

PROJECT TITLE – 1

Load-Balanced URL Shortener using Docker & Kubernetes

General Guidelines:

- Create a GitHub Repository.
- Weekly progress according to the assigned problem statement must be pushed to the repo, which will be considered during the evaluation.
- Each team's weekly progress update in the repository must be shown to the teachers in class.
- Name the GitHub repository with the four SRNs in order and the project title.

Problem Statement:

Develop a containerized URL shortener service that allows users to submit long URLs and get a shortened version. The system should be scalable using Docker and Kubernetes, with a load balancer distributing requests across multiple instances. Data should be stored in an inmemory key-value store running in a separate container.

Week 1: Build the URL Shortener in Docker (10 M)

Objective: Develop and containerize the basic URL shortener service.

- **Task 1:** Write a simple Python or Node.js application to:
 - Accept long URLs via an API.
 - Generate a short URL.
 - Redirect users from short URLs to the original long URLs.
- Task 2: Use an in-memory key-value store (e.g., Redis or a dictionary in Python) to store URL mappings.
- Task 3: Write a Dockerfile and build a Docker container for the application.



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• Task 4: Test the containerized app locally using docker run.

Deliverable: A working Docker container running a URL shortener.

Week 2: Deploy the URL Shortener using Kubernetes (15 M)

Objective: Deploy the application on Kubernetes and configure networking.

- **Task 1:** Write Kubernetes Deployment & Service manifests for:
 - o URL Shortener Pod (runs multiple instances of the app).
 - o Key-Value Store Pod (stores shortened URLs).
 - o ClusterIP Service to expose the key-value store internally.
 - LoadBalancer/NodePort Service to expose the URL shortener.
- Task 2: Deploy the application on Kubernetes using kubectl apply.
- Task 3: Test the API with multiple instances running.
- **Task 4:** Implement Kubernetes ConfigMaps & Secrets for managing environment variables.

Deliverable: A Kubernetes cluster running the URL shortener with multiple replicas.

Week 3: Scaling, Load Balancing & Monitoring (15 M)

Objective: Make the system scalable and fault-tolerant.

- **Task 1:** Set up Kubernetes Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA) to scale based on CPU usage.
- Task 2: Implement Kubernetes Ingress or a LoadBalancer for better traffic routing.
- Task 3: Configure Kubernetes Logs and kubectl get pods / logs for monitoring.
- Task 4: Conduct stress testing to see how the system scales under load.

Deliverable: A scalable & load-balanced URL shortener running on Kubernetes.



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Additional Implementation (Optional):

1) Database Integration -

 Replace the in-memory key-value store with a persistent database like PostgreSQL, MongoDB, or DynamoDB, so shortened URLs remain available even after a system restart.

2) CI/CD & DevOps Enhancements -

• Set up a GitHub Actions / Jenkins pipeline to automate testing and deployment.