CS 152 Computer Programming Fundamentals

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Contact Info

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Schedule — Lectures (required)

- 10:00 am 10:50 am
- MWF
- Centennial Engineering Center 1041

Schedule — Labs (also required)

Lab	Time	Day	Location
001	11:00 am - 11:50 am	М	Cent Eng Center 1030
002	11:00 am - 11:50 am	W	Mech Eng 210
003	11:00 am - 11:50 am	F	Cent Eng Center 1028
004	12:00 pm - 12:50 pm	М	Cent Eng Center 1032
005	12:00 pm - 12:50 pm	W	Cent Eng Center 1030
006	12:00 pm - 12:50 pm	F	Cent Eng Center 1032
007	9:00 am - 9:50 am	W	Cent Eng Center 1028
800	9:00 am - 9:50 am	F	Cent Eng Center 1028
009	11:00 am - 11:50 am	F	Cent Eng Center 1032

Each lab session will have some sort of in lab exercise as well as time for questions and course help.

Lab 009 is new!

- We had so many people on the waitlist that we made an additional section.
- There is room in a couple sections now.
- There are still people on the waitlist.
- If you would like to switch to an another section, please do so this week.
 - If you've done work on Canvas and then switch sections, you might have to resubmit.

Mech 220 flooding!

There was a burst pipe in Mechanical Engineering that leaked into room 220.

The affected labs have moved to new locations.

- Lab 001 (M 11:00am-11:50am) will be in CENT 1030
- Lab 003 (F 11:00am-11:50am) will be in CENT 1028
- Lab 005 (W 12:00pm-12:50pm) will be in CENT 1030

Office Hours

- Office Hours: TBA
 I've posted a survey on Canvas to find the
 classes preferences for days/times, remote vs in
 person, before choosing my office hours. Hours
 will be posted on the course website once
 determined.
- You may attend regular office hours without an advance appointment. If you want to meet at another time, make an appointment by email.
- Section leaders have office hours, too! (TBA, Check course website)
- Feel free to ask any of the section leaders for help.

Grading

- 40% Programming Assignments
- 40% Exams (midterm and final)
- 10% Canvas quizzes, surveys, etc.
- 10% Lab exercises and participation
 - Lab section exercises are in person, but sometimes may also have a component to submit on Canvas.

Assignments and Projects

- Assignments must be submitted in Canvas to receive credit.
 - Contact Canvas support if you are having technical difficulties.
- It is your responsibility to make sure you submit the correct file.
- Don't wait until the last minute to submit.
- Submit early, submit often!
 - We'll grade your most recent submission.

Extension Days

- Ideally, you'll never need to turn in an assignment late.
- However, life happens!
- You have 10 extension days to spend through the term.
- Max 3 days per programming assignment.
- Use them wisely.
- You don't need to ask before using regular extension days.
- Contact me if these will not be enough, preferably before you are late.

ARC Accomodations

- The Accessibility Resource Center provides accommodations with students with disabilities.
- For example: Extra time and/or quiet location for exams
- http://arc.unm.edu
- Please take advantage of their services if applicable

Canvas

- http://canvas.unm.edu
- Assignment submissions
- Discussion forum
- Surveys and quizzes
 - Office hour survey, welcome discussion, and syllabus guiz are there now!

Working Together

- Working together and helping one another on all projects is highly encouraged. This includes discussion of:
 - project specification
 - algorithms
 - data structures
 - test cases
 - Not code!
- Do not share code.
- It is considered cheating to leave your code (paper or electronic copies) where others can find it. You responsible for the security of your intellectual property.

Cheating

- Don't cheat.
- Using books, websites, other people as resources is expected, but document it.
- If unsure, talk to us first.
- Understand your code! If you didn't actually write it, you likely don't understand it.
- Trying to "help" a friend by sharing your solution is also cheating.

Is this cheating?

- You ask a friend for help with your program.
- They give you their solution from when they took the course.
- You copy their code into your project.

You didn't write that code!

Is this cheating?

- You ask a ChatGPT for help with your program.
- It generates a solution.
- You copy its code into your project.

You didn't write that code!

Is this cheating?

- You ask a friend for help with your program.
- They describe a general approach, draw a helpful diagram, and suggest a Java library they like to use.
- You discuss the approach and ask for clarification.
- You read the documentation for the library and decide if it would help.
- You think a while and code up your own solution.

You did write that code!

Topics

- Variables
- Basic program flow
- Conditional branching (if statements)
- Loops (for, while)
- Arrays
- Input/Output
- Objects and classes
- Basic graphics

Summary

- Go to class and labs
- Keep up with the websites
- Expect some sort of work each week
- Be proactive!
- Form study groups
- Ask questions
- The instructors are there to help you

To do

- Visit course website
 - Slides will be posted after the lecture.
- Visit Canvas site
 - Take welcome quiz and office hours survey
 - Visit discussion forum, introduce yourself
- Contact ARC if you might need it

Computing

- In the computer, it is all just numbers.
- A computer file is just a sequence of 1s and 0s.
- Computers do simple things
 - Set the intensity of the red, green and blue light given off by a particular pixel on a display.
 - Send a precisely timed sequence of hi and low voltage values to a hard disk controller, USB port, or wireless transmitter.
 - Add, Subtract, Multiply or Divide two numbers.
 - Read or Set the voltage state of a particular memory circuit.

Complexity from Simplicity

- The complex things we see computers do are the results of programs.
- Even "short" programs are huge and complex lists of simple computer instructions.

Programming Language

- A programming language is a set of symbols and rules designed for humans to more easily represent computer instructions.
- In this class, the programming language we will be using is Java.

Computer Programs and Recipes

- Like a recipe, say for cooking quiche, a computer program is a sequence of steps.
- In a recipe, conditional logic, if it exists at all, is trivial. For example:
 - 1. Bake for 50 minutes.
 - 2. Remove from oven.
 - 3. Insert a knife into the center and remove. If bits of egg cling to the knife, then return quiche to oven and bake for another 10 minutes.
 - 4. Repeat this until the knife comes out clean.
- In a computer program, it is common for there to be 100s or 1000s of conditions with complex nestings and other interrelations.

Programming vs Natural Language

- The entire Java vocabulary consists about 50 reserved words.
- There are many Java classes, such as Math and Image. However, these are the proper nouns of the language.
- A person can be fluent in a language without knowing the vast majority of its proper nouns.
- Proper nouns are learned as needed, and can be forgotten when no longer needed.
- Like natural languages, programming languages have punctuation and syntax rules (e.g. In Java, every statement is ended with a semicolon). Programming languages, however, have fewer rules than natural languages.

Small Language with Complex Usage

- Programming Languages are much smaller and easier to learn than natural languages.
- However, programming languages are primarily used to express complex branchings of conditional logic that far surpass common uses of natural languages.
- Logic skills have strong carryover from one programming language to another.