暨南大学本科实验报告专用纸(附页)

高精度计算

1. 实验目的

利用扩增数组实现对大整数的四则运算

2. 实验环境

计算机: PC X64

操作系统: Windows + Ubuntu20.0LTS

编程语言: C++: GCC std20

IDE: Visual Studio Code

3. 程序原理

模拟手动计算流程即可。

4. 程序代码

4.1. hghCacu.hpp

```
#include <cstdio>
2 #include <iostream>
  #include <cmath>
4 #include <string>
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <vector>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 using namespace std;
  class BigInt {
   public:
11
       int sign;
12
       std::vector<int> v;
       BigInt() : sign(1) {}
14
       BigInt(const std::string &s) { *this = s; }
       BigInt(int v) {
           char buf[21];
           sprintf(buf, "%d", v);
18
           *this = buf;
20
       void zip(int unzip) {
           if (unzip == 0) {
               for (int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); i++)</pre>
                   v[i] = get_pos(i * 4) + get_pos(i * 4 + 1) * 10 +
   get_pos(i * 4 + 2) * 100 + get_pos(i * 4 + 3) * 1000;
           } else
               for (int i = (v.resize(v.size() * 4), (int)v.size() - 1), a;
   i >= 0; i--)
                    a = (i \% 4 \ge 2) ? v[i / 4] / 100 : v[i / 4] % 100, v[i]
27
   = (i & 1) ? a / 10 : a % 10;
28
           setsign(1, 1);
       int get_pos(unsigned pos) const { return pos >= v.size() ? 0 :
   v[pos]; }
       BigInt &setsign(int newsign, int rev) {
32
           for (int i = (int)v.size() - 1; i > 0 && v[i] == 0; i--)
               v.erase(v.begin() + i);
           sign = (v.size() == 0 | (v.size() == 1 && v[0] == 0)) ? 1 :
   (rev ? newsign * sign : newsign);
           return *this;
35
36
       }
37
       std::string to_str() const {
38
           BigInt b = *this;
39
           std::string s;
           for (int i = (b.zip(1), 0); i < (int)b.v.size(); ++i)</pre>
```

```
41
               s += char(*(b.v.rbegin() + i) + '0');
           return (sign < 0 ? "-" : "") + (s.empty() ? std::string("0") :</pre>
42
   s);
43
       bool absless(const BigInt &b) const {
44
           if (v.size() != b.v.size()) return v.size() < b.v.size();</pre>
45
           for (int i = (int)v.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
46
               if (v[i] != b.v[i]) return v[i] < b.v[i];</pre>
47
48
           return false;
49
       BigInt operator-() const {
50
           BigInt c = *this;
           c.sign = (v.size() > 1 || v[0])? -c.sign : 1;
           return c;
54
       BigInt &operator=(const std::string &s) {
           if (s[0] == '-')
                *this = s.substr(1);
57
           else {
58
                for (int i = (v.clear(), 0); i < (int)s.size(); ++i)
                    v.push_back(*(s.rbegin() + i) - '0');
               zip(0);
62
           return setsign(s[0] == '-' ? -1 : 1, sign = 1);
64
       bool operator<(const BigInt &b) const {</pre>
           return sign != b.sign ? sign < b.sign : (sign == 1 ? absless(b) :</pre>
   b.absless(*this));
67
       bool operator==(const BigInt &b) const { return v == b.v && sign ==
68
   b.sign; }
69
       BigInt &operator+=(const BigInt &b) {
           if (sign != b.sign) return *this = (*this) - -b;
70
           v.resize(std::max(v.size(), b.v.size()) + 1);
           for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int)b.v.size() || carry; i++) {
               carry += v[i] + b.get_pos(i);
74
               v[i] = carry % 10000, carry /= 10000;
           }
           return setsign(sign, 0);
       BigInt operator+(const BigInt &b) const {
78
           BigInt c = *this;
           return c += b;
80
82
       void add_mul(const BigInt &b, int mul) {
           v.resize(std::max(v.size(), b.v.size()) + 2);
83
           for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int)b.v.size() | carry; i++) {
84
               carry += v[i] + b.get_pos(i) * mul;
85
               v[i] = carry % 10000, carry /= 10000;
86
           }
87
```

```
88
89
        BigInt operator-(const BigInt &b) const {
            if (b.v.empty() || b.v.size() == 1 && b.v[0] == 0) return *this;
90
            if (sign != b.sign) return (*this) + -b;
            if (absless(b)) return -(b - *this);
            BigInt c;
            for (int i = 0, borrow = 0; i < (int)v.size(); i++) {
                borrow += v[i] - b.get_pos(i);
96
                c.v.push_back(borrow);
                c.v.back() = 10000 * (borrow >>= 31);
97
98
            }
            return c.setsign(sign, 0);
100
        BigInt operator*(const BigInt &b) const {
            if (b < *this) return b * *this;</pre>
103
            BigInt c, d = b;
            for (int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); i++, d.v.insert(d.v.begin(),</pre>
104
    0))
                c.add_mul(d, v[i]);
105
            return c.setsign(sign * b.sign, 0);
106
        BigInt operator/(const BigInt &b) const {
108
            BigInt c, d;
109
            BigInt e=b;
            e.sign=1;
            d.v.resize(v.size());
113
            double db = 1.0 / (b.v.back() + (b.get_pos((unsigned)b.v.size() -
    2) / 1e4) +
                                (b.get pos((unsigned)b.v.size() - 3) + 1) /
    1e8);
            for (int i = (int)v.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
117
                c.v.insert(c.v.begin(), v[i]);
                int m = (int)((c.get_pos((int)e.v.size()) * 10000 +
    c.get_pos((int)e.v.size() - 1)) * db);
                c = c - e * m, c.setsign(c.sign, 0), d.v[i] += m;
120
                while (!(c < e))
                    c = c - e, d.v[i] += 1;
123
            return d.setsign(sign * b.sign, 0);
        BigInt operator%(const BigInt &b) const { return *this - *this / b *
    b; }
        bool operator>(const BigInt &b) const { return b < *this; }</pre>
        bool operator<=(const BigInt &b) const { return !(b < *this); }</pre>
127
128
        bool operator>=(const BigInt &b) const { return !(*this < b); }</pre>
        bool operator!=(const BigInt &b) const { return !(*this == b); }
130
   };
```

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4.2. PRIV_TEST.cpp

```
#include <Dev\19\hghCacu.hpp>

int main()
{
    string aa,bb;
    cin >> aa >> bb;
    BigInt a = BigInt(aa);
    BigInt b = BigInt(bb);
    cout <<( a + b).to_str() << '\n';
    cout << (a - b).to_str() << '\n';
    cout << (a * b).to_str() << '\n';
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

5. 测试数据与运行结果

运行上述_PRIV_TEST.cpp 测试代码中的正确性测试模块,得到以下内容:

可以看出, 代码运行结果与预期相符, 可以认为代码正确性无误。