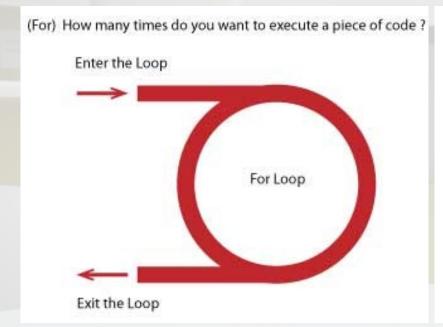


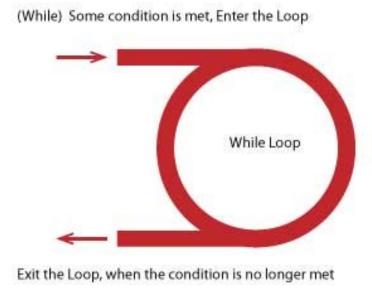
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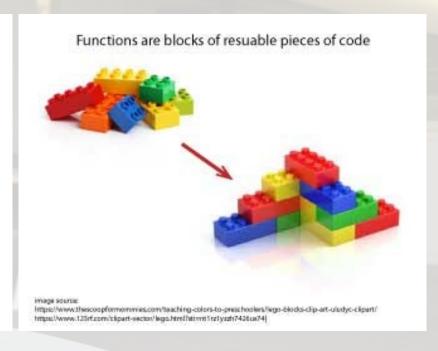
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Know some programming paradigms









Loops

Functions

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Pseudo-code to kick start your Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPi)

GPIO Extension Board 2 3V3 5V0 • SDA1 5V0 • SCL1 GND • GPIO4 TXDO • GND RXDO • 12 GPI017 GPI 018 • 14 GPIO27 GND • GP1023 • 16 GPIO22 3V3 GPI 024 • SPMOSI GND • 20 GP1025 • SPMOSO SPISCEO . 24 SPISCLK GND SPISCEI • 28 D SD D_SC • 30 GND • GPI 05 32 GPI06 **GPI 012** • **GND** 34 33 • GPI013 GPIO19 GPI 016 • GPIO26 GP1020 • 40 GND GPI 021 •

```
import LIBRARY as NAME
import ANOTHER LIBRARY
```

```
INITIALIZE GPIO CHANNLES
DEFINE SETUP FUNCTION
    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
    GPIO.setup(CHANNEL-1, GPIO.OUT)
    GPIO.setup(CHANNEL-2, GPIO.IN))
DEFINE DISTANCE FUNCTION
return (TIME ELAPSED / 2) * 340 * 100
      DEFINE LOOP FUNCTION
          while True:
      DEFINE DESTROY FUNCTION
          CLEAN UP GPIO CHANNELS
        name
                      main ":
       setup():
       try:
            loop()
       except KeyboardInterrupt:
           destroy()
```



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User defined

functions

Functions are blocks of resuable pieces of code

Entry point into

the program –

pulls in all user

defined functions

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A simple python code to kick start your Raspberry Pi Model 3 B+ (RPi)

2 3V3 5V0 • SDA1 5V0 • SCL1 GND • GPIO4 8 TXDO • RXDO • GND GPI017 12 GPI 018 • 13 • GPI027 GND • 14 GPIO22 GP1023 • 16 GP1024 • 3V3 SPMOSI GND • 20 21 • SPMOSO GP1025 • SPISCLK SPISCEO . SPISCEI • 26 25 • GND D SD 28 D_SC • GND • 30 GPI 05 32 GPIO6 GPI 012 • 33 • GPI013 GND ● 34 GPI019 GPI 016 •

GPI020 • 38

GPI 021 •

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GPIO Extension Board

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
```

```
TRIG = 16
ECHO = 15
def setup():
    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
    GPIO.setup(TRIG, GPIO.OUT)
    GPIO.setup(ECHO, GPIO.IN))
```

```
def distance():
    GPIO.output(TRIG, 0)
    time.sleep(0.000002)
    GPIO.output(TRIG, 1)
    time.sleep(0.00001)
    GPIO.output(TRIG, 0)

while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 0:
    time1 = time.time()

while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 1:
    time2 = time.time()
```

```
def loop():
    while True:
        dist = distance()
        print(dist, 'cm')
        print('')
        time.sleep(0.1)
```

```
def destroy():
    GPIO.cleanup()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    setup():
    try:
       loop()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
       destroy()
```

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GND