1. Given the cost function

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (a_i^L - x_i)^2 + \beta \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n_l} a_i^l$$

Prove that

$$\delta_i^l = \dot{f}(z_i^l) \cdot \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n_{l+1}} w_{ji}^l \delta_j^{l+1} + \beta \right)$$

Answer with digital formulation or take a picture of your handcraft manuscript.

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1.
$$S_{i}^{L} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{L}} = (\Omega_{i}^{L} - \chi_{i} + \beta) f(z_{i}^{L}) = (\Omega_{i}^{L} - \chi_{i}) f(z_{i}^{L}) + \beta \cdot f(z_{i}^{L})$$

$$= \int_{z_{i}^{L}}^{|M|} S_{j}^{L} - W_{j}^{L} f(z_{i}^{L}) + \beta \cdot f'(z_{i}^{L})$$

$$= (\int_{z_{i}^{L}}^{|M|} S_{j}^{L} + \beta) f(z_{i}^{L})$$

$$= (\int_{z_{i}^{L}}^{|M|} S_{j}^{L} + \beta) f(z_{i}^{L})$$

2. Given the optimization problem

$$\begin{cases} \max \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{ij}^{(1)} x_j \\ s. t. \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Prove that

$$x_j = \frac{w_{ij}^{(1)}}{\sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^n (w_{ij}^{(1)})^2}}, (j = 1, \dots, n)$$

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