

# CME241 A3

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## 1 Problem 1

$$\begin{aligned} V_D^\pi(s) &= R(s, \pi_D(s)) + \gamma V_D^\pi(s') \text{ where } P(s, \pi_D(s), s') = 1 \\ Q_D^\pi(s, \pi_D(s)) &= R(s, \pi_D(s)) + \gamma V_D^\pi(s') \text{ where } P(s, \pi_D(s), s') = 1 \\ Q_D^\pi(s, \pi_D(s)) &= R(s, \pi_D(s)) + \gamma Q_D^\pi(s', \pi_D(s')) \text{ where } P(s, \pi_D(s), s') = 1 \\ V_D^\pi(s) &= Q_D^\pi(s, \pi_D(s)) \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned} R(s, a) &= \mathbf{E}[R_{t+1} | R_t = s, A_t = a] = \sum_{s' \in S} \sum_{r \in D} P_R(s, a, r, s') r \\ &= P(s+1 | s, a) * (1-a) + P(s | s, a) * (1+a) = (1-a)(1+2a) \\ V^*(s) &= \max_{a \in [0,1]} [R(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in N} P(s, a, s') V^*(s')] \\ &= \max_{a \in [0,1]} [R(s, a) + 0.5(P(s, a, s+1) V^*(s+1) + P(s, a, s) V^*(s))] \\ &= \max_{a \in [0,1]} [(1-a)(1+2a) + 0.5a V^*(s+1) + 0.5(1-a) V^*(s)] \\ &= \max_{a \in [0,1]} [(1-a)(1+2a) + 0.5 V^*(s)], \text{ since the reward and transition are independent of } s \\ \text{This is equivalent to maximizing } (1-a)(1+2a). \\ a^* &= \pi^*(s) = \frac{1}{4} \\ V^*(s) &= 2(1-a^*)(1+2a^*) = \frac{9}{4} \end{aligned}$$

## 3 Problem 3

1. State space:  $0, 1, \dots, n$   
Action space: A, B  
Transitions function:  
If  $i = 1, \dots, n-2$ :  $P_R(i, A, 0, i+1) = \frac{n-i}{n}$ ,  $P_R(i, A, 0, i-1) = \frac{i}{n}$   
If  $i = n-1$ :  $P_R(i, A, \frac{n-i}{n}, i+1) = \frac{n-i}{n}$ ,  $P_R(i, A, 0, i-1) = \frac{i}{n}$   
 $P_R(i, B, 0, j) = \frac{1}{n}$ ,  $j = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$ ,  $j! = i$   
 $P_R(i, B, \frac{1}{n}, n) = \frac{1}{n}$   
Reward functions:  
If  $i = 1, \dots, n-2$ :  $R(i, A) = 0$   
If  $i = n-1$ :  $R(i, A) = \frac{1}{n^2}$   
 $R(i, B) = \frac{1}{n^2}$

2. The pattern is starting with croak B and then keeping croak A.

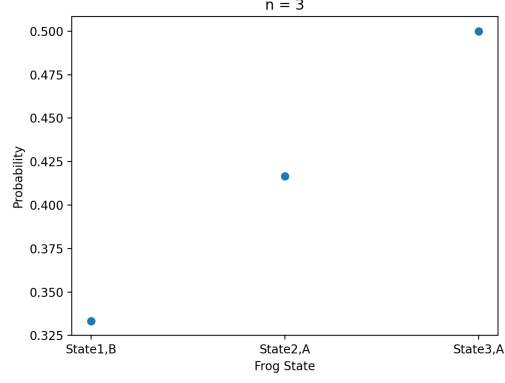


Figure 1: Optimal Escape-Probability for n = 3

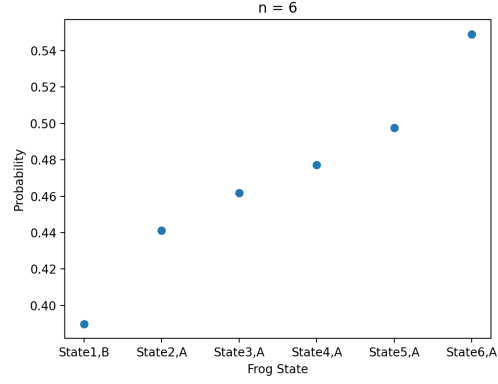


Figure 2: Optimal Escape-Probability for n = 6

## 4 Problem 4

$$V^*(s) = \max_{a \in A} Q^*(s, a)$$

$$Q^*(s, a) = R(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in N} P(s, a, s') V^*(s')$$

Since  $\gamma = 0$ , we want to maximize  $R(s, a)$ .

$$R(s, a) = \mathbf{E}[R_{t+1} | R_t = s, A_t = a] = \sum_{s' \in S} \sum_{r \in D} P_R(s, a, r, s') r$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(s'-s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} * e^{as'} ds'$$

$$\text{Want } \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(s'-s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} e^{as'} ds' = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(s'-s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} e^{as'} s' ds' = 0$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(s'-s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} e^{as'} s' ds' = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(s'-\sigma^2 a - s)^2}{2\sigma^2} - \frac{\sigma^4 a^2 - 2\sigma^2 a s}{2\sigma^2}} s' ds'$$

$$= \sigma^2 e^{\frac{\sigma^4 a^2 + 2\sigma^2 a s}{2\sigma^2}} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(s'-\sigma^2 a - s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} d\left(\frac{s'-\sigma^2 a - s}{2\sigma^2}\right) - \sqrt{2}\sigma \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(s'-\sigma^2 a - s)^2}{2\sigma^2}} (-\sigma^2 a - s) d\left(\frac{s'-\sigma^2 a - s}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}\right) \right]$$

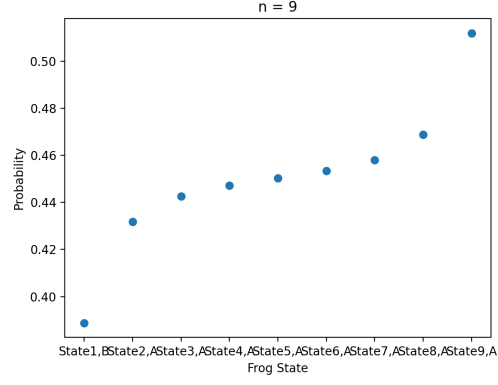


Figure 3: Optimal Escape-Probability for n = 9

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 0 - \sqrt{2}\sigma^3 e^{\frac{\sigma^2 a^2 - 2as}{2}} (-\sigma^2 a - s) \sqrt{\pi} = 0 \\
&\longrightarrow a^* = -\frac{s}{\sigma^2} \\
R(s, a^*) &= e^{sa^* + \frac{\sigma^2 a^{*2}}{2}} = e^{-\frac{s^2}{2\sigma^2}} \text{ According to Appendix A}
\end{aligned}$$