CSE 107: Lab 01: Simple Image Manipulations in Python.

<your name>
LAB: T 10:30am-1:20pm
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Task 1: Computing the maximum value of an image. Rotating an image.



Figure 1: The Beginnings image rotated 90 degrees counterclockwise.

<Your answers to the task questions>

Task 2: Writing a function that computes the inverse of a grayscale image.



Figure 2: The inverse of the Watertower image.

<Your answers to the task questions>

Task 3: Creating a gradient grayscale image. Computing the image average.



Figure 3: The gradient image.

<Your answers to the task questions>

Task1.py

```
# Import pillow
from PIL import Image, ImageOps
# Import numpy
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
# Read the image from file.
im = Image.open('Beginnings.jpg')
# Show the image.
im.show()
# Convert image to gray scale.
im_gray = ImageOps.grayscale(im)
# Show the grayscale image.
im_gray.show()
<the rest of your code>
```

```
# Import pillow
from PIL import Image, ImageOps
# Import numpy
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
# Read the image from file.
im = Image.open('Watertower.tif')
# Show the image.
im.show()
# Print the image mode.
print("image mode is:", im.mode)
# Create numpy matrix to access the pixel values.
im pixels = asarray(im)
# Import myImageInverse from myImageInverse
from MyImageFunctions import myImageInverse
im_inv_pixels = myImageInverse(im_pixels)
# Create an image from im inv pixels.
im inv = Image.fromarray(np.uint8(im inv pixels))
# Show the inverse image.
im inv.show()
# Save the inverse image to a file.
im inv.save("Watertower inv.tif")
```

```
# MyImageFunctions.py
# Import pillow
from PIL import Image, ImageOps
# Import numpy
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
def myImageInverse( inImage pixels ):
    \# This function takes as input a numpy matrix representing a grayscale image and
    # outputs another numpy matrix which is the image inverse of the input.
    # That is, for each pixel, output value = 255 - input value
    # Syntax:
    #
       out numpy matrix = myImageInverse( in numpy matrix )
    # Input:
      in numpy matrix = the grayscale values of the input image
    # Output:
    #
       out numpy matrix = the grayscale of the inverse image
    # History:
    # S. <u>Newsam</u> 9/8/23
                              Created
       S. Newsam 9/10/23
                              Modified to use numpy instead of PIL image
```

<the rest of your code>

Task3.py

```
# Import pillow
from PIL import Image, ImageOps

# Import numpy
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray

# The size of the gradient image.
rows = 100
cols = 256

# Create a numpy matrix of this size.
im_pixels = np.zeros(shape=(rows, cols))

<the rest of your code>
```